# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2013

Easton Ranch Park County, Montana



Prepared for:



Prepared by:



December 2013

# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

## **WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT:**

## **YEAR 2013**

Easton Ranch
Park County, Montana

MDT Project Number STPX-0034(14) Control Number 4866

MFWP: SPA MDT R3-56-2008 USACE: NWO-2006-90370-MTB

Prepared for:

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CCI Project No: MDT.006

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#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The 2013 Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report presents the results of the fourth year of post-construction monitoring at the Easton Ranch The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) wetland mitigation area. mitigation project at the Easton Ranch is located in the northwest quarter of Section 32, Township 4 North, Range 9 East, Park County, Montana. The site is located approximately three miles east of US Highway 89 and four miles northeast of Wilsall (Figure 1). The wetland mitigation conservation easement area encompasses approximately 34 fenced acres and is located east of the Shields River within the boundaries of the larger Easton Family Ranch, the previous landowner. Figures 2 and 3 in Appendix A show the site Monitoring Activity Locations and Mapped Site Features, respectively. The 2008 MDT Mitigation Site Monitoring Form, US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Wetland Determination Data Forms Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (USACE 2010), and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Forms are included in Appendix B. Project area photographs are included in Appendix C and the Project Plan Sheet is included in Appendix D.

The wetland restoration site is located within Watershed 13 – Upper Yellowstone River Basin. Wetlands were developed at this location to provide compensatory mitigation for wetland impacts associated with transportation projects in the Butte District. The Easton Ranch site was selected after an extensive search of potential wetland and stream restoration sites by MDT within the Shields River Valley in cooperation with personnel from the Park Conservation District and the US Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resource Conservation Service Center (NRCS) in Livingston.

Construction entailed the excavation of a series of wetland cells and a flood channel that bisects the 34 acre mitigation area. The primary source of wetland hydrology is groundwater supplemented by surface water from high flows associated with the Shields River. An existing irrigation diversion and delivery system was maintained to provide water to the eastern portion of the site in a flow through system. Revegetation tasks included planting cuttings and containerized shrubs, seeding wetland herbaceous species within the excavated wetland areas, and transplanting wetland plants and soils from existing wetlands to excavated areas. The wetland project was designed to increase flood storage, improve wildlife habitat, and restore riparian and wetland habitat impacted by past agricultural practices within the Shields River watershed. The project objectives include:

• Re-establish a previously existing, relic floodplain channel and associated riparian and floodplain wetland areas totaling 1.56 acres.



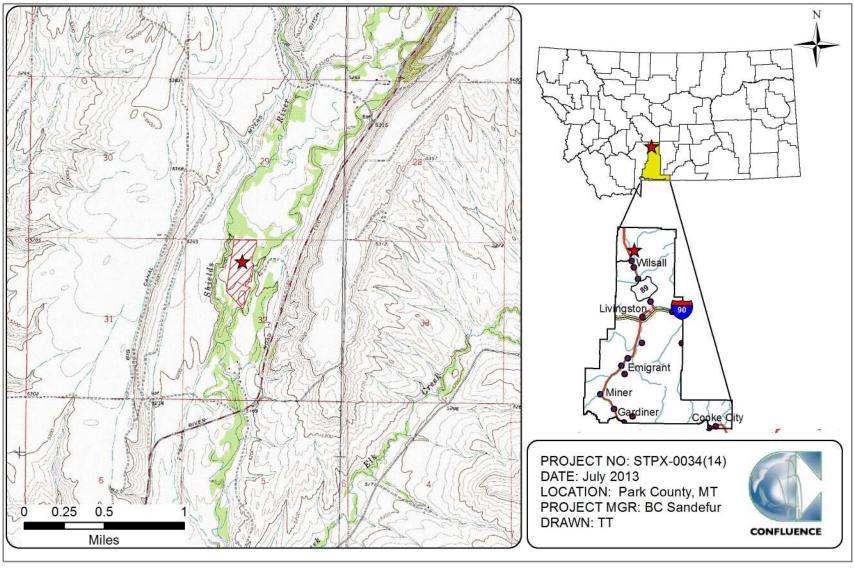


Figure 1. Project location of Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.



- Create approximately 25 acres of emergent, scrub/shrub and riparian wetlands by replacing existing hay fields with a variety of wetland communities that mimic habitats found in bio-reference wetland areas located north and south of the project.
- Preserve 1.1 acres of existing scrub/shrub, forested, and palustrine emergent communities at several locations within the project area.
- Mimic old meander scars and relic flood channels within the wetland mitigation site.
- Improve water storage capacity and increase the amount of floodplain area across the site.
- Increase the amount of wildlife habitat in this reach of the Shields River.

The project credit ratios approved by the USACE are shown in Table 1.

Table 1. Wetland Credit Determination for the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

Proposed Mitigation Features	Compensatory Mitigation Type	USACE Mitigation Ratios	Acres	Final Credit Estimate (Acres)
Creation of palustrine emergent wetland via shallow excavation.	Creation	1:1	24.95	24.95
Re-establishment of relic flood channel.	Restoration (Re-establishment)	1:1	1.56	1.56
Preservation of existing shrub/scrub and palustrine emergent wetland.	Preservation	4:1	1.10	0.275
Establish a 50-foot wide upland buffer.	Upland Buffer	5:1	6.43	1.29
Project Impacts	Debit			(0.67)
Total	Total			27.41

The USACE approved performance standards are listed below.

- Wetland Characteristics: All restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (USACE 2010).
  - a) **Wetland Hydrology Success** will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual.
    - (i) Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.



- (ii) Groundwater wells will be left undisturbed within the site for the purpose of monitoring groundwater elevations during the growing season.
- (iii) Depressional wetlands excavated into the upland areas will be monitored to determine if groundwater hydrology is filling sites and establishing vegetation communities.
- (iv) Hydrologic success will also require that the constructed stream channel be stable in the wetlands.
- b) Hydric Soil Success will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present (per the most recent Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) definitions for hydric soil) or appear to be forming, the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Soil sampling will be conducted during the course of the monitoring period to determine if wetland areas are exhibiting characteristics of hydric soils per the 1987 Wetland Manual. Since typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success is achieved.
- c) Hydrophytic Vegetation Success will be achieved through the delineation of developing wetlands utilizing the technical guidelines established in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. The following concept of "dominance", as defined in the 1987 Manual, will be applied during future routine wetland determinations in created/restored wetlands: "Subjectively Adetermine the dominant species by estimating those having the largest relative basal area (woody overstory), greatest height (woody understory), greatest percentage of aerial cover (herbaceous understory), and/or greatest number of stems (woody vines)."
  - i. Woody Plants Trees and shrubs are to be installed at various locations to provide structural diversity within the site at the direction of the MDT Reclamation Specialist. Survival of woody plant species planted within the site will be evaluated to determine survival rates and success of the planting each year of the monitoring period. Success of these planted species will be determined by stem counts each year to determine survival rates of the various planted woody species and will also include the evaluation of naturally recruited woody plant species within the site. "Scrub/shrub wetland habitat will be achieved where 30 percent absolute cover by cuttings, planted and volunteer woody plants is reached within the defined monitoring period or the site is showing signs of progression (e.g. by approximating stem densities and estimating future canopy coverage, or using other appropriate methods) towards that goal at the end of the defined monitoring period."



- ii. **Herbaceous Plants** At the conclusion of the monitoring period, ocular coverage of desirable hydrophytic vegetation (wetland plants listed as OBL, FACW and FAC) will be at least 80 percent. A wetland seed mix was prepared for this site that included tufted hairgrass (*Deschampsia cespitosa*), Northwest Territory sedge (*Carex utriculata*), Arctic rush (*Juncus arcticus*), American sloughgrass (*Beckmannia syzigachne*), American mannagrass (*Glyceria grandis*), and bluejoint reedgrass (*Calamagrostis canadensis*).
- 2. **Wetland Acreage Development** will provide 34.04 acres of emergent and scrub/shrub wetlands within the project site (Table 1 and Project Plan Sheet, Appendix D).
  - a) Emergent wetlands will comprise approximately 70 to 75 percent of the site.
  - b) Scrub/shrub wetland and riparian areas will comprise 15 to 20 percent of the site primarily along the proposed stream corridor and between created wetlands.
  - c) Open water will comprise approximately less than 5 percent of the total wetland area within the site after final monitoring.
- 3. Floodplain Channel Restoration Success will be evaluated in terms of revegetation and bank stability success.
  - a) The floodplain channel corridor will be considered stable when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species.
  - b) Bank pins will be established at appropriate locations along the new relic floodplain channel to monitor channel stability and to measure channel movement.
  - c) Bank stability success will be evaluated by utilizing the bioreference reaches to the north and south of the project area as comparisons due to their relatively undisturbed and vegetated mixture of woody and herbaceous riparian and wetland plant species.
  - d) Vegetation transects will be monitored along the relic floodplain channel corridor to determine root stability indices of the riparian and wetland plant species as it develops.
- 4. **Bank Stabilization Success** along the Shields River in the northwestern corner of the site will be evaluated in terms of revegetation and bank stability success.
  - a) Bank stability will be achieved when the banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species.
  - b) This area will be visually inspected and photo documented for incorporation into the annual monitoring reports to outline the success of the bank stabilization.



- c) If annual monitoring determines that the banks are eroding, the USACE and Fish, Wildlife, and Parks (FWP) will be contacted to coordinate a field meeting for joint evaluation and consultation on remediation.
- 5. Upland Buffer Success will be achieved when the noxious weeds do not exceed 10 percent of cover within the buffer areas on site. Any area within the creditable buffer zone disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
- 6. Weed Control will be based upon annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and degree of infestation within the site, and control measures based upon the monitoring results will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of State Listed Noxious weed species within the site. The MDT will manage the wetland conservation easement area to meet a goal of having less than 5 percent absolute cover of state listed noxious weed species across the site.
- 7. **Fencing** of the proposed mitigation site has been installed along the easement boundaries to protect the integrity of the wetland from disturbance that may be detrimental to the site. Fencing installed along the perimeter of the site has been designed to be "wildlife friendly" to allow for wildlife movement into and out of the wetland complex.
- **8. Monitoring** of this MDT mitigation site will be based upon the MDT standard monitoring protocols utilized for all MDT wetland mitigation sites for a minimum period of five years or longer as determined by the US Army Corps, Montana Regulatory Office's review of annual monitoring reports for the site and whether or not the site has met the wetland success criteria.

#### 2. METHODS

The fourth year of monitoring was completed on August 5, 2013. Information for the Mitigation Monitoring Form and Wetland Determination Data Form was entered electronically in the field on a palmtop computer during the field investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity sites were located with a global positioning system (GPS) as shown on Figure 2 (Appendix A). Information collected included a wetland delineation, vegetation community mapping, vegetation transect monitoring, soil and hydrology data collection, bird and wildlife use documentation, photographic documentation, and a non-engineering examination of the infrastructure established within the mitigation project area.

## 2.1. Hydrology

The presence of hydrological indicators as outlined on the Wetland Determination Data Form was assessed at four data points established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed during the site visit. The data were recorded on the electronic Wetland



Determination Data Form (Appendix B). Hydrologic assessments allow evaluation of mitigation criteria addressing inundation/saturation requirements. Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as "permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (12.5 percent of the growing season) during the growing season" (USACE 2010). Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered jurisdictional wetlands. The growing season is defined for purposes of this report as the number of days when there is a 50 percent probability that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28 degrees Fahrenheit Temperature data recorded for the (Environmental Laboratory 1987). meteorological station at Wilsall 8 ENE, Montana (249023) has a median (5 years in 10) growing season length of 120 days. Areas defined as wetlands would require 15 days of inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria. Soil pits excavated during the wetland delineation were used to evaluate groundwater levels within 18 inches of the ground surface. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

# 2.2. Vegetation

The boundaries of the dominant vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on the 2013 aerial photograph. Percent cover of dominant species within a community type was visually estimated and recorded using the following classes: 0 (less than 1 percent), 1 (1 to 5 percent), 2 (6 to 10 percent), 3 (11 to 20 percent), 4 (21 to 50 percent), and 5 (greater than 50 percent) (Appendix B). Community types were named based on the dominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure 3, Appendix A).

Temporal changes in vegetation were evaluated through annual assessments of static belt transects established in June, 2010 (Figure 2, Appendix A). Vegetation composition was assessed and recorded along three vegetation belt transects (T-1, T-2, T-3) approximately 10 feet wide and 1376, 1333, and 751 feet long, respectively (Figure 2, Appendix A). Transects T-2 and T-3 traverse the floodplain channel corridor and banks to provide an assessment of root stability indices of the developing riparian and wetland plant species (Figure 2, Appendix A).

The transect locations were recorded with a resource-grade GPS unit. Spatial changes in the dominant vegetation communities were recorded along the stationed transect. The percent aerial cover of each vegetation species within the belt transect was estimated using the same values and cover ranges used for the polygon data on the 2013 aerial photograph (Figure 3, Appendix B). Photographs were taken at the endpoints of each transect during the monitoring event (Appendix C).



The survival of woody species planted onsite was recorded during monitoring. Survival rates are evaluated annually. The Montana State Noxious Weed List (September 2010), prepared by the Montana Department of Agriculture, was used to categorize weeds identified within the site. The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field and mapped on the aerial photo (Figure 3, Appendix A). The noxious weed species identified are color-coded. The locations are denoted with the symbol "x", "▲", or "■" representing 0 to 0.1 acre, 0.1 to 1 acre, or greater than 1 acre in extent, respectively. Cover classes are represented by T, L, M, or H, for less than 1 percent, 1 to 5 percent, 6 to 25 percent, and 26 to 100 percent, respectively.

#### 2.3. Soil

Soil information was obtained from the *Soil Survey for Park County Area* (USDA 2010) and *in situ* soil descriptions. Soil cores were excavated using a hand auger and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. A description of the soil profile, including hydric soil indicators when present, was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form for each profile (Appendix B).

#### 2.4. Wetland Delineation

Waters of the U.S. including special aquatic sites and jurisdictional wetlands were delineated throughout the project area in accordance with criteria established in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement. technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology described in the 2010 Regional Supplement must be satisfied to delineate a representative area as jurisdictional. The name and indicator status of plant species was derived from the Draft 2012 National Wetland Plant List (NWPL) (Lichvar and Kartesz. 2009). Previous years' reports used the 1988 National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands: Northwest Region 9 (Reed 1988). The 2012 NWPL scientific plant names were used in this report. Many common names used in the 2012 NWPL appear incomplete or erroneous. When used in this report, 2012 NWPL common names that appear to be incomplete or erroneous are provided with parenthetical clarification. For example, the common given name for the plant Agrostis exarata in the 2012 NWPL is "spiked bent". As this is likely an error, this species' common name would be reported here as "spiked bent (grass)". A Routine Level-2 on-site Determination Method (Environmental Laboratory 1987) was used to delineate jurisdictional areas within the project boundaries. The information was recorded electronically on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology, and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for this delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation



community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was classified as an atypical situation, potential problem area, or special aquatic site, i.e., mudflat. The wetland boundary was identified on the 2013 aerial photograph. Wetland areas were GPS surveyed and calculated using geographic information system (GIS) methods.

#### 2.5. Wildlife

Observations of use by mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird use were recorded on the Mitigation Monitoring form during the site visit. Indirect use indicators including tracks, scat, burrow, eggshells, skins, and bones were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive species list of wildlife observed from 2010 through 2013 during the annual monitoring periods has been compiled.

#### 2.6. Functional Assessment

The 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) was used to evaluate functions and values on the site from 2010 to 2013. This method provides an objective means of assigning wetlands an overall rating and provides regulators a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values (Berglund and McEldowney 2008). Field data for this assessment were collected during the site visit. Wetland Assessment Forms were completed for three separate assessment areas (AA) within mitigation site (Appendix B).

#### 2.7. Photo Documentation

Monitoring at photo points provided supplemental information documenting wetland, upland, and vegetation transect conditions; site trends; and current land uses surrounding the site. Photographs were taken at established photo points throughout the mitigation area during the site visit (Appendix C). Photo point locations were recorded with a resource grade GPS unit (Figure 2, Appendix A).

#### 2.8. GPS Data

Site features and survey points were collected with a resource grade Thales Pro Mark III GPS unit during the 2013 monitoring season. Points were collected using WAAS-enabled differential correction satellites, typically improving resolution to sub-meter accuracy. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and presented in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with GPS included fence boundaries, photograph points, transect endpoints, wetland/upland boundaries, and wetland data points.

#### 2.9. Maintenance Needs

Channels, engineered structures, fencing, and other features were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems.



This was a cursory examination and did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection.

#### 3. RESULTS

## 3.1. Hydrology

Climate data from the meteorological station at Wilsall 8 ENE, Montana (249023), recorded an average annual precipitation rate of 20.28 inches from April 1957 to April 2013 (Western Region Climate Center {WRCC} 2010). The recorded annual precipitation rate was 24.15 inches (2010), 18.03 inches (2011), and 16.34 inches (2012). The historic precipitation average from January to August was 15.06 inches. The precipitation totals for this same period was 17.56 inches (2010), 13.36 inches (2011), 12.41 inches (2012), and 7.35 inches (2013). This data indicates 2012 received 2.65 (18%) fewer inches and 2013 was 7.71 (51%) inches below the long-term average.

The irrigation diversion system located upgradient of the wetland cells was closed during the 2011, 2012, and 2013 investigations. The area was flood irrigated in June and July of 2013 when irrigation water was available. Approximately five percent of the site was inundated with surface water during the 2013 investigation at depths ranging from 0 to 1.5 feet. The average depth was 0.2 feet and the depth at the emergent vegetation/open water boundary was 0.5 feet. Inundated areas were located within the lowest contour of the excavated depressions. Unlike the 2011 monitoring event at this site, which revealed scour holes, sediment deposits, wrack lines, water marks, and other signs of recent inundation, there were no recent signs of overbank flooding from the Shields River or activation of the flood channel observed within the site in 2013.

Three data points were sampled to determine the wetland/upland boundaries. There were no hydrological indicators observed at E-1 or E-2. Data point E-3 was located in an area that met the wetland criteria. Wetland hydrology indicators at E-3, located within a created wetland cell, included saturation, inundation visible on aerial imagery, sparsely vegetated concave surface, saturation visible on aerial imagery, geomorphic position, and FAC-Neutral test. The soil profile was saturated at 8 inches below ground surface. Additional hydrological indicators observed in various wetlands at the Easton Ranch site included sparsely vegetated concave surfaces, water-stained leaves, algal crust, soil cracks, and dry season water table. Site wide saturation and inundation levels were lower in 2013 versus 2011 and 2012, likely a result of lower regional precipitation rates and the absence of overbank flow from the Shields River.

