# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2004

Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana



Prepared for:

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 2701 Prospect Ave Helena, MT 59620-1001

Prepared by:

LAND & WATER CONSULTING ~ A DIVISION OF PBS&J
P.O. Box 239
Helena, MT 59624

June 2005

Project No: B43054.00 - 0110





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#### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Hoskins Landing Wetland Mitigation Site was developed to mitigate wetland impacts associated with Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) proposed Dixon-West and Paradise-East highway reconstruction projects along Montana Highway 200. This report documents the third year of monitoring at the site. Hoskins Landing is located in Sanders County in Watershed # 3 (Lower Clark Fork). The mitigation site is located approximately one-quarter mile north of Dixon, adjacent to the Flathead River (**Figure 1**). Elevation is approximately 2,500 feet with slight topographic variation throughout the project site. Western EcoTech conducted the original wetland delineation for the Hoskins Landing proposed mitigation site in 1999. Land & Water Consulting conducted a biological assessment for the Hoskins Landing Mitigation Project during fall 2001.

The approximate site boundary is illustrated on **Figure 2** (**Appendix A**), and the original site plans are included in **Appendix D**. The project is located adjacent to the Flathead River in an area of historic floodplain, heavily impacted from past agricultural activities. Seasonal flooding provides the primary wetland hydrology through inundation of backwater channels. Local groundwater systems moving though alluvium provide a secondary source of hydrology for this site. The site is located on the Flathead Indian Reservation and is managed by the Confederated Salish & Kootenai Tribes. The wetland easement area is mostly fenced with several exclusions on the east and west ends near the river banks. Livestock grazing has mostly been removed from the site with the establishment of electric fences, although a small corridor adjacent to the Flathead River is still accessible to livestock.

Most construction was completed in fall 2002 with the goal of restoring/creating 8.1 acres of wetlands and enhancing vegetation on 5.2 acres of heavily grazed and cleared lands. Construction diagrams are presented in **Appendix D**. Revegetation work was conducted during the spring and fall of 2003 and 2004. The primary components of construction include:

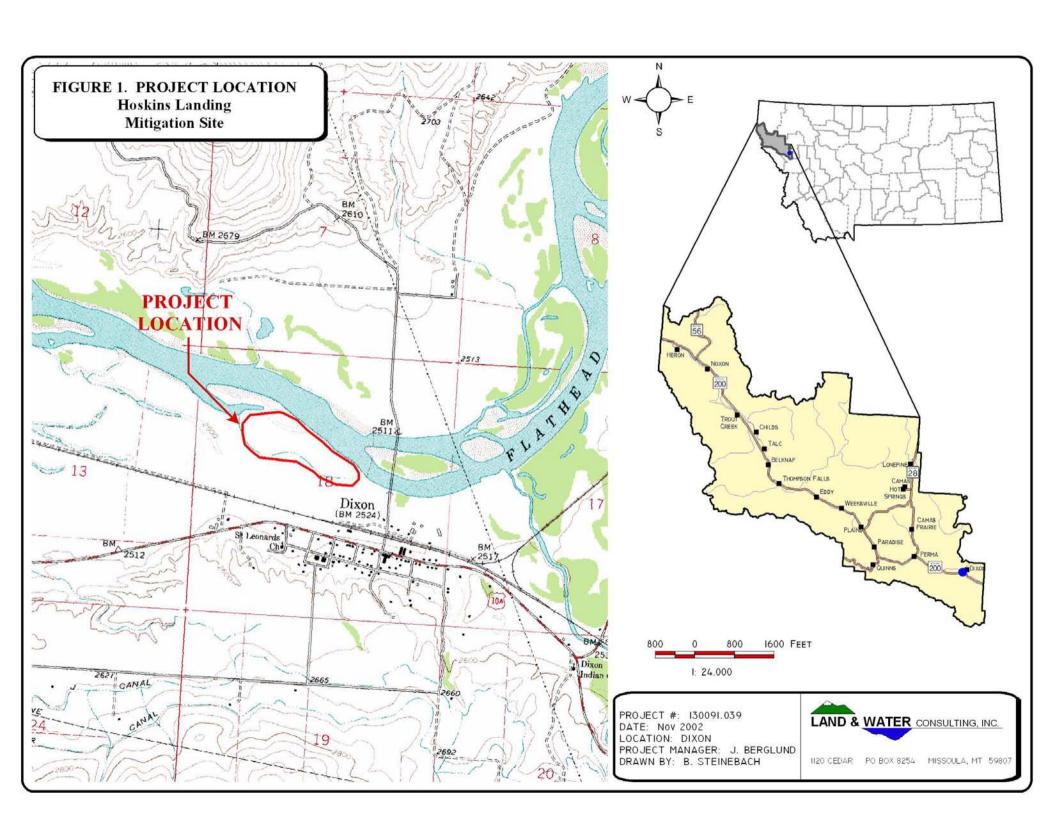
- Excavation and grading of 8.1 acres to facilitate wetland development.
- Enhancement of 5.2 acres of native vegetation characteristics in the lower Flathead River riparian corridor.
- Filling of inlet channel and removal of headgate in the northeast corner of the site.
- Removal of outlet dam along the remnant channel bordering the south portion of the site.
- Removal of man-made flood control berm along the Flathead River and grading of excavated ground to 10:1 slopes.
- Removal of a man-made berm along the remnant backwater channel.

The site was designed to mitigate for specific wetland functions impacted by MDT roadway projects, including: storm water retention, roadway runoff filtration, sediment and nutrient retention, water quality, groundwater recharge, wildlife habitat and riparian vegetation.

Pre-construction wetland delineation documented 6.67 acres of wetlands at the site (Western EcoTech, 1999). The monitoring area is illustrated on **Figure 2** (**Appendix A**).







#### 2.0 METHODS

#### 2.1 Monitoring Dates and Activities

Monitoring activities were conducted on July 21<sup>st</sup>, 2004. In 2002 and 2003, a spring –season (late May) visit was conducted to sample seasonal bird and other wildlife use. Attempts at a spring visit were "weathered out" in 2004; consequently, the July visit was the only one ultimately conducted in 2004. A spring visit will again be conducted in 2005. The mid-season visit was conducted to document vegetation, soil, and hydrologic conditions used to map jurisdictional wetlands. All information contained on the Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form (**Appendix B**) was collected at this time. Activities and information conducted/collected included: wetland delineation; wetland/open water aquatic habitat boundary mapping; vegetation community mapping; vegetation transect; soils data; hydrology data; bird and general wildlife use; photograph points; macroinvertebrate sampling; GPS data points; functional assessment; and (non-engineering) examination of topographic features.

#### 2.2 Hydrology

Wetland hydrology indicators were recorded during the mid-season visit using procedures outlined in the COE 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987). Hydrology data were recorded on COE Routine Wetland Delineation Data Forms (**Appendix B**). Additional hydrologic data were recorded on the mitigation site monitoring form (**Appendix B**). No groundwater monitoring wells were installed at the site

#### 2.3 Vegetation

General dominant species-based vegetation community types (e.g., *Eleocharis/Phalaris*) were delineated on an aerial photograph during the mid-season visit. Standardized community mapping was not employed as many of these systems are geared towards climax vegetation and do not reflect yearly changes. Estimated percent cover of the dominant species in each community type was listed on the site monitoring form (**Appendix B**).

A 10-foot wide belt transect was established during the mid-season monitoring event to represent the range of current vegetation conditions. Percent cover was estimated for each vegetative species within each successive vegetative community encountered within the "belt" using the following values: T (few plants); P (1-5%), 1 (5-15%); 2 (15-25%); 3 (25-35%); 4 (35-45%); 5 (45-55%) and so on to 9 (85-95%). Wetland indicator status was recorded for each species. The transect location is illustrated on **Figure 2** (**Appendix A**). The transect will be used to evaluate changes over time, especially the establishment and increase of hydrophytic vegetation. The transect location was marked on the aerial photo and all data were recorded on the mitigation site monitoring form. Transect endpoint locations were recorded with the GPS unit in 2002. A photo was taken from both ends of the transect along the transect path.

A comprehensive plant species list for the site was compiled and will be updated as new species are encountered. Ultimately, observations from past years will be compared with new data to document vegetation changes over time.





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#### 2.4 Soils

Soils were evaluated during the mid-season site visit using the hydric soils determination procedures outlined in the COE 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual. Soil data were recorded for each wetland determination point on the COE Routine Wetland Delineation Data Forms (**Appendix B**). The most current terminology used by NRCS was used to describe hydric soils (USDA 1998).

#### 2.5 Wetland Delineation

Wetland delineation was conducted during the mid-season visit according to the 1987 COE Wetland Delineation Manual. Wetland and upland areas within the monitoring area were investigated for the presence of wetland hydrology, hydrophytic vegetation and hydric soils. The information was recorded on COE Routine Wetland Delineation Data Forms (**Appendix B**). The wetland/upland boundary was originally delineated on the aerial photo and then recorded with a resource grade GPS unit using the procedures outlined in **Appendix E**. Modifications to these boundaries in 2004 were accomplished by hand mapping onto the 2002 aerial photograph. The wetland/upland boundary in combination with the wetland/open water boundary was used to calculate the final wetland acreage. Pre-construction wetland delineation documented 6.7 acres of wetlands at the site (Western EcoTech 1999).

#### 2.6 Mammals, Reptiles and Amphibians

Mammal and herptile species observations and other positive indicators of use, such as vocalizations, were recorded on the wetland monitoring form during each visit. Indirect use indicators, including tracks, scat, burrows, eggshells, skins, bones, etc. were also recorded. Observations were recorded as the observer traversed the site while conducting other required activities. Direct sampling methods, such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used.

#### 2.7 Birds

Bird observations were recorded during the mid-season visit during 2004. No formal census plots, spot mapping, point counts, or strip transects were conducted. Observations were recorded incidental to other monitoring activities and were categorized by species, activity code, and general habitat association. A spring wildlife assessment visit will be again implemented in 2005.

#### 2.8 Macroinvertebrates

Macroinvertebrate samples were collected during the mid-season site visit at two separate locations (**Figure 2**). Samples were preserved as outlined in the sampling procedure (**Appendix F**) and sent to Rhithron Associates for analysis.





#### 2.9 Functional Assessment

A functional assessment form was completed using the 1999 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (**Appendix B**). Field data necessary for this assessment were collected during the mid-season visit. Western Eco Tech completed baseline functional assessment during the initial wetland delineation using the 1996 MDT Montana Wetland Field Evaluation Form.

#### 2.10 Photographs

Photographs were taken illustrating current land uses surrounding the site, the upland buffer, the monitored area and the vegetation transect. Each photograph point location was recorded with a resource grade GPS in 2002. The location of photo points is shown on **Figure 2**, **Appendix A**. All photographs were taken using a digital camera.

#### 2.11 GPS Data

During the 2002 monitoring season, point data were collected with a resource grade GPS unit at the vegetation transect beginning and ending locations and at all photograph locations. Wetland boundaries were also recorded with a resource grade GPS unit in 2002, but were modified via hand mapping onto aerial photographs in 2004. The method used to collect these points is described in the GPS protocol in **Appendix E**.

#### 2.12 Maintenance Needs

Observations were made of existing structures and of erosion/sediment problems to identify maintenance needs. This did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection, but rather a cursory examination. Current or future potential problems were documented on the monitoring form.

#### 3.0 RESULTS

#### 3.1 Hydrology

The main source of hydrology is seasonal flooding by the Flathead River. This mitigation site occurs in Flathead River floodplain consisting of back channels and open water areas. The eastern end of the site once contained a headgate that controlled the flow of water into the remnant channel running along the southern boundary. This has been removed, allowing water to flow through channel during seasonally high flows. A secondary source of hydrology is the persistent upwelling and lateral movement of groundwater through the alluvium materials. The water regime at Hoskins Landing is ultimately controlled by water release from Kerr Dam over 42 miles upriver.

Open water occurred across approximately 1.14 acres or 9% of the wetland area (**Figure 3**) during the mid-season visit. Water depth at the open water/rooted vegetation boundary was approximately 0.5 feet. Inundation was observed at this time across another 60% of the wetland area. Inundation was present throughout all of community types 1, 2, 3, 11 and 12 (**Figure 3**).





#### 3.2 Vegetation

Eighty-two plant species were identified at the site and are listed in **Table 1**. The majority of these species are herbaceous. A few small remnant shrub patches exist, found mostly along the active backwater channel. Several small stands of black cottonwood (*Populus trichocarpa*) and box elder (*Acer negundo*) occur on higher terraces located along the river and backwater channels. Seven wetlands types and six upland community types were identified and mapped at the mitigation site (**Figure 3**, **Appendix A**). The seven wetland community types include Type 2: *Eleocharis/Phalaris*, Type 3: *Potamogeton/Elodea*, Type 5: *Phalaris/Salix*, Type 7: *Phalaris*, Type 11: *Ceratophyllum*, Type 12: *Juncus/Eleocharis* and Type 13: *Phalaris/Agrostis*. Plant species observed within each of these communities are listed on the attached data form (**Appendix B**). The six upland community types include Type 4: *Agropyron/Melilotus*, Type 6: *Festuca/Phleum*, Type 8: *Agropyron/Plantago*, Type 9: *Bromus*, Type 10: *Populus/Crataegus*, and Type 14: *Agrostis/Poa*. Plant species observed within each of these communities are listed on the attached data form (**Appendix B**).

Types 3 and 11 are the wettest community types and occurred as aquatic bed/emergent wetland communities in the shallow waters of the excavated wetlands and remnant backwater channel (**Figure 3**). Type 3 is dominated by largeleaf pondweed (*Potamogeton amplifolius*), curly pondweed (*Potamogeton crispus*), broad water-weed (*Elodea canadensis*) and least spike-rush (*Eleocharis acicularis*). Type 11 is mostly dominated by common hornwort (*Ceratophyllum demersum*). Type 2 and 12 are the next wettest areas, consisting of emergent vegetation types occurring in an undisturbed wetland and the fringes of excavated wetland.

Type 2 is located on the west side, surrounded by the newly constructed wetlands, dominated by least spike rush, reed canarygrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*) and bulrush (*Scirpus acutus*). Type 12 occurs along the fringes of excavated wetland in areas that receive annual inundation; vegetation is dominated by three-stamen rush (*Juncus ensifolius*), creeping spike rush (*Eleocharis palustris*) and redtop (*Agrostis alba*). Type 5 occurs throughout the backwater channel located on the south side of the project border. Type 7 and 13 are the least wet, dominated by reed canarygrass, located within the seasonally flooded areas adjacent to river. A few mature cottonwoods growing on the along the river terrace are also mapped as part of the Type 7 community.

Adjacent upland vegetation communities are mainly dominated by rangeland and/or aggressive invasive species. Type 6 upland areas are currently dominated with pasture grasses such as *Festuca/Phleum*. Type 4 upland areas increased in vegetation cover, now mostly dominated by upland grass species including quackgrass (*Agropyron repens*) and slender wheatgrass (*Elymus trachycaulus*). Native shrubs were planted during the spring of 2003 and 2004, as part of the riparian enhancement efforts. The cover value of the plantings has increasing since the previous monitoring, but currently is not considered dominant for this community type.

Type 10 is located along the higher terraces of the river and backwater channel, consisting of mature cottonwoods and box elder. A minor shrub layer is present, consisting of hawthorne (*Crataegus douglasii*) and American plum (*Prunus americana*). Type 8 is located adjacent to the Flathead River and along the backwater channels. Type 8 is dominated by quackgrass, redtop and English plantain (*Plantago lanceolata*). Type 14 is located near the back water channel along the southern boundary of the mitigation site and is a new vegetation community.





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Type 14 is dominated by redtop and Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*). This area was considered within the Type 6 community during previous monitoring. The removal of livestock from this area has allowed the dominant species to flourish.

Several noxious weeds were observed throughout the Hoskins Landing site. Type 4 and 6 had small amounts of invasive species. During the 2003 mapping Type 9 was dominated by mostly invasive species. Evidence of weed control measures were observed during the 2004 monitoring. These control measures have reduced the cover of invasive species and increased the cover value of grasses within Type 9. Type 9 is currently dominated by non-native grass species that usually follow a disturbance such as herbicide application.

Category 1 Noxious weeds found at this mitigation site include: spotted knapweed (*Centaurea maculosa*), Canada thistle, hounds tongue (*Cynoglossum officinale*), oxeye daisy (*Chrysanthemum leucanthemum*), St. John's wort (*Hypericum perforatum*) and Dalmatian toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*). One Category 3 noxious weed was also found: yellowflag iris (*Iris pseudacorus*). Other exotic weedy species include curly dock (*Rumex crispus*), common dandelion (*Taraxicum officinalis*), white goosefoot, pepper-grass (*Lepidium perfoliatum*), tumbleweed (*Sisymbrium altissimum*) and quackgrass.

Vegetation transect results are detailed in the attached data forms (**Appendix B**) and are summarized in **Table 2** and **Charts 1** and **2**.

Table 1: 2002, 2003, and 2004 Hoskins Landing vegetation species list.

Scientific Name <sup>1</sup>	Common Name	Region 9 (Northwest) Wetland Indicator
Acer negundo	box elder	FAC+
Agropyron repens	quackgrass	FACU
Agrostis alba	redtop	FAC+
Achillea millefolium	common yarrow	FACU
Alnus incana	alder	FACW
Alopecurus pratensis	meadow foxtail	FACW
Amaranthus retroflexus	red-root pigweed	FACU+
Amelanchier alnifolia	serviceberry	FACU
Artemisia ludoviciana	white sagebrush	FACU-
Bromus japonicus	Japanese brome	UPL
Bromus tectorum	cheatgrass	
Carex bebbiana	Bebbs sedge	OBL
Carex lanuginose	wooly sedge	OBL
Carex nebrascensis	Nebraska sedge	OBL
Carex retrorsa	retrorsa sedge	FAC
Carex utriculata	beaked sedge	OBL
Centaurea maculosa	spotted knapweed	
Ceratophyllum demersum	common hornwort	OBL
Chenopodium album	white goosefoot	FAC
Chrysanthemum leucanthemum	oxeye daisy	
Cirsium arvense	Canada thistle	FACU+
Cirsium vulgare	bull thistle	FACU
Coreopsis atkinsoniana	tickseed	FACU
Cornus stolonifera	red-osier dogwood	FACW
Crataegus douglasii	Douglas hawthorn	FAC





Table 1 (continued): 2002, 2003 and 2004 Hoskins Landing vegetation species list.

Scientific Name <sup>1</sup>	Common Name	Region 9 (Northwest) Wetland Indicator
Cynoglossum officinale	hound's tongue	FACU
Dactylis glomerata	orchard grass	
Eleocharis acicularis	least spike rush	OBL
Eleocharis palustris	creeping spike rush	OBL
Elodea Canadensis	broad water-weed	OBL
Elymus trachycaulus	slender wheatgrass	FAC
Equisetum arvense	field horsetail	FAC
Equisetum hyemale	scouring rush	FACW
Festuca pratensis	meadow fescue	FACU+
Eroduim cicutarium	red-stem filaree	NI
Gnaphalium palustre	cudweed	FAC+
Helianthus annuus	common sunflower	FACU+
Hippuris vulgaris	common mare's-tail	OBL
Hypericum perforatum	St. John's wort	
Iris pseudacorus	yellow iris	OBL
Juncus balticus	Baltic rush	FACW
Juncus ensifolius	three-stamen rush	FACW
Juniperus scopulorum	Rocky Mountain juniper	
Lepidium perfoliatum	clasping pepper-grass	FACU+
Linaria dalmatica	Dalmatian toadflax	
Malva neglecta	mallow	
Melilotus alba	white sweetclover	FACU
Melilotus officinalis	yellow sweetclover	FACU
Mentha arvensis	field mint	FAC
Myosotis scorpioides	true forget me not	FACW
Oenothera villosa	hairy evening-primrose	FAC+
Panicum capillare	old witchgrass	FACU+
Phalaris arundinacea	canary reed grass	FACW
Phleum pretense	timothy	FACU
Pinus ponderosa	ponderosa pine	FACU-
Plantago lanceolata	English plantain	FAC
Plantago major	plantain	FACU+
Poa pratensis	Kentucky bluegrass	FACU+
Polygonum amphibium	water smartweed	OBL
Polygonum aviculare	prostrate knotweed	FACW+
Populus tremuloides	quaking aspen	FAC+
Populus trichocarpa	cottonwood	FAC
Potamogeton amplifolius	large-leaf pondweed	OBL
Potamogeton crispus	curly pondweed	OBL
Potamogeton natans	floating-leaf pondweed	OBL
Prunella vulgaris	heal-all	FACU+
Prunus Americana	american plum	FACU
Rosa woodsii	woods rose	FACU
Rumex crispus	curly dock	FACW
Sagittaria latifolia	arrow-head	OBL
Salix bebbiana	Bebb willow	FACW
Salix exigua	sandbar willow	OBL
Scirpus acutus	hard stem bulrush	OBL
Scirpus acutus Scirpus microcarpus	small-fruit bulrush	OBL
Scirpus microcarpus Scirpus validus	soft-stem bulrush	OBL
Sisymbrium altissimum	tall tumble mustard	FACU-
Solidago missouriensis	Missouri goldenrod	 FACIL
Symphoricarpos albus	snowberry	FACU
Taraxicum officinalis	common dandelion	FACU
Trifolium pretense	red clover	FACU
Verbascum thapsus	common mullien	
Veronica Americana	american speedwell	OBL

<sup>1</sup> **Bolded** species indicate those documented in the analysis area for the first time in 2004.





Table 2: Transect 1 data summary.

Monitoring Year	2002	2003	2004
Transect Length (feet)	390	390	390
# Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	6	11	10
# Vegetation Communities along Transect	4	5	5
# Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	3	3
Total Vegetative Species	31	31	30
Total Hydrophytic Species	22	23	22
Total Upland Species	9	8	8
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	65	70	71
% Transect Length Comprised of Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	72	70	68
% Transect Length Comprised of Upland Vegetation Communities	28	30	32
% Transect Length Comprised of Unvegetated Open Water	0	0	0
% Transect Length Comprised of Bare Substrate	0	0	0

Chart 1: Transect maps showing vegetation type from the start of transect (0 feet) to the end of transect (390 feet).

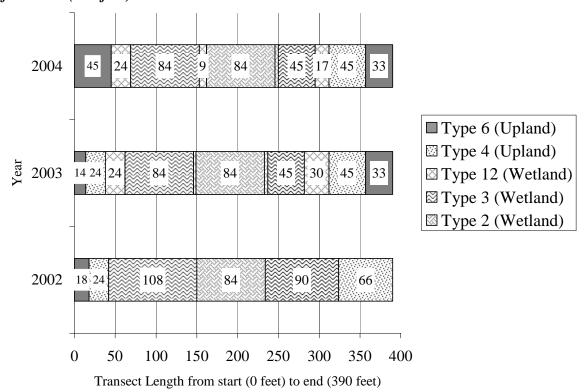






Chart 2: Length of vegetation communities along Transect 1.

**Vegetation Communities** 

#### 3.3 Soils

Soils at the site are mapped in the Sanders County Soil Survey as Horseplains-riverwash and Revais silt loam. Horseplains-riverwash is described as a fine sandy loam, 60 inches deep with a lighter surface layer, and slopes of 0-2%. Revais silt loam has a depth of 60 inches with lighter colored surface and slopes of 0-2% (NRCS 2002). Horseplains and Revais soils are not listed on the Montana NRCS Hydric Soil list. Soil characteristics at each wetland determination point were compared with those of the Horseplains and Revais soil. The soils observed across most of the site did not generally match the Horseplains and Revais soil descriptions, as textures were slightly different.

Wetland soils observed during monitoring and documented on the Routine Wetland Determination form were mostly loams, silt loams or clays with very low chromas (1 or 2) within 2 inches of the surface. Mottles (redoximorphic features) were present in three profiles, both having surface inundation. The two remaining soil profiles described on the Routine Wetland Determination forms were mapped as upland sampling points, having no soil moisture or distinct hydric characteristics within 18 inches of the surface.

#### **3.4 Wetland Delineation**

Delineated wetland boundaries are illustrated on **Figure 3** in **Appendix A**. Completed wetland delineation forms are included in **Appendix B**. Soils, vegetation, and hydrology are discussed in preceding sections. Wetland conditions were identified during the 2004 monitoring (**Table 3**).





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Table 3: Wetland conditions identified during monitoring from 2002 to 2004.

Condition	Monitoring Area 2004	Monitoring Area 2003	Monitoring Area 2002
Gross Aquatic Area	13.02	12.49	12.13
Open Water Area	1.14	1.14	1.14
Net Wetland Area	11.88	11.35	10.99

Approximately 11.88 wetland acres and 1.14 open water acres are currently within the monitoring area (**Table 3**, **Figure 3**). The pre-construction wetland delineation reported 6.67 wetland and no open water acres. A pre-project delineation map is provided in **Appendix D**. The net increase in aquatic habitat acres is 13.02 - 6.67 = 6.35 acres. Additional area may form with time and more normal precipitation around the low gradient portions of the current wetland area.

An increase of 0.53 wetland acre was observed between 2003 and 2004 monitoring. The increase in wetland acres was recorded along the shoreline of the excavated wetland and a section of the backwater channel located nearest to the Flathead River. Community Type 12 is mapped as developing emergent vegetation in areas inundated by seasonal flooding. Community Type 13 is a wetland area located adjacent to the shoreline of the excavated wetlands, further up the bank in less saturated conditions.