The 2011 spring runoff levels and duration were high as a result of an above-average snowpack in the mountains and above average spring precipitation. The constructed flood channel through the mitigation site was activated for the first time since construction during the early part of the 2011 growing season. Fluvial geomorphic processes resulted in the initial development of scour holes,



riffles, and point bars. Surface water was not flowing in the channel during the August 2013 site visit. A few isolated scour pools were observed in the base of the constructed channel. No areas of bank erosion were noted.

### 3.2. Vegetation

Monitoring year 2013 marked the fourth year of monitoring on the Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site. One hundred and thirty two plant species have been observed site-wide since 2010 (Table 2). Vegetation plant communities were mapped and named by plant composition and dominance. The composition of each community is listed on the Mitigation Monitoring Form (Appendix B). The community boundaries are shown on Figure 3 in Appendix A.

Plant communities remained consistent from 2012 to 2013. Two upland and five wetland community types were observed on the site in 2013. The upland communities were Type 1 - *Phleum pratense/Poa pratensis* and Type 8 - *Bromus* spp./*Trifolium* spp. and the wetland communities include Type 3 - *Carex* spp., Type 4 - *Salix drummondiana*, Type 5 - *Populus balsamifera*, Type 6 - *Beckmannia syzigachne*, and Type 7 - Aquatic Macrophytes. These communities are discussed below.

Upland community Type 1 – *Phleum pratense/Poa pratensis* was identified on 9.04 acres of higher elevation areas that surround the constructed wetland cells and channel (Figure 3, Appendix A). The community was dominated by herbaceous species including common Timothy (*Phleum pratense*), Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*), smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*), caraway (*Carum carvi*), orchard grass (*Dactylis glomerata*), yellow sweet-clover (*Melilotus officinalis*), and common dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*). Of note, the indicator status of smooth brome and Kentucky bluegrass was changed from FACU to FAC on the 2012 NWPL.

Wetland community Type 3 – Carex species (spp.) encompassed 0.46 acres in the pre-existing emergent wetlands located at the north and southwest boundaries of the site. The community included a diverse mix of wetland species including Northwest Territory sedge (beaked sedge, Carex utriculata), leafy tussock sedge (Carex aquatilis), lamp rush (Juncus effusus), narrow-leaf willow (Salix exigua), and red-tinged bulrush (small-fruited bulrush, Scirpus microcarpus).



Table 2. Vegetation species observed from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

		WMVC Indicator
Scientific Names	Common Names	Status <sup>1</sup>
Achillea millefolium	Common Yarrow	FACU
Agrostis gigantea	Black Bent	FAC
Agrostis stolonifera	Spreading Bent	FAC
Algae, green	Algae, green	NL
Alisma gramineum	Narrow-Leaf Water-Plantain	OBL
Alnus incana	Speckled Alder	FACW
Alopecurus geniculatus	Marsh Meadow-Foxtail	OBL
Alopecurus pratensis	Field Meadow-Foxtail	FAC
Alyssum alyssoides	Pale Madwort	UPL
Amaranthus retroflexus	Red-Root	FACU
Avena fatua	Wild Oat	UPL
Bassia scoparia	Mexican-Fireweed	FAC
Beckmannia syzigachne	American Slough Grass	OBL
Brassica kaber	Wild Mustard	UPL
Bromus arvensis	Japanese Brome	UPL
Bromus carinatus	California Brome	UPL
Bromus ciliatus	Fringed Brome	FAC
Bromus inermis	Smooth Brome	FAC
Bromus tectorum	Cheatgrass	UPL
Calamagrostis canadensis	Bluejoint	FACW
Carduus nutans	Nodding Plumeless Thistle	UPL
Carex aquatilis	Leafy Tussock Sedge	OBL
Carex nebrascensis	Nebraska Sedge	OBL
Carex praegracilis	Clustered Field Sedge	FACW
Carex rostrata	Swollen Beaked Sedge	OBL
Carex sp.	Sedge	NL
Carex stipata	Stalk-Grain Sedge	OBL
Carex utriculata	Northwest Territory Sedge	OBL
Carex vesicaria	Lesser Bladder Sedge	OBL
Carum carvi	Caraway	FACU
Cassiope mertensiana	Western Moss-Heather	FACU
Chenopodium album	Lamb's-Quarters	FACU
Chenopodium leptophyllum	Narrow-Leaf Goosefoot	FACU
Cirsium arvense	Canadian Thistle	FAC
Cirsium douglasii	Douglas' Thistle	OBL
Cirsium vulgare	Bull Thistle	FACU
Convolvulus arvensis	Field Bindweed	UPL
Cornus alba	Red Osier	FACW
Cynoglossum officinale	Gypsy-Flower	FACU
Dactylis glomerata	Orchard Grass	FACU
Dasiphora fruticosa	Golden-Hardhack	FAC
Deschampsia cespitosa	Tufted Hairgrass	FACW
Descurainia sophia	Herb Sophia	UPL
Dracocephalum sp.	Dragonhead	NL

<sup>1</sup>Draft 2012 NWPL.

New species identified in 2013 are bolded.



Table 2. (Continued). Vegetation species observed from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

		WMVC Indicator		
Scientific Names	Common Names	Status <sup>1</sup>		
Eleocharis palustris	Common Spike-Rush	OBL		
Elodea sp.	Waterweed	NL		
Elymus cinereus	Basin Wild Rye	UPL		
Elymus repens	Creeping Wild Rye	FAC		
Elymus sp.	Wild Rye	NL		
Epilobium ciliatum	Fringed Willowherb	FACW		
Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail	FAC		
Equisetum hyemale	Tall Scouring-Rush	FACW		
Festuca arundinacea	Tall fescue	FAC		
Festuca pratensis	Meadow Fescue	FACU		
Fragaria virginiana	Virginia Strawberry	FACU		
Galium palustre	Common Marsh Bedstraw	OBL		
Geum macrophyllum	Large-Leaf Avens	FAC		
Glyceria elata	Tall Manna Grass	FACW		
Glyceria grandis	American Manna Grass	OBL		
Glyceria striata	Fowl Manna Grass	OBL		
Glycyrrhiza lepidota	American Licorice	FAC		
Helianthus annuus	Common Sunflower	FACU		
Hordeum jubatum	Fox-Tail Barley	FAC		
Juncus arcticus	Arctic Rush	FACW		
Juncus bufonius	Toad Rush	FACW		
Juncus effusus	Lamp Rush	FACW		
Juncus ensifolius	Dagger-Leaf Rush	FACW		
Juncus nevadensis	Sierran Rush	FACW		
Juncus sp.	Rush	NL		
Juncus tenuis	Lesser Poverty Rush	FAC		
Juncus torreyi	Torrey's Rush	FACW		
Lappula occidentalis	Flatspine stickseed	NL		
Larix occidentalis	Western Larch	FACU		
Lotus corniculatus	Garden Bird's-Foot-Trefoil	FAC		
Leymus cinereus	Great Basin Lyme Grass	FAC		
Lycopus asper	Rough Water-Horehound	OBL		
Medicago lupulina	Black Medick	FACU		
Medicago sativa	Alfalfa	UPL		
Medicago sp.	Alfalfa	NL		
Melilotus officinalis	Yellow Sweet-Clover	FACU		
Mentha arvensis	American Wild Mint	FACW		
Mimulus guttatus	Seep Monkey-Flower	OBL		
Myriophyllum sp.	Water-Milfoil	NL		
Pascopyrum smithii	Western-Wheat Grass	FACU		
Persicaria lapathifolia	Dock-Leaf Smartweed	FACW		
Persicaria maculosa	Lady's-Thumb	FACW		
Phalaris arundinacea	Reed Canary Grass	FACW		
Phleum pratense	Common Timothy	FAC		

<sup>1</sup>Draft 2012 NWPL.

New species identified in 2013 are bolded.



Table 2. (Continued). Vegetation species observed from 2010 to 2012 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

		WMVC Indicator
Scientific Names	Common Names	Status <sup>1</sup>
Plantago major	Great Plantain	FAC
Poa palustris	Fowl Blue Grass	FAC
Poa pratensis	Kentucky Blue Grass	FAC
Polypogon monspeliensis	Annual Rabbit's-Foot Grass	FACW
Populus angustifolia	Narrow-Leaf Cottonwood	FACW
Populus balsamifera	Balsam Poplar	FAC
Populus tremuloides	Quaking Aspen	FACU
Potentilla gracilis	Graceful Cinquefoil	FAC
Prunus virginiana	Choke Cherry	FACU
Ranunculus sp.	Buttercup	NL
Rhamnus alnifolia	Alder-Leaf Buckthorn	FACW
Ribes lacustre	Bristly Black Gooseberry	FAC
Rosa woodsii	Woods' Rose	FACU
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock	FAC
Ruppia maritima	Beaked Ditch-Grass	OBL
Salix bebbiana	Gray Willow	FACW
Salix drummondiana	Drummond's Willow	FACW
Salix exigua	Narrow-Leaf Willow	FACW
Salix lasiandra	Pacific Willow	FACW
Salix lutea	Yellow Willow	OBL
Salix sp.	Willow	NL
Scirpus microcarpus	Red-Tinge Bulrush	OBL
Scirpus pallidus	Pale Bulrush	OBL
Scutellaria galericulata	Hooded Skullcap	OBL
Scutellaria lateriflora	Mad Dog Skullcap	FACW
Sinapis arvensis	Charlock Mustard	UPL
Sisymbrium altissimum	Tall Hedge-Mustard	FACU
Sisyrinchium idahoense	Idaho Blue-Eyed-Grass	FACW
Solidago canadensis	Canadian Goldenrod	FACU
Stellaria graminea	Grass-Leaf Starwort	FACU
Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion	FACU
Thlaspi arvense	Field Penny-Cress	UPL
Tragopogon dubius	Yellow Salsify	UPL
Trifolium arvense	Rabbitfoot Clover	UPL
Trifolium hybridum	Alsike Clover	FAC
Trifolium pratense	Red Clover	FACU
Trifolium repens	White Clover	FAC
Trifolium sp.	Clover	NL
Triglochin maritima	Seaside Arrow-Grass	OBL
Typha latifolia	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL
Urtica dioica	Stinging Nettle	FAC
Verbascum thapsus	Great Mullein	FACU
Vicia americana	American Purple Vetch	FAC

<sup>1</sup>Draft 2012 NWPL.

New species identified in 2013 are bolded.



Wetland community Type 4 – *Salix drummondiana* was identified in a 0.14 acres area in the northwest corner of the site near the bank of the Shields River. The area encompassed a pre-existing scrub-shrub wetland. Dominant species included Drummond willow (*Salix drummondiana*), western-wheatgrass (*Pascopyrum smithii*, called *Agropryon* on 1988 list), and Nebraska sedge (*Carex nebrascensis*). Other wetland species identified in this community include American sloughgrass (*Beckmannia syzigachne*), bristly black gooseberry (*Ribes lacustre*), red-tinge bulrush, American mannagrass (*Glyceria grandis*), stinging nettle (*Urtica dioica*), orchard grass, and common Timothy.

Wetland community Type 5 – *Populus balsamifera* was a pre-existing undisturbed forested, scrub/shrub wetland located on 0.69 acres south of the construction area. The vegetation community was dominated by balsam poplar (*Populus balsamifera*), narrow-leaf cottonwood (*Populus angustifolia*), smooth brome, fowl mannagrass (*Glyceria striata*), gray willow, red tinge bulrush, Pacific willow (*Salix lasiandra*), and blue skullcap (*Scutellaria lateriflora*).

Wetland community Type 6 – *Beckmannia syzigachne* characterized 10.19 acres of the constructed depressions and floodplain channel, an increase of 2.35 acres since 2011. The base elevation of a majority of the depressions in this community contained surface water or signs of recent inundation in 2012 and 2013. This diverse community type was dominated by American sloughgrass, fowl mannagrass, field meadow foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*), field horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*), Arctic rush (*Juncus arcticus*) and lamp rush. Forty six other species were identified at five percent or less cover in this community. This community showed an increase in the quantity and coverage of *Juncus* species in 2013 and appears to be trending towards a *Juncus* community type.

Wetland community Type 7 - Aquatic Macrophytes was found in excavated depressions with the longest duration of surface water and support semipermanent open water. Two depressions were identified as Aquatic Macrophytes community across the site and were located within the southern half of the site where a higher seasonal groundwater table is sustained. The community characterized approximately 0.92 acres of the site, a decrease of 0.15 acres from 2012. The wetland has been classified as an aquatic bed community since 2011, generally defined as a wetland vegetation class dominated by plants "that grow principally on or below the surface of the water for most of the growing season in almost all years (Cowardin et al. 1979)." The Montana Natural Heritage Program (MTNHP) website further defines the Palustrine Aquatic Bed Class as having aquatic plants at greater than 30 percent cover and water depths of greater than 0.5 m (and less than 2 meters) (MTNHP The dominant species were green algae (protist), and American sloughgrass, with lower covers of water-milfoil (Myriophyllum sp.), American mannagrass, and beaked ditch-grass (Ruppia maritima).



Upland community Type 8 – *Bromus* spp./*Trifolium* spp. was identified on 12.07 acres of upland located within the excavated footprint. This community replaced Community Type 2 – *Chenopodium* spp./*Phleum pratense* in 2011 as primary colonizing species decreased dominance and more persistent, perennial plants increased in cover. The vegetation cover increased notably within this community in 2012 and 2013. This community decreased in size by 1.05 acres since 2012, primarily a result of the expansion of adjacent wetland habitat into the lower elevations of this community. The community was dominated by smooth brome, common Timothy, Kentucky bluegrass, and creeping wildrye (*Elymus* repens). Forty three other species were observed at five percent or less in this community.

In general, the site has continued to develop desirable hydrophytic vegetation since initial monitoring in 2010. Community Type 6 – *Beckmannia syzigachne*, continued to develop and increased in size to 10.19 acres in 2013. The overall percent cover of hydrophytic vegetation in the constructed floodplain continued to increase in 2013, improving soil stability and protection from erosion when the channel is activated during high flows in the Shields River.

Vegetation cover was measured along three transects at the Easton Ranch Mitigation Site in 2013 (Figure 2, Appendix A). The data recorded on Transect 1 (Monitoring Forms, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphical formats in Table 3 and Chart 1 and Chart 2, respectively. The transect ends were photographed (Page C-6 in Appendix C). Transect T-1 extends 1,376 feet (1,072 feet in 2010 due to field error during survey) from south to north across several constructed cells east of the constructed channel. The transect intervals alternated between upland community Types 1 – *Phleum pratense/Poa pratensis* and 8 – *Bromus* spp./*Trifolium* spp. and wetland community Types 6 – *Beckmannia syzigachne* and 7 – Aquatic macrophytes. Hydrophytic vegetation communities comprised 17 percent of T-1 in 2013, a slight increase of 2.3 percent since 2012.

Table 3. Data summary for Transect 1 from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

Monitoring Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Transect Length (feet)	1072	1376	1376	1376
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	11	11	12	12
Vegetation Communities along Transect	3	4	4	4
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	1	2	2	2
Total Vegetative Species	33	18	34	44
Total Hydrophytic Species	15	19	20	29
Total Upland Species	18	19	14	15
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	65	70	80	85
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	28.0	17.0	14.7	17.0
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	70.0	83.0	82.5	83.0
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	2.5	0.0	2.8	0.0
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0



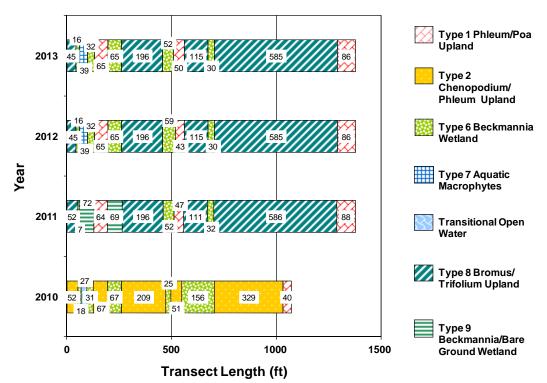


Chart 1. Transect maps showing community types on Transect T-1 from start (0 feet) to finish (1376 feet in 2011, 2012 and 2013 and 1072 feet in 2010) at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

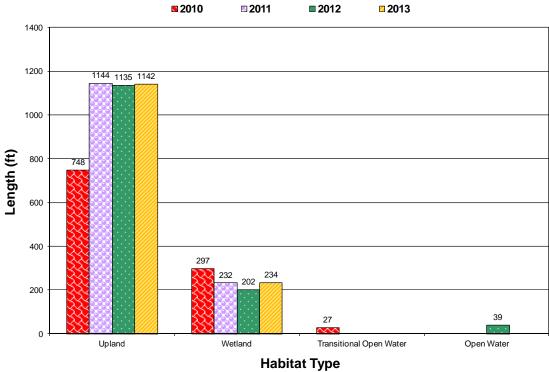


Chart 2. Length of habitat types within Transect T-1 from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.



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Data collected on Transect T-2 (Monitoring Form, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphic formats (Table 4, Charts 3 and 4, respectively). The endpoints of Transect T-2 were photographed (Page C-7 in Appendix C). Wetland types 3 and 6 and upland types 1 and 8 were identified along this transect. Hydrophytic vegetation communities comprised 38.9 percent of T-2 in 2013, a slight decrease from 39.5 percent in 2012 and 41 percent in 2011. An increase of three hydrophytic species, for a total of 32 species, was documented along T-2 in 2013.

Table 4. Data summary for Transect T-2 from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

Monitoring Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Transect Length (feet)	1333	1333	1333	1333
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	11	8	7	7
Vegetation Communities along Transect	4	4	4	4
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2	2	2
Total Vegetative Species	35	38	42	45
Total Hydrophytic Species	17	22	29	32
Total Upland Species	18	16	13	13
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	65	75	80	85
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	38.7	41.0	39.5	38.9
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	61.3	59.0	60.5	61.1
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

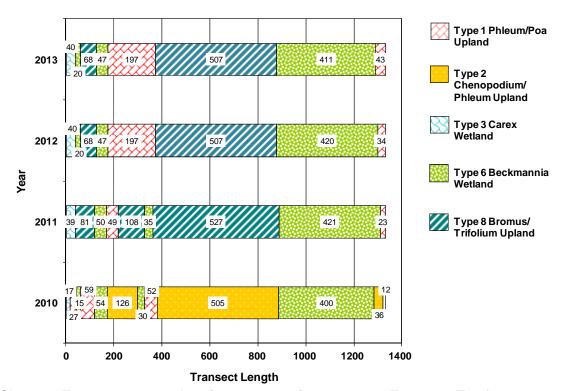


Chart 3. Transect maps showing community types on Transect T-2 from 2010 to 2013 from start (0 feet) to finish (1,333 feet) at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.



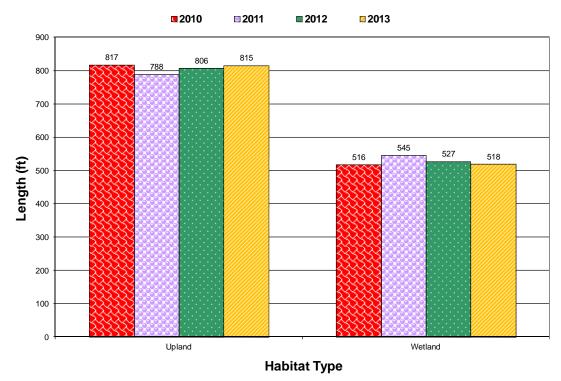


Chart 4. Length of habitat types within Transect T-2 from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

Transect T-3 was established west to east across the constructed cells and channel in the south half of the site (Figure 2, Appendix A). Transect T-3 data (Monitoring Form, Appendix B) are summarized in tabular and graphic formats (Table 5 and Charts 5 and 6, respectively). Photographs of the endpoints of Transect T-3 are located on Page C-8 in Appendix C. The transect intervals intercepted upland community Types 1 and 8 and wetland community Type 6. Hydrophytic vegetation comprised 48.9 percent of Transect T-3 in 2013, a slight decrease from 49.1 percent in 2012 and 50 percent in 2011. There were few changes between the transect data collected in 2013 versus 2012. The ground elevation is slightly lower in the south half of the site relative to overall groundwater levels and may contribute to the comparatively steady vegetation communities documented along T-3.

Table 5. Data summary for Transect T-3 from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

Monitoring Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Transect Length (feet)	751	751	751	751
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	11	9	9	8
Vegetation Communities along Transect	3	3	3	3
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	1	1	1	1
Total Vegetative Species	24	35	33	34
Total Hydrophytic Species	11	17	20	20
Total Upland Species	13	18	13	14
Estimated % Total Vegetative Cover	65	70	80	85
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	45.0	50.0	49.1	48.9
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	55.0	50.0	50.9	51.1
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0



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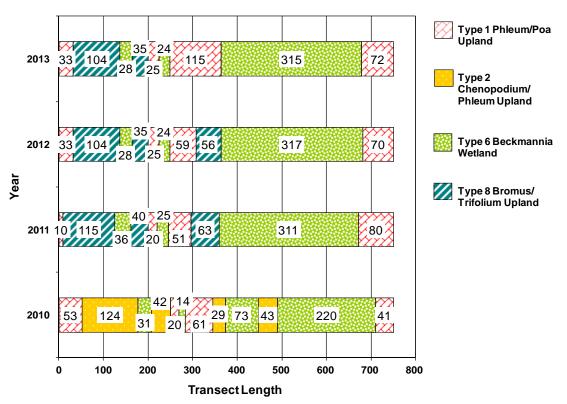


Chart 5. Transect maps showing community types on Transect T-3 from 2010 to 2013 from start (0 feet) to finish (751 feet) at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

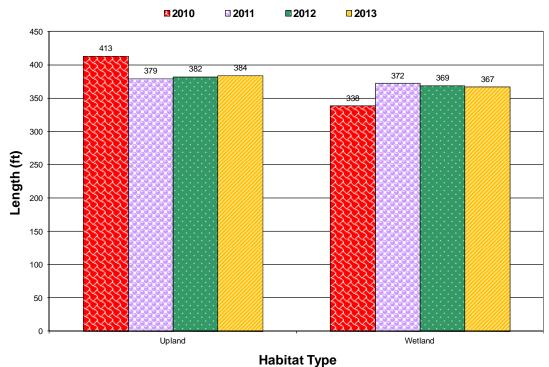


Chart 6. Length of habitat types within Transect T-3 from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.



Thirteen infestations of Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), a Priority 2B noxious weed, were identified on site, primarily in uplands and along the site perimeter (Figure 3). The infestations ranged in area from less than 0.1 acres to between 0.1 and 1.0 acre. The cover classes ranged from a trace (less than 1 percent) to moderate (6 to 25 percent) cover. Canadian thistle was observed in communities 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8. Six infestations of houndstongue (gypsy-flower, *Cynoglossum officinale*) were observed primarily along the west perimeter, with one infestation along the east perimeter. The size of the infestations was less than 0.1 acres with a trace (less than one percent) to five percent cover.

Several hundred cuttings and containerized vegetative materials were planted along the constructed flood channel to increase root stability. The plants that were thriving in 2012 exhibited moderate to good vigor during the 2013 site visit. Approximately 10 red-osier dogwood (*Cornus alba*), 30 sandbar willow, 26 thinleaf alder, and 40 willow cuttings were identified as surviving in 2013. There was an increase in the amount of woody volunteer species, primarily quaking aspen (*Populus tremuloides*) along the northern and southern project boundaries in 2013.

#### 3.3. Soil

The project site was mapped in the *Park County Soil Survey* (USDA 2010) within the Meadowcreek and rarely-flooded Nesda complexes, found on 0 to 2 percent slopes (155A). The Meadowcreek series is a somewhat poorly drained clay loam soil located on floodplains within valleys. The map unit is listed on the Montana Hydric soil list and is classified as a frigid Fluvaquentic Haplustoll. The Nesda loam (600B) is mapped in a small area at the south end of the project. The loam is a well-drained, frigid Fluventic Haplustoll that is listed on the Montana hydric soil list.

Soil test pits were excavated at three locations, all within what was originally mapped as the Meadowcreek series (E-1 through E-3, Figure 2, Appendix A). Data points E-1 and E-2 were located within Community 8 in upland areas excavated in the north half of the site. Data point E-3 was located in a shallow constructed wetland depression in Community 6. The soil profile at E-1 revealed a brown silt loam (10YR 5/3) with 3 percent dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) redoximorphic concentrations in the matrix. This soil did not meet the hydric criteria. The profile at E-2 revealed a brown (10 YR 5/3) friable, silt loam. There were no hydric soil indicators observed in this profile. Data point E-3 exhibited a very dark gray loam (10 YR 3/1) with twenty percent strong brown (7.5 YR 5/8) redox concentrations in the matrix. The soil met the criteria for depleted matrix (F3) and classification as hydric soil. The soil profiles in the test pits did not generally correlate with the map unit, likely as a result of mixing that occurred during construction.



#### 3.4. Wetland Delineation

Three data points were used to support the wetland boundary (E-1 to E-3, Figure 2, Appendix A and Wetland Determination Data Forms, Appendix B). Data point E-3 was located in community Type 6 in the western portion of the site near an excavated depression that qualified as a wetland. Data points E-1 and E-2 were located on the eastern and western boundaries of the site and characterized the upland conditions where the ground surface was lowered during construction of the mitigation site. The total wetland acreage, including pre-existing wetland, was 12.40 acres in 2013, an increase of 0.76 acres since 2012 (Table 6). The delineation mapped 1.10 acres of pre-existing emergent and shrub/scrub wetland within the mitigation boundaries in 2013 (Figure 3, Appendix A). The pre-existing wetlands were originally defined during the baseline investigation completed in August 2001 (MDT 2008). The 2013 delineated wetland acres include 1.56 acres of the re-established flood channel (Community 6, Figure 3, Appendix A) and 9.74 acres of created wetland. Uplands account for 21.11 acres of the mitigation site. Water from the irrigation system at the northeast boundary had been diverted to the site during June and July, prior to the August 2013 visit. However, the frequency and duration of surface and ground water does not appear to be sufficient to support a dominance of hydrophytic plants in a majority of the excavated area. The density of the vegetation cover in the depressions characterized by Community 6 (wetland) continued to increase in 2013.

Table 6. Total wetland acres delineated from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

Habitat	2001 (acres)	2010 (acres)	2011 (acres)	2012 (acres)	2013 (acres)
Pre-existing Wetland Area	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10
Created Wetland Area		10.43	10.54	10.54	11.30
Total Wetland Habitat	1.10	11.53	11.64	11.64	12.40



#### 3.5. Wildlife

A comprehensive list of bird and other wildlife species observed directly or indirectly from 2010 to 2013 is presented in Table 7. Nine bird species were identified in 2013, including one new species, Turkey vulture (*Cathartes aura*). The behaviors and habitats of all birds observed in 2013 are listed on the Mitigation Monitoring Form (Appendix B). A moose (*Alces americanus*) and deer (*Odocoilous*) tracks were observed on site in 2013.

Table 7. Wildlife species observed from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME						
AMPHIBIAN							
Columbia Spotted Frog	Rana luteiventris						
Woodhouse's Toad	Bufo woodhousii						
MAMMAL							
Coyote	Canis latrans						
Deer Mouse	Peromyscus maniculatus						
Long-tailed Vole	Microtus longicaudus						
Meadow Vole	Microtus pennsylvanicus						
Moose	Alces americanus						
Porcupine	Erethizon dorsatum						
Pronghorn Antelope	Antilocapra americana						
Raccoon	Procyon lotor						
Richardson's Ground Squirrel	Spermophilus richardsonii						
Striped Skunk	Mephitis mephitis						
White-footed Mouse	Peromyscus leucopus						
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus						
REF	TILE						
Plains Gartersnake	Thamnophis radix						
BI	RD						
American Coot	Fulica americana						
American Crow	Corvus brachyrhynchos						
American Goldfinch	Spinus tristus						
American Kestrel	Falco sparverius						
American Robin	Turdus migratorius						
American Wigeon	Anas americana						
Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus						
Band-tailed Pigeon	Patagioenas fasciata						
Bank Swallow	Riparia riparia						
Belted Kingfisher	Megaceryle alcyon						
Black-billed Magpie	Pica hudsonia						
Black-capped Chickadee	Poecile atricapillus						
Canada Goose	Branta canadensis						
Cedar Waxwing	Bombycilla cedrorum						
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus						
Golden Eagle	Aquila chrysaetos						

Species identified in 2013 are listed in **bold** type.



Table 7 (continued). Wildlife species observed from 2010 to 2013 at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME					
BIRD						
Gray Catbird	Dumetella carolinensis					
Great Horned Owl	Bubo virginianus					
House Wren	Troglodytes aedon					
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus					
Lesser Yellowlegs	Tringa flavipes					
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos					
Mountain Bluebird	Sialia currucoides					
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura					
Northern Flicker	Colaptes auratus					
Northern Harrier	Circus cyaneus					
Osprey	Pandion haliaetus					
Red-tailed Hawk	Buteo jamaicensis					
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus					
Sandhill Crane	Grus canadensis					
Song Sparrow	Melospiza melodia					
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularius					
Tree Swallow	Tachycineta bicolor					
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura					
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus					
Western Bluebird	Sialia mexicana					
Western Meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta					
Willet	Tringa semipalmata					
Wilson's Snipe	Gallinago delicata					
Yellow Warbler	Dendroica petechia					
Yellow-rumped Warbler	Dendroica coronata					

Species identified in 2013 are listed in **bold** type.

#### 3.6. Functional Assessment

The 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method (MWAM) (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) was used to evaluate three assessment areas (AA) (Table 8 and Appendix B). The AAs were separated by Creation, Restoration, and Preservation areas of the mitigation site and are discussed below.

The Creation AA encompassed 9.74 acres of constructed palustrine, emergent wetland cells and has generated 56.01 functional units. The overall rating for the Creation AA remained at a Category III wetland characterized by low disturbance in 2013. The ratings were high for short and long term surface water storage, sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal, and production export/food chain support. The number of units and acreage are expected to increase as some areas of upland in the excavated areas (Community 8) transition to wetland habitat, provided sufficient wetland hydrology exists within the site.



Table 8. Functions and Values of the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site from 2010 to 2013.

Function and Value Parameters from the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method	2010 Creation	2010 Restoration	2010 Preservation	2011 Creation	2011 Restoration	2011 Preservation	2012 Creation	2012 Restoration	2012 Preservation	2013 Creation	2013 Restoration	2013 Preservation
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)	Low (0.1)
MTNHP Species Habitat	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.5)	Low (0.3)	High (0.9)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (0.9)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (0.9)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (0.9)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	NA	NA	NA									
Flood Attenuation	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.5)	Exc (1.0)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.6)	High (0.9)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.6)	High (0.9)
Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	High ( 0.9)	Mod ( 0.6)	High ( 0.8)	High ( 0.8)	Mod (0.6)	High ( 0.8)	High ( 0.8)	Mod (0.6)	High ( 0.8)	High ( 0.8)	Mod (0.6)	High ( 0.8)
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.6)	High (1.0)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (0.9)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (0.9)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.6)	NA	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.6)	NA	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	NA	Mod (0.6)	High (0.9)	NA
Production Export/ Food Chain Support	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.7)	High (0.8)	Mod (0.7)	Exc (1.0)	High (0.8)	Mod (0.7)	Exc (1.0)	High (0.8)	Mod (0.7)	Exc (1.0)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)
Uniqueness	Low (0.2)	Low (0.2)	Mod (0.6)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.6)
Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)	Low (0.05)
Actual Points / Possible Points	5.25 / 10	4.95 / 10	6.65 / 9	5.75 / 10	5.95 / 10	6.95/9	5.75 / 10	5.65 / 10	6.25/9	5.75 / 10	5.95 / 10	6.55 / 9
% of Possible Score Achieved	52.5%	49.5%	73.9%	57.5%	59.5%	77.2%	57.5%	56.5%	69.4%	57.5%	59.5%	72.8%
Overall Category	III	III	II									
Acreage of Assessed Aquatic Habitats within Easement	8.98	1.45	1.1	9.09	1.45	1.1	9.09	1.45	1.1	9.74	1.56	1.1
Functional Units (acreage x actual points)	47.15	7.18	7.32	52.27	8.63	7.65	52.27	8.19	6.88	56.01	9.28	7.21



The Restoration AA consisted of 1.56 acres of re-established flood channel. The Restoration AA (flood channel) received a Category III rating with 59.5 percent of the total possible points, a slight increase from 56.5 in 2012. There was an increase from moderate to high rating for sediment/shoreline stabilization. Ratings were high for sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal and moderate for general wildlife habitat, flood attenuation, short and long term surface water storage, production export/food chain support, groundwater discharge/recharge, and uniqueness. The Restoration AA achieved a total of 9.28 functional units in 2013, an increase of 1.09 units from 2012.

The 1.1 acre Preservation AA encompassed the existing forested, shrub/scrub and palustrine emergent wetlands. The existing wetland within the Preservation AA was rated as Category II with 72.8 percent of the possible points. The presence of emergent, scrub/shrub, and forested wetlands types increased the structural diversity and flood attenuation ratings. Ratings were high for general wildlife habitat, flood attenuation, short and long term surface water storage, sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal, and groundwater discharge/recharge and excellent for production export/food chain support. The Preservation AA scored a total of 7.21 functional units is 2013.

#### 3.7. Photo Documentation

Photographs taken at photo points one through seven (PP1 through PP7; Figure 2, Appendix A) from 2010, 2012 and 2013 are shown on pages C-1 to C-5 of Appendix C. Transect end points are shown on pages C-6 to C-8 of Appendix C. Panoramas of photo points PP-2 to PP-5 are included on pages C-9 to C-11 of Appendix C. Photos of the data points are included on page C-12. Photo points 4A and 4B on pages C-4 and C-5 show the Shields River just outside the northwest corner of the project area from 2010, 2012 and 2013.

#### 3.8. Maintenance Needs

The irrigation diversion structure was closed during the July 2011, June 2012 and August 2013 site investigations. It is recommended that water be diverted into the site during the early growing season to promote increased development of hydric soils and hydrophytic vegetation within the site. Nine bird-boxes were installed at the site between 2010 and 2013. Four of the bird boxes were occupied. All fences were intact. No maintenance was required for the manmade structures.

Thirteen infestations of Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), a Priority 2B noxious weed, were identified primarily around the site perimeter (Figure 3). The infestations ranged in area from less than 0.1 acres to between 0.1 and 1.0 acre. The cover classes ranged from a trace (<1.0 percent) to moderate (6 to 25 percent) cover. Canadian thistle was observed in communities 1, 3, 5, 6, and 8. Six infestations of houndstongue (gypsy-flower, *Cynoglossum officinale*) were observed primarily in the north half of the site. The size of the infestations was less than 0.1 acres with a trace (<1.0 percent) to low (1 to 5 percent) cover. MDT



has an on-going weed control program that assesses and employs weed-control measures within their wetland mitigation sites on a yearly basis.

The east bank of the Shields River along the northwest corner of the Easton mitigation site remained stable through the 2011 runoff event. The structural integrity of the coir-wrapped soil lifts was intact following high flows. Fine-grain deposits accumulated on the lifts as flood waters receded. The 2011 flood flows resulted in the formation of a wider base-flow channel and a slight westward shift of the west bank, away from the site. A debris jam was removed from the channel and several downed trees were removed from the riparian cottonwood forest during the early part of 2012. Photo points 4A and 4B on pages C-2 and C-3 show the banks of the Shields River in the northwest corner of the site from 2010, 2102 and 2013.

## 3.9. Current Credit Summary

Table 9 summarizes the current estimated wetland credits based on the USACE approved credit ratios (MDT 2008) and the wetland delineation completed in August 2013. Proposed mitigation included the creation of 24.95 acres of palustrine, emergent and shrub/scrub wetlands, the re-establishment of a 1.56 acre flood channel, the preservation of 1.10 acres of pre-existing wetland, and the maintenance of 6.43 acres of upland buffer. Proposed wetland credits for the project site totaled 27.41 credit acres, which accounted for 0.67 acres of impacts associated with the construction of the mitigation wetland.

The 2013 delineation identified a total of 12.40 acres of wetlands within the project boundary. Approximately 9.74 acres of emergent wetland has developed to date within the constructed cells. The restored channel encompassed 1.56 acres of riverine emergent wetland. The pre-existing wetland, which included portions of communities 3, 4 and 7, encompassed 1.1 acres. Uplands accounted for 21.11 acres of the 33.51 acre site. The current 50-foot upland buffer calculated for this site totals 11.97 acres. Since this value is expected to decrease with continued wetland development, the expected 50 foot upland buffer at full wetland development (6.43 acres) has been used to calculate credit totals. Applying the approved USACE Mitigation ratios to each mitigation feature, a total of 12.19 acres of credit were estimated in 2013 (Table 9).