During 2003 and 2004 delineations, the backwater channel areas were mapped as waters of the U.S. due to the hydrologic connection to the Flathead River. Some of these areas are also mapped as wetlands, but most of this area is not considered wetland due to the lack of qualifying vegetation and soil characteristics. During the 2002 monitoring, vegetative cover was dominated by mostly invasive upland species. The majority of the backwater channel remains in a similar condition to that observed during 2002 and 2003 monitoring.

The only decrease in wetland area was observed within Community Type 7 located in the eastern side of the project, bordering the river. This area was delineated as a larger unit during 2002 monitoring. Located at a slightly higher elevation than the adjacent backwater channel, these areas were not subject to the intense scouring effects observed within other wetland areas located along the backwater channels. During the 2003 and 2004 monitoring, this area was observed to have a portion dominated by mostly upland species associated with Community Type 6 and was classified as upland.

#### 3.5 Wildlife

Wildlife species or evidence of wildlife, observed on the site during 2002, 2003, and 2004 monitoring efforts is listed in **Table 4**. Specific evidence observed, as well as activity codes pertaining to birds, are provided on the completed monitoring form in **Appendix B**.

This site provides habitat for a variety of wildlife species. One mammal and three bird species were noted at the mitigation site during the 2004 site visits. Many other wildlife species presumably use the site but were not observed during the monitoring visit.





Table 4: Wildlife species observed at the Hoskins Landing Mitigation Site during 2002, 2003, and 2004 monitoring.

ana 2004 monitoring.	
FISH	
None (no fish surveys implemented)	
AMPHIBIANS	
None	
REPTILES	
Painted Turtle ( <i>Chrysemys picta</i> ) <sup>3</sup>	
BIRDS	
American Crow (Corvus brachyrhynchos) Barn Swallow (Hirundo rustica) <sup>1</sup> Black & White Warbler (Mniotilta varia) Blue-winged Teal (Anas discors) <sup>1</sup> Canada Goose (Branta canadensis) <sup>1</sup> Cinnamon Teal (Anas cyanoptera) <sup>1</sup> Eurasian Wigeon (Anas Penelope) <sup>1</sup> Field Sparrow (Spizella pusilla) Great Blue Heron (Ardea herodias) Killdeer (Charadrius vociferous) Lesser Yellowlegs (Tringa flavipes) <sup>1</sup> Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos) Mallard (Anas platyrhynchos) Northern Shoveler (Anas clypeata) <sup>1</sup> Osprey (Pandoin haliaetus)	Red-tail Hawk (Buteo jamaicensis) Red-winged blackbird (Agelaius phoeniceus) Song sparrow (Melospiza melodia) Spotted sandpiper (Actitis macularia) Tree Swallow (Tachycineta bicolor) <sup>1</sup> Wood Duck (Aix sponsa) <sup>1</sup> Yellow-headed blackbird (Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus)
MAMMALS	
Coyote (Canis latrans)	Mouse [young] ( <i>Peromyscus</i> spp.) <sup>1</sup> Muskrat ( <i>Ondatra zibethicus</i> ) <sup>2</sup>
Deer (Odocoileus spp.)	muskiai (Ondana Zibeinicus)

**Bolded** species were observed during 2004 monitoring. All other species were observed during one or more of the previous monitoring years, but not during 2004.

#### 3.6 Macroinvertebrates

Complete results from the macro invertebrate sampling locations (**Figure 2**) are presented in **Appendix F.** Sampling points for Hoskins Landing were located along the western side of the excavated wetland. The following analysis was provided by Rhithron Associates (Bollman 2004).

Poor conditions reported in 2002 apparently improved to sub-optimal conditions at the Hoskins Landing site in 2003 and further improved to optimal conditions in 2004, according to bioassessment scores (Chart 3). Benthic assemblage sensitivity may have increased since 2003; more sensitive taxa appeared in 2004 compared to earlier years. The biotic index value, however, remained stable at values well below the median for all sites studied in all years. This suggests that water quality was very good here. Habitats apparently remained limited to macrophyte surfaces and the water column; there were few midges or other benthic denizens.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Observed by MDT during spring and/or fall of 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Observed in side channel by MDT during 2004.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Observed within old channel on southern boundary by MDT during spring of 2004.

100 80 Bioassessment score 80 **2002** 60 2003 40 2004

Chart 3: Bioassessment scores for Hoskins Landing.

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#### 3.7 Functional Assessment

Completed 2004 functional assessment forms are included in **Appendix B**. The Hoskins Landing site was separated into two assessment areas (AAs) for the purpose of functional assessments. The two assessment areas on the Hoskins Landing mitigation site are currently rated as Category III (moderate value), primarily due to moderate ratings for wildlife/fish habitat, TE species habitat, and flood attenuation variables. Other factors contributing to this score were low rating for MNHP species habitat, sediment/nutrient removal, sediment/shoreline stabilization and recreation/education ratings.

The main body of the site received a high rating for surface water storage due to the acre-feet of water contained in wetlands. The variable for production export/food chain support rated high due to the overall vegetated acres, high structural diversity and perennial water regime. The site received a moderate fish rating due to surface water duration and some habitat deficiencies. The site received a moderate flood attenuation rating due to the presence of an inflow channel into the wetland and restricted nature of outlet. The site received a low recreation/education rating since it has moderate disturbance level and is in private (Tribal) ownership. The site received a low rating for sediment/shoreline stability due to a lack of plants with deep binding roots. Recent revegetation efforts along the fringe of excavated wetland should overtime eventually increase the sediment/shoreline stability rating.

Based on functional assessment results (Table 5), approximately 89.9 functional units occur at the Hoskins Landing mitigation site. Baseline functional assessment results are also provided in **Table 5** for general comparative purposes. However, it should be noted that direct comparison between the baseline and 2004 functional assessments are not possible as they were completed using different versions of the MDT functional assessment method. The baseline assessment was completed using the 1996 version, while the 2002, 2003 and 2004 assessments were conducted using the most current (1999) version.





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Table 5: Summary of baseline, 2002, 2003 and 2004 wetland function/value ratings and functional points <sup>1</sup> at the Hoskins Landing Mitigation Project.

Able 5. Summary of dusetine, 2002, 2005ana 2004 wetana function/value ratings and functional points—at the Hoskins Landing Mulgation 1 roject.  WETH AND ALTIMORED ACCESSED WITH 1007 METHOD									1			
	WETLAND NUMBERS ASSESSED WITH 1996 METHOD					WETLANDS ASSESSED WITH 1999 METHOD						
Function and Value Parameters From the 1999 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method	Baseline 1A	Baseline 1B	Baseline 3	Baseline 8	Baseline 2, 9A, 9B, 10, 11, 12, 13	Baseline 5, 6, 7, 14A, 14B	2002 Site 5	2002 Remainder of Wetlands	2003 Site 5	2003 Remainder of Wetlands	2004 Site 5	2004 Remainder of Wetlands
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.7)	None (0.0)	Mod (0.7)	None (0.0)	None (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Mod (0.7)	Low (0.0)	Mod (0.7)	Low (0.0)	Mod (0.7)
MNHP Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Mod (0.7)	None (0.0)	None (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.1)
General Wildlife Habitat	High (0.9)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.5)	High (0.9)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.7)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.7)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.7)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.7)	NA	High (1)	NA	NA	NA	Mod (0.6)	NA	Mod (0.6)	NA	Mod (0.6)
Flood Attenuation	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.2)	NA	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.5)
Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	High (0.8)	NA	Low (0.3)	NA	NA	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	High (0.9)	Low (0.3)	High (0.9)	Low (0.3)	High (0.9)
Sediment, Nutrient, Toxicant Removal	High (1)	High (1)	High (1)	Mod (0.5)	High (1)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.5)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	NA	Mod (0.4)	High (0.9)	NA	NA	Low (0.2)	NA	Low (0.2)	NA	Low (0.2)
Production Export/Food Chain Support	High (0.8)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.7)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.2)	High (0.9)	Low (0.2)	High (0.9)	Low (0.2)	High (1.0)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High (1)	High (1)	High (1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	High (1)	High (1)	High (1.0)	High (1)	High (1.0)	High (1)	High (1.0)
Uniqueness	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.5)
Recreation/Education Potential	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	High (1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.3)
Actual Points/Possible Points	6.6 / 12	5.8 / 11	4.0 / 9	6.3 / 11	2.8 / 10	2.3 / 9	2.8 / 10	6.7 / 12	2.8 / 10	6.7 / 12	2.8 / 10	7.0 / 12
% of Possible Score Achieved	55%	53%	44%	57%	28%	26%	28%	56%	28%	55%	28%	58%
Overall Category	III	III	III	$II^3$	IV	IV	IV	III	IV	III	IV	III
Total Acreage of Assessed Wetlands and Open Water within Easement (ac)	2.58	0.86	0.68	0.06	0.75	1.74	0.29	11.84	0.29	12.20	0.29	12.73
Functional Units (acreage x actual points) (fu)	17.03	4.99	2.73	0.37	2.10	4.00	0.81	79.32	0.81	81.74	0.81	89.11
Total Acreage at Site (ac) 6.67						1	2.13	12	.49	13	.02	
Total Functional Units at Site (fu)	nits at Site (fu) 31.22				8	0.13	82	.55	89	.92		
Net Acreage Gain (ac)				NA			5	5.46	5.	82	6.	
Net Functional Unit Gain (fu)	NA					48.91		51.33		58	3.7	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See completed 2004 MDT functional assessment forms **Appendix B** for further detail.





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The baseline assessment was performed using the 1996 MDT assessment method, of which several parameters were substantially revised and applied to the 1999 MDT assessment method. The 1999 MDT assessment method was used in 2002 to 2004. Therefore, direct comparison of pre- and post-project functions are not possible, but some general trends can be noted.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Did not achieve Category II rating based on functional points, but did achieve Category II rating based on score for fish and wildlife habitat. This narrow fringe wetland was absent during the 2004 delineation.

#### 3.8 Photographs

Representative photographs taken from photo-points and transect ends are presented in **Appendix C**. A copy of the 2004 aerial photograph is also provided in **Appendix C**.

#### 3.9 Revegetation Efforts

Wetland and riparian vegetation enhancements were implemented in the 2003 and 2004. **Appendix G** presents the different planting specification for each seed mix and containerized plantings. These enhancements included drill seeding of an upland seed mix into the areas of higher topography and planting of native tree, shrub, grass and grass-like seedlings. Plants installed in the upland areas included two tree species, cottonwood and ponderosa pine (*Pinus ponderosa*), and seven shrub species including American plum, chokecherry (*Prunus virginiana*), hawthorn (*Crataegus douglasii*) serviceberry (*Amelanchier alnifolia*), snowberry (*Symphoricarpos albus*), Rocky Mountain juniper (*Juniperus scopulorum*), and woods rose (*Rosa woodsii*).

Wetland areas surrounding the excavated open water area were broadcast seeded with a custom wetland seed mix and also planted with seedlings. Vegetation planted in the wetland areas included three tree species - cottonwood, quaking aspen (*Populus tremuloides*), and water birch (*Betula occidentalis*), and four shrub species - alder (*Alnus incana*), red osier dogwood (*Cornus stolonifera*), Bebbs willow (*Salix bebbiana*) and sandbar willow (*Salix exigua*). Five herbaceous wetland species were planted along the fringe of the excavated wetland. These species included hardstem bulrush (*Scirpus microcarpus*), Nebraska sedge (*Carex nebrascensis*), beaked sedge (*Carex utriculata*), Bebbs sedge (*Carex bebbiana*), and small-fruited bulrush (*Scirpus microcarpus*).

Survival rates for native shrub plantings were assessed during the summer of 2003 and 2004. Both Land & Water Consulting (**LWC**) and Salish Kootenai College (**SKC**) conducted separate survival ratings for 2003 and 2004 plantings. LWC results are presented in **Appendix B** in the *Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form*. The survival data presented in the body of the report are based on SKC more intensive monitoring during 2004. **Appendix G** presents detailed survival information for each species and planting area.

Two upland plantings areas were evaluated; these areas include the upland islands and side channel. Survival rates for the upland areas ranged from 90% to 100 % for shrub species. No survival data was collected for tree species planted in fall 2003. All planted shrub species are exhibiting a high survival rate.

Two wetland-planting areas were also evaluated; these sites included the excavated wetland and inlet channel. Survival rates for the wetland areas ranged from 91% to 100% for the tree species and 29% to 81% for the shrub species. Cottonwood and red osier dogwood had some of the highest survival rates. Several species that had low survival rates during the 2003 monitoring were replanted in 2004. The replacement plants are doing well and exhibited a high survival rate in 2004. The excavated wetland was also re-sprigged with two species of willows. Approximately 2000 willow cuttings were installed around the fringe of excavated wetland.





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The low survival rates observed during 2003 monitoring have been increased due to consistent irrigation of plantings. The irrigation system was non-functional in 2003, but was repaired and used during the 2004 season.

#### 3.10 Maintenance Needs/Recommendations

Several Category 1 noxious weeds were still present: Canada thistle, hound's-tongue, and dalmatian toadflax. The Category 3 yellowflag iris was also present within the mitigation site. These species must be controlled under the Montana County Noxious Weed Control Act [7-22-2151]. Weed control activities were observed during the early and mid-season visits. The continued eradication of noxious weeds at this site is important. The majority of the invasive species were still found at this site within the dry backwater channels adjacent to the river.

#### 3.11 Current Credit Summary

At this time approximately 11.88 acres of wetland and 1.14 acres of open water occur on the mitigation site. Subtracting the original 6.67 acres of pre-project wetlands from this total yields a current net of approximately 6.35 wetland/open water acres. It is likely that additional acreage will form with additional time and more normal precipitation. Additionally, approximately 58.7 functional units have been gained at the site, although pre- and post-construction functional assessment methods slightly differed.





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## Appendix A

## FIGURES 2 - 3

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana







## Appendix B

COMPLETED 2004 WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM COMPLETED 2004 BIRD SURVEY FORM COMPLETED 2004 WETLAND DELINEATION FORMS COMPLETED 2004 FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT FORM

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana



## MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

Project Name: <u>Hoskins Landing</u> Project Number: <u>330054.110</u> Assessment Date: <u>07 / 21</u>	<u>/ 04_</u>
Location: N. of Dixon, MT MDT District: Missoula Milepost:	
Legal description: T: 18 R: 21 Section: 18 Time of Day: Afternoon to early evening	
Weather Conditions: Overcast_ Person(s) conducting the assessment: Greg Howard	
Initial Evaluation Date: <u>09 / 04 / 02</u> Visit #: <u>3</u> Monitoring Year: <u>2004</u>	
Size of evaluation area: 48 acres Land use surrounding wetland: Agriculture; alfalfa & cattle	grazing
HYDROLOGY	
Surface Water Source: _Flathead River_	
Inundation: Present $\underline{X}$ Absent Average depths: $\underline{1.5 \text{ ft}}$ Range of depths: $\underline{0-2 \text{ ft}}$	
Assessment area under inundation: 40 %	
Depth at emergent vegetation-open water boundary: <u>0.5 ft</u>	
If assessment area is not inundated are the soils saturated w/in 12" of surface: YesNo	
Other evidence of hydrology on site (drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation etc.): <u>Drift lines p</u>	
excavated wetland. Site experiences seasonal high water event; inundation of excavated wetland	d by flooding
of backwater channel.	
Groundwater	
Monitoring wells: Present Absent x	
Record depth of water below ground surface	
Well # Depth Well # Depth Well # Depth	
Additional Activities Checklist:	
X Map emergent vegetation-open water boundary on air photo	
X Observe extent of surface water during each site visit and look for evidence of past surface	e water
elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining etc.)	
GPS survey groundwater monitoring wells locations if present	
<b>COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:</b> No major changes observed at the site during 2004 monitoring.	Vegetation
cover has increase throughout the entire site. These included the seeded upland areas, emergent	_



around the excavate wetland fringe and the backwater channels areas heavily scoured during 2002 high water event. Several new planting areas were observed and weed control measure were conducted around the existing

plantings areas and throughout the site.

Community No.: 2 Community Title (main species): Eleocharis / Phalaris

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Scirpus acutus	10	Sagittaria latifolia	20
Scirpus validus	P	Carex retrorsa	P
Phalaris arundinacea	30		
Eleocharis palustris	50		
Potamogeton natans	10		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** <u>Undisturbed emergent wetlands located on W. side of site. Type 2 is connected to the outlet of the southern backwater channel. Area is surrounded by excavated wetlands. Wetland inundated during mid-season visit.</u>

Community No.: <u>3</u> Community Title (main species): <u>Potamogeton / Elodea</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Potamogeton amplifolius	60		
Elodea canadensis	10		
Potamogeton crispus	10		
Potamogeton natans	T		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Areas of aquatic vegetation located within the excavated wetlands.

Community No.: <u>4</u> Community Title (main species): <u>Agropyron / Melilotus</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Plantago lanceolata	T	Helianthus annuus	P
Plantago major	P	Lepidium perfoliatum	P
Cirsium arvense	P	Chrysanthemum leucanthemum	Т
Verbascum thapsus	T	Centaurea maculosa	T
Agropyron repens	40	Plantings	10
Achillea millefolium	10	Coreopsis atkinsoniana	P
Elymus trachycaulus	20		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Constructed upland slopes w/ re-contoured topography and native shrub plantings. Area mostly dominated by *Agropyron repens* and other invasive or disturbance related species. One Montana State listed noxious weeds, *Cirsium arvense*.

#### **Additional Activities Checklist:**

<u>X</u> Record and map vegetative communities on air photo

COMMENTS: Community # 1 is open water.



Community No.: \_5\_ Community Title (main species): Phalaris / Salix

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	60	Juncus ensifolius	T
Salix exigua	30	Eleocharis acicularis	P
Juncus balticus	P	Salix bebbiana	T
Scirpus acutus	T		
Cornus stolonifera	T		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Undisturbed side channel running along S. edge of project boundary. Channel w/ stagnate water, no flowing inlet or outlet, except during seasonally high flows. Channel vegetation consisting mostly of aquatic bed, emergent and scrub-shrub types.

Community No.: <u>6</u> Community Title (main species): <u>Festuca / Phleum</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Phleum pratense	20	Rosa woodsii	T
Agropyron repens	20	Symphoricarpos albus	T
Taraxacum officinale	P	Agrostis alba	10
Cirsium arvense	P	Festuca pratensis	30
Rumex crispus	Т	Centaurea maculosa	P

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Areas of pre-existing upland pasture. Two stated listed noxious weeds (*Centaurea maculosa & Cirsium arvense*) found in this type. This area incorporates planting units along the edge of the C.T # 8 near the river.

Community No.: \_7\_\_ Community Title (main species): Phalaris

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Populus trichocarpa	10	Taraxacum officinale	P
Salix exigua	P	Hypericum perforatum	P
Rumex crispus	10		
Agrostis alba	P		
Phalaris arundinacea	80		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** This area receives seasonal flooding and is adjacent to river. This site has experienced heavy grazing in the past. Removal of livestock grazing has left a vigorous canary reedgrass population. *Populus trichocarpa* seedlings established in 2002 are increasing in cover and density. Average sapling height 3-4 feet tall. A new state listed noxious weed, *Hypericum perforatum* was observed within the Community Type during 2004 monitoring.

#### **Additional Activities Checklist:**

\_X\_ Record and map vegetative communities on air photo

**COMMENTS:** 



Community No.: <u>8</u> Community Title (main species): <u>Agropyron / Plantago</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Plantago major	P	Agropyron repens	10
Plantago lanceolata	10	Chrysanthemum leucanthemum	T
Verbascum thapsus	T	Centaurea maculosa	P
Populus trichocarpa	10	Agrostis alba	10
Sisymbrium altissimum	T	Linaria dalmatica	T
Artemisia ludoviciana	P		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Area adjacent to Flathead River, cobble and gravel substrate. Community type #8 considered Waters of the U.S. Increasing vegetation cover, mostly invasive or disturbance related species. Size and height of *Populus trichocarpa* saplings increased. Manual weed control activities; cutting & mowing of *Agropyron repens* and *Sisymbrium altissimum* near plantings areas.

Community No.: \_9\_\_ Community Title (main species): <u>Bromus</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Centaurea maculosa	T	Chenopodium album	P
Sisymbrium altissimum	T	Bromus spp.	50
Lepidium perfoliatum	T	Bromus tectorum	10
Malva neglecta	T	Agropyron repens	10

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Area previously dominated by *Centaurea maculosa* in 2003. Weed control activities have been conducted to eradicate invasive species within the community type. Increase in *Bromus tectorum* and other brome species following control activities.

Community No.: <u>10</u> Community Title (main species): <u>Populus / Crataegus</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Crataegus douglasii	20	Festuca pratensis	P
Prunus americana	10	Phleum pratense	P
Rosa woodsii	P	Agropyron repens	20
Cornus stolonifera	P	Symphoricarpos albus	P
Populus trichocarpa	30	Centaurea maculosa	P

COMMENTS/PROBLEMS: Mature *Populus trichocarpa & Crataegus douglasii* found along higher terrace, adjacent to river & backwater channel. Understory layer consisting of pasture grasses and some invasive species. A few small shrub patches present along backwater channel.

#### **Additional Activities Checklist:**

X Record and map vegetative communities on air photo

**COMMENTS:** 



Community No.: \_11\_\_ Community Title (main species): Ceratophyllum

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Ceratophyllum demersum	40		T
Equisetum hyemale	P		P
Eleocharis acicularis	P		T
Juncus balticus	P		
Phalaris arundinacea	T		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Aquatic bed habitat dominated by *Ceratophyllum demersum*, standing water in channel. Some evidence of flowing water through channel during seasonal high water: scour marks, drift lines and sediment depositions.

Community No.: <u>12</u> Community Title (main species): <u>Juncus / Eleocharis</u>

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Juncus ensifolius	20	Rumex crispus	T
Eleocharis palustris	10	Willow sprigs (Salix)	P
Agrostis alba	10	Prunella vulgaris	T
Phalaris arundinacea	10	Cirsium arvense	T
Eleocharis acicularis	P		
Scirpus acutus	T		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Emergent wetland vegetation type developing along the fringes of excavated wetland. Shrub plantings installed during spring 2003 and 2004 along excavated wetland fringe. Increase in wetland species diversity along wetland fringe. Invasive species, *Cirsium arvense* observed during 2004 monitoring.

Community No.: 13 Community Title (main species): Phalaris / Agrostis

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Phalaris arundinacea	30	Agropyron repens	P
Agrostis alba	20		
Eleocharis palustris	T		
Alopecurus pratensis	T		
Plantago major	P		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Small area of vegetation developing in the dry backwater channel consisting of mostly cobble substrate. New area of Community Type # 13 located around the upper side slopes of excavated wetland.

#### **Additional Activities Checklist:**

\_X\_ Record and map vegetative communities on air photo



Community No.: 14 Community Title (main species): Agrostis / Poa

Dominant Species	% Cover	Dominant Species	% Cover
Agrostis alba	60	Phleum pratense	T
Poa pratensis	20	Agropyron repens	P
Taraxacum officinalis	P	Cirsium arvense	T
Festuca pratensis	T		
Trifolium pratense	P		
Plantago lanceolata	10		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Area of pre-existing pasture undisturbed during construction efforts. Removal of livestock has allowed the dominant species to flourish and the be identified for community type mapping.

#### **Additional Activities Checklist:**

\_X\_ Record and map vegetative communities on air photo



#### COMPREHENSIVE VEGETATION LIST

Species	Vegetation Community Number(s)	Species	Vegetation Community Number(s)
Acer negundo	10	Juncus ensifolius	4,5,12
Agropyron repens	4,6,8,9,10,13,14,15	Juniperus scopulorum*	4
Agrostis alba	6,7,8,12,13,14,15	Lepidium perfoliatum	4,6,9
Achillea millefolium	4,6,14	Linaria dalmatica	8
Alnus incana*	12	Malva neglecta	4,9
Alopecurus pratensis	6	Melilotus alba	14
Amaranthus retroflexus	6	Melilotus officinalis	4,6,10
Amelanchier alnifolia*	4	Mentha arvensis	2
Artemisia ludoviciana	4,8	Myosotis scorpioides	2
Bromus japonicus	6	Oenothera villosa	4
Bromus tectorum	9	Panicum capillare	8
Carex bebbiana		Phalaris arundinacea	2,5,7,11,12,13
Carex lanuginosa	2	Phleum pratense	6,10,15
Carex nebrascensis	_	Pinus ponderosa*	4
Carex retrorsa	2	Plantago lanceolata	4,8,15
Carex utriculata	_	Plantago major	4,8,13
Centaurea maculosa	4,6,8,9,10	Poa pratensis	6,15
Ceratophyllum demersum	11	Polygonum amphibium	2,11,12
Chenopodium album	4,6,9	Polygonum aviculare	4
Chrysanthemum leucanthemum	4,8	Populus tremuloides*	4
Cirsium arvense	4,6,12,15	Populus trichocarpa**	7,8,10
Cirsium vulgare	4,6	Potamogeton amplifolius	3
Coreopsis atkinsoniana	4,8	Potamogeton crispus	3
Cornus stolonifera**	5,10	Potamogeton natans	2,3
Crataegus douglasii	10	Prunella vulgaris	12
Cynoglossum officinale	4,6	Prunus americana**	10
Dactylis glomerata	6	Rosa woodsii	6,10
Eleocharis acicularis	2,5,11,12	Rumex crispus	2,4,6,7,12
Eleocharis palustris	2,4,12,13	Sagittaria latifolia	2
Elodea canadensis	3	Salix bebbiana	5
Elymus trachycaulus	4	Salix exigua**	5,7,12
Equisetum arvense	2,4,8,12	Scirpus acutus	2,5,12
Equisetum hyemale	2,11	Scirpus microcarpus	2
Festuca pratensis	6,15	Scirpus validus	2
Eroduim cicutarium	4,8,10	Sisymbrium altissimum	6,8,9,14
Gnaphalium palustre	4,8,10	Solidago missouriensis	10
Helianthus annuus	4,8	Symphoricarpos albus**	6,10
Hippuris vulgaris	2	Taraxacum officinalis	4,6,7,8,15
Hypericum perforatum	7	Trifolium pratense	15
Iris pseudacorus	5	Verbascum thapsus	4,6,8
		Veronica americana	
* Species planted during 2003 & 20	5,11,12		12

<sup>\*</sup> Species planted during 2003 & 2004 riparian vegetation enhancements.