Table 9. Summary of wetland credits at the Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation Site from 2010 to 2013.

Proposed Mitigation Features	Compensatory Mitigation Type	USACE Mitigation Ratios	Final Credit Acreages	Proposed Final Wetland Credits (Acres)	2010 Wetland Acreages	2010 Estimated Credit (Acres)	2011 Wetland Acreages	2011 Estimated Credit (Acres)	2012 Wetland Acreages	2012 Estimated Credit (Acres)	2013 Wetland Acreages	2013 Credit Estimated (Acres)
Creation of palustrine emergent wetland via shallow excavation.	Creation	1:1	24.95	24.95	7.78	7.78	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.09	9.74	9.74
Re-establishment of relic flood channel.	Restoration (Re- establishment)	1:1	1.56	1.56	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.45	1.56	1.56
Preservation of existing shrub/scrub and palustrine emergent wetland.	Preservation	4:1	1.10	0.28	1.10	0.28	1.10	0.28	1.10	0.28	1.10	0.28
Establish a 50-foot wide upland buffer.	Upland Buffer	5:1	6.43	1.29	6.43*	1.29	6.43*	1.29	6.43*	1.29	6.43*	1.29
Project Impacts			-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67	-0.67
Total				27.41		10.12		11.44		11.44		12.19

<sup>\*</sup>The current upland buffer is expected to decrease as wetland areas expand within the mitigation boundary. Value presented in this table (6.43ac) represents the expected extent of upland buffer once maximum wetland acreage is achieved.



While a majority of the site was inundated or saturated within 12 inches of the ground surface in July 2011, a decrease in surface and ground water levels at the site was observed in 2012 and 2013. Several of the excavated depressions that contained surface water in 2011 were dry in 2012 and 2013, limiting the potential expansion of wetland acreage within the site (see photo sheets). Decreased water levels were observed on site in 2012 and 2013 and are likely due to a decrease in precipitation during those years. In 2012 and 2013, precipitation was 18% and 51%, respectively, below the long term average.

The Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site has shown continued progress towards achieving goals and performance standards established for this project. Table 10 summarizes the mitigation goals for the Easton Ranch site. Table 11 summarizes the USACE-approved performance standards for this site. The site has achieved five of the six goals for the Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site. Although the site had developed nearly 10 acres of wetland habitat, this value falls short of the 25 acres identified as a target. Existing wetlands within the site have been satisfactorily preserved. The excavated depressions throughout the floodplain function as relic meander scars, storing surface water during periods of high flow within the Shields River. These depressional wetlands have improved the water storage capacity of the floodplain. The constructed floodplain channel was activated during the 2011 spring runoff and resulted in development of scour holes, riffles, and point bars through natural fluvial geomorphic processes. No bank erosion has been identified along the constructed channel through the The establishment of hydrophytic vegetation course of yearly monitoring. communities, preservation of existing scrub-shrub, forested, and emergent wetlands, and wildlife-friendly fencing around the site have improved wildlife habitat within the Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site.

The cuttings, containerized plants, and volunteer species are still developing within the site. Approximately 106 live woody stems were observed in 2013. The stems have not yet achieved enough growth to allow quantification of absolute planted woody vegetation cover site wide. The herbaceous cover of hydrophytic vegetation in a majority of the site is approximately 85 to 90 percent. The percent cover of bare ground has decreased notably across the site from 2010 to 2013. Vegetation cover throughout a majority of the excavated areas targeted for wetland development not identified as wetland in 2013 was dominated by upland plants and will require an increased duration of wetland hydrology to develop into a wetland community. The vegetation cover in the constructed floodplain channel increased in 2013. This channel was not activated during the 2012 or 2013 spring runoff within the Shields River. This channel cross-section was stable and included dominant plants species (rushes, sedges, and American slough grass) with high root stability indices. Weed management is ongoing. The weeds do not currently exceed 10 percent of cover in the upland buffer. The fencing around the site was intact and in good condition and grazing has been excluded from the mitigation area.



Table 10. Summary of mitigation goals for Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site.

Mitigation Goal for Easton Ranch	Goal Achieved Y/N	Discussion
Re-establish a previously existing, relic floodplain channel and associated riparian and floodplain wetland areas totaling 1.56 acres.		A 1.56-acre floodplain channel was excavated through the site. This channel was activated during peak spring runoff in 2011 with fluvial geomorphic processes resulting in scour holes, riffles, and point bars. No areas of bank erosion along this channel have developed and appears to be functioning as designed. Wetland vegetation has established within the footprint of the channel.
Create approximately 25 acres of emergent, scrub/shrub and riparian wetlands by replacing existing hay fields with a variety of wetland communities that mimic habitats found in bioreference wetland areas located north and south of the project.		A total of 9.74 acres of wetland habitat has been created at this site to date.
Preserve 1.1 acres of existing scrub/shrub, forested, and palustrine emergent communities at several locations within the project area.		The 1.1 acres of existing scrub/shrub, forested, and palustrine emergent wetland communities have been preserved, livestock grazing has been eliminated, and the areas continue to exhibit wetland hydrology.
Mimic old meander scars and relic flood channels within the wetland mitigation site.	Υ	Several depressional wetland areas have been constructed across the mitigation site and function as relic meander scars.
Improve water storage capacity and increase the amount of floodplain area across the site.	Υ	Several depressional wetland areas have been constructed across the mitigation site and have increased the water storage capacity of the floodplain.
Increase the amount of wildlife habitat in this reach of the Shields River.	Υ	Wildlife habitat has been improved and protected by excluding livestock grazing and promoting the establishment of wetland vegetation.

The summary of performance standards listed in Table 11 indicates this site has not achieved the full suite of success criteria established in the mitigation plan for the Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site. All wetlands delineated within this site in 2013 met the USACE three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils. Groundwater wells established within the site during baseline evaluation were removed during construction. Trees and shrubs have been planted throughout the mitigation site and natural recruitment of aspen, willows, and cottonwoods have been documented. The anticipated 34.04 acres of wetland development has not occurred to date. In general, the percentages of wetland habitat type fall outside the identified success criteria. The floodplain channel is considered stable and successfully restored. The bank stability of the Shields River in the northwestern corner of the site has been considered marginal as the vegetation established along the banks primarily consist of upland pasture grasses lacking deep-binding roots. The upland buffer has developed greater than 50 percent cover by non-weed species and noxious weed cover is less than 10 percent. This 2013 wetland mitigation monitoring report represents the fourth year of post-construction monitoring at this site.



Table 11. Summary of performance standards and success criteria for Easton Ranch wetland mitigation site.

Performance Standards	Success Criteria	Criteria Achieved Y/N	Discussion			
Wetland Characteristics	Meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils as outlined in the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual and 2010 Mountains, Valleys, Coast Region.	Y	Areas identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site meet the three parameter criteria.			
	Soil saturation present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.	Υ	Areas identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site exhibit soil saturation for a minimum 12.5 percent of growing season.			
	Groundwater wells will be left undisturbed within the site for the purpose of monitoring groundwater elevations during the growing season.	N	No groundwater wells remain on site.			
Wetland Hydrology	Groundwater is filling the depressional wetlands excavated into the upland areas of the site.	Y	Indicators of groundwater filling the depressional wetlands include sparsely vegetated concave surfaces, saturation to the surface and inundation.			
	Constructed stream channel is stable.	Y	The constructed floodplain channel is stable with r bank erosion identified throughout the mitigation a			
I buduin Coil	Hydric soil conditions present or appear to be forming.	Y	Hydric soil characteristics, including redoximorphic concentrations and depleted matrix, have developed throughout a majority of the constructed wetlands.			
Hydric Soil	Soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion.	Y	Disturbed soil is stable and does not exhibit signs of erosion.			
	Soil is able to support plant cover.	Υ	Plant cover has continued to develop across disturbed soils.			
Hydrophytic Vegetation	Achieved when wetlands delineated as hydrophytic utilizing techincal guidelines.	Υ	Areas identified as wetland habitat within the mitigation site support a prevelance of hydrophytic vegetation (OBL, FACW, and FAC).			
Woody Plants	Trees and shrubs will be installed and survival will be assessed; no specific survival criteria established.	Y	Trees and shrubs have been planted throughout the mitigation sites and are assessed during each year monitoring visit. Approximatley 6.7 percent of the wetland areas identified within the site are dominate by woody vegetation. Planted woody species continue to survive and develop along the construct flood channel. Natural recruitement of aspen, willow and cottonwoods within the site continue to establis			
Herbaceous Plants	At least 80 percent of ocular vegetation coverage by desirable hydrophytic vegetation.	Y	Desirable hydrophytic vegetation consist of greater than 80 percent of total vegetation cover within delineated wetlands.			
	Provide 34.04 acres of emergent and scrub/shrub wetlands within mitigationa area.	N	A total of 12.40 acres of emergent, scrub/shrub and forested wetlands are present within mitigation site. This total includes 9.74 acres of created wetland, 1. acres of restored wetland, and 1.10 acres of preserved wetland.			
	Emergent wetland habitat will be 70-75% of mitigation wetland.	N	Emergent wetland habitat comprises approximately 86% of total wetland areas delineated in 2013.			
Wetland Acreage Development	Scrub/shrub wetland habitat will be 15-20% of wetland area.	N	Scrub/shrub wetland habitat comprises approximate 7% of total wetland areas delineated in 2013.			
	Open water will be <5% of wetland area.	N	Open water/aquatic macrophyte habitat comrpises approximately 7% of total wetland areas delineated 2013. Open water areas are seasonal and fluctuate throughout the growing season.			
	Considered stable when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species	Y	Streambanks along the constructed channel are vegetated with a diversity of deep-rooting and wetla plant species.			
Floodplain Channel Restoration	Bank stability will be evaluated by reference reach comparison.	Y	Banks within the constructed floodplain channel are stable and compare to reference reach conditions with no signs of erosion or channel movement.			
	Vegetation transect across the floodplain will be monitored.	Y	Vegetation transect across the floodplain has been monitoired yearly and supports a prevalence of species with a root stability index greater than 6.			
	Area visually inspected and photo documented.	Y	The results of annual inspection and photo documentation along the Shields River in the northwestern corner of the site are presented in the mitigation monitoring reports.			
Bank Stabilization (Shields River)	Stability achieved when the banks are vegetated with a majority of dep-rooting riparian and wetland plant species.	N	The banks of the Shields River are generally dominated by upland pasture grasses. Soil lifts and the rock toe installed along the bank are intact.			
	Noxious weeds do not exceed 10 percent cover within upland buffer area.	Y	Noxious weed cover is less than 10 percent within the upland buffer.			
Upland Buffer	Any area disturbed within creditable buffer zone must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species by end of monitoring period.	Y	Disturbed areas have established greater than 50 percent cover by non-weed species.			
Weed Control	Less than 5 percent absolute cover of state-listed noxious weed species across the site.	Y	State-listed noxious weed species across the site is less than 5 percent absolute cover.			
Fencing	Install wildlife-friendly fencing along the easement boundaries.	Υ	Wildlife-friendly fencing has been installed around the easement boundaries and is in good condition.			
Monitoring	Monitor the site for a minimum period of five years or longer as determined by the US Army Corps.	N	On-going monitoring of this site has extended for 4 years.			



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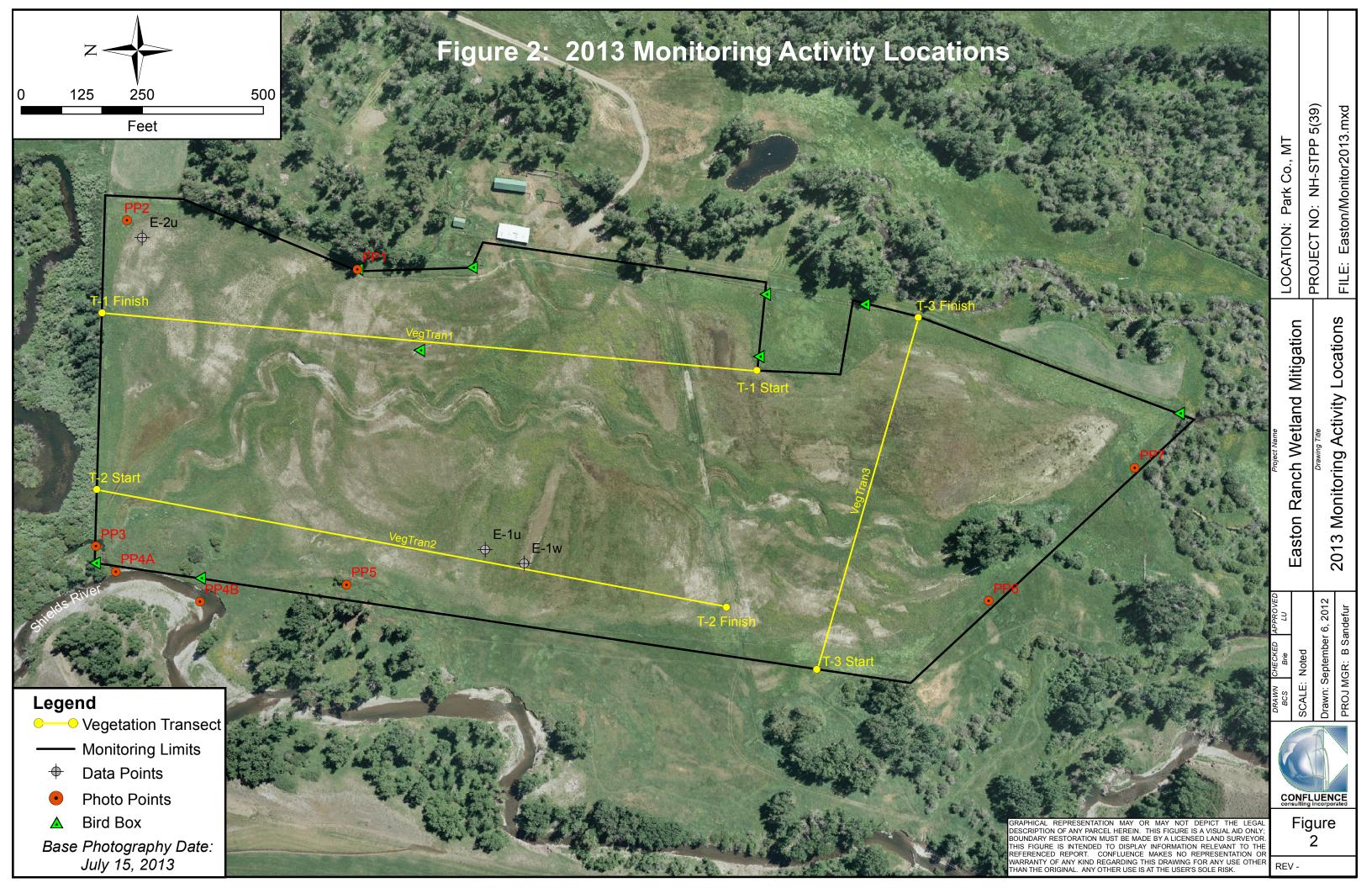


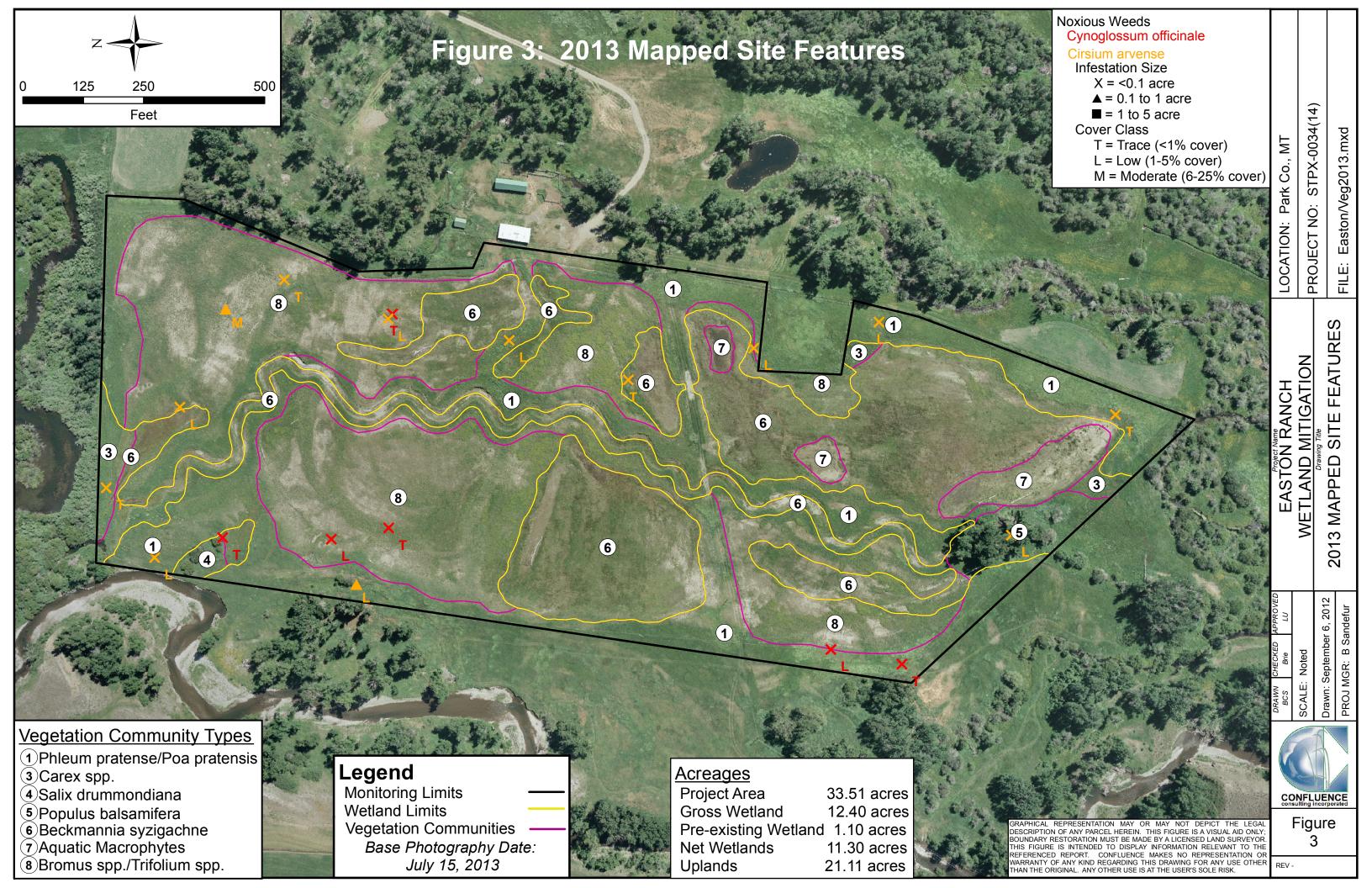
Easton Ranch 2013 Wetland Miti	gation Monitoring Report
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# Appendix A

Project Area Maps – Figures 2 and 3

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Easton Ranch Park County, Montana





Easton Ranch 2013 Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Report

# Appendix B

2013 MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form 2013 USACE Wetland Determination Data Form 2013 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Easton Ranch Park County, Montana

# MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

Project Site: Easton Ranch	Assessment Date/Time	8/5/2013 9:19:09 AM
Person(s) conducting the assessme	nt: B Schultz; B Sandefur	
Weather: Sunny, warm, no recent	precip Location: Easton Ranch Mitigat	ion Site
MDT District: Butte	Milepost: NA	
Legal Description: T <u>4N</u> R 9E	Section(s) NW 1/4 Sec 32	
Initial Evaluation Date: 8/25/2010	Monitoring Year: 4_#Visits in Year: 1	_
Size of Evaluation Area: 34 (a	<u>icres)</u>	
Land use surrounding wetland: Agriculture (hay) to the east; underwetland to the north and south.	eveloped riparian corridor to the west, and	d herbaceous scrub/shrub
	HYDROLOGY	
Surface Water Source: High groundwa	ater; periodic overbank flow from Shields	River.
Inundation: Average D	epth: 0.2 (ft) Range of Depths: 0-	-1.5 <b>(ft)</b>
Percent of assessment area under inund	dation: <u>5 %</u>	
Depth at emergent vegetation-open water	er boundary: <u>0.5 <b>(ft)</b></u>	
If assessment area is not inundated ther	n are the soils saturated within 12 inches of	surface: No
Other evidence of hydrology on the site	(ex drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation	, etc <u>:</u>
·	rious year, water-stained leaves, soil crac ed surface, dry-season water table, geom	_
Groundwater Monitoring Wells		
Record depth of water surface below	w ground surface, in feet.	
Well ID Water Surface D	epth (ft)	
No Wells		
Additional Activities Checklist:		
Map emergent vegetation-open water bound		
Observe extent of surface water during each elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining, e	site visit and look for evidence of past surface water	
Use GPS to survey groundwater monitoring v		
Hydrology Notes:		
flooding in 2013. Irrigation water had	depressions (created wetland AA). No signeen turned into the site in June/July, priors with some signs of previous surface in	or to site visit. Site

# **VEGETATION COMMUNITIES**

# Site Easton Ranch

(Cover Class Codes  $\mathbf{0} = < 1\%, \ \mathbf{1} = 1\text{-}5\%, \ \mathbf{2} = 6\text{-}10\%, \ \mathbf{3} = 11\text{-}20\%, \ \mathbf{4} = 21\text{-}50\%, \ \mathbf{5} = > 50\%$ )

Community # 1 (	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa pratensis	Acres	9.04
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Agrostis gigantea	0	Alopecurus pratensis	0	
Alyssum alyssoides	0	Bare Ground	0	
Bromus carinatus	0	Bromus inermis	3	
Carum carvi	1	Cirsium arvense	0	
Cirsium vulgare	0	Cynoglossum officinale	0	
Dactylis glomerata	1	Elymus cinereus	0	
Elymus repens	0	Equisetum arvense	0	
Equisetum hyemale	0	Festuca arundinacea	0	
Juncus arcticus	0	Lotus corniculatus	1	
Medicago lupulina	0	Melilotus officinalis	1	
Phleum pratense	5	Poa pratensis	3	
Populus tremuloides	1	Potentilla gracilis	0	
Ranunculus sp.	0	Salix exigua	0	
Taraxacum officinale	1	Thlaspi arvense	0	
Trifolium pratense	0			
Comments:				

### Comments:

Community #	3 Community Type: Carex spp. /	<b>Acres</b> <u>0.46</u>
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Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea	0	Carex aquatilis	2
Carex nebrascensis	0	Carex utriculata	5
Cirsium arvense	0	Juncus effusus	1
Medicago lupulina	0	Mentha arvensis	0
Phleum pratense	0	Populus tremuloides	0
Salix exigua	1	Scirpus microcarpus	1
Trifolium pratense	0		

## Comments:

Community # 4 Co	mmunity Type:	Salix drummondiana /	Acres	<u>0.14</u>
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Beckmannia syzigachne	2	Carex nebrascensis	3	
Carex praegracilis	1	Dactylis glomerata	2	
Glyceria grandis	2	Mentha arvensis	1	
Pascopyrum smithii	3	Phleum pratense	2	
Poa pratensis	1	Ribes lacustre	2	
Rosa woodsii	1	Salix bebbiana	1	
Salix drummondiana	4	Scirpus microcarpus	2	
Urtica dioica	2			
Comments:				
Community # 5 Co	ommunity Type:	Populus balsamifera /	Acres	0.69
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Bromus inermis	2	Cirsium arvense	1	
Glyceria striata	2	Populus angustifolia	4	
Populus balsamifera	4	Salix bebbiana	2	
Salix lasiandra	2	Scirpus microcarpus	2	
Scutellaria lateriflora	2			

Comments:

Community #	<u>6</u>	<b>Community Type:</b>	Beckmannia syzigachne /	Acres	<u> 10.19</u>
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Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea	0	Algae, green	0
Alisma gramineum	1	Alnus incana	0
Alopecurus pratensis	2	Bare Ground	0
Beckmannia syzigachne	3	Brassica kaber	1
Bromus carinatus	0	Carex aquatilis	0
Carex sp.	0	Carex stipata	1
Carex utriculata	0	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense	0	Cynoglossum officinale	0
Epilobium ciliatum	0	Equisetum arvense	2
Equisetum hyemale	0	Festuca arundinacea	0
Fragaria virginiana	0	Geum macrophyllum	0
Glyceria grandis	1	Glyceria striata	3
Hordeum jubatum	0	Juncus arcticus	2
Juncus effusus	2	Juncus ensifolius	0
Juncus torreyi	1	Lotus corniculatus	0
Lycopus asper	0	Medicago lupulina	0
Melilotus officinalis	0	Mentha arvensis	1
Phleum pratense	1	Plantago major	1
Poa palustris	1	Poa pratensis	0
Populus angustifolia	0	Potentilla gracilis	0
Rumex crispus	1	Salix bebbiana	0
Salix exigua	0	Salix lutea	0
Salix sp.	0	Scirpus microcarpus	0
Taraxacum officinale	1	Thlaspi arvense	0
Trifolium pratense	0	Trifolium repens	1
Typha latifolia	1	Vicia americana	0

## Comments:

Comments:

Community # 7 Community Type: Aquatic macrophytes / Acres 0.92

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Algae, green	1	Alisma gramineum	0
Beckmannia syzigachne	1	Glyceria grandis	0
Juncus ensifolius	0	Myriophyllum sp.	0
Rumex crispus	0	Ruppia maritima	0

Community #	<b>8</b> Community Ty	<b>pe:</b> Bromus spp. / Trifolium spp.	Acres	<u>12.07</u>

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea	1	Alopecurus pratensis	0
Bare Ground	0	Brassica kaber	0
Bromus arvensis	1	Bromus carinatus	0
Bromus inermis	4	Bromus tectorum	1
Carex aquatilis	0	Carex utriculata	0
Carum carvi	1	Cirsium arvense	0
Cirsium vulgare	0	Cynoglossum officinale	0
Dactylis glomerata	0	Deschampsia cespitosa	0
Elymus cinereus	0	Elymus repens	2
Epilobium ciliatum	0	Equisetum arvense	0
Equisetum hyemale	0	Festuca pratensis	0
Fragaria virginiana	0	Glyceria grandis	0
Glycyrrhiza lepidota	0	Hordeum jubatum	0
Juncus arcticus	0	Juncus effusus	0
Lotus corniculatus	1	Lycopus asper	0
Melilotus officinalis	0	Persicaria lapathifolia	0
Phleum pratense	4	Plantago major	0
Poa pratensis	3	Populus angustifolia	0
Populus balsamifera	0	Potentilla gracilis	0
Rumex crispus	0	Salix lutea	0
Solidago canadensis	0	Taraxacum officinale	0
Thlaspi arvense	0	Trifolium arvense	0
Trifolium pratense	0	Trifolium repens	0
Vicia americana	0		

## Comments:

Total Vegetation Community Acreage

33.51

(Note: some area within the project bounds may be open water or other non-vegetative ground cover.

# **VEGETATION TRANSECTS**

Easton Ranch		Da	te:8/5/2013 9	0:19:09 AM
Transect Number: 1		_ Compass Di	rection from Start:	5
Interval Data:				
<b>Ending Station</b>	45	Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium s	врр.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bromus inermis		3	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense		0	Deschampsia cespitosa	1
Melilotus officinalis		5	Phleum pratense	3
Plantago major		0	Trifolium pratense	2
Ending Station	61	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		2	Beckmannia syzigachne	4
Juncus arcticus		2	Juncus effusus	3
Juncus ensifolius		1	Phleum pratense	0
Salix lutea		0		
Ending Station	100	Community Type:	Aquatic macrophytes /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Algae, green		3	Alisma gramineum	2
Beckmannia syzigachne		1	Glyceria grandis	0
Juncus ensifolius		0	Myriophyllum sp.	2
Rumex crispus		1	Ruppia maritima	2
Ending Station	132	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Beckmannia syzigachne		1	Carex sp.	1
Glyceria grandis		2	Juncus arcticus	2
Juncus effusus		3	Juncus ensifolius	3
Lotus corniculatus		0	Phleum pratense	0
Trifolium pratense		1		
Ending Station	197	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	ensis
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Carum carvi		1	Elymus repens	1
Medicago Iupulina		0	Melilotus officinalis	2
Phleum pratense		5	Poa pratensis	3
Taraxacum officinale		2	Trifolium pratense	3

Ending Station	262	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alisma gramineum		0	Alopecurus pratensis	2
Beckmannia syzigachne		2	Glyceria grandis	1
Juncus effusus			Juncus ensifolius	1
Melilotus officinalis		3	Phleum pratense	1
Plantago major		0	Poa pratensis	1
Taraxacum officinale		2	Trifolium pratense	2
Typha latifolia		1		
Ending Station	458	Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium sp	pp.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea			Bromus inermis	1
Carum carvi		1	Cirsium arvense	0
Cirsium vulgare		0	Dactylis glomerata	1
Elymus cinereus		1	Equisetum hyemale	0
Fragaria virginiana		0	Glyceria grandis	0
Lotus corniculatus		1	Lycopus asper	0
Melilotus officinalis		5	Phleum pratense	3
Poa pratensis		1	Rumex crispus	0
Taraxacum officinale		1	Trifolium pratense	3
Trifolium repens		1		
Ending Station	510	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		4	Juncus arcticus	2
Juncus ensifolius		1	Lycopus asper	0
Melilotus officinalis		2	Mentha arvensis	0
Phleum pratense		1	Trifolium pratense	1
<b>Ending Station</b>	560	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	nsis
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		1	Alopecurus pratensis	1
Carum carvi		1	Cirsium arvense	0
Melilotus officinalis		4	Phleum pratense	2
Taraxacum officinale		1		

Ending Station	675	Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium sp	pp.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		2	Alopecurus pratensis	2
Carex aquatilis		0	Carum carvi	1
Elymus repens		1	Equisetum hyemale	1
Glycyrrhiza lepidota		0	Hordeum jubatum	1
Juncus effusus		0	Lycopus asper	0
Plantago major		1	Salix lutea	0
Trifolium pratense		2		
<b>Ending Station</b>	705	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		2	Alnus incana	1
Beckmannia syzigachne		2	Carex aquatilis	1
Cirsium arvense		0	Fragaria virginiana	0
Juncus arcticus		1	Juncus ensifolius	1
Lotus corniculatus		1	Plantago major	1
Rumex crispus		1	Salix sp.	1
Taraxacum officinale		0		
Ending Station	1290	Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium sp	pp.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Species Bare Ground		Cover class	Species Bare Ground	Cover class
•			•	
Bare Ground		2	Bare Ground	1
Bare Ground Brassica kaber		2 0	Bare Ground Bromus inermis	1 2
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi		2 0 2	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense	1 2 0
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare		2 0 2 0	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus	1 2 0 1
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens		2 0 2 0 1	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense	1 2 0 1
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale		2 0 2 0 1	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum	1 2 0 1 0
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus		2 0 2 0 1 0	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus	1 2 0 1 0 0
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis		2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis		2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3 0
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 2
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 4 1 3	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 2
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense  Ending Station	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 1 3 Community Type:	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens Phleum pratense / Poa prate	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 0 2
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense  Ending Station Species	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 1 3 Community Type:	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens Phleum pratense / Poa prate	1 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 2 msis  Cover class
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense  Ending Station Species Carum carvi	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 1 3 Community Type:	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens Phleum pratense / Poa prate  Species Cirsium arvense	1 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 2 msis  Cover class 0
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense  Ending Station Species Carum carvi Cynoglossum officinale	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 1 3 Community Type: Cover class	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens Phleum pratense / Poa prate	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 2 msis  Cover class 0 2
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense  Ending Station Species Carum carvi Cynoglossum officinale Lotus corniculatus	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 1 3 Community Type: Cover class	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens Phleum pratense / Poa prate  Species Cirsium arvense Elymus repens Melilotus officinalis	1 2 0 1 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 2 msis  Cover class 0 2 1
Bare Ground Brassica kaber Carum carvi Cirsium vulgare Elymus repens Equisetum hyemale Juncus arcticus Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis Rumex crispus Trifolium pratense  Ending Station Species Carum carvi Cynoglossum officinale Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense	1376	2 0 2 0 1 0 1 4 4 1 3 <b>Community Type:</b> Cover class 1 0 1 5	Bare Ground Bromus inermis Cirsium arvense Elymus cinereus Equisetum arvense Hordeum jubatum Lotus corniculatus Phleum pratense Potentilla gracilis Taraxacum officinale Trifolium repens Phleum pratense / Poa prate  Species Cirsium arvense Elymus repens Melilotus officinalis Poa pratensis	1 2 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 0 2 msis  Cover class 0 2 1 4

Transect Notes:

Interval Data: Ending Station	40	Community Type:	Carex spp. /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		1	Carex nebrascensis	1
Carex utriculata		4	Cirsium arvense	0
Juncus effusus		1	Medicago lupulina	0
Mentha arvensis		0	Phleum pratense	1
Salix exigua		1	Scirpus microcarpus	1
Trifolium pratense		2		
<b>Ending Station</b>	60	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Beckmannia syzigachne		4	Carex utriculata	1
Glyceria grandis		3	Juncus ensifolius	2
Medicago lupulina		0	Mentha arvensis	0
Salix lutea		1	Trifolium pratense	2
<b>Ending Station</b>	128	Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium pr	ratense
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		1	Bromus inermis	2
Bromus inermis		3	Carex utriculata	0
Cirsium arvense		0	Equisetum hyemale	0
Lotus corniculatus		0	Melilotus officinalis	3
Persicaria lapathifolia		0	Phleum pratense	2
Poa pratensis		3	Taraxacum officinale	1
Ending Station	175	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		2	Alnus incana	0
Beckmannia syzigachne		2	Juncus effusus	3
Lotus corniculatus		1	Melilotus officinalis	1
Phleum pratense		2	Salix lutea	0
Trifolium pratense		3		
Ending Station	372	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	nsis
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bromus inermis		3	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense		0	Equisetum hyemale	0
Lotus corniculatus		1	Phleum pratense	5
Poa pratensis		4	Potentilla gracilis	0
Ranunculus sp.		0	Taraxacum officinale	1

Transect Number: 2 Compass Direction from Start: 185

Ending Station	879	Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium sp	op.
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground		1	Bromus carinatus	0
Bromus inermis		4	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense		0	Cirsium vulgare	0
Cynoglossum officinale		0	Elymus cinereus	0
Elymus repens		1	Equisetum hyemale	0
Hordeum jubatum		1	Melilotus officinalis	1
Phleum pratense		4	Solidago canadensis	0
Taraxacum officinale		1	Thlaspi arvense	0
Trifolium pratense		2	Vicia americana	0
<b>Ending Station</b>	1290	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		2	Alisma gramineum	1
Bare Ground		1	Beckmannia syzigachne	4
Carex aquatilis		1	Carex utriculata	1
Carum carvi		1	Epilobium ciliatum	0
Equisetum hyemale		1	Festuca arundinacea	1
Geum macrophyllum		0	Glyceria grandis	1
Hordeum jubatum		0	Juncus arcticus	1
Juncus effusus		1	Lotus corniculatus	1
Melilotus officinalis		1	Mentha arvensis	0
Plantago major		1	Poa pratensis	2
Populus angustifolia		0	Salix lutea	1
Scirpus microcarpus		0	Taraxacum officinale	1
Trifolium pratense		1	Trifolium repens	1
Ending Station	1333	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	nsis
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alyssum alyssoides		1	Bromus inermis	2
Elymus repens		2	Festuca arundinacea	1
Thlaspi arvense		1		

Transect Notes:

Ending Station	33 Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	ensis
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alyssum alyssoides	1	Bare Ground	2
Bromus inermis	2	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense	0	Cirsium vulgare	0
Cynoglossum officinale	0	Elymus cinereus	1
Equisetum arvense	1	Phleum pratense	1
Ending Station	137 Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium s	pp.
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground	1	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense	0	Cirsium vulgare	1
Melilotus officinalis	4	Phleum pratense	2
Rumex crispus	0	Salix lutea	0
Trifolium arvense	1		
Ending Station	165 Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea	1	Carum carvi	1
Juncus arcticus	2	Juncus effusus	2
Melilotus officinalis	3	Phleum pratense	2
Salix sp.	1	Taraxacum officinale	1
Trifolium pratense	1		
Ending Station	200 Community Type:	Bromus inermis / Trifolium s	pp.
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Carum carvi	2	Festuca pratensis	1
otus corniculatus	1	Melilotus officinalis	4
Poa pratensis	2	Rumex crispus	0
Trifolium pratense	2		
Ending Station	225 Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	ensis
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Carum carvi	2	Dactylis glomerata	2
Elymus repens	3	Phleum pratense	3
Poa pratensis	2	Trifolium pratense	2

Transect Number: 3 Compass Direction from Start: 95

<b>Ending Station</b>	249	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Carum carvi		2	Equisetum arvense	1
Equisetum hyemale		2	Phleum pratense	1
Rumex crispus		1	Salix sp.	1
Taraxacum officinale		1		
Ending Station	364	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	nsis
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bromus carinatus		1	Carum carvi	2
Cirsium arvense		0	Dactylis glomerata	1
Elymus repens		2	Equisetum arvense	1
Lotus corniculatus		2	Phleum pratense	4
Poa pratensis		3	Trifolium pratense	2
<b>Ending Station</b>	679	Community Type:	Beckmannia syzigachne /	
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea		1	Alopecurus pratensis	0
Carex utriculata		1	Equisetum hyemale	1
Juncus arcticus		3	Juncus effusus	2
Juncus ensifolius		1	Melilotus officinalis	1
Mentha arvensis		0	Phleum pratense	2
Potentilla gracilis		0	Rumex crispus	0
Scirpus microcarpus		0	Taraxacum officinale	1
Trifolium pratense		2	Typha latifolia	0
<b>Ending Station</b>	751	Community Type:	Phleum pratense / Poa prate	nsis
Species		Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bromus inermis		2	Carum carvi	1
Cirsium arvense		0	Equisetum hyemale	1
Lotus corniculatus		2	Medicago lupulina	1
Melilotus officinalis		2	Phleum pratense	2
Taraxacum officinale		1	Trifolium pratense	1

Transect Notes:

## **PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL**

## Easton Ranch

Planting Type	#Planted	#Alive	Notes
Red-osier dogwood	250	10	Moderate vigor for observed surviving plants
Sandbar willow	250	30	Good vigor on surviving plants
Thinleaf alder	500	26	Establishing plants along reconstructed flood channel
Willow cuttings	200	40	Moderate survival for observed cuttings

## **Comments**

No systematic sampling method was employed in evaluating planted woody vegeation survival. Survival was tallied as the site was traversed during monitoring activities.