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Eleven species were added to the list for 2004. These included two state listed noxious weeds; *Hypericum perforatum & Linaria dalmatica*. Also, three herbaceous wetland species planted along the excavated wetland fringe; *Carex bebbiana*, *Carex nebrascensis* and *Carex utriculata*.



<sup>\*\*</sup> Species observed during vegetation survey and also planted during 2003 &2004 riparian vegetation enhancements. **Bolded** species new to the list for 2004.

#### PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

Species	Number Originally	Number Observed	Mortality Causes
	Planted		
Alnus incana		21	
Amelanchier alnifolia		23	
Betula occidentalis		9	
Cornus stolonifera		74	
Crataegus douglasii		33	
Juniperus scopulorum		-	
Pinus ponderosa		-	
Populus tremuloides		3	
Populus trichocarpa		22	
Prunus americana		29	
Rosa woodsii		49	
Salix bebbiana		3	
Salix exigua		298	
Symphoricarpos albus		-	

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** The above species were planting during the spring of 2003 and 2004. The results are for species found along transect assesses by LWC and do not reflect the total of number of species planted. Refer to **Appendix G** for the total number of plants installed. **Appendix G** also includes more intensive shrub density monitoring conducted by **SKC** during the summer of 2004.



## WILDLIFE

## **BIRDS**

See attached Bird Survey – Field Data Sheet					
Were man-made nesting structures installed? Yes_nesting structures being utilized? Yes No  MAMMAI		ng structures			
Species	Number		Indirect indi	ication of use	
	Observed	Tracks	Scat	Burrows	Other
Deer		X			
Additional Activities Checklist:  X Macroinvertebrate sampling (if required)			I		

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** Macroinvertebrate samples collected and location marked on map.



#### **PHOTOGRAPHS**

Using a camera with a 50 mm lenses and color film take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the checklist below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. (The first time at each site establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3' above ground, survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the air photo.) Checklist:

- X One photo for each of the 4 cardinal directions surrounding wetland
- X At least one photo showing upland use surrounding wetland if more than one upland use exists, take additional photos
- X At least one photo showing buffer surrounding wetland
- X One photo from each end of vegetation transect showing transect

Location	Photo	Photograph Description	Compass
			Reading
1	1	Picture looking S. at upland, emergent vegetation and open water area.	180°
2	2	Picture looking N. at emergent vegetation and open water area.	180°
3	3	Picture looking E. at emergent vegetation that existed before construction.	90°
4	4	Panoramic view running W. to E., created open water area.	$315^{\circ} - 135^{\circ}$
5	5	Picture looking E. at backwater side channel.	90°
6	6	Panoramic view running W. to E., emergent wetlands, open water area &	$315^{\circ} - 90^{\circ}$
		upland.	
7	7	Picture looking E. at side channel & area where berm was removed.	90°
8	8	Picture looking E. at side channel & area of high water disturbance.	90°
9	9a	Picture looking W. at upland, emergent wetlands & created open water areas.	315°
9	9b	Picture looking N. at upland pasture.	$0_{\rm o}$
9	9c	Picture looking S. at riparian vegetation along side channel.	180°
10	10	Picture looking W. at inlet to backwater side channel.	270° –135°
11	11	Picture looking NW. along N. side of project boundary & Flathead River.	315°
12	12	Picture looking NW. along N. side of site, areas where berm was removed.	315°
13	13	Picture looking W. at empty floodplain channel near river.	315°

**COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:** All pictures were taken with a digital camera.

#### **GPS SURVEYING**

Using a resource grade GPS survey the items on the checklist below. Collect at least 3 location points with the GPS unit set at 5 second recording rate. Record file numbers fore site in designated GPS field notebook

			1	1 .			
<i>(</i> '	h	$\sim$	17	lъ	C	t	•
C	ш	こし	•	11		L	

- X Jurisdictional wetland boundary
- X\_ 4-6 landmarks recognizable on the air photo
- X Start and end points of vegetation transect(s)
- X Photo reference points
- Groundwater monitoring well locations

COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:		
_		



WETLAND DELINEATION
At each site conduct the items on the checklist below:
X Delineate wetlands according to the 1987 Army Corps manual.
X Delineate wetland-upland boundary on the air photo
Survey wetland-upland boundary with a resource grade GPS survey
COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:
FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT
See attached completed MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method forms.
MAINTENANCE
Were man-made nesting structures installed at this site? YES NOX
If yes, do they need to be repaired? YESNO
If yes, describe problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems.
Were man-made structures build or installed to impound water or control water flow into or out of the wetland?
YESNO_X_
If yes, are the structures working properly and in good working order? YESNO If no, describe the problems below.
COMMENTS/PROBLEMS:



MDT	WETLAND MO	NITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT	
Site: Hoskins Landing Date:	07/21/04	Examiner: Greg Howard Transect # 1	
Approx. transect length: 390 ft Co	·		
<b>Vegetation type 1:</b> Festuca/Phleum (Con		Vegetation type 2: Juncus/Eleocharis (Community	· ·
Length of transect in this type: 45	feet	Length of transect in this type: 24	feet
Species:	Cover:	Species:	Cover:
Plantago lanceolata	T	Eleocharis acicularis	60
Cirsium arvense	T	Juncus ensifolius	P
Agrostis alba	20	Eleocharis palustris	P
Phleum pratense	P	Scirpus acutus	T
Festuca pratensis	40	Plantago major	T
Agropyron repens	P	Rumex crispus	T
Rumex crispus	T	Salix exigua	T
		Populus trichocarpa	T
Total Vegetative Cover:	70%	Total Vegetative Cover:	70%
<b>Vegetation type 3:</b> Potamogeton/Elodea (		Vegetation type 4: Juncus/Eleocharis (Community	<u> </u>
Length of transect in this type: 84	feet	Length of transect in this type: 9	feet
Species:	Cover:	Species:	Cover:
Eleocharis acicularis	T	Eleocharis acicularis	50
Elodea canadensis	10	Juncus ensifolius	T
Potamogeton amplifolius	60	Eleocharis palustris	T
Eleocharis palustris	T	Scirpus microcarpus	T
Potamogeton crispus	10	Plantago major	P
Potamogeton natans	P		
Total Vegetative Cover:	85%	Total Vegetative Cover:	60%



### MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT

Site:	Hoskins Landing	Date:	07/21/04	Examiner:	Greg Howard	Transect #	1
		· ·					

Approx. transect length: 390 ft Compass Direction from Start (Upland): 45°

<b>Vegetation type 5:</b>	Eleocharis/	Phalaris (C	Community	No. 2)
Length of transect in the	nis type:	84		feet
Phalaris arundinacea			20	
Eleocharis palustris			40	
Hippuris vulgaris			P	
Scirpus acutus			10	
Sagittaria latifolia			T	
Veronica americana			P	
Potamogeton natans			20	
Rumex crispus			T	
Myosotis scorpioides			T	
Equisetum arvense			T	
Carex retrorsa			P	
		·		
To	otal Vegetativ	ve Cover:	95%	

Vegetation type 7:	Potamogetor	/Elodea (C	Community 1	No. 3)
Length of transect in	this type:	45		feet
Species:			Cover:	
Eleocharis acicularis			T	
Elodea canadensis			10	
Potamogeton amplifo	olius		60	
Eleocharis palustris			T	
Potamogeton crispus			10	
Potamogeton natans			P	
7	Total Vegetativ	ve Cover:	85%	

Vegetation type 6:	Juncus/Eleocharis (Com	munity No. 12)	
Length of transect in this typ	e: 4		feet
Species:		Cover:	
Eleocharis acicularis		50	
Juncus ensifolius		T	
Eleocharis palustris		T	
Scirpus microcarpus		T	
Plantago major		P	
	Total Vegetative Cover:	60%	

Vegetation type 8:	Juncus/El	eocharis (Con	nmunity No. 12)	
Length of transect in this typ	e:	17		feet
Species:			Cover:	
Eleocharis acicularis			50	
Juncus ensifolius			T	
Eleocharis palustris			T	
Scirpus microcarpus			T	
Plantago major			P	
	•			•
	Total Vege	tative Cover:	55%	



MDT V	WETLAND	MONITO	RING –	VEGETATION TR	RANSEC'	Γ		
Site: Hoskins Landing Date:	07/21/04	Exan	miner:	Greg Howard		Transect #	1	
Approx. transect length: 390 ft Con	mpass Direc	ction from St	tart (Upla	and): 45°				
<b>Vegetation type 9:</b> Agropyron/Melilotus (Community No. 4)				tation type 10:	Festuca/	Phleum (Comm	unity No. 6)	
Length of transect in this type: 45		feet	Leng	th of transect in this	type:	33		feet
Species:	Cover:		Speci	ies:			Cover:	•
Phalaris arundinacea	10		Festu	ca pratensis			20	
Plantago lanceolata	P		Agroj	oyron repens			40	
Polygonum amphibium	T		Cirsiu	ım vulgare			P	
Achillea millefolium	T		Cirsiu	ım arvense			10	
Cirsium vulgare	T		Verba	scum thapsus			T	
Agropyron repens	30		Phala	ris arundinacea			P	
Cirsium arvense	T		Agros	stis alba			P	
Plantago major	T		Planta	ngo major			P	
Total Vegetative Cover:	50%			Т	Total Maga	etative Cover:	80%	
Total vegetative Cover:	30%			1	otai vege	etative Cover:	00%	
Vegetation type :			Veget	tation type :				
Length of transect in this type:		feet	Lengt	h of transect in this typ	pe:			feet
Species:	Cover:		Speci	es:			Cover:	
Total Vegetative Cover:					Total Veg	getative Cover:		•



## MDT WETLAND MONITORING – VEGETATION TRANSECT (back of form)

Cover Estimat	*	Indicator Class:	Source:
+ = <1%	3 = 11-	+ = Obligate	P = Planted
1 1 50/	20%	T. 1' /XX	X7 X7 1 ,
1 = 1-5%	4 = 21- 50%	- = Facultative/Wet	V = Volunteer
2 = 6-10%	50% 5 = >50%	0 = Facultative	
Percent of perin	neter	% developing wetland vegetation	- excluding dam/berm structures.
this location wi	th a standard metal f	fencepost. Extend the imaginary to	ter). The transect should begin in the upland area. Permanently mark ransect line towards the center of the wetland, ending at the 3 food dep
(in open water),	or at a point where	water depths or saturation are max	ximized. Mark this location with another metal fencepost.
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of or, not inventory, representative portions of the wetland site.
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of
Estimate cover the wetland. Re	within a 10 ft wide '	"belt" along the transect length. A	t a minimum, establish a transect at the windward and leeward sides of

3/01 rev



#### BIRD SURVEY - FIELD DATA SHEET

Page 1 of 1 Date: 7/21/04

SITE: Hoskins Landing

Survey Time: 9:00 – 4:00

Bird Species Black & White Warbler	#	Behavior	Habitat	Bird Species	#	Behavior	Habitat
Black & White Warbler	5	N	SS				
Field Sparrow	2	BD	UP				
Field Sparrow Red-winged Blackbird	8	N	MA				
		1					
					<u> </u>		l

Notes: Conditions: Mostly overcast with light wind, approximately 80 degrees.
Not many birds using site during visit.

 $Behavior:\ BP-one\ of\ a\ breeding\ pair;\ BD-breeding\ display;\ F-foraging;\ FO-flyover;\ L-loafing;\ N-nesting$ 

 $Habitat:\ AB-aquatic\ bed;\ FO-forested;\ I-island;\ MA-marsh;\ MF-mud\ flat;\ OW-open\ water;\ SS-scrub/shrub;\ UP-upland\ buffer;\ WM-wet\ meadow,\ US-unconsolidated\ shoreline$ 



#### **DATA FORM**

#### ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION

(1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site: Hoskins Landin Applicant/Owner: MDT	ng					Date: County:	07/21 Sand		
Investigator: Greg Howard					_	State:	MT	ers	
Do Normal Circumstances exist Is the site significantly disturbed Is the area a potential Problem A (If needed, explain on reverse	d (Atypical Situa Area?:	ation)?	Y	les _ les _ les _	No No No	Communit Transect II Plot ID:		Upland T1	
			EGETA						
Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	GE I E		N Dominant Pla	ant Species		Stratum	Indicator
1 Plantago lanceolata	Н	FAC	-	9		•			
2 Cirsium arvense	Н	FACU+	<del>-</del>	10					
3 Phleum pratense	Н	FACU		11 —					
4 Agropyron repens	Н	FACU+		12					
5 Agrostis alba	Н	FACU		13					
6 Festuca pratensis	Н	FAC+	_	14					
			_	15					
1									
Percent of Dominant Species that			excludi	ng FA	C-).	2/6 = 3.	3%		
Percent of Dominant Species that		ated wetland s	excluding slopes.	ng FA		2/6 = 3.	3%		
Percent of Dominant Species that	fringes of excava	ated wetland s	(excluding slopes.	ing FA	Y	2/6 = 3			
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Des	fringes of excava	ated wetland s  HY	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	Y	y Indicators			
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Des	fringes of excava	ated wetland s  HY	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	Y d Hydrolog Primary In	y Indicators dicators: Inundated	:		
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Desemble 1997)  Streat Aeria Othe	fringes of excava escribe in Remark am, Lake, or Tid ial Photographs er	ated wetland s  HY	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	Y d Hydrolog Primary In	ry Indicators adicators: Inundated Saturated in	: Upper	12 Inches	
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Des	fringes of excava escribe in Remark am, Lake, or Tid ial Photographs er	ated wetland s  HY	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	Y d Hydrolog Primary In	y Indicators dicators: Inundated Saturated in Water Marks	: Upper	12 Inches	
Strea Aeria Othe X No Recorded Data A	fringes of excava escribe in Remark am, Lake, or Tid ial Photographs er	ated wetland s  HY	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	Y d Hydrolog Primary In	ry Indicators adicators: Inundated Saturated in Water Marks Drift Lines	Upper	12 Inches	
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Deserting Streated Particular Streated Particular	fringes of excava escribe in Remark am, Lake, or Tid ial Photographs er	ated wetland s  HY	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	Y d Hydrolog Primary In	y Indicators adicators: Inundated Saturated in Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment De	Upper sposits terns in	n Wetlands	D:
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Desemble 1985)  Streated 1985  Aeria Othe 1985  X No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:	escribe in Remarlam, Lake, or Tidial Photographs er Available	ated wetland s  HY ks): de Gauge	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	d Hydrolog Primary In	y Indicators adicators: Inundated Saturated in Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment De Drainage Pat Indicators ( Oxidized Ro	Upper posits terns in 2 or moot Charled Leav	n Wetlands ore required nnels in Upp ves	I): per 12 Inches
Percent of Dominant Species that Upland pasture along the outer f  Recorded Data (Deservations)  Streated Aeria Othe  X No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:	escribe in Remarlam, Lake, or Tidial Photographs er Available	hy hy had a seed wetland seed w	(excluding slopes.	LOG!	d Hydrolog Primary In	y Indicators adicators: Inundated Saturated in Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment De Drainage Pat Indicators ( Oxidized Ro	Upper sposits terns in 2 or moot Charled Leavurvey I	n Wetlands ore required nnels in Upp yes Data	



( <del></del>				SOILS						
Map Unit		Horseplains-rivery	vash complex		Drainage Class:					
(Series an										
Taxonom	y (Subgroup	):	Confirm Mapped Type? X Yes N							
	escription:	1	1			1				
Depth		Matrix Color	Mottle Colo		Mottle	Texture, Concretions,				
inches	Horizon	(Munsell Moist)	(Munsell Moist)		Abundance/Contrast	Structure, etc.				
0 - 2	A	10 YR 3/2	-		-	Loam				
2 – 12	B1	10 YR 4/2	-		-	Silty Loam				
12+	B2	10 YR 5/2	-		-	Silty Loam				
Hydric Sc	oil Indicators	:								
	Н	istosol		C	oncretions					
		istic Epipedon		H	ligh Organic Content in surf	ace Layer in Sandy Soils				
		ulfidic Odor			rganic Streaking in Sandy S					
		quic Moisture Regime			isted on Local Hydric Soils					
		educing Conditions			isted on National Hydric So	ils List				
	<u>x</u> G	leyed or Low-Chroma Co	lors	C	ther (Explain in Remarks)					
Marginal	hydric indica	ators, slight evidence of h	ydric conditio	ns with low-	chroma colors.					
			WETLANI	D DETERM	INATION					
Hydrophy	tic Vegetation	on Present? Yes	X No							
Wetland I	Hydrology P	resent? Yes	X No							
Hydric Sc	oils Present?	x Yes	No	Is this Sam	pling Point Within a Wetlar	nd? Yes X No				
Remarks:										
	point consid	lered within an upland are	a. Sampling	point located	near the beginning of veget	ation transect. Area of				
		ivestock grazing, dominat								

Approved by HQUSACE 2/92



#### **DATA FORM**

#### ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION

(1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site: Hoskins Landing Applicant/Owner: MDT							
Applicant/Owner: MDT						/21/04	
						nders	
Investigator: Greg Howard					State: M'	Γ	
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the s		X	_	No	Community ID		<u>t</u>
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypic	cal Situation	n)?	Yes _	No	Transect ID:	<u>T1</u>	
Is the area a potential Problem Area?:			Yes	No	Plot ID:	2	
(If needed, explain on reverse.)							
		VEGE	<b>TATION</b>				
		Indicator	_ <u>D</u>	Ominant P	Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Eleocharis acicularis	Н	OBL	9				
2 Juncus ensifolius	Н	FACW	10				
3 Eleocharis palustris	Н	OBL	11				
4 Scirpus microcarpus	Н	OBL	12				
5 Plantago major	Н	FACU+	13				
6			14				
7			15				
8			16				
Percent of Dominant Species that are OI	BL, FACW	, or FAC (excl	uding FAC	C-).	4/5 = 80%		
_							
Area dominated by hydrophytic vegetati	on. Develo	oping emergen	t vegetatio	n type alo	ng outer fringe of	f excavated we	etland.
		1 0 0	C	71			
		HYDI	ROLOGY				
Recorded Data (Describe in	Remarks):				y Indicators:		
Stream, Lake	,						
				Primary In			
Aerial Photo	granhs			Primary In	ndicators:		
Aerial Photo	graphs			<u>x</u> ]	ndicators: Inundated	er 12 Inches	
Other				<u>x</u> ]	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppe	er 12 Inches	
				X	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppe Water Marks	er 12 Inches	
Other  x No Recorded Data Available				<u>x</u> !	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppe Water Marks Drift Lines		
Other				X	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppe Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposi	ts	
Other x No Recorded Data Available Field Observations:		(1)		<u>x</u> ]	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppo Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposi Drainage Patterns	ts s in Wetlands	Λ.
Other  x No Recorded Data Available		(in.)		x 1	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Depositionage Patterns Indicators (2 or	ts s in Wetlands more required	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:		` ′		x 3	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppo Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposi Drainage Patterns / Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl	ts s in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp	·
Other x No Recorded Data Available Field Observations:		(in.) (in.)		x	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le	ts s in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp aves	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:		(in.)			ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey	ts s in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:		` ′			ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppe Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposi Drainage Patterns / Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:		(in.)			ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Otherx No Recorded Data Available Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:		(in.)			ndicators: Inundated Saturated in Uppe Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposi Drainage Patterns / Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:		(in.)		x	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Drainage Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes Other (Explain in	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Otherx No Recorded Data Available Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:		(in.)		x	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Drainage Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes Other (Explain in	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:		(in.)		x	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Drainage Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes Other (Explain in	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:		(in.)		x	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Drainage Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes Other (Explain in	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:		(in.)		x	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Drainage Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes Other (Explain in	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·
Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:		(in.)		x	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in Upper Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Deposition Drainage Patterns Indicators (2 or Oxidized Root Cl Water-Stained Le Local Soil Survey FAC-Neutral Tes Other (Explain in	ts in Wetlands more required nannels in Upp eaves y Data t	·



N/ TT '	NT.	TT 1''	1 1	SOILS	D : Cl				
Map Unit Name Horseplains-riverwash complex Drainage Class:  (Series and Phase): Field Observations									
					Field Observations				
Taxonomy	y (Subgroup)	):			Confirm Mapped Type	? Yes <u>x</u> No			
Des Cla Da									
Profile De	<u>escription:</u>	Motrin Colon	Mottle Cole		Mottle	Taytum Compations			
Depth inches	Horizon	Matrix Color (Munsell Moist)	Mottle Cold (Munsell M		Abundance/Contrast	Texture, Concretions,			
		i '	,	,		Structure, etc.			
0 – 12+	В	7.5 YR 4/1	7.5 Y	R 3/4	Common / Prominent	Sandy Clay			
** 1: 0									
Hydric So	il Indicators								
	H	istosol			Concretions				
	н	istic Epipedon			High Organic Content in surf				
		ulfidic Odor			Organic Streaking in Sandy S Listed on Local Hydric Soils Listed on National Hydric So	OOIIS			
		quic Moisture Regime			Listed on Local Hydric Soils	List			
		educing Conditions			Listed on National Hydric So	ıls Lıst			
	<u>x</u> G	leyed or Low-Chroma C	Colors		Other (Explain in Remarks)				
Hridmin and	il indicators	massant with low shapen	a aalama and me	>++1aa					
Hydric so.	ii ilidicators	present with low-chrom	a colors and me	otties.					
			WETLANI	D DETER	MINATION				
Uudronhu	tia Vagatati	on Procent? V Va	, No						
Wetlend L	lic vegetatio	$\frac{1}{\text{resent?}} \frac{1}{\text{V}} \frac{1}{\text{V}}$	No.						
Welland F	ila Descent?	on Present? $\begin{array}{c} X \\ Yes \\ \hline X \end{array}$ Yes $\begin{array}{c} X \\ Yes \\ \hline X \end{array}$ Yes	No No	In thin Co	ampling Doint Within a Watlan	ode w Ves No			
Hydric So	ons Present?	<u>A</u> 169	No	is tills Sa	ampling Point Within a Wetlar	nd? <u>x</u> Yes No			
Remarks:									
	point consid	lered within a wetland.	Wetland area de	ominated b	y developing emergent vegeta	ation type around fringe of			
excavated									

Approved by HQUSACE 2/92



#### **DATA FORM**

### ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION

(1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site: Hoskins Landing Applicant/Owner: MDT Investigator: Greg Howard				- I D /	07/01/04	
	ıg			Date:	07/21/04 Sandars	
Investigator: Large Houserd				County:	Sanders	
investigator. Oreg Howard				State:	MT	
Do Normal Circumstances exist	on the site:		x Yes	No Commun	nity ID: Emergen	nt
Is the site significantly disturbed	(Atypical Situa	ıtion)?	Yes —	No Transect	ID: T1	
Is the area a potential Problem A	rea?:		Yes —	No Plot ID:	3	
(If needed, explain on reverse.	.)					
		Y/E-	CETA TION			
Dominant Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator	GETATION Domi	nant Plant Speci	es Stratum	Indicator
1 Eleocharis palustris	H	OBL	9	nant i iant speen	28 Stratum	mulcator
2 Phalaris arundinacea	H	FACW	- 1 <sub>10</sub>			
3 Scirpus acutus	H	OBL	-   10			
4 Potamogeton natans	H	OBL	12			
5 Carex retrorsa	Н	FAC	- <sub>13</sub>			
6 Sagittaria latifolia	Н	OBL	14			
7	-		15			
8			16			
Percent of Dominant Species that	it are OBL, FAC	CW, or FAC (e	xcluding FAC-).	6/6 = 1	.00%	
Area dominated by hydrophytic	vegetation.					
		HY	DROLOGY			
Recorded Data (Des	scribe in Remarl	ks):	Wetland Hyd	drology Indicator	rs:	
Strea	ım, Lake, or Tid	le Gauge		ary Indicators:		
<del></del>	al Dhotoamark			ary marcators.		
Aeria	ai rhotographs					
Aeria Othe	al Photographs r		_	x Inundated	n Upper 12 Inches	
	r		_	x Inundated	n Upper 12 Inches ks	
Othe	r		_ _ _	x Inundated Saturated i	ks	
Othe	r		- - - -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines	ks	
Other  x No Recorded Data A	r		.   - - 	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I	ks Deposits	
Othe x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:	r		·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands	l):
Other	r Available		·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P ondary Indicators	ks Deposits	
Othe x No Recorded Data A Field Observations:	r Available 0	) (in.)	·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P ondary Indicators	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands 5 (2 or more required coot Channels in Upp	
Other  x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:	r Available 0		·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai	Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Uppled Leaves	
Other  x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pire	r Available 0	) (in.) (in.)	·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upper the Leaves Survey Data	
Other  x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:	r Available 0	) (in.)	·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test	
Other  x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pire	r Available 0	) (in.) (in.)	·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upper the Leaves Survey Data	
Other  x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pire	r Available 0	) (in.) (in.)	·   -	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test	
Othe  x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit  Depth to Saturated Soil:	r Available0 t:	(in.) (in.) (in.)	Seco	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr Other (Exp	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test lain in Remarks)	
Othe x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:	r Available0 t:	(in.) (in.) (in.)	Seco	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr Other (Exp	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test lain in Remarks)	
Othe x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:	r Available0 t:	(in.) (in.) (in.)	Seco	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr Other (Exp	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test lain in Remarks)	
Othe x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:	r Available0 t:	(in.) (in.) (in.)	Seco	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr Other (Exp	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test lain in Remarks)	
Othe x No Recorded Data A  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit  Depth to Saturated Soil:  Remarks:	r Available0 t:	(in.) (in.) (in.)	Seco	x Inundated Saturated i Water Mar Drift Lines Sediment I Drainage P Ondary Indicators Oxidized R Water-Stai Local Soil FAC-Neutr Other (Exp	ks Deposits atterns in Wetlands (2 or more required toot Channels in Upped Leaves Survey Data ral Test lain in Remarks)	



Man II.	NI	II	SOILS	Davis and Classes						
Map Unit		Horseplains-rivery	vash complex	Drainage Class:						
(Series an	,			Field Observations						
Taxonom	y (Subgroup	):		Confirm Mapped Type	? Yesx No					
D (11 D										
	escription:	lar e a i	lar a ga	Lacin	l					
Depth		Matrix Color	Mottle Colors	Mottle	Texture, Concretions,					
inches	Horizon	(Munsell Moist)	(Munsell Moist)	Abundance/Contrast	Structure, etc.					
0 - 2	O	10 YR 3/2	-	-	Organics					
2 – 10	A	10 YR 3/1	10 YR 2/6	Common, Distinct	Clay					
10+	В	10 YR 4/1	10 YR 2/6	Many, Prominent	Clay					
Hydric So	il Indicators	:								
		istosol		Concretions						
	H	istic Epipedon		High Organic Content in surf						
		ulfidic Odor		Organic Streaking in Sandy S						
		quic Moisture Regime		Listed on Local Hydric Soils						
	R	educing Conditions		Listed on National Hydric So	ils List					
	x G	leyed or Low-Chroma Co	olors	Other (Explain in Remarks)						
Hydric so	il indicators	present with mottles and	low-chroma colors.							
			WETLAND DETER	MINATION	1					
Hydronhy	tic Vegetatio	on Present? X Yes	No							
Wetland I	Tydrology P	on Present? $\frac{X}{X}$ Yes resent? $\frac{X}{X}$ Yes	—— No							
Hydric Sc	ils Present?	$\frac{X}{X}$ Yes	No Is this Sa	ampling Point Within a Wetlar	nd? x Yes No					
Trydite 50	nis i resent.	<u> </u>		ampinig i ome witani a wetai						
Remarks:										
Sampling	point consid	lered within an emergent	wetland type.							

Approved by HQUSACE 2/92



#### **DATA FORM**

#### ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION

(1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

				Date:	07/21/04	
Applicant/Owner: MDT				County:	Sanders	
Investigator: Greg Howard				State:	MT	
D. V. 16:		**		G		1.0
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site:	X	Yes	No	Community	_	
To the site significantly disturbed (Atomical Cityation)?		V	N	Tuesday ID	emergent	
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?		Yes Yes	No	Transect ID Plot ID:		
Is the area a potential Problem Area?: (If needed, explain on reverse.)		res	No	Plot ID:	4	
(If fleeded, explain on feverse.)						
V	EGE	TATI(	)N			
Dominant Plant Species Stratum Indicator				Plant Species	Stratum	Indicator
1 Potamogeton crispus H OBL		9		•		
2 Ceratophyllum demersum H OBL		10				
3 Elodea canadensis H OBL		11				
4 Eleocharis acicularis H OBL		12				
5 Juncus ensifolius H FACW		13				
6		14				
7		15				
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC	(exclu	ıding F	AC-).	5/5 = 100	0%	
Aquatic habitat dominated by obligate wetland species. Sam	pling	point l	ocated along	outer fringes	of excavated wet	land area.
н						
1.1	VDR	ot od	Ľ <b>V</b>			
	YDR	OLO(		v Indicators:		
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):	IYDR		and Hydrolog			
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks): Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge	IYDR		and Hydrolog Primary In	dicators:		
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks): Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs	IYDR		and Hydrolog Primary In	ndicators: Inundated	Inner 12 Inches	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other	IYDR		nnd Hydrolog Primary In 1 _x S	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U	Upper 12 Inches	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks): Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs	IYDR		nnd Hydrolog Primary In l	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks	Jpper 12 Inches	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available	<u>IYDR</u>		nnd Hydrolog Primary In 1 x 5 x 1	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines		
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other	<u>IYDR</u>		nnd Hydrolog Primary In  x S x x x S	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep	oosits	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:	<u>IYDR</u>		nnd Hydrolog Primary In	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt	posits erns in Wetlands	1).
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available	IYDR		Primary In	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt / Indicators (2	oosits erns in Wetlands or more required	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  - (in.)	IYDR		rind Hydrolog Primary In  x x x x I x I Secondary	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo	oosits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:	IYDR		rind Hydrolog Primary In  x x x I x I Secondary	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt / Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained	posits erns in Wetlands for more required t Channels in Upp I Leaves	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  - (in.)	<u>-</u>		nnd Hydrolog Primary In  x S x 1 S Secondary	ndicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su	posits erns in Wetlands tor more required t Channels in Upp I Leaves rvey Data	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  - (in.)	<u>-</u>		Name	adicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patte Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  - (in.)	<u>IYDR</u>		Name	adicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patte Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral	posits erns in Wetlands tor more required t Channels in Upp I Leaves rvey Data	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  0 (in.)	IYDR		Name	adicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patte Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test	
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  O (in.)  Remarks:		Wetla	rind Hydrolog Primary In  X X X I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral Other (Explai	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test n in Remarks)	per 12 Inches
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  O (in.)  Remarks: Soil pit located along the outer fringe of open water area. So		Wetla	rind Hydrolog Primary In  X X X I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral Other (Explai	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test n in Remarks)	per 12 Inches
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  O (in.)  Remarks:		Wetla	rind Hydrolog Primary In  X X X I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral Other (Explai	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test n in Remarks)	per 12 Inches
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  O (in.)  Remarks: Soil pit located along the outer fringe of open water area. So		Wetla	rind Hydrolog Primary In  X X X I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral Other (Explai	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test n in Remarks)	per 12 Inches
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):  Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge Aerial Photographs Other  x No Recorded Data Available  Field Observations:  Depth of Surface Water:  Depth to Free Water in Pit:  Depth to Saturated Soil:  O (in.)  Remarks: Soil pit located along the outer fringe of open water area. So		Wetla	rind Hydrolog Primary In  X X X I S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	Indicators: Inundated Saturated in U Water Marks Drift Lines Sediment Dep Drainage Patt Indicators (2 Oxidized Roo Water-Stained Local Soil Su FAC-Neutral Other (Explai	posits erns in Wetlands or more required t Channels in Upp Leaves rvey Data Test n in Remarks)	per 12 Inches



				SOILS								
Map Unit	Name	Horseplains-rivery	vash complex	Drainage Class:								
(Series an	d Phase):			Field Observations								
Taxonom	y (Subgroup	):			Confirm Mapped Type	e? Yes x No						
		·										
Profile De	escription:											
Depth		Matrix Color	Mottle Colo	rs	Mottle	Texture, Concretions,						
inches	Horizon	(Munsell Moist)	(Munsell M	oist)	Abundance/Contrast	Structure, etc.						
0 - 1	A	10 YR 3/1	-		-	Organics w/clay loam						
1 – 12	B1	10 YR 5/1	10 YR 4/6		Medium, 15%	Clay						
12+	B2	2.5 YR 4/1	10 YI	R 4/6	Small, 10%	Clay						
Hydric Sc	oil Indicators											
		listosol			Concretions							
		listic Epipedon			High Organic Content in sur							
		ulfidic Odor			Organic Streaking in Sandy S							
		Aquic Moisture Regime			Listed on Local Hydric Soils							
		educing Conditions	_		Listed on National Hydric So	oils List						
	<u>x</u> G	lleyed or Low-Chroma Co	lors		Other (Explain in Remarks)							
II. 1.'	*1 * 1*		1 0	1								
Hydric so	il indicators	present with low-chroma	colors & mott	les.								
			WETLANI	) DETER	MINATION							
			WEILAN	DETER	MINATION							
	tic Vegetati		No									
	Hydrology P											
Hydric So	oils Present?	<u>x</u> Yes	No	Is this Sa	impling Point Within a Wetla	nd? <u>x</u> Yes No						
Remarks:												
		dered within a wetland are	a. Excavated	wetland: a	quatic bed and emergent vege	etation types.						
1 B	1			,								
1												

Approved by HQUSACE 2/92



#### **DATA FORM**

#### ROUTINE WETLAND DETERMINATION

(1987 COE Wetlands Delineation Manual)

Project/Site: Hoskins Landing	Date: 07/21/04
Applicant/Owner: MDT	County: Sanders
Investigator: Greg Howard	State: MT
Do Normal Circumstances exist on the site: x	Yes No Community ID: -
Is the site significantly disturbed (Atypical Situation)?	Yes No Transect ID: T1
Is the area a potential Problem Area?:	Yes No Plot ID: 5
(If needed, explain on reverse.)	
-	
	TATION  Dominant Plant Species Stratum Indicator
	9 Dominant Frant Species Stratum indicator
1 Agropyron repens H FACU 2 Centaurea maculosa H -	10
3 Cirsium arvense H FACU+	11
4 Plantago lanceolata H FAC	11 12
5 Plantago major H FACU	13
6 Verbascum thapsus H -	14
7	15
8	16
Percent of Dominant Species that are OBL, FACW, or FAC (excl	uding FAC-). $1/6 = 16\%$
Area dominated upland vegetation.	
HYDI	ROLOGY
Recorded Data (Describe in Remarks):	Wetland Hydrology Indicators:
Stream, Lake, or Tide Gauge	Primary Indicators:
Aerial Photographs	Inundated
Other	Saturated in Upper 12 Inches
x No Recorded Data Available	Water Marks
A No Recorded Data Available	Drift Lines
Field Observations:	Sediment Deposits
Tield Observations.	Drainage Patterns in Wetlands
Depth of Surface Water: - (in.)	Secondary Indicators (2 or more required):
Depui of Surface water (III.)	Oxidized Root Channels in Upper 12 Inches
Depth to Free Water in Pit: - (in.)	Water-Stained Leaves
Deput to Free water in Fit.	Local Soil Survey Data
Depth to Saturated Soil: - (in.)	FAC-Neutral Test
Depth to Saturated Son (III.)	Other (Explain in Remarks)
	Outer (Explain in Remarks)
Remarks:	
No hydrology indicators present, soil pit was dry.	
110 Hydrology indicators present, soil pit was dry.	



#### SOILS

Map Unit Name Horseplains-riverwash complex Drainage Class:												
(Series an					Field Observations	.9 W. N.						
Taxonomy	y (Subgroup)	):			Confirm Mapped Typ	e? Yesx No						
Profile De	escription:											
Depth		Matrix Color	Mottle Colo		Mottle	Texture, Concretions,						
inches	Horizon	(Munsell Moist)	(Munsell M	01St)	Abundance/Contrast	Structure, etc.						
0 – 1	B1	10 YR 4/2	-	•	-	Roots w/silty clay						
1 – 12+	B2	10 YR 4/2	-		=	Silty loam						
Hydric So	il Indicators	:										
	H	istosol			oncretions							
		istic Epipedon			igh Organic Content in sur							
Sulfidic Odor Organic Streaking in Sandy Soils												
		quic Moisture Regime educing Conditions			isted on Local Hydric Soli							
		leyed or Low-Chroma Co	lors		ther (Explain in Remarks)	Olis Elst						
		•										
Soil profil	le has low-ch	nroma colors, no other hyd	lric soils indic	cators found.								
			WETLANI	D DETERM	INATION							
	tic Vegetation		X No									
	Hydrology Proils Present?			To 41.1 Com		19 X/ N.						
Hydric So	ons Present?	Yes	_X No	is this Sam	pling Point Within a Wetla	and? Yes x No						
Remarks:				l								
Sampling	point consid	lered within an upland area	a.									

Approved by HQUSACE 2/92



#### MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised May 25, 1999)

					- (	,	- /			
1. Project Name: Hoskins Landing		2.	Project #:	330054.110	Control #: AA-1					
3. Evaluation Date: <u>07/21/2004</u>	4. Eva	luator(s): Greg Ho	ward	5. Wo	etland / Site #(s): Pon	d, eme	rgent wetland & channe	els		
6. Wetland Location(s) i. T: 18 M	R: <u>21 W</u>	<b>S:</b> <u>18</u>		T: <u>N</u> R:	E S:					
ii. Approx. Stationing / Milepos	s:									
iii. Watershed: <u>17010212</u>		GPS Reference N	No. (if appl	ies):						
Other Location Information:										
7. A. Evaluating Agency MDT		8. Wetlan	nd Size (to	otal acres): 12.73	(visually estimated) (measured, e.g. GPS)					
B. Purpose of Evaluation:  Wetlands potentially affections	atad by MDT n	rainat 0 Assass	smont And	a (total acres):	(vienelly	aatima	tod)			
☐ Mitigation wetlands; pre		oject 9. Asses	Sillelli Al e	a (total acres).	(visually 12.73) (measure					
Mitigation wetlands; pos	t-construction	Commer	nts:							
Other										
10. CLASSIFICATION OF WETI	AND AND AQ	UATIC HABITAT	TS IN AA				1			
HGM CLASS 1	SYSTEM <sup>2</sup>	SUBSYSTEM <sup>2</sup>	:	CLASS <sup>2</sup>	WATER REGIN	1E <sup>2</sup>	MODIFIER <sup>2</sup>	% OF		
Riverine	Palustrine	None	_	Aquatic Bed	Permanently Floo	ded	Excavated	<b>AA</b> 50		
	Palustrine				Seasonally Floor			15		
Riverine		None	Em	ergent Wetland						
Riverine	Palustrine	None	Unco	nsolidated Bottom	Permanently Floo		Excavated	20		
Riverine	Palustrine	None	Scru	b-Shrub Wetland	Seasonally Floor			5		
Riverine	Palustrine	None		Rock Bottom	Seasonally Floor	led		10		
$^{1}$ = Smith et al. 1995. $^{2}$ = Cowardin	et al. 1979.									
Comments:										
11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE AB		similarly classified	sites within	n the same Major Mo	ontana Watershed Basin	1)				
Common Comments	·									
12. GENERAL CONDITION OF	AA									
i. Regarding Disturbance: (U	se matrix below	v to select appropria	te response	e.)						
	I and manage	and in mundaminantly n			jacent (within 500 Feet)		oultimated on boordly onego	d on looseds		
	state; is not	ged in predominantly na grazed, hayed, logged,	or	or hayed or selectivel		subje	cultivated or heavily grazed to substantial fill placeme	ent, grading,		
Conditions Within AA	or buildings	onverted; does not cont s.	tain roads	subject to minor clear or buildings.	ring; contains few roads		ng, or hydrological alteration building density.	on; high		
AA occurs and is managed in predominant	ly						<u> </u>			
a natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged or otherwise converted; does not contain	1,									
roads or occupied buildings.  AA not cultivated, but moderately grazed of	or									
hayed or selectively logged or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, or fill				modorata	disturbance					
placement, or hydrological alteration;				moderate	disturbance					
contains few roads or buildings.  AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged										
subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrologic	va1									
alteration; high road or building density.	.ai									
Comments: (types of disturb	anaa intansitu	saasan ata ) Histori	ia livostaal	grazina gottla hava	boon romoved					
Comments: (types of disturb	rance, intensity,	season, etc.) Histori	ic iivestock	grazing, cattle have	been removed.					
ii. Prominent weedy, alien, &	introduced spe	ecies: Spotted Knap	weed, Can	adian thistle, bull thi	stle, hound's tongue, co	ommor	dandelion & quackgras	<u>ss.</u>		
iii. Briefly describe AA and s backwater channel. Surrounding land				alteration from lives	stock grazing. AA had	severa	l small wetlands and an	<u>active</u>		
13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (	Based on 'Class	s' column of #10 abo	ove.)							
Number of 'Cowardin' Vegetated		ted Classes or	2 Vegeta	ted Classes or	≤ 1 Vegetated Class					
Classes Present in AA	≥ 2 if one	class is forested	1 if fores	ted		_				
Select Rating		High								



Comments: \_\_\_\_

<b>14A. HABITAT FOR FEDE</b> i. AA is Documented								NED (	OR E	NDAN	GER	ED P	LAN	TS Al	ND A	NIMA	LS				
Primary or Critical Secondary habitat ( Incidental habitat (I No usable habitat	list species)	cies)	□ D □ D □ D	⊠ S ⊠ S	Gr	ıld Eag ay wo alding	lf & b			y bear	· & Ca	anada	<u>lynx</u>								
ii. Rating (Based on t		_			_									_			r Lov			func	ion.
Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	st	ıs/prin	nary	do	c/seco	ndary	sus	s/seco	ndary	doc	c/incio	lental	su	s/incid	lental		none	9		
Functional Point and Rating									.7 (N	1)											
If docum	nented, list the	sour	e (e.g	,, obse	rvatio	ons, re	ecords	, etc.):	:	_	•			•			•				
14B. HABITAT FOR PLAN Do not include spe i. AA is Documented  Primary or Critical Secondary habitat ( Incidental habitat (I No usable habitat	ccies listed in 14 (D) or Suspecto habitat (list spec list species)	<b>IA(i).</b> ed (S)	to coi	ntain (c	check						ANA	NAT	URAI	L HEI	RITA	GE Pl	ROG	RAM.			
iii. <b>Rating</b> (Based on the Highest Habitat Level:	doc/primary		hosen ıs/prin		_	bove, i c/seco		_	respon s/seco	_	_	of Hig c/incid		_	lerate s/incid		r Lov	v (L) t none		funct	ion.
		30		пагу	uo			Su		ildai y	uoc		iciitai	Su							
Functional Point and Rating															.1 (L	.)					
14C. General Wildlife Habit  i. Evidence of overa  □ Substantial (based on any observations of abun abundant wildlife sig presence of extremel interviews with local  □ Moderate (based on any of observations of scatter common occurrence adequate adjacent up interviews with local  ii. Wildlife Habitat Feat rating. Structural diversity their percent composite T/E = temporary/epherical control of the structural diversity to the structural diversity their percent composite their percen	of the following dant wildlife #s n such as scat, t y limiting habitate biologists with a fellowing ered wildlife groof wildlife sign land food source biologists with tures (Working ersity is from #1 ion in the AA (see a source biologist).	or the 2 or higher acks, at feat know oups or such a sees know from 3. Fo	gh speenests ures not selected to pto p	Check cies distructuated available of the vidualst, track of the	versit res, g ilable AA s or re s, nes AA m, se	ty (dungame to a in the elative st structure)	ring ar rails, e surro	ny per etc. v spec s game	iod)  g area  ies du  e trails	or lov	Lo eak pe to det	eriods	few of little spars inter inter	or no to no se adjaviews	wildli wildl with with tional	ife sig upland local t (E), h	ervati n I food piolog	source;ists w	es ith kn	owled	
Structural Diversity (1	from #13)					High							□Mo	derate	•					Low	
Class Cover Distribut	ion		⊠I	Even			□U1	neven				Even				neven				Even	
(all vegetated classes  Duration of Surface V		P/P	S/I	TP/F		P/P	S/I	T/E		P/P	S/I	Tr/E		P/P	C/I	Tr/E		P/P		T/E	_
10% of AA <b>Low</b> disturbance at A	A (aga #12)		3/1	T/E	A 	1	3/1	T/E	A	F/F		T/E	A		S/I	T/E	A	F/F	S/I	1/E	A
Moderate disturbance																					
(see #12) <b>High</b> disturbance at A	A (see #12)	Н																			
iii. <b>Rating</b> (Using 14C(i) for this function.)  Evidence of Wildli from 14C(i)	and 14C(ii) abo	ve an	d the i	matrix	belov	dlife F	rrive a	ıt Fea	unctio	nal po	int an	nd rati				(E), h		H), mo			
Substantial Moderate					+		.7 (M	)	+				+				$\dashv$				
Low					+		./ (IVI	,	+				+		<u></u>		-				
Comments:																					