## Easton Ranch

## **WILDLIFE**

#### **Birds**

Were man-made nesting structures installed?  If yes, type of structure: bird boxes	Yes	
How many?9		
Are the nesting structures being used?	Yes	
Do the nesting structures need repairs?	No	
Nesting Structure Comments:		

Species	#Observed	Behavior	Habitat
American Robin	3	F, N	FO, SS, UP, WM
Golden Eagle	1	F, FO	FO, UP
Gray Catbird	1	F	UP, WM
Red-tailed Hawk	1	F, FO	UP, WM
Sandhill Crane	2	F	WM
Song Sparrow	2	FO	UP, WM
Tree Swallow	5	F, FO	FO, OW, WM
Turkey Vulture	2	F, FO	UP, WM
Yellow Warbler	1	FO	UP
Bird Comments			

#### **BEHAVIOR CODES**

 $\mathbf{BP} = \mathbf{One} \ \text{of a} \ \underline{\mathbf{breeding pair}} \ \mathbf{BD} = \mathbf{Breeding display} \ \mathbf{F} = \mathbf{Foraging} \ \mathbf{FO} = \mathbf{Flyover} \ \mathbf{L} = \mathbf{Loafing} \ \mathbf{N} = \mathbf{Nesting}$ 

### **HABITAT CODES**

AB = Aquatic bed SS = Scrub/Shrub FO = Forested UP = Upland buffer I = Island

**WM** = Wet meadow **MA** = Marsh **US** = Unconsolidated shore **MF** = Mud Flat **OW** = Open Water

# **Mammals and Herptiles**

Species	# Observed Tracks Scat	<b>Burrows Comments</b>
Op00.00	" Obcolled Hacke Coal	

Deer Sp. Yes No No

Moose 1 No No No Adjacent to project boundary

Wildlife Comments:

#### Easton Ranch

#### **PHOTOGRAPHS**

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

## **Photograph Checklist:**

- ✓ One photograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland.
- At least one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland exists then take additional photographs.
- At least one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.
- ☑ One photograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.

Photo #	Latitude	Longitude	Bearing	Description
967	46.057281	-110.638306	5	T-1, start
968	46.059727	-110.637505	190	PP-1
969	46.059727	-110.637505	250	PP-1
970	46.059727	-110.637505	300	PP-1
971	46.060627	-110.637779	185	T-1, end
972	46.061028	-110.637207	200	PP-2
972-74	46.061054	-110.637291	270	PP-2, pano
975	46.060993	-110.640121	170	PP-4a
976	46.060413	-110.640396	20	PP-4b
977-82	46.061188	-110.639847	100	PP-3, pano
983	46.06139	-110.639229	185	T-2, start
984-90	46.059883	-110.640404	90	PP-5
991	46.057594	-110.640343	0	T-2,end
992	46.056984	-110.640656	95	T-3, start
993	46.056175	-110.64048	0	PP-6
994	46.056114	-110.637924	265	T-3, end
995	46.055286	-110.639137	340	PP-7
996	46.058668333	-110.640118333		E-1w
997	46.05893666	-110.639868333		E-1u
998	46.06090666	-110.6373716666		E-2u

#### Comments:

# **ADDITIONAL ITEMS CHECKLIST**

Hydrology
<ul> <li>✓ Map emergent vegetation/open water boundary on aerial photos.</li> <li>✓ Observe extent of surface water. Look for evidence of past surface water elevations (e.g. drift lines, vegetation staining, erosion, etc).</li> </ul>
Photos
<ul> <li>✓ One photo from the wetland toward each of the four cardinal directions</li> <li>✓ One photo showing upland use surrounding the wetland.</li> <li>✓ One photo showing the buffer around the wetland</li> <li>✓ One photo from each end of each vegetation transect, toward the transect</li> </ul>
Vegetation
✓ Map vegetation community boundaries
✓ Complete Vegetation Transects
Soils
✓ Assess soils
Wetland Delineations
Delineate wetlands according to applicable USACE protocol (1987 form or
Supplement)  Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.
Wetland Delineation Comments
Functional Assessments
✓ Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field orms.
Functional Assessment Comments:

## Maintenance

Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site?
If yes, do they need to be repaired? No
If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems
Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow
into or out of the wetland? No
If yes, are the structures in need of repair?
If yes, describe the problems below.

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Easton	(	city/County: Park Co.	Sampling Date: 8/5/2013
Applicant/Owner: MDT		only/Oddinly.	State: MT Sampling Point: E-1
		Saatiaa Tarraabia Daa	
Investigator(s): Valloy bottom		section, Township, Kar	90
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley bottom		Local relief (concave, c	onvex, none): Slope (%):
			Long:110.63986833
Soil Map Unit Name: Meadowcreek rarely-flooded Nesd	a complex	k, 0-2% slopes	NWI classification: Upland
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$	time of yea	ır? Yes 🔽 No 🗌	(If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology sig	gnificantly o	disturbed? Are "I	Normal Circumstances" present? Yes 🔽 No 🔲
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na	aturally prob	olematic? (If nee	eded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map s	howing	sampling point lo	ocations, transects, important features, etc
·	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Hydric Soil Present? Yes No		Is the Sampled	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No		within a Wetlan	d? Yes No
Remarks:			
DP in upland adjacent to E-3.			
VEGETATION III-	1-		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plant			
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Indicator Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1			Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A)
2.	^		
3.	^		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
4	0		
	0	= Total Cover	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  50.00% (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)	0		Prevalence Index worksheet:
1			Total % Cover of:Multiply by:
2			OBL species 0 x 1 = 0
3			FACW species0 x 2 =0
4			FAC species58 x 3 =174
5	0	= Total Cover	FACU species 42 x 4 =168
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft )		Total Covel	UPL species 0 x 5 = 0
1. Phleum pratense	45	FAC	Column Totals:
2. Melilotus officinalis	30	FACU	Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.42
3. Cirsium arvense	3	FAC	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
4. Carum carvi	10	FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
5. Poa pratensis		FAC	2 - Dominance Test is >50%
6. Fragaria virginiana		FACU FACU	3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
7			4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting
8			data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants
9			Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
10			Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
11	100	= Total Cover	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)		- Total Covel	
1	0		Hydrophytic
2	0		Vegetation Present? Yes □ No ✓
0 O	0	= Total Cover	Present? Yes No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum			
Nomans.			
US Army Corps of Engineers			Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast – Version 2.0
	B	-19	

SOIL									Sampling Point: E-1
Profile Desc	cription: (Describe t	to the dept	h neede	d to docu	ment the in	dicator	or confirn	n the absence	
Depth	Matrix				x Features				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%		(moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	_Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
0-12	10YR 5/3	97	10YR	4/6	3	C	M	Silt Loam	friable
		·							
		-							
					_				
	oncentration, D=Depl						d Sand G		cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
	Indicators: (Applica	able to all L				a.)			ors for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol		-	_	dy Redox (					m Muck (A10) d Parent Material (TF2)
	pipedon (A2) istic (A3)	-		oped Matrix	ເ (ວຣ) Mineral (F1)	\ /avcant	MIDA 1	=	y Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	en Sulfide (A4)	-	_		Matrix (F2)		. WILKA 1)		er (Explain in Remarks)
	d Below Dark Surface	e (A11)		leted Matri					(Explain in Normania)
	ark Surface (A12)			ox Dark Su				<sup>3</sup> Indicate	ors of hydrophytic vegetation and
Sandy N	Mucky Mineral (S1)		Dep	leted Dark	Surface (F7	7)		wetla	and hydrology must be present,
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)	-	Rec	ox Depress	sions (F8)			unle	ss disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive	Layer (if present):								
Туре:									
Depth (in	ches):							Hydric Soi	l Present? Yes No _ ✓
Remarks:								•	
Soil with re	dox concentraions	being pos	sbily re	lic. Does	does not	qualify b	based on	ı high value n	natrix in upper 12in.
HYDROLO	GY								
Wetland Hv	drology Indicators:								
_	cators (minimum of o	ne required	check	all that appl	lv)			Seco	ndary Indicators (2 or more required)
	Water (A1)	no roquirou	OHOOK	,	ined Leave	c (BQ) (a)	veent		Vater-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
	ater Table (A2)				1, 2, 4A, a:		xcept	v	4A, and 4B)
Saturati				Salt Crust		10 4D)			Orainage Pattems (B10)
	Marks (B1)		一		vertebrates	(B13)			Ory-Season Water Table (C2)
	nt Deposits (B2)				Sulfide Od				Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	posits (B3)		T		Rhizosphen		Livina Roc		Geomorphic Position (D2)
	at or Crust (B4)		〒		of Reduced	_	_		Shallow Aquitard (D3)
	posits (B5)		Ī		n Reductio	-	-		FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	Soil Cracks (B6)				r Stressed F		-		Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
	ion Visible on Aerial Ir	magery (B7	, =	,	plain in Rer	•	., (		Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
	y Vegetated Concave			,		,			(,
Field Obser	, ,	•							
Surface Wat	ter Present? Ye	es 🗆 N	o 🗸	Depth (in	ches):				
Water Table					ches):				
Saturation P					ches):			and Hydrolog	ıy Present? Yes No _ ✓
	pillary fringe)	, ,		1 Debu (iii			_   ****	and mydrolog	y resent: res No
Describe Re	corded Data (stream	gauge, mor	nitoring	well, aerial	photos, pre	vious ins	pections),	if available:	
Remarks:									
no surface i	indicators of wetlan	nd hydrogy	prese	nt.					
-									

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Easton	City/County: Park Co.	Sampling Date:8/5/2013
Applicant/Owner: MDT		State: MT Sampling Point: E-2
	Section, Township, Ra	nge: S 32 T 4N R 9E
		convex, none): concave Slope (%): 0
		-110.63737166 Datum,WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Meadowcreek rarely-flooded Nesd		
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this		_
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology si		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology na	•	eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map s	howing sampling point le	ocations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?  Hydric Soil Present?  Wetland Hydrology Present?  Yes No  Yes No  Yes No		
Remarks:		<u>-</u>
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plan	ts.	
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	Absolute Dominant Indicator % Cover Species? Status	Dominance Test worksheet:
1		Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  (A)
2	• —	
3.	^ _	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata:  2 (B)
4.	<b>^</b> $\Box$	
	= Total Cover	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  [A/B]
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)	0	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
2	0	OBL species0 x 1 =0
3 4	0	FACW species 0 x 2 = 0
5	0	FAC species 50 x 3 = 150
	0 = Total Cover	PACO species x 4 = 1 10
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft Phleum pratense	 40 <b>☑</b> FAC	UPL species X 5 = 0
Trifelium mustama		Column Totals: 85 (A) 290 (B) 3.41
2. Trilolium pratense Taraxacum officinale	$-\frac{20}{10} \frac{\checkmark}{\Box} \frac{\text{FACU}}{\text{FACU}}$	Prevalence Index = B/A =
Cirsium arvense	$-\frac{10}{5} - \frac{1}{\Box} + \frac{7ACC}{FAC}$	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
Carum carvi	$\frac{}{5}$ $\frac{}{\Box}$ FACU	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
Agrostis gigantea	5	2 - Dominance Test is >50%  3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0¹
7	0 🗌	4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting
8.	0 🗆	data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
9	0 🔲	5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants
10		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)
11	0	<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)	85= Total Cover	be present, diffees distanced of presidentalie.
1	0	Hadasahada
2.	0 🗍	Hydrophytic Vegetation
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum	0 = Total Cover	Present? Yes No V
Remarks:		
US Army Corps of Engineers		Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast – Version 2.0
	B-21	

SOIL						Sampling Point: E-2
Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the depth	needed to document the indicator of	r confirm	the absence	
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features			
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist) % Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
0-12	10YR 5/3	100			Silt Loam	friable
	-					
	-					
1Type: C=C	oncentration D=De	nletion RM-R	educed Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated	Sand Gr	raine <sup>2</sup> Lo	cation: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
			RRs, unless otherwise noted.)	Sanu Gi		ors for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol			Sandy Redox (S5)			m Muck (A10)
	pipedon (A2)	青	Stripped Matrix (S6)		_	d Parent Material (TF2)
	istic (A3)	Ė	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except f	MIRA 1)		y Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	en Sulfide (A4)	=	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	VILIXA I)		ner (Explain in Remarks)
	d Below Dark Surfa	ce (A11)	Depleted Matrix (F3)			(Explain in Kemarks)
	ark Surface (A12)		Redox Dark Surface (F6)		3Indicate	ors of hydrophytic vegetation and
	Mucky Mineral (S1)	Ē	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)			and hydrology must be present,
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Ē	Redox Depressions (F8)			ss disturbed or problematic.
	Layer (if present):		<u>=                                    </u>			oo alataraa ar problematie.
Туре:	, , ,					
Depth (in	chee).		_		Hydric Soi	I Present? Yes ☐ No ☑
Remarks:	Circs).		_		Tiyane 301	Triesent: res No
remanes.						
HYDROLO	·CV					
-	drology Indicators		about all that anyly		Cana	adam Indiantora (2 as many manyimad)
	•	one required; o	check all that apply)			ndary Indicators (2 or more required)
	Water (A1)		Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (exe	cept	\ \	Vater-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
	ater Table (A2)		MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)			4A, and 4B)
Saturati	on (A3)		Salt Crust (B11)			Orainage Pattems (B10)
Water M	larks (B1)		Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)		[	Ory-Season Water Table (C2)
Sedime	nt Deposits (B2)		Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)		s	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Drift De	posits (B3)		Oxidized Rhizospheres along Li	iving Roo	ots (C3) 🔲 🤇	Geomorphic Position (D2)
Algal Ma	at or Crust (B4)		Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)		9	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
Iron Deg	oosits (B5)		Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled	Soils (C6	5) F	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
	Soil Cracks (B6)		Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1)	-		Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
	on Visible on Aerial	Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)			Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
	y Vegetated Conca					(= : ,
Field Obser		(==,	,			
Surface Wat		Yes 🗆 No	Depth (inches):			
Water Table		Yes No				
Saturation P		Yes No	Depth (inches):	_   Wetla	and Hydrolog	ıy Present? Yes <u> </u>
	pillary fringe) corded Data (strear	n gauge, monit	toring well, aerial photos, previous insp	ections)	if available:	
	404 Data (51108)	94590, 1110111	Times train, derival priototo, proviodo iliapi	_ 00110);	Grandolo.	
Domarko						
Remarks:						

# WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Easton	City/County: Park C	0. Sampling Date:8/5/2013
Applicant/Owner: MDT	Only/County:	State: MT Sampling Point: E-3
	Continu Township F	Range: S 32 T 4N R 9E
		e, convex, none): <u>concave</u> Slope (%): <u>0</u> 33 Long: <u>-110.640118333</u> <sub>Datum</sub> WGS84
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Soil Map Unit Name: Meadowcreek rarely-flooded Nes	<u> </u>	
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for th		
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	significantly disturbed? Are	e "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes 🗹 No 🗌
Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology	naturally problematic? (If	needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map	showing sampling point	locations, transects, important features, etc.
	No	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	No Is the Sample	
_	No within a Wetl	and? Yes 🔽 No 🔲
Remarks:		
DP along transect 2 in excavated basin with periodi	ic inundation.	
VECETATION Has acceptific names of plan		
VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plan		- Device - Test - debest
Tree Stratum (Plot size:)	Absolute Dominant Indicato <a href="mailto:Species?">Shatus</a>	
1		<ul> <li>Number of Dominant Species</li> <li>That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:</li> <li>(A)</li> </ul>
2		Total Number of Dominant
3	0	Species Across All Strata: (B)
4		Percent of Dominant Species 100,00%
	= Total Cover	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:  100.00%  (A/B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size:)	0	Prevalence Index worksheet:
1	$ {0}$ ${\Box}$ $-$	
2	$ {0}$ ${\Box}$ $-$	OBL species25 x 1 =25
3		FACW species10
4	$-\frac{\circ}{0}$	FAC species1545
5		FACU species 0 x 4 =0
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5 ft )		UPL species 0 x 5 = 0
1. Typha latifolia	10	Column Totals: (A) 90 (B)
2. Beckmannia syzigachne	10	Prevalence Index = B/A =1.8
3. Juncus effusus	10FACW	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
4 Agrostis gigantea		1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
5. Phleum pratense	$-\frac{5}{5}$ $\frac{\Box}{\Box}$ FAC OBL	_   ☑ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
6. Glyceria grandis	OBL	<u>✓</u> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
7	$-\frac{0}{0}$	<ul> <li>4 - Morphological Adaptations<sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)</li> </ul>
8		data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>2</sup>
9	$ {0}$ ${\Box}$ $-$	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
10	$-\frac{\circ}{0}$	Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
11	 50 = Total Cover	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size:)		
1	0	Hydrophytic
2	0	Vegetation Present? Yes ✓ No □
45	e Total Cover	Present? Yes V No No
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum		
INGILIAINS.		
US Army Corps of Engineers		Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast – Version 2.0
	B-23	
	5 20	