•		ш . т.т. (Р	proceed to	(14L)									
If the AA is not or was not histor	rically used by fish due to lack	of habitat,	excessiv	e gradier	nt, then ch	eck the N	A box abov	е.					
Assess if the AA is used by fish													
barrier, etc.]. If fish use occurs i								an irrigation	canal], th	en Habitat Q	uality		
[14D(i)] below should be marked	as "Low", applied according	1y in 14D(ii	1) below,	and note	a in the co	mments.							
i. Habitat Quality (Pick the app	propriate AA attributes in matu	ix to pick t	he except	ional (E	), high (H)	. modera	te (M), or lo	w (L) quali	ty rating.				
Duration of Surface Water in AA			Perman				asonal / Inte			Temporary / Ephemeral			
Cover - % of waterbody in AA c	ontaining cover objects (e.g.												
submerged logs, large rocks & be	oulders, overhanging banks,	>25	5% 10	-25%	<10%	>25%	10-25%	<10%	>25%	10-25%	<10%		
floating-leaved vegetation)	11:												
Shading - >75% of streambank of riparian or wetland scrub-shrub of													
Shading – 50 to 75% of streamba		ns											
riparian or wetland scrub-shrub of													
Shading - < 50% of streambank			-		M								
riparian or wetland scrub-shrub of	or forested communities.												
" M 100 1 T 1 14 4 O 114	T C' 1 C (1 A A 1 1	1	at :			19 .1	1						
ii. <b>Modified Habitat Quality:</b> included on the 'MDEQ list of w													
	duce the rating from 14D(i) by									1  L	e support.		
						1	,8-						
iii. Rating (Use the conclusions fro	om 14D(i) and 14D(ii) above and t	he matrix bel						l (E), high (H	), moderate	(M), or low (L	۵).)		
Types of Fish Known or		ı	<u>M</u>		Iabitat Q	uality fro	m 14D(ii)	- 4 -					
Suspected Within AA Native game fish	Exceptional			High 			Moder:	ite		Low			
Introduced game fish				<del></del>			.6 (M)						
Non-game fish							.0 (IVI) 						
No fish													
Comments: AA has in the pas	st been altered by man-mad	le berms. I	head ga	tes & ar	ading. Th	nese fea	tures were	removed t	o restore	connection.			
											•		
14E. FLOOD ATTENUATION													
	ubject to flooding via in-chang looded from in-channel or ove												
II wetlands iii AA do not ii	looded from in-channel of ove	ibalik ilow,	, check iv	A above	•								
i. Rating (Working from top to	bottom, mark the appropriate	attributes to	arrive at	the func	tional poi	nt and rat	ing of high	(H), modera	te (M), or	low (L) for t	his		
function.)							0 0						
r '													
Estimated wetland area in AA su	bject to periodic flooding			] ≥ 10 ac	eres		<10, >2			□ ≤2 acr	es		
r '	• •	th	75%	] ≥ 10 ac 25-75%			<10, >2		75%	□ ≤2 acr			
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains <b>no outlet or restric</b>	as forested, scrub/shrub, or boo	th	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	<10, >2	% <25% .5 (M)			<25%		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a	as forested, scrub/shrub, or boo	th	75%		<25%	75%	<10, >2	% <25%					
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restrict AA contains unrestricted outlet	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booteted outlet		75%	25-75%	<25%	75%		.5 (M)		25-75%	<25%  		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restrict AA contains unrestricted outlet ii. Are residences, businesses, o	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet or other features which may	be signific	75%     	25-75%   maged b	<25%	75%		.5 (M)		25-75%	<25%  		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, a  \[ \sum Y  \mathbb{N}  \text{Comm} \]	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booteted outlet or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flo	<b>be signific</b> odplain of I	75% cantly da	25-75%   maged b River.	<25% y floods le	75%		.5 (M)		25-75%	<25%  		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses,  \[ \sum Y  \text{N} \text{ Comm} \]  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flo	be signific odplain of H	75%  cantly dan	25-75%   maged b River.	<25% y floods leteed to 140	75%	25-759   ithin 0.5 mi		  ream of th	25-75%	<25%  		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses,  Y N Comm  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE Applies to wetlands that flo	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic floor  RM SURFACE WATER ST pod or pond from overbank or	be signific odplain of I	75%  cantly dan Flathead	25-75%  maged b River.  NA (procecipitatio	y floods lo	75%	25-759   ithin 0.5 mi		  ream of th	25-75%	<25%  		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses,  Y N Comm  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE Applies to wetlands that flo	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flo	be signific odplain of I	75%  cantly dan Flathead	25-75%  maged b River.  NA (procecipitatio	y floods lo	75%	25-759   ithin 0.5 mi		  ream of th	25-75%	<25%  		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, a  Y N Comm  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE Applies to wetlands that fle If no wetlands in the AA au  i. Rating (Working from top to	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flood or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondibottom, use the matrix below	be signific odplain of F CORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at	75% cantly dan Flathead I flow, pre NA above	25-75%  maged b River.  NA (procecipitation).	y floods lo	75% cocated w	<10, >2   25-750	\( \langle \)	ream of th	25-75%			
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, o	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic floo  RM SURFACE WATER ST ood or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondi bottom, use the matrix below ent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/i	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	75% cantly dan Flathead I flow, pre NA above	25-75%  maged b River.  NA (procecipitation).	y floods lo	75% cocated w	<10, >2   25-750	\( \langle \)	ream of th	25-75%			
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, o	or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flooding or pondiffer subject to flooding or pondiff subject to flooding or pondiffer subject to flooding or pondiff subject to flooding or pondiffer subject to flooding or pondiff	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	75%	25-75%  maged b River.  NA (procecipitation).	y floods letter to 140 n, upland int and rate/ephemera	75% ocated w	<10, >2   25-750	.5 (M) les downstr	ream of th	25-75%	c <25% k)		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, a  Y N Comm  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE Applies to wetlands that fle If no wetlands in the AA a  i. Rating (Working from top to Abbreviations: P/P = perman  Estimated maximum acre feet of the AA that are subject to period	or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flo  RM SURFACE WATER ST  bod or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondi  bottom, use the matrix below ent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/i  water contained in wetlands vice flooding or ponding.	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	75%  Itante d I flow, pre NA above t the func: ; T/E = te	maged b River. NA (procecipitations. tional pomporary.	y floods loveed to 140n, upland int and rate /ephemera feet	75% cocated w	<10, >2   25-750	.5 (M) .5 (M) les downstr	ream of th	25-75%  e AA? (chec	kk)		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, o  Y N Comm  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE Applies to wetlands that fle If no wetlands in the AA a  i. Rating (Working from top to Abbreviations: P/P = perman  Estimated maximum acre feet of the AA that are subject to period Duration of surface water at wetl	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booteted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flood or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondibottom, use the matrix below ent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/i water contained in wetlands vice flooding or ponding.  ands within the AA	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	75%	25-75%  maged b River.  NA (procacipitatio tional po mporary. >5 acre S/I	y floods loteed to 140, upland int and rat /ephemera feet	75% cocated w	<10, >2   25-750	des downstrate (M), o	ream of th	25-75%       e AA? (chec	<ul> <li>&lt;25%</li> <li></li> <li></li> <li>k)</li> <li>on.)</li> <li>foot</li> <li>T/E</li> </ul>		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, o	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flooding or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondibottom, use the matrix below ent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/i water contained in wetlands vice flooding or ponding.  ands within the AA  5 out of 10 years	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	rantly dan Flathead I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	maged b River. NA (procecipitations. tional pomporary.	y floods loveed to 140n, upland int and rate /ephemera feet	ocated was a surface fling of high line and present the present th	<10, >2   25-750		v. r low (L) f	25-75%  e AA? (chec			
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, a	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flooding or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondibottom, use the matrix below ent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/i water contained in wetlands vice flooding or ponding.  ands within the AA  5 out of 10 years	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	75%	maged b River. NA (procecipitation). tional pomporary. >5 acre S/I	y floods loveed to 140, upland int and rat /ephemera feet T/E	75% cocated w	<10, >2   25-750	des downstrate (M), o	ream of th	25-75%       e AA? (chec	<ul> <li>&lt;25%</li> <li></li> <li></li> <li>k)</li> <li>on.)</li> <li>foot</li> <li>T/E</li> </ul>		
Estimated wetland area in AA su % of flooded wetland classified a AA contains no outlet or restric AA contains unrestricted outlet  ii. Are residences, businesses, o	as forested, scrub/shrub, or booted outlet  or other features which may nents:  AA is historic flooding or pond from overbank or re subject to flooding or pondibottom, use the matrix below ent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/i water contained in wetlands vice flooding or ponding.  ands within the AA  5 out of 10 years	be signific odplain of I ORAGE in-channel ng, check N to arrive at ntermittent;	rantly dan Flathead I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	maged b River. NA (procecipitation). tional pomporary. >5 acre S/I	y floods loveed to 140, upland int and rat /ephemera feet T/E	ocated was a surface fling of high line and present the present th	<10, >2   25-750		v. r low (L) f	25-75%       e AA? (chec			
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	Replace	ment Poter	ntial	(>	80 yr-old)	s fen, bog, v ) forested w listed as "S	etland or p	lant	ire	types and s	tructural o	liversity (	y cited rare #13) is high sted as "S2"	types	or associ	ontain prev ations and is low-mo	structural	d rare
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iv.	Rating	(Use the	matrix b	elow to a	rrive at t	he functio	nal point	and ratin	g of hig	gh (H), mo	derate (N	M), or lo	w (L) for t	this functi	on.			
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	Owne	ership			□ I 0**					F12(1)		High						
	Owne	c owners	hin		Low			Mode		F12(I)		High						



Comments: Area managed by Confederated Salish & Kootenia Tribes.

### FUNCTION, VALUE SUMMARY, AND OVERALL RATING

Function and Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Moderate	0.70	1	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	Low	0.10	1	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	Moderate	0.50	1	
D. General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	Moderate	0.60	1	
E. Flood Attenuation	Moderate	0.70	1	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	High	0.90	1	
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Moderate	0.50	1	
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Low	0.20	1	
I. Production Export/Food Chain Support	High	1.00	1	
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High	1.00	1	
K. Uniqueness	Moderate	0.50	1	
L. Recreation/Education Potential	Low	0.30	1	
	Totals:	7.00	12.00	
	Percent of	Total Possible Points:	58% (Actual / Possible	) x 100 [rd to nearest whole #]

Score of 1 function Score of 1 function Score of 1 function Score of 1 function	(Must satisfy <b>one</b> of the following criteria. If not proceed to Category II.) onal point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; <b>or</b> onal point for Uniqueness; <b>or</b> onal point for Flood Attenuation <b>and</b> answer to Question 14E(ii) is "yes"; <b>or</b> ossible Points is > 80%.
Score of 1 function Score of .9 or 1 fine Score of .9 or 1 fine Score of .9 or 1 fine "High" to "Exception Score of .9 function	I: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following Category II criteria. If not satisfied, proceed to Category IV.) conal point for Species Rated S1, S2, or S3 by the MT Natural Heritage Program; or unctional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or unctional point for General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or citional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish / Aquatic Habitat; or cional point for Uniqueness; or cossible points is > 65%.
☐ Category III We	tland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied.)
Category IV Wetland Under The Transfer The Transfer The Transfer T	tland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied.)  d: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; If not satisfied, proceed to Category III.)  Uniqueness; and  Production Export / Food Chain Support; and ossible points is < 30%.
Category IV Wetland	d: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; If not satisfied, proceed to Category III.) Uniqueness; and Production Export / Food Chain Support; and



## MDT MONTANA WETLAND ASSESSMENT FORM (revised May 25, 1999)

1. Project Name: Hoskins Landing		2.	Project #:	330054.110	Control #: AA-2			
3. Evaluation Date: 07/21/2004 group	4. Eval	uator(s): Greg Ho	oward .	5. W	Vetland / Site #(s): Eme	ergent v	vetland seperated from	remaining
6. Wetland Location(s) i. T: 18 N	<b>R</b> : <u>21 W</u>	<b>S:</b> <u>18</u>		T: <u>N</u> R	R:E S:			
ii. Approx. Stationing / Mileposts: _								
iii. Watershed: <u>17010212</u>		GPS Reference N	No. (if appl	ies):				
Other Location Information:								
7. A. Evaluating Agency MDT		8. Wetla	nd Size (to	tal acres):	(visually estimated) (measured, e.g. GPS)			
B. Purpose of Evaluation:  Wetlands potentially affected Mitigation wetlands; pre-con Mitigation wetlands; post-co	struction		sment Are	a (total acres):	${0.3}$ (visually 0.3 (measured, 0.3)			
10. CLASSIFICATION OF WETLAN	D AND AQ	UATIC HABITA	TS IN AA					
HGM CLASS <sup>1</sup> SY	STEM <sup>2</sup>	SUBSYSTEM 2	2	CLASS <sup>2</sup>	WATER REGIN	<b>1E</b> <sup>2</sup>	MODIFIER <sup>2</sup>	% OF AA
Riverine Pa	lustrine	None	Em	ergent Wetland	Seasonally Floor	led		100
1 = Smith et al. 1995. 2 = Cowardin et al.								
11. ESTIMATED RELATIVE ABUNI Common Comments:  12. GENERAL CONDITION OF AA  i. Regarding Disturbance: (Use r	<u> </u>	·		·	omana watershed Bash	1)		
i. Regarding Distarbance. (Ose i			Predo		djacent (within 500 Feet)	Го АА		
Conditions Within AA	state; is not	ed in predominantly n grazed, hayed, logged, nverted; does not con	, or	or hayed or selective	but moderately grazed ely logged or has been aring; contains few roads	subject clearin	cultivated or heavily graze t to substantial fill placem g, or hydrological alteration r building density.	ent, grading,
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly a natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings.								
AA not cultivated, but moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, or fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings.				moderate	e disturbance			
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density.								
Comments: (types of disturbance	e, intensity,	season, etc.) Histor	ic grazing.					
ii. Prominent weedy, alien, & intr	roduced spe	cies: Timothy, spo	tted knapw	eed & tumble musta	ard.			
iii. Briefly describe AA and surrous baseline conditions currently.	ounding land	d use / habitat: <u>Sm</u>	all isolated	emergent depression	on within larger mitigation	on site.	This site is essentially	<u>at</u>
13. STRUCTURAL DIVERSITY (Base	ed on 'Class'	column of #10 abo	ove.)					
Number of 'Cowardin' Vegetated Classes Present in AA	_	ed Classes or class is forested	2 Vegetat 1 if forest	ed Classes or ed	≤ 1 Vegetated Class			
Select Rating					Low			



Comments:

iv.	AA is Documented	(D) or Suspecte	ed (S)	to co	ntain (	check	box):																
	Primary or Critical h Secondary habitat (li Incidental habitat (lis No usable habitat	st species)	,	□ D □ D □ D □ D	□ s □ s	no	ne																
V.	Rating (Based on th											_						r Lov			funct	ion.	
Highest	t Habitat Level	doc/primary	su	s/prin	nary	dod	c/seco	ndary	sus	/seco	ndary	doc	c/incid	iental	sus	s/incid	lental		none	2			
Functio	onal Point and Rating																		0 (L	)			
	If docum	ented, list the	sourc	e (e.g	., obse	ervatio	ons, re	cords.	, etc.) <b>:</b>						<u>l</u>			·L			<b>-</b>		
1 <b>4B. H</b> A	ABITAT FOR PLANT Do not include spec AA is Documented	cies listed in 14	A(i).						BY T	HE M	IONT	ANA	NAT	URAI	L HEI	RITA	GE PI	ROG	RAM.				
	Primary or Critical h Secondary habitat (li Incidental habitat (lis No usable habitat	st species)		□ D □ D □ D □ D	□ s □ s	no	ne																
vi.	Rating (Based on th		1			- '			_	_			_	_ ` '	_		` ' '	r Lov	` /		funct	ion.	
	t Habitat Level:	doc/primary	su	ıs/prin	nary	doo	c/seco	ndary	sus	/seco	ndary	doc	c/incic	lental	sus	s/incid	lental		none	•			
Functio	onal Point and Rating																		0 (L	)			
14C. Ge ii.	If docum neral Wildlife Habita Evidence of overall										or low	v)											
	observations of abundabundant wildlife sign presence of extremely interviews with local learned (based on any of observations of scatter common occurrence of adequate adjacent uplainterviews with local learned (based on a position).	such as scat, to limiting habitation biologists with the following) red wildlife group f wildlife sign and food source	racks, at feat know oups o such a	nest s ures n ledge r indiv	structu ot ava of the viduals	res, g ilable AA s or re	ame to	rails, e e surro	etc. oundin	g area	ring pe	ak pe		little spars	to no se adja	wildli cent u	ife sig upland	n I food	ons du source gists wi	es			
1	Wildlife Habitat Feat rating. Structural diver their percent compositi T/E = temporary/ephen	sity is from #12 on in the AA (s	3. For	r class	s cover	to be	cons	idered	evenl	y dist	ributed	l, veg	etated	class	es mu	st be v	within	20%	of eac				
	Structural Diversity (fr	om #13)				П	High							ПМо	derate	·				⊠I	LOW		1
	Class Cover Distribution (all vegetated classes)				Even			Uı	neven			□Е	even				neven				ven		
	Duration of Surface W	ater in ≥	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	
	10% of AA <b>Low</b> disturbance at AA	(see #12)																					
	Moderate disturbance																			M			
	(see #12)	1 ( #10)																		IVI			
iii. l	High disturbance at AA  Rating (Using 14C(i) a		ve and	the i	natrix	belov	v to ar	rive a	t the f	unctio	nal po	 int an	d rati	ng of	excep	 tional	(E), h	igh (I	 H), mo	 derate	 (M),	or lov	v (L)
	for this function.)  Evidence of Wildlife	a Lice				Wil	llifa E	Iabita	t Foot	nroc	Rating	fron	14C	(ii)									
	from 14C(i)		□ Ех	ception	onal	77110	.m.е I.	Hig		ui CS		Mode		(11)	Г	Lov	W	$\dashv$					
	Substantial					1			-	1					-								
	Moderate																						
ຼ L	Low											2 (L)											
Commer	nts:																						

14A. HABITAT FOR FEDERALLY LISTED OR PROPOSED THREATENED OR ENDANGERED PLANTS AND ANIMALS



14D. GENERAL FISH/AQUA	TIC HAB	ITAT RATING 🛛	NA (proce	ed to 14E)							
If the AA is not or was not histo Assess if the AA is used by fish barrier, etc.]. If fish use occurs i [14D(i)] below should be marke	or the exis	ting situation is "correct but is not desired from a	able" such resource m	that the AA anagement	could be us perspective	sed by fish	h [e.g. fish use within	use is preclu			
[14D(1)] below should be marke	u as Low	, applied accordingly in	1 14D(11) 0C	iow, and no	ed in the c	omments.					
i. Habitat Quality (Pick the app		AA attributes in matrix to									
Duration of Surface Water in AA Cover - % of waterbody in AA c		cover objects (a a	Pe₁	rmanent/Per	ennial	Se	asonal / Inte	ermittent	Ten	nporary / Epł	nemeral
submerged logs, large rocks & b floating-leaved vegetation)			>25%	10-25%	<10%	>25%	10-25%	<10%	>25%	10-25%	<10%
Shading - >75% of streambank or riparian or wetland scrub-shrub											
Shading – 50 to 75% of streamb											
Shading - < 50% of streambank	or shorelin	ne of AA contains									
riparian or wetland scrub-shrub	or forested	communities.									
included on the 'MDEQ list of w  N  If yes, re-	vaterbodies duce the ra	fish use of the AA precluded or significantly reduterbodies in need of TMDL development' with 'Pace the rating from 14D(i) by one level and check in 14D(i) and 14D(ii) above and the matrix below to pick		rith 'Probable theck the mo	e Impaired odified hab	Uses' list itat qualit	ted as cold o y rating:	or warm wat	er fishery o	r aquatic life	support?
Types of Fish Known or				-	Habitat Q						
Suspected Within AA		Exceptional		☐ High			☐ Moder	ate		Low	
Native game fish											
Introduced game fish											
Non-game fish No fish											
Comments:			l								
If wetlands in AA do not f     i. Rating (Working from top to function.)  Estimated wetland area in AA su	bottom, m	ark the appropriate attril			ectional poi	int and rat	ting of high		ate (M), or l	ow (L) for th  ⊠ ≤2 acre	
% of flooded wetland classified			75%			6 75%			75%	25-75%	<25%
AA contains no outlet or restric	cted outle	t									.2 (L)
AA contains unrestricted outle	t										
ii. Are residences, businesses,  Y N Comm  14F. SHORT AND LONG TE Applies to wetlands that fl If no wetlands in the AA a  i. Rating (Working from top to Abbreviations: P/P = perman  Estimated maximum acre feet of	CRM SUR cood or por are subject bottom, unent/perenr	Rarely floods, but does FACE WATER STOR and from overbank or in-coto flooding or ponding, of see the matrix below to a said; S/I = seasonal/internal	AGE hannel flow check NA a rrive at the mittent; T/E	NA (prov., precipitati bove.)  functional p	on. ceed to 14 on, upland oint and ra	G) surface fl ting of hig	ow, or grough (H), mod	ndwater flow	w. r low (L) fo	or this function	on.)
the AA that are subject to period	,			□ >5 acr	e feet		□ <5, >1 a	cre feet		⊠ ≤1 acre fo	oot
Duration of surface water at wet			P/P		T/E	P/P		T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥		•								.3 (L)	
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < Comments:	5 out of 1	u years									
14G. SEDIMENT/NUTRIEN: Applies to wetlands with p If no wetlands in the AA a i. Rating (Working from top to	ootential to re subject	receive excess sediment to such input, check NA	ts, nutrients above.	, or toxicant		nflux of s	urface or gr				n.)
		AA receives or surrounding				Water	rbody on MD	EQ list of wat	erbodies in n	eed of TMDL	
Sediment, Nutrient, and Toxicant Inp Levels Within AA	out	to moderate levels of sedin other functions are not sub- sedimentation, sources of	ments, nutries estantially im	nts, or compou	inds such tha	toxica	ants <b>or</b> AA re er high levels	ceives or surre of sediments,	ounding land nutrients, or	sediment, nutr use has potent compounds su	ial to
- N		eutrophication present.			igns of					ajor sedimenta utrophication p	



☐ Yes

☐ No

☐ No

☐ No

⊠ Yes

.5 (M)

☐ Yes

Evidence of flooding or ponding in AA

AA contains no or restricted outlet

AA contains unrestricted outlet

Comments:

☐ Yes

☐ No

ı. Rat	ng (Workin											noderate (1	1), 01 10 11	(L) for till	, runction.		
	% Cover of shoreline l rootmasse	by species			10		ent / Peren	mial S	nt to Kootea Seasonal / In			]Tempora	ry / Ephe	meral			
Ī		≥ 6:	5 %														
			4 %														
ຼ L	4	< 3	5 %														
Comr 141.	PRODUC	TION EX	PORT /	FOOD C	HAIN S	SUPPOR	RT										
<b>A</b> =	acreage o	of vegetate	ed compo	nent in th	e AA. B	<b>3</b> = struct	tural divers	at the function sity rating from ttent; <b>T/E/A</b> =	n #13. <b>C</b> = `	Yes (Y) o	r No (N)						ce or
A			_	mponent				☐ Vegetated					⊠ Veg	getated co	mponent	<1 acre	
В		High		oderate		Low		ligh [	Moderate		Low		High		oderate		Low
C	□Y	□N	□Y	□N	□Y	□N	□Y			□Y	□N	□Y	□N	□Y	□N	□Y	1
P/P S/I																	.2L
T/E/A				<b>+</b>											1		
Comr	GROUND Dischar	ge Indica prings are degetation	tors known growing	or observe	ed. ormant s	eason/dr		the indicators	Recharge In Perme Wetlan	dicators able subs ad contair	trate pre	sents with		l rlying im	eding la	yer.	
Comr 14J. ( i. [	GROUND Dischar S S V S S S S S C S C C C C C C C C C C	WATER ge Indica prings are gegetation Vetland oc eeps are p AA perman Vetland co	DISCHA tors e known o growing ccurs at the present at nently flo ontains an	ARGE/R or observe during de ne toe of a the wetla oded durin outlet, b	ed. ormant so a natural and edge. ing drougut no inlo	eason/dreslope ght perioet.	R) (Check ought.	the indicators	in i & ii belo Recharge In Perme Wetlar	ow that ap dicators able subsi ad contain	oply to the	ne AA) sents with	out unde:	rlying im	peding la	yer.	
Comr 14J. ( i. [	GROUND Dischar S S V S S S S S C S C C C C C C C C C C	WATER ge Indica prings are gegetation Vetland oc eeps are p AA perman Vetland co	DISCHA tors e known o growing ccurs at the present at nently flo ontains an	ARGE/R or observe during do ne toe of a the wetla noded durin outlet, b	ed. ormant so a natural and edge. ing drougut no inlo	eason/dreslope ght perioet.	R) (Check ought.	the indicators	in i & ii belo Recharge In Perme Wetlar	ow that apdicators able subside contain	oply to the trate presents inlet be	ne AA) sents with	out unde	rlying im	peding la	yer.	
iii.		WATER ge Indica prings are regetation Vetland oc eeps are p A permai Vetland co Other  Jse the inf	DISCH. tors known of growing cours at the contains an ormation ormation arge/Reci	ARGE/R or observed during due toe of a the wetla sooded durin a outlet, but from 14.	ed. ormant so a natural and edge. ing drougut no inlution of the control of the c	eason/dreslope. ght perio et.  14j(ii) ab	R) (Check ought. ds.	the indicators	in i & ii belo Recharge In Perme Wetlar Other	ow that apdicators able subside contain	oply to the trate presents inlet be	ne AA) sents with out not out	out unde	rlying im	peding la	yer.	
iii. A	GROUND   S	WATER ge Indica prings are regetation Vetland oc eeps are p AA perman Vetland co other  Jse the inf wn Discha ge/Rechar	DISCH. tors known of growing cours at the contains an order to the contains an order to the contains and community flowers.	ARGE/R or observed during due toe of a the wetla sooded during outlet, but from 14.	ed. ormant so a natural and edge. ing drougut no inlution inlution in the criteria a or one cent	eason/dreslope. ght perio et.  14j(ii) abort more i	R) (Check ought.  ds.  ove and the indicators of	the indicators ii.   I  e table below	in i & ii belo Recharge In Perme Wetlar Other	ow that apdicators able subside contain	oply to the trate presents inlet be	ne AA) sents with tut not out tand ratii l Point an 1 (H)	out unde	rlying im	peding la	yer.	
iii. A N A	GROUND   S	WATER ge Indica prings are regetation Vetland oc eeps are p AA perman Vetland co other  Jse the inf wn Discha ge/Rechar ischarge/I	DISCH. tors known of growing cours at the contains an entity floor contains and entity floor contains and entity floor co	ARGE/R or observed during due toe of a the wetla sooded during outlet, but from 14.	ECHAR  ed.  ormant so a natural and edge. ing droug ut no inle  U(i) and 1  Criteria a or one o ent ion inade	eason/dreslope. ght perio et.  14j(ii) abort more i	R) (Check ought.  ds.  ove and the indicators of rate AA E	the indicators ii.   I	in i & ii belo Recharge In Perme Wetlar Other	ow that apdicators able subside contain	oply to the trate presents inlet be	ne AA) sents with tut not out tand ratii l Point an 1 (H)	out unde	rlying im	peding la	yer.	
iii. A N A Comr	GROUND Dischar; S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	WATER ge Indica prings are regetation Vetland or eeps are p AA perman Vetland co bther  Jse the inf wn Discha ge/Rechar ischarge/I kely discl NESS king from	DISCH. tors known of growing cours at the present a	ARGE/R or observed during due toe of a the wetla sooded during outlet, but a from 14.  (c) the arge area tors prese information during the country outlet, but outlet, but a from the country of the coun	ed. ormant so a natural and edge. ing drouguit no inle  U(i) and 1 Criteria a or one of ent ion inade et the mate	eason/dreslope ght perio et.  14j(ii) abort more if equate to halluviurix below seen, bog,	R) (Check ought.  ds.  ove and the indicators of rate AA Dem.  v to arrive warm sprin	the indicators ii.  1  e table below of D/R presen 0/R potential at the function gs or mature	in i & ii bele  Recharge In  Perme  Wetlan  Other	ow that ap dicators able subside contain the function  rating of ot contain	oply to the trate presents inlet be to be the trate presents in the trate present presents in the trate present presents in the trate present presents in the trate presents in the trate present presents in the trate presen	at and rational Point and 1 (H)	out underlet.  ng of high d Rating  te (M), of	rlying im	peding la	yer. or this fu	nction.
iii. A N A Comr	GROUND Dischar; S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	WATER ge Indica prings are /egetation Vetland oc eeps are p AA perma Vetland co bther  wn Discha ge/Rechar, ischarge/I kely discl	DISCH. tors known of growing cours at the present a	ARGE/R or observed during done toe of a the wetland odded during outlet, but the form 14.  Contarge area tors presed information outlet, but the form the fo	ed. ormant sea a natural and edge. ing drougut no inle U(i) and 1 Criteria a or one of the interior inade the the mate A contains 80 yr-old)	eason/dreslope. ght perio et.  14j(ii) aborder in the control of t	R) (Check ought.  ds.  ove and th indicators of rate AA E m.	the indicators ii.  1  e table below of D/R presen  o/R potential  at the function gs or mature	in i & ii bele  Recharge In  Perme  Wetlan  Other	ow that apdicators able substant contain the function of a contain tructural displant associations.	oply to the trate presents inlet be onal point unctional high (H previously iversity (4)	ne AA) sents with ut not out  it and ratii l Point an 1 (H) ), modera y cited rare #13) is high	out underlet.  ng of high d Rating  te (M), or AAAC, types	n (H) or l	ow (L) fo	yer. or this fu	nction.
iii. A N A Comr	GROUND Dischar S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	WATER ge Indica prings are /egetation Vetland or eeps are p Abundance  Wetland co by ther  Jse the inf wn Disch ge/Rechar ischarge/I kely discl  NESS king from  Abundance	DISCH. tors known of growing cours at the present a	ARGE/R or observed during due toe of a the wetla coded during outlet, but a from 14.  Contarge area tors prese information during the country outlet, but a from the country of the countr	ed. ormant sea a natural and edge. ing drouguit no inle  U(i) and 1 Criteria a or one of ent ion inade et the mate A contains 80 yr-old) sociation 1	eason/dreslope. ght perio et.  14j(ii) about the alluvium rix below s fen, bog, o forested slisted as "	R) (Check ought.  ds.  ove and the indicators of the theorem in th	the indicators ii.	in i & ii beld  Recharge In  Perme  Wetlan  Other  to arrive at t  AA does n types and s or contains by the MT	rating of plant asson	oply to the trate pressure in the trate pres	ne AA) sents with at and ratin l Point an l (H) y, modera y cited rain y cited rain y cited rain standard y cited rain l (H) l (H)	out under let.  ng of high d Rating  te (M), or types diver	r low (L) loes not co or associa sity (#13)	ow (L) for this final prevations and	yer.  or this fu  unction.  iously citstructural derate.	ed rare
iii. A A Comr A Comr Low c	GROUND Dischar S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	WATER ge Indica prings are /egetation Vetland or eeps are p AA perman Vetland co ther	DISCH. tors known of growing securs at the present	ARGE/R or observed during done toe of a the wetlahooded during outlet, but a from 14.  Charge area tors presedinformation outlet, but outlet, but a from 14.  Area tors presedinformation outlet, but outlet, but a from 14.  Charge area tors presedinformation outlet, but outlet, but a from 14.  Area tors presedinformation outlet, but outlet, b	ed. ormant sea a natural and edge. ing drouguit no inle  U(i) and 1 Criteria a or one of ent ion inade et the mate the mate A contains 80 yr-old) sociation I	eason/dreslope. ght perio et.  14j(ii) about the alluvium rix below s fen, bog, o forested slisted as "	R) (Check ought.  ds.  ove and the indicators of the theorem in th	the indicators ii.	in i & ii beld  Recharge In  Perme  Wetlan  Other  to arrive at t  AA does n types and s or contains by the MT	ow that applications able substant contains true function of a contains a con	oply to the trate pressure in the trate pres	ne AA) sents with at and ratin Point an 1 (H) y, modera y cited rare #13) is high sted as "S2"	out underlet.  ng of high d Rating  te (M), or types diver	r low (L) loes not co or associsity (#13)	ow (L) for this for this for this for this for this for the formula of the formul	yer.  or this fu  unction.  iously citstructural derate.	nction.