SOIL								Sampling Point: E-3
Profile Desc	cription: (Describe	to the dept	n needed to docu	ment the in	dicator o	r confirm	the absence of	
Depth	Matrix		Redo	x Features				
(inches)	Color (moist)	%	Color (maist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	Texture	Remarks
0-12	10YR 3/1	80	7.5YR 5/8	20	С	M	Loam	
	-							
	-							
	-							
1Type: C=C	oncentration, D=De	nlotion DM-I	Padusad Matrix C	S=Covered	or Coator	d Sand Gr	nine <sup>2</sup> Locat	ion: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
	Indicators: (Appli					a Sanu Gi		for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol		ſ	Sandy Redox (		,			Muck (A10)
_	pipedon (A2)	Ť	Stripped Matrix					arent Material (TF2)
	istic (A3)	<u>-</u>	Loamy Mucky		(excent	MIRA 1		Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
_	en Sulfide (A4)	<u> </u>	Loamy Gleyed			MEIXA 1)		(Explain in Remarks)
	d Below Dark Surfa	ce (A11)	Depleted Matri					(Explain in Remarks)
	ark Surface (A12)	[	Redox Dark Su				3Indicators	of hydrophytic vegetation and
	Mucky Mineral (S1)	<u>-</u>	Depleted Dark	` '	<b>'</b> )			hydrology must be present,
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)	Ī	Redox Depres		/			disturbed or problematic.
	Layer (if present):		<u> </u>	3.3.1.3 (1.3)			1	and an entire an entire and an entire an entire and an entire an entire and an entire and an entire and an entire and an entire an entire and an entire and an entire an entire and an entire and an entire an
Туре:								
	choc):						Hudria Sail De	resent? Yes 🔽 No 🔲
Depth (in	cnes).						Hydric Soil Pr	resent? Yes <u>V</u> No <u> </u>
Remarks:								
HYDROLO	GY							
Wetland Hy	drology Indicators	:						
-	cators (minimum of		check all that app	lv)			Seconda	ary Indicators (2 or more required)
	Water (A1)			ined Leave:	s (R9) (ex	cent		er-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2,
	ater Table (A2)		_	1, 2, 4A, ar	. , .	cept		IA, and 4B)
					IU 46)			•
<u>✓</u> Saturati	, ,		Salt Crust		(540)			inage Pattems (B10)
	larks (B1)			vertebrates				Season Water Table (C2)
	nt Deposits (B2)			Sulfide Odd				uration Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
	posits (B3)			Rhizosphere	_	_		omorphic Position (D2)
	at or Crust (B4)		_	of Reduced				llow Aquitard (D3)
Iron Dep	oosits (B5)		Recent Iro	on Reduction	n in Tilled	Soils (C6)	) 👱 FAC	C-Neutral Test (D5)
Surface	Soil Cracks (B6)		Stunted o	r Stressed F	Plants (D1	) (LRR A)	L Rais	sed Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
_ <b>✓</b> Inundati	on Visible on Aerial	Imagery (B7)	Other (Ex	plain in Ren	narks)		Fros	st-Heave Hummocks (D7)
✓ Sparsely	y Vegetated Concav	e Surface (B	8)					
Field Obser	vations:							
Surface Wat	er Present?	Yes N	o Depth (in	ches):				
Water Table	Present?	Yes N	o V Depth (in					
Saturation P				ches):	_		and Hydrology F	Present? Yes V No
	pillary fringe)	162 🔽 14	o Debui (ii			- AAGTIA	ilia nyarology r	resent: res No
	corded Data (strear	n gauge, mor	nitoring well, aerial	photos, pre	vious insp	ections), i	if available:	
Soil satura	ted at 8 in bgs.							
Remarks:	-							
. torriding,								

# MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

	<b>D</b> 1	una 1101.a	<b>U</b>		.0		(101100	•		_000,		
1. Project name	Easton Ranc	ch		2. MDT p	roject#	ST	T(X-34(14)			Cont	trol#	4866
3. Evaluation Date	8/5/2013	4. Evaluators	B Sc	hultz, B San	idefur 5	. Wet	tland/Site# (	(s)	Creation			
6. Wetland Location(s	s): T	4N R	9E	Sec1	32	Т		R		Sec2		
Approx Stationing or	Mileposts	NA										
Watershed 10070	0003	w	aters	shed/County	Upper	r Yello	owstone Wat	ters	hed/Park (	County		<u> </u>
7. Evaluating Agency	Confl	luence for MDT					8. Wetla	nd ៖	size acres			9.74
Purpose of Evaluation	on						How asse	esse	ed:	Measure	ed e.g.	by GPS
☐ Wetlands potenti	ially affected	by MDT project					9. Asses					9.74
☐ Mitigation Wetlar	nds: pre-con	struction					(AA) size				-	
✓ Mitigation Wetlar	•						How asse	esse	∌d:	Measure	d e.g.	by GPS
Other												
10. Classification of		-	s in A									
HGM Class (Brinson		ass (Cowardin)		Modifier	r (Coward	lin)	Water				% of A	
Riverine	Emer	ergent Wetland		Excavate	:d		Seasona	ıl/Inte	termittent			90
Depressional	Aqua	atic Bed		Excavate	;d		Seasona	ıl/Int	termittent			10
							7 -					
							7					
							J [					
11. Estimated Relativ	e Abundance	<b>e</b> Common										
12. General Conditio i. Disturbance: (use aquatic nuisance veg	e matrix below to		approp	riate respons	e – see ins	structio	ns for Montar	na-lis	sted noxious	s weed and	d	
							t conditions adja		•			
Cond	natu haye conv road	naged in predom ural state; is not good, wed, logged, or ot everted; does not ds or buildings; a ed or ANVS cove	grazed, therwise t contain and noxious	mod sele subj	nd not cultivated, derately grazed ectively logged; of ject to minor clear roads or building and or ANVS cover	ayed or as been g; contains noxious	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.					

	Predo	minant conditions adjacent to (within 500	feet of) AA		
Conditions within AA	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.		
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	low disturbance	low disturbance	moderate disturbance		
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	moderate disturbance	moderate disturbance	high disturbance		
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.	high disturbance	high disturbance	high disturbance		

#### Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)

Limited agriculture (hay) and a few ranch structures to the east. Undeveloped riparian corridor and herbaceous uplands to north, south, and west. Two species of noxious weeds were present within the AA, but total cover does not exceed 1%. The AA is managed in a natural state, as are most of the lands within 500 feet of the AA.

#### ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:

Cirsium arvense, Cynoglossum officinale

#### iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat

The AA consists of four constructed wetland cells. The lowest contours of the wetland cells are seasonally inundated and have developed wetland characteristics. The higher elevations lack wetland characteristics and support upland plant communities. The cells are bordered by limited agriculutre (hay) and an undeveloped riparian corridor.

13. Structural Diversity: (based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 Initial Is current management preventing (passive) Modified Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA Rating existence of additional vegetated classes? R ating NA NΑ >=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes NA Н 2 (or 1 if forested) classes NA NΑ NA Μ 1 dass, but not a monoculture Μ <NO YES> L 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises>=90% of total cover) NA NΑ NA Comments: The AA consists of palustrine emergent wetlands (PEM) and aquatic beds in the deeper depressions. SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT 14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals: i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) D S D S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) ○ D • S Grizzly Bear S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the condusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None Functional Points and 1H .9H .8H .7M .3L 0L .1L Rating USFWS 2013 county species list; MTNHP verified in Park County Sources for documented use 14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in14A above) i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) D S D S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) D 
 S | Golden Eagle (S3) S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None S1 Species: Functional Points and .7M 0L 1H .8H .6M .2L .1L Rating S2 and S3 Species: Functional Points and .9H .7M .6M .5M .2L .1L 0L Rating

MTNHP, 2013 field observations

Sources for documented use

. nabitat Quarity and	Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA (use matrix to arrive at [check the functional points and rating)																	
Duration of surface water in AA	Permanent / Perennial						Seasonal / Intermittent						Temporary / Ephemeral					
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	Opt	imal	Adeq	uate	Po	oor	Opti	mal	Ade	quate	Po	or	Opti	mal	Adeo	quate	Po	or
Thermal cover optimal/ suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species	1E	.9Н	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found in AA:

ii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score of a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nui yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: Modifier	a culvert, of of TMDL de sance plan	dike, or other m evelopment with	nan-made si n listed "Pro	bable Imp	aired Úse	s" includin	g cold or w	varm water	he If	
b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning comments) for native fish or introduced game fi		ther critical hab			he adjuste	ol, upwelling ed score in				
iii. Final Score and Rating: 0 NA	Comme	ents: Wetland present	•	enerally	isolated	from Sh	ields Riv	ver with n	o fish hab	itat
14E. Flood Attenuation: (Applies only to wet channel or overbank flow, click NA he  i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the	re and pro	ceed to 14F.)					ls in AA ar	e not floode	ed from in-	
Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosge		tly entrenched -	· C, D, E	Moderat	ely entren	ched – B	Entrenc	hed-A, F, G	stream	
1994, 1996) % of flooded wetland classified as forested	75%	stream types	<25%	75%	25-75%		75%	types 25-75%	<25%	
and/or scrub/shrub	1H		1			1		1		
AA contains <b>no outlet or restricted outlet</b> AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	-	.011	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	
7 W COMMUNIC UNICOUNTED CONTROL	.9F	H8. H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	1L	
Slightly Entrenched		Moderately					ntrenched			
ER = >2.2  C stream type D stream type E stream	m type	ER = 1.4 B strear		As	stream type		R = 1.0 - 1.4 stream typ		stream type	
	<b></b> -					}				
2 x Bankfull D	Depth W	Bankfull Do	epth		Strain to a	Flood-pro nkfull Wid				
Floodprone 133	3 / Bar wid	nkfull lth			28 =	Entren- ratio	chment	4.75		
ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject t within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)?	o flooding	AND are man-n	nade featur	es which r	nay be sig	nificantly o	damaged b	y floods loc	ated	
Comments:  AA receives overbank flow										
<ul> <li>14F. Short and Long Term Surface Waupland surface flow, or groundwater flow. 14G.)</li> <li>i. Rating (Working from top to bottom, water durations are as follows: P/P = per further definitions of these terms].)</li> </ul>	If no weuse the m	tlands in the A	AA are sub arrive at [	oject to flo check] th	ooding o	rponding, nalpoints	dick [ and ratir	NA here	e and proce	eed to surface
Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding		>5 acre feet			1.1 to	5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot	
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/F	,	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9Н	.8Н	.81	н	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.71	М	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** (9.85 acre wetland) \* (1 ft. max depth at highwater) = 9.85 acre feet. Inundation levels at the time of site visit were low.

<ul><li>i. Rating (working from top to botto = low])</li></ul>	om, use th	ne matrix be	elow to arri	ve at [check] tl		•		
Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA	to de compoun not subs	liver levels of nds at levels s stantially imp es of nutrient	f sediments, such that oth aired. Minor ts or toxican	ner functions are sedimentation, ts, or signs of	develonations with pote compound	opment for "proba , or toxicants <b>or</b> A ential to deliver high ds such that other limentation, sourc	ble causes" rela A receives or s h levels of sedi functions are su es of nutrients o	urrounding land use ments, nutrients, or ubstantially impaired or toxicants, or signs
% cover of wetland vegetation in AA Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	≥ 7		cation prese	< 70% No	Yes	≥ 70% No	hication preser	π. < 70% No
AA contains no or restricted outlet	1H	.8H	.7M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9Н	.7M	.6M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L
Comments: There was no eviden	ice of pond	ding or floor	ding in 201	3. There was	evidence of	flooding/pondin	g in 2012 and	d 2011.
4H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization: drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing proceed to 14I.)  Rating (working from top to bottom, upper stating)	ng water bo	ody which is s	subject to w	ave action. If 14	H does not ap	ply, click	al or man-mad <b>NA</b> here and	e
% Cover of <u>wetland</u> streambank or shoreline by species with stability ratings				ırface water adjace	nt to rooted veg	etation		
of ≥6 (see Appendix F).	Permaner	nt / Perennial		Seasonal / Interm	ttent	Temporary / E	1	
5-64%		.7M		.6M		.51	_	
35%	-	.3L		.2L	$\neg$	.1L		
14I. Production Export/Food Chain  i. Level of Biological Activity (synth General Fish Habitat Ge	nesis of wild	dlife and fish						
	, ilciai vviiai	M	Itating (140	J				
Rating (14D.iii.) E/H	1			_				
Rating (14D.iii.) E/H E/H		н		M				
Rating (14D.iii.)         E/H           E/H         H           M         H				M M				
Rating (14D.iii.)         E/H           E/H         H           M         H		H M		М				
Rating (14D.iii.)  E/H  B/H  M  L  N/A  Rating (Working from top to bottom, retland component in the AA; Factor B subsurface outlet; the final three rows pesee instructions for further definitions of	= level of bid ertain to dura these terms	M M M atrix below to ological activation of surfa	vity rating fro ace water in	M L L heck] the function above (14l.i.) the AA, where F	Factor $C = w$	hether or not the /E are as previou	AA contains a sly defined, and	surface or d A = "absent"
Rating (14D.iii.)  E/H  B/H  M  L  N/A  Rating (Working from top to bottom, retland component in the AA; Factor B subsurface outlet; the final three rows per see instructions for further definitions of Vegetated component > 5 ac High Moderate	= level of bid ertain to dura these terms	M M M atrix below to ological activaration of surfarsis].	vity rating from ace water in Vegetated	M L L L heck] the function above (14I.i.) the AA, where F component 1-5 acres Moderate	Factor $C = w$	hether or not the /E are as previou	AA contains a	surface or d A = "absent"
Rating (14D.iii.)  E/H  B/H  M  L  N/A  Rating (Working from top to bottom, retland component in the AA; Factor B = subsurface outlet; the final three rows per ubsurface outlet; the final three row	= level of bio ertain to dura these terms cres Low	H M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	vity rating from the vegetated gh No Y	heck] the function mabove (14l.i.) the AA, where F	Factor C = w /P, S/I, and T/ Low	hether or not the /E are as previou Vegeta High	AA contains a sly defined, and ted component <1 a Moderate	surface or d A = "absent"
Rating (14D.iii.)  E/H  B/H  M  L  N/A  I. Rating (Working from top to bottom, vetland component in the AA; Factor B subsurface outlet; the final three rows per see instructions for further definitions of Vegetated component >5 ac High Moderate  Yes No Yes No  NO  M/P  1E  7.7H  8H  5M	= level of bio ertain to dura i these terms cres Low Yes N	H M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	vity rating from the vegetated gh No Y	heck] the function mabove (14l.i.) the AA, where F	Factor C = w /P, S/I, and T/ Low	hether or not the /E are as previou  Vegeta  High  Yes No	AA contains a sly defined, and ted component <1 a Moderate Yes No	surface or d A = "absent"
Rating (14D.iii.)  E/H  B/H  M  L  N/A  I. Rating (Working from top to bottom, vetland component in the AA; Factor B = subsurface outlet; the final three rows per see instructions for further definitions of Vegetated component >5 ac High Moderate See No Yes No	= level of bioertain to durate these terms    Low   Yes   No.     .6M   .4N	H M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M	vity rating from the vegetated gh No Y .6M .:	heck] the function of above (14l.i.) the AA, where Formponent 1-5 acres Moderate es No Y	Factor C = w /P, S/I, and T. Low S No	hether or not the /E are as previou  Vegeta  High  Yes No  .8H .6M	AA contains a Sly defined, and ted component <1 a Moderate Yes No .6M .4M	surface or d A = "absent"  Low Yes No  .3L .2L

14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge: (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below) i. Discharge Indicators ii. Recharge Indicators The AA is a slope wetland Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer Springs or seeps are known or observed Wetland contains inlet but no outlet Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope Other: Seeps are present at the wetland edge AA permanently flooded during drought periods Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface Other: iii. Rating (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM Criteria P/P S/I None Groundwater Discharge or Recharge 1H .4M .1L .7M Insufficient Data/Information NA Comments: Little to no ponding occuring on site during visit. 14K. Uniqueness: i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) AA does not contain previously cited rare types and structural AA contains fen, bog, warm springs AA does not contain previously Replacement potential or mature (>80 yr-old) forested diversity (#13) is high or contains cited rare types or associations wetland or plant association listed plant association listed as "S2" by and structural diversity (#13) is as "S1" by the MTNHP the MTNHP low-moderate Estimated relative commo abundant abundant common abundant rare rare common rare abundance (#11) n Low disturbance at AA 1H .9H .8H .8H .6M .5M .5M .4M .3L (#12i) Moderate disturbance at .9H .8H .7M .2L .7M .5M .4M .4M .3L AA (#12i) High disturbance at AA .8H .7H .6M .6M .4M .3L .3L .2L .1L (#12i) Comments: Vegetation becoming well established with tree populations establishing along fringes. 14L. Recreation/Education Potential: (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity) i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site: (check) Y  $N\bigcirc$ (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page) Check categories that apply to the AA: Educational/scientific study; Consumptive rec.; Non-consumptive rec.; \_\_\_Other iii. Rating (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area Known Potential Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required) 2H 15H Private ownership with general public access (no permission required) .15H .1M Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access .1M .05L Comments: Permission is required. **General Site Notes** 

# FUNCTION & VALUE SUMMARY & OVERALL RATING FOR WETLAND/SITE #(S): Creation

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	.1	1	0.974	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	L	.2	1	1.948	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	М	.7	1	6.818	<b>~</b>
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	М	.5	1	4.87	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	Н	.8	1	7.792	<b>V</b>
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Н	.9	1	8.766	<b>✓</b>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	М	.6	1	5.844	
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Н	.8	1	7.792	<b>&gt;</b>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	М	.7	1	6.818	
K. Uniqueness	М	.4	1	3.896	
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	L	.05	NA	0.487	
Totals:		5.75	10	56.005	
Percent of Possible Score			57.5 %		,

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)  Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or  Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or  Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or  Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)  Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or  Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or  Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or  "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or  Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or  Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)  "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