ign dist	urbance at AA (#121)									
ommen	ts:									
	CREATION / EDUCAT		_	_				_		
i. I	s the AA a known recre	eational or educational si	ite? 🔲 Yo	es (Rate 🔲 F	<b>ligh</b> ( <b>1.0</b> ), th	en proceed to	14L(ii) only]	No [Property or a property or a proper	oceed to 14L(iii)	)]
ii. (	Check categories that ap	pply to the AA:	cational / scie	entific study	Const	amptive rec.	☐ Non-co	nsumptive r	ec.   Other	
		liversity, size, and other		•	_				_	
	Yes [Proceed to 14I	L (ii) and then 14L(iv).]	⊠ No	Rate as low	in 14L(iv)]					
IV.	Rating (Use the matrix t	pelow to arrive at the func	tionai point a	ina rating of r	ngn (H), mo	derate (M), or	low (L) for thi	s function.		
			Disturban	ce at AA fron	n #12(i)					
	Ownership	Low		Moderate		☐ High				
	Public ownership									
	Private ownership					.1(L)				
Cor	nments:						<u></u>			



### FUNCTION, VALUE SUMMARY, AND OVERALL RATING

Function and Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low	0.00	1	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	Low	0.00	1	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	Low	0.20	1	
D. General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	NA			
E. Flood Attenuation	Low	0.20	1	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	Low	0.30	1	
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Moderate	0.50	1	
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	NA			
I. Production Export/Food Chain Support	Low	0.20	1	
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High	1.00	1	
K. Uniqueness	Low	0.30	1	
L. Recreation/Education Potential	Low	0.10	1	
	Totals:	2.80	<u>10.00</u>	
	Percent of	Total Possible Points:	28% (Actual / Possible)	) x 100 [rd to nearest whole #]

Score of 1 function Score of 1 function Score of 1 function Score of 1 function	(Must satisfy <b>one</b> of the following criteria. If not proceed to Category II.) onal point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; <b>or</b> onal point for Uniqueness; <b>or</b> onal point for Flood Attenuation <b>and</b> answer to Question 14E(ii) is "yes"; <b>or</b> ossible Points is > 80%.
Score of 1 function Score of .9 or 1 fine Score of .9 or 1 fine Score of .9 or 1 fine Score of .9 function Score of .9 function	c (Criteria for Category I not satisfied <b>and</b> meets any <b>one</b> of the following Category II criteria. If not satisfied, proceed to Category IV.) onal point for Species Rated S1, S2, or S3 by the MT Natural Heritage Program; <b>or</b> unctional point for General Wildlife Habitat; <b>or</b> unctional point for General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; <b>or</b> tional" ratings for <b>both</b> General Wildlife Habitat <b>and</b> General Fish / Aquatic Habitat; <b>or</b> onal point for Uniqueness; <b>or</b> possible points is > 65%.
☐ Category III We	tland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied.)
Category IV Wetland Under The Transfer The Transfer The Transfer T	d: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; If not satisfied, proceed to Category III.)
Category IV Wetland  "Low" rating for  "Low" rating for  Percent of total p	d: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; If not satisfied, proceed to Category III.) Uniqueness; and Production Export / Food Chain Support; and



## **Appendix C**

## REPRESENTATIVE PHOTOGRAPHS

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana





Photo Point No. 1: View looking south along vegetation transect. Foreground consisting of upland slopes seeded with native grass species.



Photo Point No. 3: View looking east, excavated wetland, adjacent to undisturbed emergent wetlands. Emergent vegetation expanding into inundated portions of excavated wetland.



Photo Point No. 5: View looking east, remnant backwater channel along southern edge of site boundary.



Photo Point No. 2: View looking south towards excavated wetland and emergent wetlands.



Photo Point No. 4: View looking north across the mitigation site. Western side of excavated wetland with aquatic bed and emergent wetland types, undisturbed wetland located in center.



Photo Point No. 7: View looking east near backwater channel. Area of native shrub plantings with browse protection guards over grown with seeded grass and upland species.



Photo Point No. 8: View looking east along backwater channel.



Photo Point No. 9: View looking north across remnant pasture. Undisturbed areas consisting of mostly upland grasses. Area heavily grazed in the past exhibiting dense vegetation cover.



Photo Point No. 10: View looking west; inlet to backwater channel on eastern side of mitigation site. Increased vegetation cover observed during 2004 monitoring.



Photo Point No. 9: View looking west, towards excavated wetland. Upland community in foreground and excavated wetland in background.



Photo Point No. 9: View looking south, upland shrub community type consisting of hawthorne, American plum and cottonwood. Located on higher terrace along backwater channel.



Photo Point No. 11: View looking northwest along the Flathead river banks. Increase in vegetation cover, area dominated by reed canarygrass and redtop. Electric fence established to exclude livestock grazing.



Photo Point No. 12: View looking northwest along Flathead River. Area of excavation and grading work to remove historic berm along north boundary of site during 2002.



Photo Point No. 13: View looking west along backwater flood channel. Substrate of cobbles and gravels with increasing vegetation cover. Cottonwood saplings observed during 2004 monitoring. Area establishing with dense vegetation cover.



Photo Point No. 6: Panoramic view looking northwest; area of upland grass community in foreground and excavated wetland in background. Emergent wetland vegetation developing around excavated wetland fringe.



Photo Point No. 6: Panoramic view looking northeast; area of upland grass community in foreground and excavated wetland in background.



Photo Point No. 4: Panoramic view looking north across the mitigation site. Western side of excavated wetland, aquatic bed and emergent wetland types, undisturbed wetland located in center. Outlet to remnant backwater channel located on left side of photo. Transect located along western side of excavated wetland. Emergent vegetation developing dense cover around excavated wetland fringe.

# <u>Hoskins Landing – 2004 Aerial Photography</u>



## **Appendix D**

# ORIGINAL SITE PLAN SOIL SURVEY MAP AND DESCRIPTION

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana



# THIS PROJECT

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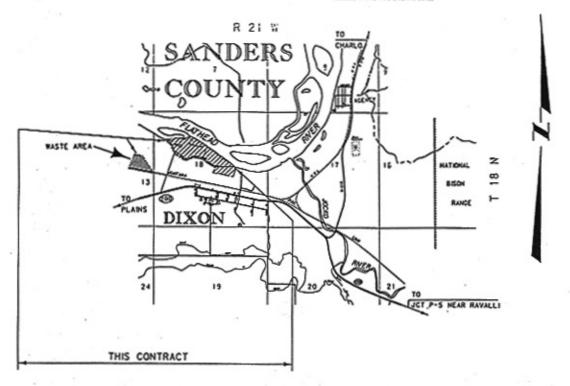
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# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

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DIXON WETLAND MITIGATION
SANDERS COUNTY

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## NOTES

#### CONSTRUCTION ACCESS

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#### WETLAND TOPSOIL

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FINISHED GRADE ELEVATIONS DO NOT INCLUDE TOPSOR.

#### GRADING

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AND ORDOSAL OF EXCESS MATERIAL WALL BE PAID FOR AS "UNCLASSIFED EXCAVATION".
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#### SEEDING

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#### FENCING

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PLACE PERMETER FENCING 0.2 m OUTSIDE THE BOUNDARY DEFINED BY THE

CERTFECATE OF SURVEY (C. O. S. 2070). DO NOT FENCE THE NORTH BOUNDARY ADJACENT TO THE RIVER.

## PRELIMINAR.



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NOTES

TITLE SHEET

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LINEAR & LEVEL DATA

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\$151, 81	PGF	23, 011, 7045	67, 316, 1466	FHC + 61+
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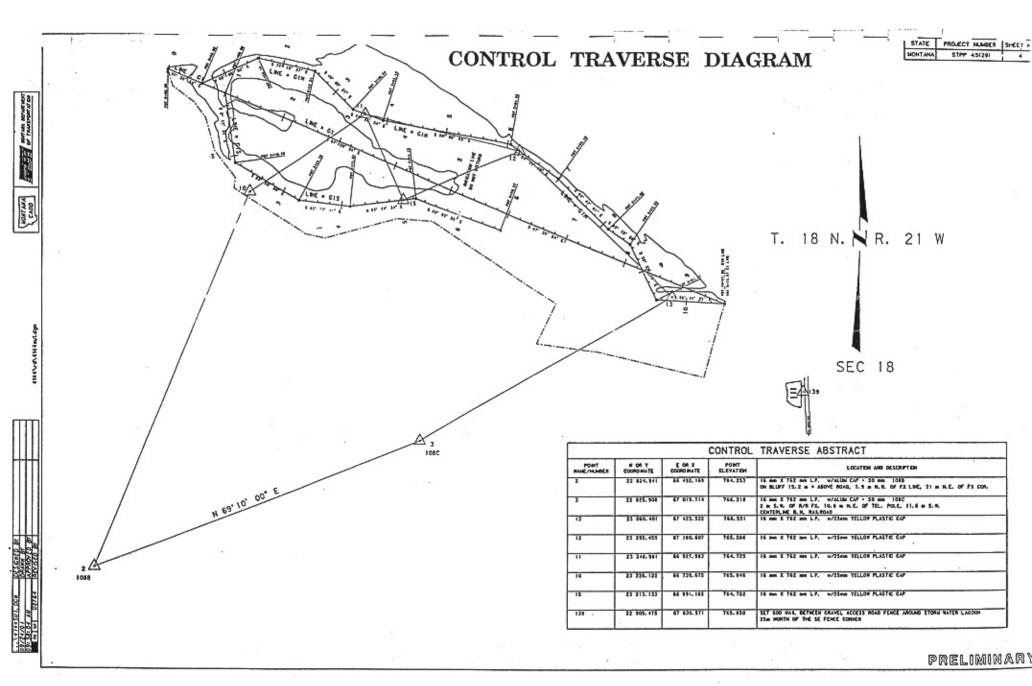
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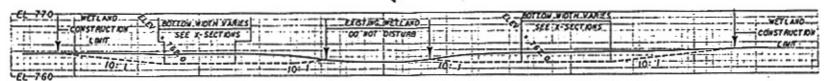
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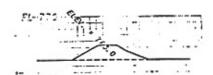




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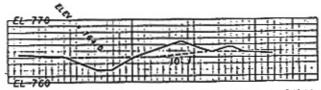
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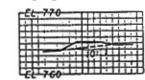
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UPLAND AREA TYPICAL STATION 6+20 TO 7+10 STATION 7+20 TO 8+00 LINE = G1



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BERM REMOVAL TYPICAL
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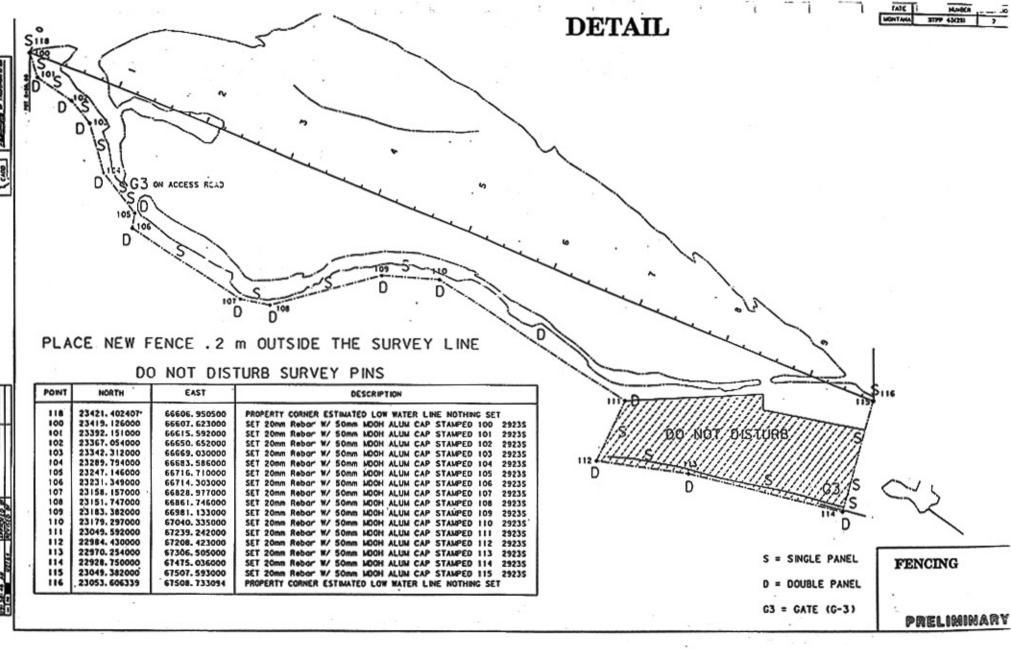
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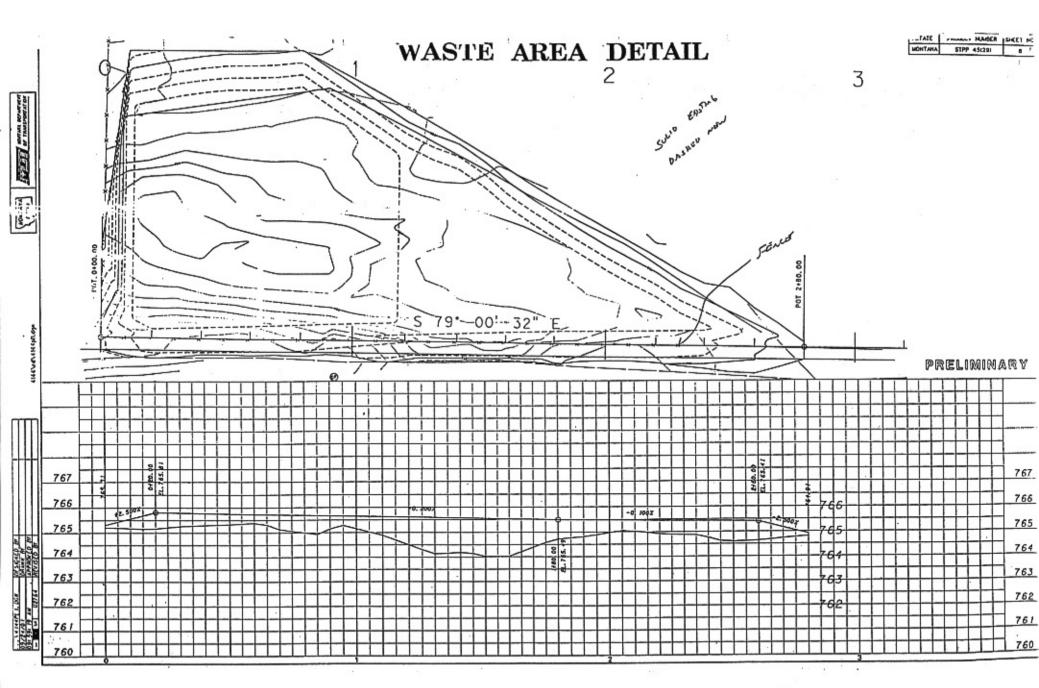
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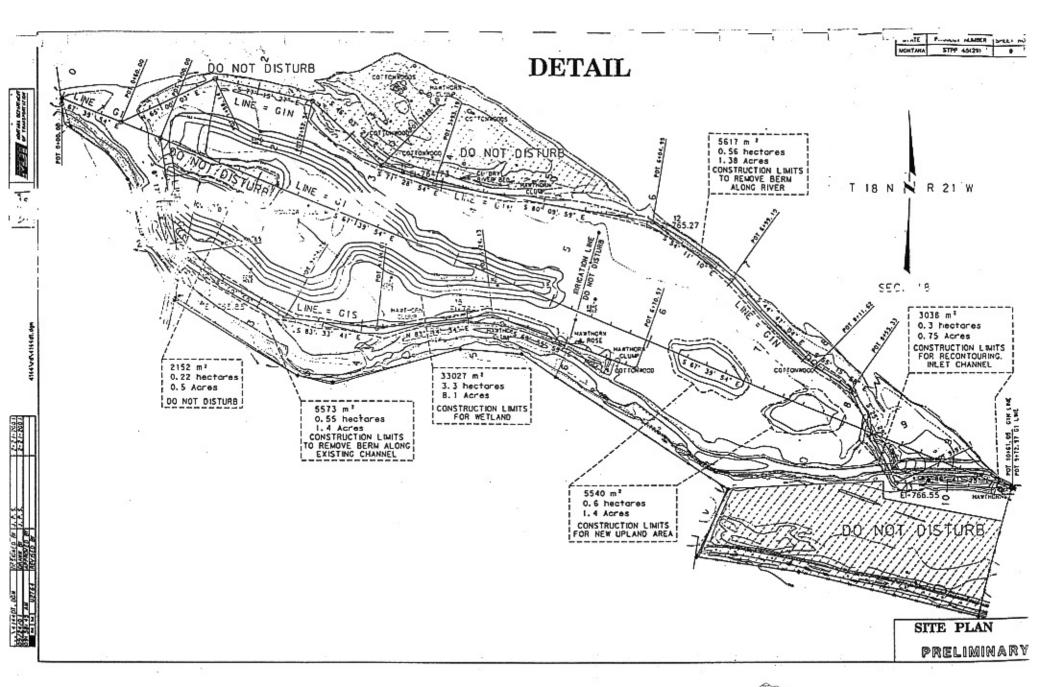
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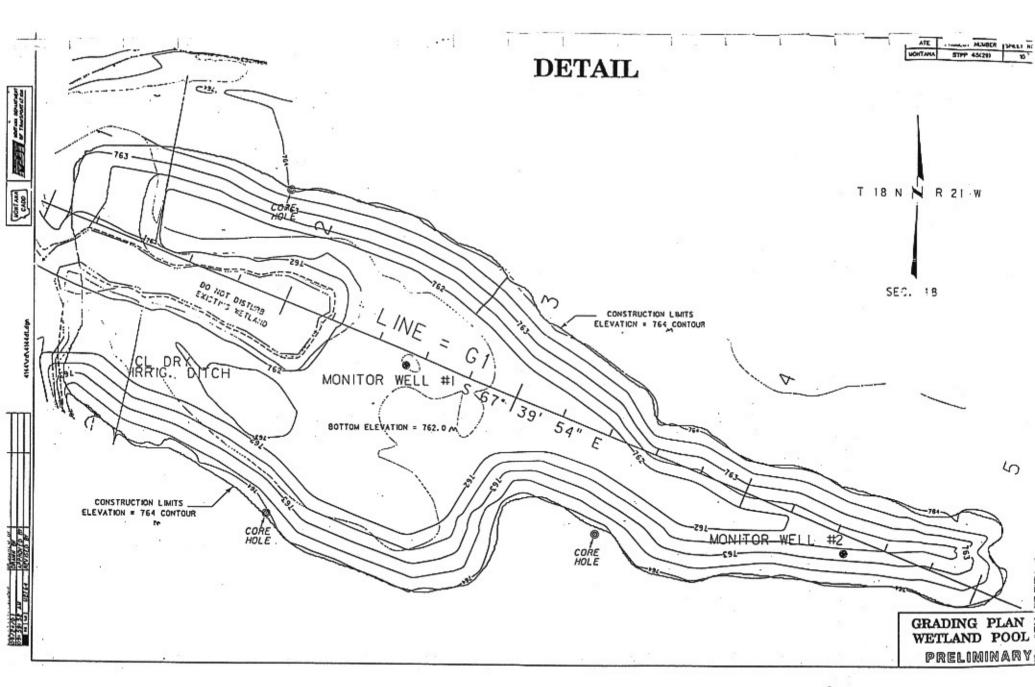
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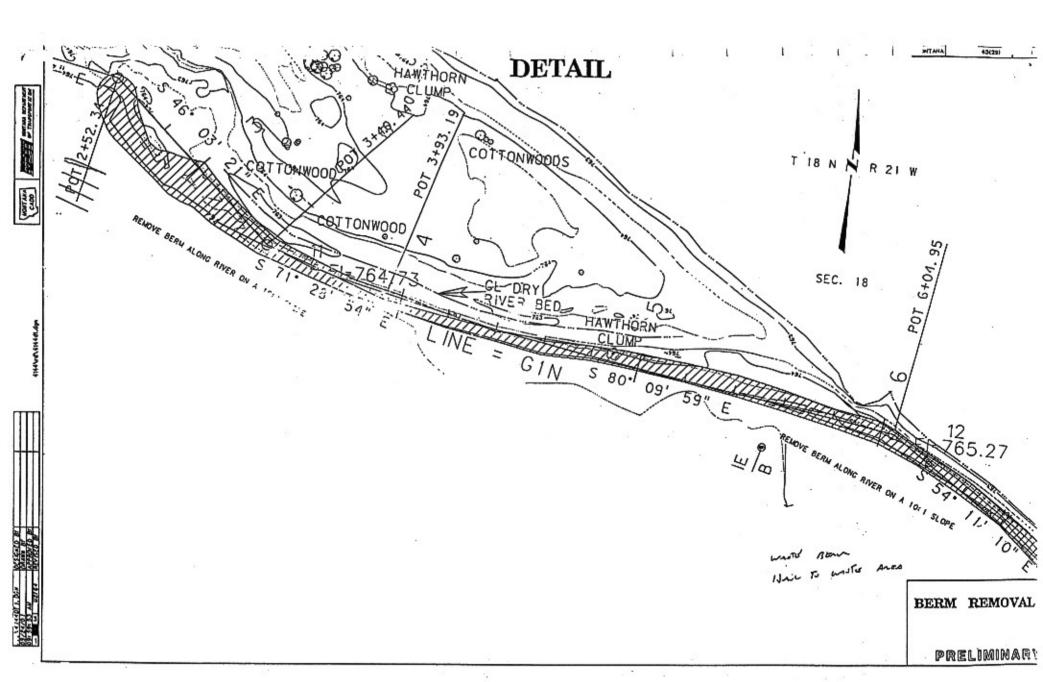
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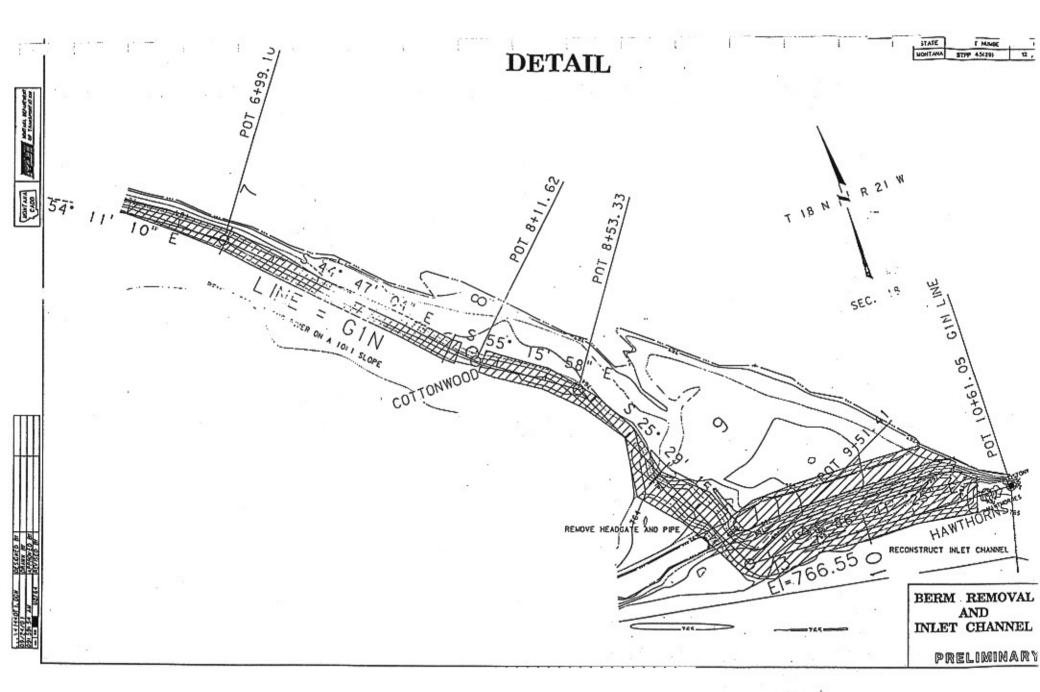


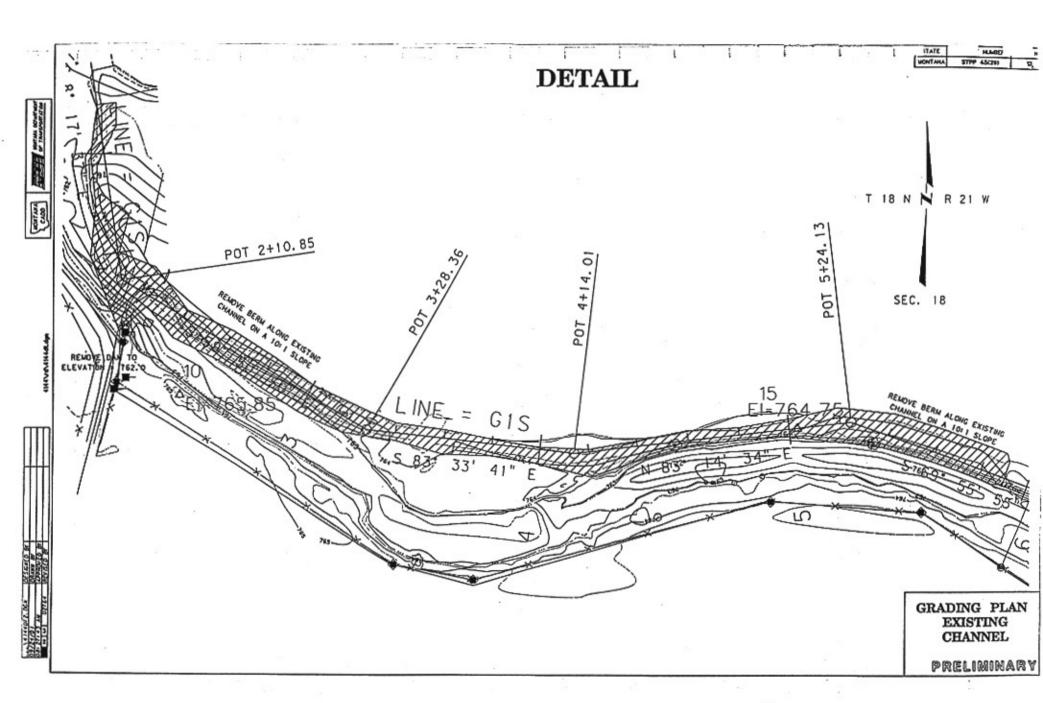


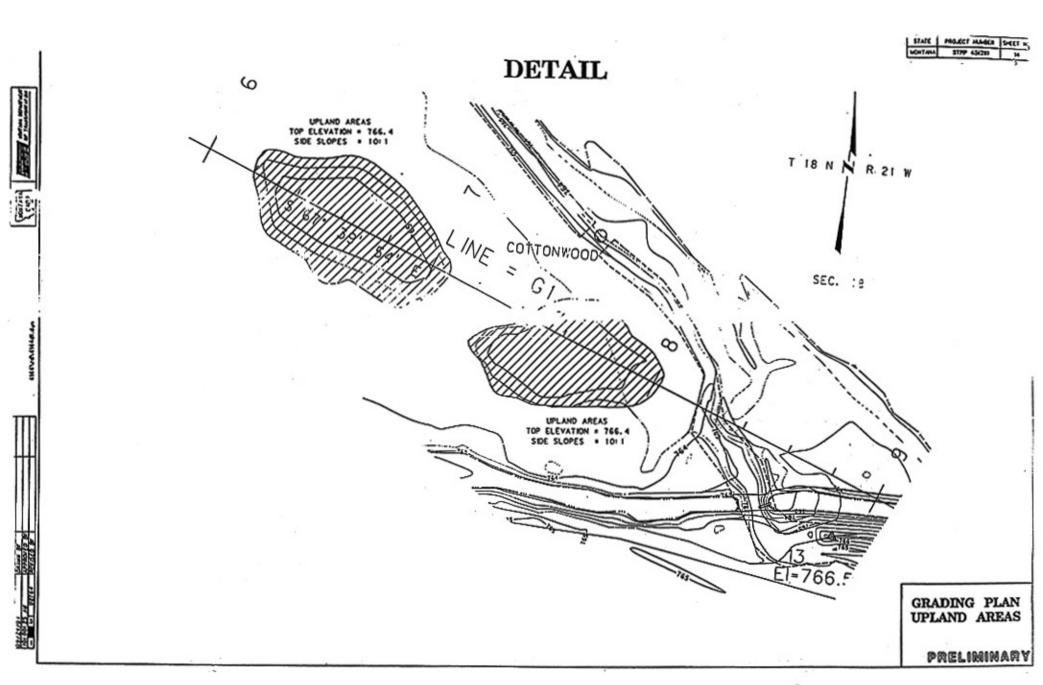












#### Non-Technical Descriptions

Sanders And Parts Of Lincoln And Flathead Counties, Montana

Only those map units that have entries for the selected non-technical description categories are included in this report.

Map Unit: 8A - Hewolf gravelly loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Description Category:

FWOLF GRAVELLY LOAM IS MORE THAN 60 INCHES DEEP WITH A DARK COLORED SURFACE LAYER AND SLOPES OF 0-2 ERCENT. LANDFORM: STREAM TERRACES; FROST FREE DAYS: 90-110; AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IN INCHES: 2.1-3.4; AJOR CONSIDERATIONS: FLOODING, WATER TABLE; LANDUSE MAY INCLUDE: RANGELAND.

Map Unit: 13B - Round butte silty clay loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes

Description Category:

DUND BUTTE SILTY CLAY LOAM IS MORE THAN 60 INCHES DEEP WITH A LIGHTER COLORED SURFACE LAYER AND SLOPES " 2 8 PERCENT. LANDFORM: LAKE PLAINS OR TERRACES; FROST FREE DAYS: 106 126; AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IN CHES: 4.8-6.7; MAJOR CONSIDERATIONS: SODICITY: LANDUSE MAY INCLUDE: RANGELAND.

Map Unit: 18B - Dryfork silt loam, 0 to 4 percent clopes

SOL

Description Category:

TYFORK SILT LOAM IS MORE THAN 60 INCHES DEEP WITH A LIGHTER COLORED SURFACE LAYER AND SLOPES OF 0-4 ERCENT. LANDFORM: LAKE PLAINS OR TERRACES; FROST FREE DAYS: 105-125; AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IN INCHES: 9.1-S; MAJOR CONSIDERATIONS: SODICITY; LANDUSE MAY INCLUDE: CROPLAND, RANGELAND.

Map Unit: 51A - Horseplains-riverwash complex, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Description Category:

VERWASH (NO DATA)

Description Category:

DRSEPLAINS FINE SANDY LOAM IS MORE THAN 60 INCHES DEEP WITH A LIGHTER COLORED SURFACE LAYEH AND SLOPES F 0-2 PERCENT. LANDFORM: FLOOD PLAINS; FROST FREE DAYS: 105-120; AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IN INCHES: 4.0-5.7; AJOR CONSIDERATIONS: FLOODING; LANDUSE MAY INCLUDE: CROPLAND, WOODLAND.

Map Unit: 94A - Revais silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Description Category:

FEVAIS SILT LOAM IS MORE THAN 60 INCHES DEEP WITH A LIGHTER COLORED SURFACE LAYER AND SLOPES OF 0-2 FRCENT, LANDFORM: FLOOD PLAINS; FRUST FREE DAYS: 105-125; AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IN INCHES: 9.1-11.5; MAJOR DNSIDERATIONS: FLOODING; LANDUSE MAY INCLUDE: CROPLAND, WOODLAND.



SDA Natural Resources Conservation Service



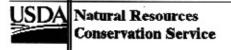
### Non-Technical Descriptions - Continued

Sanders And Parts Of Lincoln And Flathead Counties, Montana

Map Un.: 151A - Revais silt loam, gravelly substratum, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Description Category: SOI

FEVAIS SILT LOAM IS MORE THAN 60 INCHES DEEP WITH A LIGHTER COLORED SURFACE LAYER AND SLOPES OF 0-2 FERCENT. LANDFORM: FLOOD PLAINS; FROST FREE DAYS: 95-115; AVAILABLE WATER CAPACITY IN INCHES; 6.7-9.8; MAJOR ONSIDERATIONS: FLOODING; LANDUSE MAY INCLUDE: CROPLAND, WOODLAND.





# **Appendix E**

# BIRD SURVEY PROTOCOL GPS PROTOCOL

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana



### **BIRD SURVEY PROTOCOL**

The following is an outline of the MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Bird Survey Protocol. Though each site is vastly different, the bird survey data collection methods must be standardized to a certain degree to increase repeatability. An Area Search within a restricted time frame will be used to collect the following data: a bird species list, density, behavior, and habitat-type use. There will be some decisions that team members must make to fit the protocol to their particular site. Each of the following sections and the desired result describes the protocol established to reflect bird species use over time.

#### Species Use within the Mitigation Wetland: Survey Method

Result: To conduct a bird survey of the wetland mitigation site within a restricted period of time and the budget allotment.

#### Sites that can be circumambulated or walked throughout.

These types of sites will include ponds, enhanced historic river channels, wet meadows, and any area that can be surveyed from the entirety of its perimeter or walked throughout. If the wetland is not uncomfortably inundated, conduct several "meandering" transects through the site in an orderly fashion (record the number and approximate location/direction of the transects in the field notebook; they do not have to be formalized or staked). If a very small portion of the site cannot be crossed due to inundation, this method will also apply. Though the sizes of the site vary, each site will require surveying to the fullest extent possible within a set time limit. The optimum times to conduct the survey are in the morning hours. Conduct the survey from sunrise to no later than 11:00 AM. (Note: some sites may have to be surveyed in the late afternoon or evening due to time constraints or weather; if this is the case, record the time of day and include this information in your report discussion.) If the survey is completed before 11:00 AM and no additions are being made to the list, then the task is complete. The overall limiting factor regarding the number of hours that are spent conducting this survey is the number of budgeted hours; this determination must be made by site by each individual.

In many cases, binoculars will be the only instrument that is needed to identify and count the birds using the wetland. If the wetland includes deep water habitat that can not be assessed with binoculars, then a scope and tripod are necessary. If this is the case, establish as many lookout posts as necessary from key vantage points to collect the data. Depending on the size of the open water, more time may be spent viewing the mitigation area from these vantage points than is spent walking the peripheries of more shallow-water wetlands.

#### Sites that cannot be circumambulated.

These types of sites will include large-bodied waters, such as reservoirs, particularly those with deep water habitat (>6 ft) close to the shore and no wetland development in that area of the shoreline. If one area of the reservoir was graded in such a way to create or enhance the development of a wetland, then that will be the area in which the ambulatory bird survey is conducted. The team member must then determine the length of the shoreline that will be surveyed during each visit.



As stated above in the ambulatory site section, these large sites most likely will have to be surveyed from established vantage points.

#### Species Use within the Mitigation Wetland: Data Recording

Result: A complete list of bird species using the site, an estimate of bird densities and associated behaviors, and identification of habitat use.

#### 1. Bird Species List

Record the bird species on the Bird Survey - Field Data Sheet using the appropriate 4-letter code of the common name. The coding uses the first two letters of the first two words of the birds' common name or if one name, the first four (4) letters. For example, mourning dove is coded MODO and mallard is MALL. If an unknown individual is observed, use the following protocol and define your abbreviation at the bottom of the field data sheet: unknown shorebird: UNSB; unknown brown bird (UNBR); unknown warbler (UNWA); unknown waterfowl (UNWF). For a flyover of a flock of unknown species, use a term that describes the birds' general characteristics and include the approximate flock size in parentheses; do not fill in the habitat column. For example, a flock of black, medium-sized birds could be coded: UNBB / FO (25). You may also note on the data sheet if that particular individual is using a constructed nest box.

#### 2. Bird Density

In the office, sum the Bird Survey – Field Data Sheet data by species and by behavior. Record this data in the Bird Summary Table.

#### 3. Bird Behavior

Bird behavior must be identified by what is known. When a species is simply observed, the behavior that it is immediately exhibiting is what is recorded. Only behaviors that have discreet descriptive terms should be used. The following terms are recommended: breeding pair individual (BP); foraging (F); flyover (FO); loafing (L; e.g. sleeping, roosting, floating with head tucked under wing are loafing behaviors); and, nesting (N). If more behaviors are observed that do have a specific descriptive word, use them and we will add it to the protocol; descriptive words or phrases such as "migrating" or "living on site" are unknown behaviors.

#### 4. Bird Species Habitat Use

We are interested in what bird species are using which particular habitat within the mitigation wetlands. This data is easily collected by simply recording what habitat the species was initially observed. Use the following broad category habitat classifications: aquatic bed (AB - rooted floating, floating-leaved, or submergent vegetation); forested (FO); marsh (MA – cattail, bulrush, emergent vegetation, etc. with surface water); open water (OW – primarily unvegetated); scrubshrub (SS); and upland buffer (UP); wet meadow (WM – sedges, rushes, grasses with little to no surface water). If other categories are observed onsite that are not suggested here, we will make a new category next year.



E-2

# **GPS Mapping and Aerial Photo Referencing Procedure**

The wetland boundaries, photograph location points and sampling locations were field located with mapping grade Trimble Geo III GPS units. The data was collected with a minimum of three positions per feature using Course/Acquisition code. The collected data was then transferred to a PC and differentially corrected to the nearest operating Community Base Station. The corrected data was then exported to ACAD drawings in Montana State Plain Coordinates NAD 83 international feet.

The GPS positions collected and processed had a 68% accuracy of 7 feet except in isolated areas of Tasks .008 and .011, where it went to 12 feet. This is within the 1 to 5 meter range listed as the expected accuracy of the mapping grade Trimble GPS.

Aerial reference points were used to position the aerial photographs. This positioning did not remove the distortion inherent in all photos; this imagery is to be used as a visual aide only. The located wetland boundaries were given a final review by the wetland biologist and adjustments were made if necessary.

Any relationship of features located to easement or property lines are not to be construed from these figures. These relationships can only be determined with a survey by a licensed surveyor.



# **Appendix F**

# MACROINVERTEBRATE SAMPLING PROTOCOL AND DATA

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana



### AQUATIC INVERTEBRATE SAMPLING PROTOCOL

#### **Equipment List**

- D-frame sampling net with 1 mm mesh. Wildco is a good source of these.
- Spare net.
- 1-liter plastic sample jars, wide-mouth. VWR has these: catalog #36319-707.
- 95% ethanol: Northwest Scientific in Billings carries this.

All these other things are generally available at hardware or sporting goods stores. Make the labels on an ink jet printer preferably.

- hip waders.
- pre-printed sample labels (printed on Rite-in-the-Rain or other coated paper, two labels per sample).
- pencil.
- plastic pail (3 or 5 gallon).
- large tea strainer or framed screen.
- towel.
- tape for affixing label to jar.
- cooler with ice for sample storage.

#### **Site Selection**

Select the sampling site with these considerations in mind:

- Select a site accessible with hip waders. If substrates are too soft, lay a wide board down to walk on.
- Determine a location that is representative of the overall condition of the wetland.

#### **Sampling**

Wetland invertebrates inhabit the substrate, the water column, the stems and leaves of aquatic vegetation, and the water surface. Your goal is to sweep the collecting net through each of these habitat types, and then to combine the resulting samples into the 1-liter sample jar.

Dip out about a gallon of water into the pail. Pour about a cup of ethanol into the sample jar. Fill out the top half of the sample labels, using pencil, since ink will dissolve in the ethanol.

Ideally, you can sample a swath of water column from near-shore outward to a depth of approximately 3 feet with a long sweep of the net, keeping the net at about half the depth of the water throughout the sweep. Sweep the water surface as well. Pull the net through a vegetated area, beneath the water surface, for at least a meter of distance.

Sample the substrate by pulling the net along the bottom, bumping it against the substrate several times as you pull.

This step is optional, but it gives you a chance to <u>see</u> that you've collected some invertebrates. Rinse the net out into the bucket, and look for insects, crustaceans, etc. If

necessary, repeat the sampling process in a nearby location, and add the net contents to the bucket. Remember to sample all four environments.

Sieve the contents of the bucket through the straining device and pour or carefully scrape the contents of the strainer into the sample jar.

If you skip the bucket-and-sieve steps, simply lift handfuls of material out of the sampling net into the jars. In either case, please include some muck or mud and some vegetation in the jar. Often, you will have collected a large amount of vegetable material. If this is the case, lift out handfuls of material from the sieve into the jar, until the jar is about half full. Please limit material you include in the sample, so that there is only a single jar for each sample.

Top off the sample jar with enough ethanol to cover all the material in the jar. Leave as little headroom as possible.

It is not necessary to sample habitats in any specified order. Keep in mind that disturbing the habitats prior to sampling will chase off the animals you are trying to capture.

Complete the sample labels. Place one label inside the sample jar and tape the other label securely to the outside of the jar. Dry the jar before attaching the outer label if necessary. In some situations, it may be necessary to collect more than one sample at a site. If you take multiple samples from the same site, clearly indicate this by using individual sample numbers, along with the total number of samples collected at the site (e.g. Sample #3 of 5 total samples).

Photograph the sampled site.

#### Sample Handling/Shipping

- In the field, keep collected samples cool by storing them in a cooler. Only a small amount of ice is necessary.
- Inventory all samples, preparing a list of all sites and enumerating all samples, before shipping or delivering to the laboratory.
- Deliver samples to Rhithron.

### MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Project Aquatic Invertebrate Monitoring Summary 2001 - 2004

#### **METHODS**

Among other monitoring activities, aquatic invertebrate assemblages were collected at a number of mitigation wetlands throughout Montana. This report summarizes data generated from four years of collection.

The method employed to assess these wetlands is based on constructing an index using a battery of 12 bioassessment metrics or attributes (Table1) tested and recommended by Stribling et al. (1995) in a report to the Montana Department of Health and Environmental Science. In that study, it was determined that some of the metrics were of limited use in some geographic regions, and for some wetland types. Despite that finding, all 12 metrics are used in this evaluation of mitigated wetlands, since detailed geographic information and wetland classifications were unavailable.

Scoring criteria for metrics were developed by generally following the tactic used by Stribling et al. Boxplots were generated using a statistical software package, and distributions, median values, ranges, and quartiles for each metric were examined. All sites in all years of sampling were used. Camp Creek, which was sampled in 2002, 2003, and 2004, was assessed using the tested metric battery developed for montane streams of Western Montana (Bollman 1998). The fauna at the Camp Creek site was different from that of the other sites, and suggested montane stream conditions rather than wetland conditions. For the wetlands, "optimal" scores were generally those that fell above the 75th percentile (for those metrics that decrease in value in response to stress) or below the 25th percentile (for metrics that respond to stress by an increase in value) of all scores. Additional scoring ranges were established by bisecting the range below the 75th percentile for decreasing scores (or above the 25th percentile for increasing scores) into "sub-optimal" and "poor" assessment categories. A score of 5, 3, or 1 was assigned to optimal, sub-optimal, and poor metric performance, respectively. In this way, metric values were translated into normalized metric scores, and scores for all metrics were summed to produce a total bioassessment score. Total bioassessment scores were classified according to a similar process, using the ranges and distributions of total scores for all sites studied in all years.

The purpose of constructing an index from biological attributes or metrics is to provide a means of integrating information to facilitate the determination of whether management action is needed. The nature of the action needed is not determined solely by the index score, however, but by consideration of an analysis of the component metrics, the taxonomic composition of the assemblages, and other issues. The diagnostic functions of the metrics and taxonomic data need more study; our understanding of the interrelationships of natural environmental factors and anthropogenic disturbances are tentative. Thus, the further interpretive remarks accompanying the raw taxonomic and metric data are offered cautiously.

#### Sample processing

Aquatic invertebrate samples were collected at mitigation wetland sites in the summer months of 2001, 2002, 2003, and 2004 by personnel of Land and Water Consulting, Inc. Sampling procedures utilized were based on the protocols developed by the Montana Department of

Environmental Quality (MT DEQ). Sampling consisted of D-frame net sweeps through emergent vegetation (when present), the water column, over the water surface, and included disturbing and scraping substrates at each sampled sites. Samples were preserved in ethanol at each wetland site and subsequently delivered to Rhithron Associates, Inc. for processing, taxonomic determinations, and data analysis.

At Rhithron's laboratory, Caton subsamplers and stereomicroscopes with 10X magnification were used to randomly select a minimum of 100 organisms, when possible, from each sample. In some cases, the entire sample contained fewer than 100 organisms; in these cases, all organisms from the sample were taken. Taxa were identified in general accordance with the taxonomic resolution standards set out in the MT DEQ Standard Operating Procedures for Sampling and Sample Analysis (Bukantis 1998). All samples were re-identified by a second taxonomist for quality assurance purposes. The identified samples have been archived at Rhithron's laboratory. Taxonomic data and organism counts were entered into an Excel 2000 spreadsheet, and metrics were calculated and scored using spreadsheet formulae.

#### **Bioassessment metrics**

An index based on the performance of 12 metrics was constructed, as described above. Table 1 lists those metrics, describes their calculation and the expected response of each to increased degradation or impairment of the wetland.

In addition to the summed scores of each metric and the associated impairment classification described above, each individual metric informs the bioassessment to some degree. The four richness metrics (Total taxa, POET, Chironomidae taxa, and Crustacea taxa + Mollusca taxa) can be interpreted to express habitat complexity as well as water quality. Complex, diverse habitats consist of variable substrates, emergent vegetation, variable water depths and other factors, and are potential features of long-established stable wetlands with minimal human disturbance. In the study conducted by Stribling et al. (1995), all four richness metrics were found to be significantly associated with water quality parameters including conductance, salinity, and total dissolved solids.

Four composition metrics (%Chironomidae, %Orthocladiinae of Chironomidae, %Crustacea + %Mollusca, and %Amphipoda) measure the relative contributions of certain taxonomic groups that may have significant responses to habitat and/or water quality impacts. For example, amphipods have been demonstrated to increase in abundance in alkaline conditions. Short-lived, relatively mobile taxa such as chironomids dominate ephemeral environments; many are hemoglobin-bearers capable of tolerating de-oxygenated conditions.

Two tolerance metrics (the Hilsenhoff Biotic Index and %Dominant taxon) were included in the bioassessment battery. The HBI indicates the overall invertebrate assemblage tolerance to nutrient enrichment, warm water, and/or low dissolved oxygen conditions. The percent abundance of the dominant taxon has been demonstrated to be strongly associated with pH, conductance, salinity, total organic carbon, and total dissolved solids.

Two trophic measures (%Collector-gatherers and %Filterers) may be helpful in expressing functional integrity of the invertebrate assemblage, which can be impacted by poor water quality or habitat degradation. High proportions of filtering organisms suggest nutrient and/or organic

enrichment, while abundant collectors suggest more positive functional conditions and well-developed wetland morphology. These organisms graze periphyton growing on stable surfaces such as macrophytes.

#### **RESULTS**

In 2001, 29 sites were sampled statewide. Nineteen of these sites were revisited in 2002, and 13 new sites were sampled. In 2003, 17 sites that had been visited in both 2001 and 2002 were resampled, and 11 sites sampled for the first time in 2001 were re-visited. In addition, 2 new sites were sampled. In 2004, 25 sites were re-visited, and 6 new sites were sampled. Thus, the 2004 database contains data for 122 sampling events at 50 unique sites. Table 2 summarizes sites and sampling years.

Metric scoring criteria were re-developed each year as new data was added. For 2004, all 122 records were utilized. Ranges of individual metrics, as well as median metric values remained remarkably consistent in each of the 4 years; minimal changes resulted from the addition of new data in 2004. The summary metric values and scores for the 2004 samples are given in Tables 3a-3d.

 $\textbf{Table 1.} \ \, \textbf{Aquatic invertebrate metrics employed in the MTDT mitigation wetland monitoring study, 2001-2004.}$ 

Metric	Metric Calculation	Expected Response to Degradation or Impairment
Total taxa	Count of unique taxa identified to lowest recommended taxonomic level	Decrease
POET	Count unique Plecoptera, Trichoptera, Ephemeroptera, and Odonata taxa identified to lowest recommended taxonomic level	Decrease
Chironomidae taxa	Count unique midge taxa identified to lowest recommended taxonomic level	Decrease
Crustacea taxa + Mollusca taxa	Count unique Crustacea taxa and Mollusca taxa identified to lowest recommended taxonomic level	Decrease
% Chironomidae	Percent abundance of midges in the subsample	Increase
Orthocladiinae/Chironomidae	Number of individual midges in the sub-family Orthocladiinae / total number of midges in the subsample.	Decrease
%Amphipoda	Percent abundance of amphipods in the subsample	Increase
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	Percent abundance of crustaceans in the subsample plus percent abundance of molluscs in the subsample	Increase
нві	Relative abundance of each taxon multiplied times that taxon's modified Hilsenhoff Biotic Index value. These numbers are summed over all taxa in the subsample.	Increase
%Dominant taxon	Percent abundance of the most abundant taxon in the subsample	Increase
%Collector-Gatherers	Percent abundance of organisms in the collector-gatherer functional group	Decrease
%Filterers	Percent abundance of organisms in the filterer functional group	Increase

Table 2. Montana Department of Transportation Mitigated Wetlands Monitoring Project sites. 2001 – 2004.

2001	2002	2003	2004
Beaverhead 1	Beaverhead 1	Beaverhead 1	Beaverhead 1
Beaverhead 2	Beaverhead 2		
Beaverhead 3	Beaverhead 3		Beaverhead 3
Beaverhead 4	Beaverhead 4	Beaverhead 4	Dettrement
Beaverhead 5	Beaverhead 5	Beaverhead 5	Beaverhead 5
Beaverhead 6	Beaverhead 6	Beaverhead 6	Beaverhead 6
Big Sandy 1	Deaverneau o	Deaverneau o	Deaverneau o
Big Sandy 2	<u> </u>		
Big Sandy 3	<del> </del>		
Big Sandy 4	<u> </u>		
Johnson-Valier	<u> </u>		
VIDA	<u> </u>		
Cow Coulee	Cow Coulee	Cow Coulee	
Fourchette - Puffin	Fourchette - Puffin	Fourchette - Puffin	Fourchette - Puffin
Fourchette -	Fourchette -	Fourchette -	Fourchette -
Flashlight	Flashlight	Flashlight	Flashlight
Fourchette -	Fourchette -	Fourchette -	Fourchette -
Penguin	Penguin	Penguin	Penguin
Fourchette -	Fourchette -	Fourchette –	Fourchette -
Albatross	Albatross	Albatross	Albatross
Big Spring	Big Spring	Big Spring	Big Spring
Vince Ames	ng spring	Dig Jyring	ng oping
Ryegate			
Lavinia			
Stillwater	Stillwater	Stillwater	Stillwater
Roundup	Roundup	Roundup	Roundup
	Wigeon	Wigeon	Wigeon
Wigeon Ridgeway	Ridgeway	Ridgeway	Ridgeway
Musgrave – Rest. 1	Musgrave – Rest. 1	Musgrave – Rest. 1	Musgrave - Rest. 1
Musgrave - Rest. 2	Musgrave - Rest. 2	Musgrave - Rest. 2	Musgrave - Rest. 2
Musgrave - Enh. 1	Musgrave – Enh. 1	Musgrave – Enh. 1	Musgrave – Enh. 1
Musgrave – Enh. 2	Hoskins Landing	Hoskins Landing	Hoskins Landing
			Peterson – 1
	Peterson - 1	Peterson – 1	
	Peterson - 2	B-t 4	Peterson - 2
	Peterson – 4	Peterson – 4	Peterson – 4
	Peterson - 5	Peterson – 5	Peterson – 5
	Jack Johnson -	Jack Johnson -	
	main	main	
	Jack Johnson - SW	Jack Johnson - SW	Constant
	Creston Lawrence Park	Creston	Creston
	Perry Ranch	OD Comitte Di	on course no
	SF Smith River	SF Smith River	SF Smith River
	Camp Creek	Camp Creek	Camp Creek
	Kleinschmidt	Kleinschmidt –	Kleinschmidt –
		pond	pond
		Kleinschmidt –	Kleinschmidt –
		stream Bingling Galt	stream
		Ringling - Galt	Civala
			Circle
			Cloud Ranch Pond
			Cloud Ranch
			Stream
			Colloid
			Jack Creek
1		I	Norem

Table 3a.

	BEAVER HEAD #1	BEAVER HEAD #3	BEAVER HEAD #5	BEAVER HEAD #6	BIG SPRING CREEK	CIRCLE	CLOUD RANCH POND	CLOUD RANCH STREAM	COLLOID	CRESTON
Total taxa	27	12	21	18	25	16	16	20	8	18
POET	3	0	2	3	4	2	2	4	2	3
Chironomidae taxa	7	5	5	15	8	5	6	11	1	2
Crustacea + Mollusca	7	3	4	6	7	1	6	1	1	7
% Chironomidae	0.33636	0.18888	0.39285	0.57547	0.44329	0.55855	0.41666	0.84	0.09090	0.06087
Orthocladiinae/Chir	0.05405	0.35294	0.06818	0.36065	0.27907	0.69354	0.4	0.16666	0	0
%Amphipoda	0.03636	0	0.01785	0.05660	0.05154	0	0.00925	0	0	0
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	0.31818	0.73333	0.05357	0.12264	0.18556	0.03603	0.36111	0.01	0.09090	0.73913
HBI	7.97169	7.88888	8.36363	8.15789	7.61855	7.19090	7.32291	4.84	6	6.92173
%Dominant taxon	0.2	0.57777	0.23214	0.25471	0.23711	0.38738	0.13888	0.38	0.27272	0.37391
%Collector-Gatherers	0.40909	0.75555	0.51785	0.62264	0.78350	0.05405	0.67592	0.74	0.18181	0.29565
%Filterers	0.12727	0	0	0	0.01030	0.15315	0.09259	0.17	0	0.06087
Total taxa	5	1	5	3	5	3	3	3	1	3
POET	3	1	1	3	5	1	1	5	1	3
Chironomidae taxa	5	3	3	3	5	3	3	5	1	1
Crustacea + Mollusca	5	1	3	5	5	1	5	1	1	5
% Chironomidae	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	5	5
Orthocladiinae/Chir	1	3	1	3	3	5	3	1	1	1
%Amphipoda	5	5	5	3	3	5	5	5	5	5
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	5	1	5	15	5	5	3	5	5	1
HBI	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	5	5	3
%Dominant taxon	5	1	5	5	5	3	5	3	5	3
%Collector-Gatherers	1	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	1	1
%Filterers	1	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	3	1
	40 0.666667	26 0.433333	38 0.633333	38 0.633333	0.733333	32 0.533333	36 0.6	38 0.633333	34 0.566667	32 0.533333
	sub- optimal	poor	sub- optimal	sub- optimal	optimal	sub- optimal	sub- optimal	sub- optimal	sub- optimal	sub-optimal

Table 3b.

	FOURCHETTE CREEK ALBATROSS RESERVOIR	FOURCHETTE CREEK FLASHLIGHT RESERVOIR	FOURCHETTE CREEK PENGUIN RESERVOIR	FOURCHETTE CREEK PUFFIN RESERVOIR	JACK CREEK	MDT CAMP CREEK	MDT HOSKINS LANDING	MDT KLEINSCHMIDT CREEK	MDT KLEINSCHMIDT POND
Total taxa	18	23	19	22	23	35	25	19	19
POET	3	5	4	3	5	12	4	4	6
Chironomidae taxa	6	9	6	4	8	14	4	6	4
Crustacea + Mollusca	3	4	5	8	7	1	6	2	4
% Chironomidae	0.135135	0.265306	0.066116	0.247934	0.352113	0.37963	0.036697	0.438776	0.047619
Orthocladiinae/Chir	0.2	0.346154	0.625	0.3	0.52	0.585366	0.5	0.627907	0.8
%Amphipoda	0.126126	0.336735	0.578512	0.041322	0.028169	0	0.018349	0.010204	0.009524
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	0.684685	0.387755	0.77686	0.371901	0.380282	0.111111	0.541284	0.061224	0.190476
HBI	7.972973	7.216495	7.7	6.950413	7.647059	4.570093	6.59633	6.561224	6.67619
%Dominant taxon	0.495495	0.336735	0.561983	0.140496	0.15493	0.111111	0.366972	0.316327	0.552381
%Collector-Gatherers	0.873874	0.816327	0.702479	0.38843	0.394366	0.416667	0.091743	0.683673	0.114286
%Filterers	0	0.010204	0.132231	0.008264	0.042254	0.12037	0.018349	0.153061	0.047619
Total taxa									
POET	3	5	3	5	5	5	5	3	3
Chironomidae taxa	3	5	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
Crustacea + Mollusca	3	5	3	3	5	5	3	3	3
% Chironomidae	1	3	3	5	5	1	5	1	3
Orthocladiinae/Chir	5	3	5	3	3	3	5	1	5
%Amphipoda	3	3	5	3	5	5	5	5	5
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	3	1	1	3	5	5	5	5	5
HBI	1	3	1	3	3	5	3	5	5
%Dominant taxon	1	3	1	3	1	5	5	5	5
%Collector-Gatherers	1	5	1	5	5	5	3	5	1
%Filterers	5	5	3	1	1	1	1	3	1
	3	3	1	3	3	1	3	1	3
	32	44	32	40	46	46	48	42	44
	0.533333 sub-optimal	0.733333 optimal	0.533333 sub-optimal	0.666667 optimal	0.766667 optimal	0.766667 optimal	0.8 optimal	0.7 optimal	0.733333 optimal

Table 3d.

	ROUNDUP	SOUTH FORK SMITH RIVER	STILLWATER	WIGEON
Total taxa	9	20	23	16
POET	0	5	4	3
Chironomidae taxa	4	7	9	5
Crustacea + Mollusca	3	3	4	3
% Chironomidae	0.55	0.482143	0.466667	0.314815
Orthocladiinae/Chir	0.072727	0.055556	0.244898	0.647059
%Amphipoda	0	0.071429	0.12381	0.481481
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	0.42	0.116071	0.180952	0.574074
HBI	8.89	6.589286	6.47619	7.534653
%Dominant taxon	0.28	0.294643	0.133333	0.481481
%Collector-Gatherers	0.56	0.839286	0.628571	0.657407
%Filterers	0.14	0	0	0.083333
Total taxa				
POET	1	3	5	3
Chironomidae taxa	1	5	5	3
Crustacea + Mollusca	3	5	5	3
% Chironomidae	1	1	3	1
Orthocladiinae/Chir	1	1	1	3
%Amphipoda	1	1	3	5
%Crustacea + %Mollusca	5	3	3	1
HBI	3	5	5	3
%Dominant taxon	1	5	5	3
%Collector-Gatherers	5	5	5	3
%Filterers	3	5	3	3
	1	3	3	1
	26	42	46	32
	0.433333	0.7	0.766667	0.533333
	poor	optimal	optimal	Sub-optimal

Aquatic Invertebrate Taxonomic Data Site Name MDT HOSKINS LANDING

-	HOSKINS LANDING			Date Col	Lected 8	/23	/2004
Order	Family	Taxon	Count	Percent	Unique	ВІ	FFG
		Ostracoda Turbellaria	2 8	1.83% 7.34%	Yes Yes	8 4	CG PR
Amphipoda							
	Talitridae	Hyalella	2	1.83%	Yes	8	CG
Basommatophor	a						
	Lymnaeidae	Stagnicola	11	10.09%	Yes	6	sc
	Physidae	Physidae	40	36.70%	Yes	8	sc
	Planorbidae		1	0.92%	Yes	8	sc
		Gyraulus Helisoma	3	2.75%	Yes	6	SC
Coleoptera							
	Dytiscidae	Hygrotus	4	3.67% 0.92%	Yes Yes	5	PR PR
		Laccophilus Neoporus	1	0.92%	Yes	5	PR
	Haliplidae						
		Haliplus Peltodytes	5 3	4.59% 2.75%	Yes Yes	5	PH SH
	Hydrophilidae		122	8-290 gray	22360		0.000
		Berosus Hydrophilus	7	6.42% 0.92%	Yes Yes	5	PR PR
Diptera	Chironomidae						
		Cricotopus (Isocladius)	1	0.92%	Yes	7	SH
		Polypedilum	1	0.92%	Yes	6	SH
		Psectrocladius	1	0.92%	Yes	8	CG
	Culicidae	Tanytarsus	1	0.92%	Yes	6	CF
		Anopheles	1	0.92%	Yes	8	CF
	Tipulidae	Tipulidae	1	0.92%	Yes	3	SH
Ephemeroptera		•					
	Baetidae	Callibaetis	4	3.67%	Yes	9	CG
Odonata	Libellulidae						
200200000		Libellulidae	4	3.67%	Yes	9	PR
Trichoptera	Leptoceridae						
	•	Leptoceridae Nectopsyche	1 2	0.92%	No Yes	4 2	CG SH
Trombidiformes		pagaria	-	1.00		-	2
Grand Total		Acari	3 109	2.75%	Yes	5	PR

Project ID:		IDT04LW				Activity ID:
STORET Stat Station Name		IDT HOSKINS LANI	DING			<b>Sample Date:</b> 8/23/2004
Sample type						
	TOTAL ORGANI	SMS		109		DOMINANCE  TAYON  ARUNDANGE PERCENT
Portion of sam	nple used mber in total sai	mple		23.33%		TAXON ABUNDANCE PERCENT Physidae 40 36.70%
Conversion fa		iipie		5.764		Stagnicola 11 10.09%
	mber in 1 squar	e meter		628		Turbellaria 8 7.34%
Sampling effor						Berosus 7 6.42%
						Haliplus 5 4.59%
Habitat type						SUBTOTAL 5 DOMINANTS 71 65.14%
EPT abundan	ce			7		Libellulidae 4 3.67%
Taxa richness				24		Callibaetis 4 3.67%  Hygrotus 4 3.67%
Number EPT t Percent EPT	taxa			6.42%		Hygrotus         4         3.67%           Helisoma         3         2.75%
reiteilt EF i				0.4276		Acari 3 2.75%
TAXONOMIC	COMPOSITION			TAXONOMIC RATIOS		TOTAL DOMINANTS 89 81.65%
GROUP	PERCENT	ABUNDANCE #	†TAXA	METRIC	VALUE	TOLERANCE/CONDITION INDICES
Von-insect tax		70	8	EPT/Chironomidae	1.75	Community Tolerance Quotient (CTQa) 90.00
Odonata	3.67%	4	1	Baetidae/Ephemeropter	a 1.00	Hilsenhoff Biotic Index 6.60
Cphemeropter		4	11	Hydropsychidae/Tricho	pt 0.00	
lecoptera	0.00%	0	0			DIVERSITY
leteroptera	0.00%	0	0	+		Shannon H (loge)         3.68           Shannon H (log2)         2.56
Megaloptera richoptera	2.75%	3	2			Margalef D 5.11
epidoptera	0.00%	0	0			Simpson D 0.16
oleoptera	20.18%	22	7			Evenness 0.10
iptera	1.83%	2	2			VOLTINISM
hironomidae	3.67%	4	4			TYPE ABUNDANCE # TAXA PERCENT
						Multivoltine 21 8 19.27%
						Univoltine 62 9 56.88%
						<u>Semivoltine</u> 26 8 23.85%
						TAXA CHARACTERS #TAXA PERCENT
						Tolerant 10 71.56%
0%	20%	40%	60%	80% 100%	,	Sensitive 0 0.00%
0%					70	Clinger 3 2.75%
	■ Non-insect t			emeroptera Plecoptera		
	Heteroptera	Megaloptera	a Trich	noptera Lepidoptera	L	BIOASSESSMENT INDICES
	■ Coleoptera	■ Diptera	□ Chire	onomidae		B-IBI (Karr et al. )
						METRIC VALUE SCORE
ROUP	COMPOSITION PERCENT	ABUNDANCE	#TAXA	FUNCTIONAL RATIOS METRIC	VALUE	Taxa richness         24         3           E richness         1         1
redator	26.61%	29	8	Scraper/Filterer	27.50	Prichness 0 1
arasite	0.00%	0	0	Scraper/Scraper + Filter	re 0.96	Trichness 2 1
atherer	9.17%	10	5			Long-lived 8 5
ilterer	1.83%	2	2			Sensitive richness 0 1
Ierbivore	0.00%	0	0			%tolerant 71.56% 1
iercer	4.59%	5	1			%predators 26.61% 5
craper	50.46%	55	4			Clinger richness 3 1
Shredder Omnivore	7.34% 0.00%	8	5 0			%dominance (3) 54.13% 3 TOTAL SCORE 22 44%
nknown	0.00%	0	0			MONTANA DEQ INDICES (Bukantis 1998)
IIKIIOWII	0.0070					Plains Valleys and Mountain
						METRIC VALUE Ecoregions Foothills Ecoregions
						Taxa richness 24 2 2 2
					■ Predator	EPT richness 2 0 0 0
						Biotic Index 6.60 1 0 0
					■ Parasite	%Dominant taxon 36.70% 2 2 1
					■ rarasite	%Collectors 11.01% 3 3 3
						%EPT 6.42% 0 0 0
	/				Gatherer	Shannon Diversity         2.56         2           %Scrapers +Shredder         57.80%         3         3
	/			_		<u>%Scrapers +Shredder</u> 57.80% 3 3 3
	/				■ Filterer	Predator taxa 8 3 %Multivoltine 19.27% 3
						%Multivoltine 19.27% 3 %H of T 0.00% 3
					■ Herbivore	
			M		■ rici bivore	PERCENT OF MAXIMUM 63.33 54.17 42.86
	\					IMPAIRMENT CLASS SLIGHT SLIGHT MODERATE
	\				Piercer	
	\					Montana DEQ metric batteries
					□ Scraper	φ 100 <del>-</del>
	,		Y W		_ scraper	90 80
			V III		<b>-</b> 01	80
			VIII.		■ Shredder	70 Plains Ecoregions
						. € 60 Trains Beoregions
		_			■ Omnivore	Plains Ecoregions  Valleys and Foothills  Mountain Ecoregions
						J
						Mountain Formation
OMMIINITY	TOLEDANCES					— □ Mountain Ecoregions
	TOLERANCES		3			☐ 30 ☐ Mountain Ecoregions
OMMUNITY ediment toler ercent sedim	rant taxa		3 11.93%			_   t 20
ediment tole	rant taxa ient tolerant		3 11.93% 0			□ Mountain Ecoregions

COMMUNITITIOLERANCES		5 20
Sediment tolerant taxa	3	8 10
Percent sediment tolerant	11.93%	ž 0
Sediment sensitive taxa	0	
Percent sediment sensitive	0.00%	
Metals tolerance index (McGuire)	3.10	Montana Valleys and Foothills revised index (Bollman 1998)
Cold stenotherm taxa	0	Percent max. 22.22% Impairment class MODERATE
Percent cold stenotherms	0.00%	Montana Plains ecoregions metrics (Bramblett and Johnson 2002)
•		Riffle Pool
HABITUS MEASURES		EPT richness 2 E richness 1
Hemoglobin bearer richness	3	Percent EPT 6.42% T richness 2
Percent hemoglobin bearers	4.59%	Percent Oligochaetes and Leeches 0.00% Percent EPT 6.42%
Air-breather richness	7	Percent 2 dominants 46.79% Percent non-insect 64.22%
Percent air-breathers	14.68%	Filterer richness 2 Filterer richness 2
Burrower richness	0	Percent intolerant 1.83% Univoltine richness 9
Percent burrowers	0.00%	Univoltine richness 9 Percent supertolerant 50.46%
Swimmer richness	9	Percent clingers 2.75%
Percent swimmers	25.69%	Swimmer richness 9

# Appendix G

# REVEGETATION AND SURVIVAL DATA

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Hoskins Landing Dixon, Montana



# RIPARIAN VEGETATION ENHANCEMENT - SURVIVAL DATA FOR SPRING 2004

Hoskins Landing 2004 Planting Ledger

			Spring		Fall
	0 1 - 1		2004	0	2004
	Container	Species	Quantity Planted	Spring Survival	Quantity Planted
	size / Type	<u> </u>			Flanteu
Inlent Channel	Sm Shrub	American Plum	100	93	
Side Channel	Sm Shrub	American plum	100	90	
Upland Islands	Sm Shrub	American plum	100	96	
	Sm Shrub	Chokecherry	100	100	
	Sm Shrub	Hawthorn	100	99	
	Sm Shrub	Serviceberry	100	98	
	Sm Shrub	Rose	100	100	
Wetland	Plug	Hardstem bulrush			1600
	Plug	Nebraska sedge			1440
	Plug	Beaked sedge			1120
	Plug	Bebb's sedge			1120
	Plug	Small-fruited bulrush			800
	Lg Tree	Cottonwood	50	50	
	Lg Shrub	Dogwood	150	150	
	Cm Troo	Aanan	200	100	
	Sm Tree Sm Tree	Aspen	200 100	183	
	Smirree	Cottonwood	100	92	
	Sm Shrub	Dogwood	401	397	
	Sm Shrub	Bebb's Willow	239	218	
	Sm Shrub	Alder	150	142	
	Sm Shrub	Waterbirch	150	144	
	Cutting	Sandbar willow	1000	inundated	
	_				
Replacement	Sm	Waterbirch	53	53	
	Sm	Alder	49	49	
	Sm	Aspen	16	16	
	Sm	Cottonwood	42	42	
	Cutting	Bebb's Willow	445	Inundated	
	Cutting	Sandbar Willow	500	Inundated	
		Total	4245	2212	6080



### RIPARIAN VEGETATION ENHANCEMENT - SURVIVAL DATA FOR SPRING 2003

(Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes, November 2003)

## **Wetland Planting Areas**

Created Pond

Spring 2003 Containers							
Type / Species  # Planted  # Alive  # Poor  # Dead  Survival Ra							
TREES							
Cottonwood	125	41	22	62	50%		
Water Birch	175	20	76	79	55%		
Aspen	75	9	19	47	37%		
Total Trees	375	70	117	188	50%		
SHRUBS							
Alder	42	7	5	30	29%		
Sandbar willow	100	34	47	19	81%		
R O Dogwood	400	111	68	221	45%		
Total Shrubs	542	152	120	270	50%		

Spring 2003 Cuttings								
Type / Species	# Planted	# Alive	# Poor	# Dead	Survival Rate			
TREES								
Cottonwood	13	4	8	1	92%			
Total Trees	13	4	8	1	92%			
SHRUBS								
Sandbar willow	119	109	8	2	98%			
Total Shrubs	119	109	8	2	98%			

Side Channel

Spring 2003 Containers							
Type / Species	# Planted	# Alive	# Poor	# Dead	Survival Rate		
TREES							
Cottonwood	100	60	27	13	87%		
Water Birch	75	15	56	4	95%		
Aspen	50	29	7	14	72%		
Pine	103	18	26	59	43%		
Total Trees	328	122	116	90	73%		
SHRUBS							
Alder	50	15	25	10	80%		
Sandbar willow	125	60	17	48	62%		
R O Dogwood	200	81	82	37	82%		
Rose	50	24	15	11	78%		
Service berry	25	16	4	5	80%		
Total Shrubs	450	196	143	111	75%		



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## **Survival Data Continued...**

# **Upland Planting Areas**

Upland Islands

Spring 2003 Containers							
Type / Species	# Planted	# Alive	# Poor	# Dead	Survival Rate		
TREES							
Cottonwood	25	18	2	5	80%		
Pine	100	23	29	48	52%		
Total Trees	125	41	31	53	58%		
SHRUBS							
Juniper	20	6	7	7	65%		
Rose	200	136	39	23	88%		
Snowberry	100	55	21	24	76%		
Service berry	25	5	10	10	60%		
Total Shrubs	345	202	77	64	81%		

# Access Road

Spring 2003 Containers							
Type / Species	# Planted	# Alive	# Poor	# Dead	Survival Rate		
TREES							
Pine	100	50	2	48	52%		
Total Trees	100	50	2	48	52%		
					_		
SHRUBS							
Plum	72	0	2	70	3%		
Juniper	20	0	0	20	0%		
Chokecherry	20	2	6	12	40%		
Rose	100	5	15	80	20%		
Snowberry	65	8	2	55	15%		
Service berry	50	3	4	43	14%		
Total Shrubs	327	18	29	280	14%		