# **OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:** (check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I II III IV	
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## MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name	Easton Ran	ch			2. MDT	project#	ST	(X-34(14)		Cont	trol#	4866	
3. Evaluation Date	8/5/2013	4. Evalu	uators	B Schu	ıltz, B Sa	ndefur 5.	Wet	and/Site# (s)	Preserva	ation			
6. Wetland Location(	s): T	4N	R	9E	Sec1	32	Т	R		Sec2			
Approx Stationing or	Mileposts	NA											
Watershed 1007	0003		V	atershe	ed/Coun	ty Upper	Yello	wstone Water	shed/Park	County			
7. Evaluating Agency	Conf	fluence for	MDT					8. Wetland	size acres	5		1.1	
Purpose of Evaluation	on							How assess	sed:	Measure	ed e.g.	by GPS	
☐ Wetlands potent	ially affected	d by MDT p	oroject					9. Assesss				1.1	
☐ Mitigation Wetla	nds: pre-con	nstruction						(AA) size (a	•	Measure	d e a	hy GPS	
☐ Mitigation Wetla	nds: post co	nstruction	1					11011 45565	ocu.	Wicasarc	a c.g.	<u> </u>	
<b>✓ Other</b> Preserved	d PSS/PFO/P	PEM Habtia	at										
10. Classification of	Wetland an	d Aquatic	Habita	ts in AA									
HGM Class (Brinson		ass (Cowa				er (Coward	in)	Water R	eaime		% of /	ΔΔ	
Riverine		ub-Shrub W			Modifie	i (Oowara	,	Seasonal/Ir			70 OI 7	10	
Riverine	Fore	ested Wetla	and					Seasonal/Ir	ntermittent			20	
								Permanent					
Riverine	Eme	ergent Wet	land					Permanent	Perenniai			70	
11. Estimated Relativ	e Abundanc	: <b>e</b> C	ommon	l									
12. General Condition													
<ul> <li>i. Disturbance: (use aquatic nuisance veç</li> </ul>				appropria	te respon	se – see ins	tructio	ns for Montana-	listed noxiou	us weed an	d		
							T	conditions adjacer	,				
				natura	ed in predo state; is no	t grazed,	mod	I not cultivated, bu erately grazed or h	ayed or	or logged	d; subjec	r heavily grazed t to substantial fi	
Con	nditions within AA			,	logged, or ted; does no			ctively logged; or he ect to minor clearin			placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road		
						; and noxious /er is <=15%.		oads or buildings; d or ANVS cover is			building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.		
AA occurs and is managed in													
grazed, hayed, logged, or oth roads or occupied buildings;	lov	w disturl	hance		low disturba	ance	mode	erate (	disturbance				
<=15%.						- 300		.ov disturbe	a. 100				
A A mark and the sale of the standard by	fill moderate status disturbance him												
AA not cultivated, but may be selectively logged; or has been			earing, fill		modera	ite	m	nderate dieti	irhance I	hic	nh die	turhance	
	en subject to relat teration; contains	tively minor cle	-		disturba		m	oderate distu	ırbance	hig	gh dis	turbance	

#### Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)

AA consists of existing riverine PFO/PSS/PEM wetlands located adjacent to the created depressional wetlands and flood channel. AA and adjacent areas are managed in a natural state, the disturbance regime is low.

### ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:

Cirsium arvense and Cynoglossum officinale

### iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat

AA contains small areas of existing PFO/PSS/PEM wetlands located at the northwest (Shields River) and southcentral ends of the mitigation area. The existing PFO/PEM habitat located at the southern end of the AA receives direct hydrologic inputs from the created flood channel. Both wetland features are bordered by created wetlands and the Shields River riparian corridor.

13. Structural Diversity: (based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 Initial Is current management preventing (passive) Modified Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA Rating existence of additional vegetated classes? R ating NA NΑ >=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes NA Н 2 (or 1 if forested) classes NA NΑ NA Μ 1 dass, but not a monoculture М <NO YES> L 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises>=90% of total cover) NA NΑ NA L Comments: PEM, PFO, and PSS vegetated communities are present on site. SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT 14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals: i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) D S D S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) ○ D • S Grizzly Bear S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the condusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None Functional Points and 1H .9H .8H .7M .3L 0L .1L Rating USFWS 2013 county species list; MTNHP verified in Park County Sources for documented use 14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in14A above) i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) D S D S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) D 
 Golden Eagle (S3) S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None S1 Species: Functional Points and .7M 0L 1H .8H .6M .2L .1L Rating S2 and S3 Species: Functional Points and .9H .7M .6M .5M .2L .1L 0L Rating

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MTNHP, 2013 field observations

Sources for documented use

bstantial (based on observations of a abundant wildlife presence of extre interviews with loaderate (based on a observations of si	abundan sign su emely lir	nt wild uch as miting	dlife #s		eck]):														Mod	Ciaic					
abundant wildlife presence of extre interviews with lo	sign su emely lir ocal biolo	ich as miting		or hig							Minii	<b>nal</b> (b	ased or	n any of	the foll	owing	[check])	:							
presence of extre interviews with lo	emely lir	miting	s scat, f		h specie	es diver	sity (dur	ing an	y period	i)	fe	w or n	o wildlife	e obser	vations	during	peak u	se perio	ods						
interviews with lo	cal biol			tracks	, nest st	ructure	s, game	trails,	etc.		lit	tle to n	o wildlif	e sign											
o <b>derate</b> (based on a		ogists	g habita	t feat	ures not	availab	ole in the	surro	unding	area	sp	oarse a	adjacent	upland	d food s	ources									
,			s with k	nowle	edge of t	he AA					in	terviev	vs with I	ocal bio	ologists	with kr	nowledg	e of the	AA						
observations of s	any of th	ne foll	lowing	[check	k]):																				
	cattered	d wild	dlife gro	ups o	r individ	uals or	relativel	y few s	species	during	peak pe	eriods													
common occurrer	nce of v	wildlife	e sign s	such a	as scat,	tracks,	nest stru	uctures	s, game	trails, e	etc.														
adequate adjacer	nt uplan	nd foo	od sour	ces																					
] interviews with lo	cal biol	ogists	s with k	nowle	edge of t	he AA																			
Wildlife habitat om #13. For clas ther in terms of the termanent/perenn terms]) ructural versity (see	ss cov heir pe	er to ercen	be control	positi al/int	ered evion of termitte	enly d he AA	istribut (see #	ed, th	e mos Abbrev	t and I	east pr s for su	evale irface	nt <b>veg</b> water sent [s	<b>jetateo</b> duratio	d class	es mu e as fo	ust be vollows:	within : P/P =	20% o	f each					
#13) Class cover	High																								
distribution (all vegetated classes)	Even					Une	ven			Eve	en			Une	ven			Eve	en						
Duration of	P/P S/I T/E				P/P		T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А	P/P	S/I	T/E	А	
Low disturbance at AA (see #12i)	Even Une			Н	Н	Е	н	Н	М	Е	Н	М	М	Е	Ι	М	м								
Moderate listurbance at AA see #12i)	н	н	Н	Н	н	н	Н	М	Н	Н	М	М	Н	М	М	٦	Н	М	L	L					
ligh disturbance	м	м	М	L	М	М	L	L	М	М	L	L	М	L	L	L	L	L	L	L					
<b>ii. Rating</b> (use Evidence of wild					om i a		above :	and t	he ma		Vildlife				ratin			points	and	rating	Low				
Substantial					<u> 1</u> Е	- 1				.9						8H	1				.7M				
Moderate					.91					.71						5M					.3L				
Minimal					.6N	- 1		Г		.41	М					.2L					.1L				

. nabitat Quarity and	KHOWH	Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA (use matrix to arrive at [check the functional points and r										a racing)									
Duration of surface water in AA		Permanent / Perennial							Seasonal / Intermittent							Temporary / Ephemeral					
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	Opt	imal	Adeq	uate	Po	oor	Opti	mal	Ade	quate	Po	or	Opti	mal	Adeo	quate	Po	or			
Thermal cover optimal/ suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S			
FWP Tier I fish species	1E	.9Н	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L			
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L			
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L			
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L			

Sources used for identifying fish sp.	potentially found in AA:
---------------------------------------	--------------------------

ii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced be current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic n yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: Modifi	y a culvert, o of TMDL de uisance plan	dike, or other m evelopment with	nan-made sti h listed "Prol	bable Imp	aired Úses	s" including	g cold or и	arm water	he If	
b) Does the AA contain a documented spawn. comments) for native fish or introduced game	~	ther critical hab	If yes, ac	•	he adjuste				,	
iii. Final Score and Rating: 0 NA	Comme	ents: No fish	habitat o	n site.						
	ere and prod	ceed to 14F.)					ls in AA ar	e not floode	ed from in-	
i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Ros		tly entrenched			ely entrend		Entrenc	hed-A, F, G	stream	
1994, 1996) % of flooded wetland classified as forested		stream types			stream type			types		
and/or scrub/shrub	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet	1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9⊢	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	1L	
Slightly Entrenched ER = >2.2		Moderately ER = 1.4					ntrenched R = 1.0 - 1.4			]
	am type	B stream		As	stream type		stream typ		stream type	
	<del></del>				<u>—</u>					
	33 / Bar wid		epth	es which r	28 <b>=</b>	ratio	chment	4.75 by floods loc	ated	
Approximately 30% of the south into relic iso	e preserva ated char	ation AA cor nnel. The S	ntains fore hields Riv	ested ar er is sli	nd/or scr ahtlv ent	ub/shruk renched	o wetlan	d with su ocation.	rface wate	r outlet
14F. Short and Long Term Surface V upland surface flow, or groundwater flow 14G.)  i. Rating (Working from top to bottom water durations are as follows: P/P = perfurther definitions of these terms].)  Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding	use the m	atrix below to	arrive at [c	check] th	e function ent; and <sup>-</sup>	nal points	and ratir	ng. Abbrev	iations for s	urface
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/F	,	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8	н	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.71	М	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments: (1.10 acre of preserved wetland) x (approximate average of 1.0 ft. of inundation during high water) = 1.10 acre feet

i. Rating (working from top to be = low])  Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA  % cover of wetland vegetation in AA  Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA  AA contains no or restricted outlet	AA rece to de compou not sub s ourc	ives or surrou eliver levels o nds at levels ostantially imp ces of nutrier	unding land of sediments such that paired. Min	d use with pote ts, nutrients, or other functions	ntial	Waterb develo	ody on ME opment for , or toxican	EQ list of v "probable of ts <b>or</b> AA re	H = high, I vaterbodies causes" rela	in need of ted to s edi	TMDL ment,
Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA  % cover of wetland vegetation in AA Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	to de compou not sub sourc	eliver levels on the control of the	of sediments such that paired. Min	ts, nutrients, or other functions		develo n ut rients	opment for , or toxican	"probable of ts <b>or</b> AA re	auses" rela	ted tosedi	ment,
Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	> 7	eutroph	nts or toxica nication pre	ants, or signs o		compound	ds such that imentation	t other func , sources o	vels of sedion tions are sure f nutrients of tion presen	nents, nuti bs tantially r toxicants	ients, or impaired.
		70%		< 70%			≥ 70%			< 70%	
AA CONTAINS NO OF TESTICIEN ONLIE	Yes	No	Yes	No	,	Yes	No		Yes		No
	1H	.8H	.7M	.5M		.5M		.4M	.3L	Ш	.2L
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9H	.7M	.6M	.4M		.4M		.3L	.2L		.1L
Comments: Wetland vegetation  14H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization drainage, or on the shoreline of a standard proceed to 14l.)	on: (Applies	only if AA od	ccurs on o	r within the bar	nks or a	river, strea		er natural o		)	
i. Rating (working from top to bottom	n, use the ma	trix below to	arrive at [	check] the fun	ctional	points and i	ating)				
% Cover of <u>wetland</u> streambank or shoreline by species with stability ratings	Permane	ent / Perennial		f surface water a Seasonal / Ii		Ť		orary / Epher	neral		
of ≥6 (see Appendix F). ≥ 65%	1 ciliano	1H		.9	_		Temp	.7M	norai		
35-64%	-	.7M		.6	И			.5M			
< 35%	-	.3L		.2				.1L			
14I. Production Export/Food Cha  i. Level of Biological Activity (syl	• •										
Rating (14D.iii.) E/H	1	М		L							
E/H H		H M		IVI							
M M		M		M L							
N/A H		M		L							
ii. Rating (Working from top to botto wetland component in the AA; Factor subsurface outlet; the final three rows [see instructions for further definitions]  A Vegetated component of B High Moderate C Yes No Yes No P/P 1E 7.7H 8.8H 5.5M	B = level of b pertain to du of these term s acres Low Yes	iological acti ration of surf ns].)	ivity rating face water	from above (1	4I.i.); Fa ere P/P, acres	actor C = w S/I, and T/	hether or r E are as p High Yes	ot the AA oreviously d	contains a selefined, and component <1 a oderate No	surface or A = "abse	ent" No 2L
S/I9H6M7H4M	.5M .3	3L 8H	.5M	.6M .3L	.4M	.2L	.7H .	.5M	.3L	.3L .	2L
T/E/A .8H .5M .6M .3L	.4M .2	2L .7H	.4M	.5M .2L	.3L	.1L	.6M .4	1M .4M	.2L	.2L .	1L
T/E/A .OII .OIVI .OL	"	·									

i. Discharge Inc The AA is a slope we Springs or seeps are Vegetation growing of Wetland occurs at the Seeps are present at AA permanently floor Wetland contains an Shallow water table at Other:	etland known or obsiduring domant le toe of a natu t the wetland ed ded during drou outlet, but no i and the site is s	season/dro ral slope dge ught periods inlet saturated to	ove and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)							
iii. Rating (use the inion	nation from ra		Duration of sate	uration at AA	Wetlands FR		VATER DISCH	ARGE OR WI	TH WATER	
Criteria			P/P	<u>mar is</u>	S/I	3 THE GROOM	T	No	no	
Groundwater Discharge or R	Recharge		1H		.7M		.4M		1L	
nsufficient Data/Information	1		NA NA							
4K. Uniqueness: Rating (working from to	op to bottom, ι	use the mat	rix below to ar		k] the functio		d rating)			
Replacement potential	or mature wetland <b>or</b> as "S	e (>80 yr-old plant assoc 1" by the M	ciation listed TNHP	cited rai diversity ( plant asso	re types and #13) is high ociation listed the MTNHF	structural or contains d as "S2" by	cited rare and stru	e types or ass ctural diversit low-moderate common	sociations ty (#13) is	
Estimated relative abundance (#11)	rare	commo	abundant	rare	common	abundant	1 1		abundant	
L <b>ow</b> disturbance at AA (#12i)	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	
Moderate disturbance at AA (#12i)	.9H	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L					
High disturbance at AA (#12i)	.8H	.7H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.1L	
I4L. Recreation/Education Is the AA a known or posterior here and proceed ii. Check categori Other III. Rating (use the matrix	otential rec./e to the overall s ies that apply	ed. site: (che summary and to the AA:	neck) Y Onder rating page)  Education	N ● nal/scientific	(if 'Yes' constudy; ✓ C	tinue with the	e evaluation;	if 'No' then cl		
Known or Potential Recreation	or Education Ar	rea					K	nown Pot	tential	
Public ownership or public e	easement with g	eneral publi	c access (no pe	rmission req	uired)			.2H	.15H	
Private ownership with gene	ral public acces	ss (no permi	ssion required)					.15H	.1M	
Private or public ownership	without general	public acce	ss, or requiring	permission f	or public acce	ess		.1M	.05L	
omments:	s required.									
Permission for access i										

## FUNCTION & VALUE SUMMARY & OVERALL RATING FOR WETLAND/SITE #(S): Preservation

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	.1	1	0.11	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	L	.2	1	0.22	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	Н	.9	1	0.99	<b>~</b>
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	Н	.9	1	0.99	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	Н	.8	1	0.88	
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Н	1	1	1.1	<b>✓</b>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	NA	0	0	0	
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Е	1	1	1.1	<b>&gt;</b>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	Н	1	1	1.1	<b>&gt;</b>
K. Uniqueness	М	.6	1	0.66	
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	L	.05	NA	0.055	
Totals:		6.55	9	7.205	
Percent of Possible Score	Ī		72.78 %		,

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)  Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or  Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or  Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or  Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)  Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or  Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or  Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or  "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or  Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or  Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)  "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

# **OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:** (check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

ı	II	III	IV

## MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name	Easton Ran	ch			2. MDT	project#	ŧ	ST	(X-34(14)		Con	trol#	4866
3. Evaluation Date	8/5/2013	4. Evalua	ators	B Sch	nultz, B Sa	ndefur	5.	Wetl	and/Site# (s	Restorat	ion		
6. Wetland Location(	s): T	4N	R	9E	Sec1	32		T	F		Sec2		
Approx Stationing or	Mileposts	NA											
Watershed 1007	0003		W	atersh	ned/Coun	y Up	oer`	Yellov	wstone Wate	rshed/Park	County		
7. Evaluating Agency	Conf	luence for M	1DT						8. Wetland	size acres	; <u> </u>		1.56
Purpose of Evaluati	on								How asses	sed:	Measur	ed e.g.	by GPS
☐ Wetlands potent	ially affected	by MDT pr	oject						9. Assesss				1.56
☐ Mitigation Wetla	nds: pre-cor	struction							(AA) size (a How asses	•	Measure	n a he	hy GPS
☐ Mitigation Wetla	nds: post co	nstruction							now asses	scu.	Measure	u e.g.	by OI 3
Other													
10. Classification of	Wetland and	d Aquatic H	abitat	s in A	Δ								
HGM Class (Brinson		ass (Cowar		.0 7		er (Cowa	ardi	n)	Water F	Regime		% of <i>i</i>	<b>AA</b>
Riverine	Eme	ergent Wetla	nd		Excava	ed			Seasonal/I	ntermittent			100
11. Estimated Relativ	e Abundanc	e Co	mmon										
12. General Condition i. Disturbance: (use aquatic nuisance veg	matrix below t			appropr	iate respon	se – see	instı	uctior	ns for Montana	-listed noxiou	ıs weed ar	nd	
				Mana	aged in predo		redoi		conditions adjace		_		r heavily grazed
				natur	ral state; is no d, logged, or	t grazed,		mode	erately grazed or ctively logged; or	hayed or	or logge	d; subjec	t to substantial fill
Con	ditions within AA			conv	erted; does n s or buildings	ot contain	110	subje	ect to minor cleari oads or buildings	ng; contains	hydrolog	ical alter	ation; high road or or noxious weed
		or ANVS co				d or ANVS cover i			cover is				
AA occurs and is managed in													
grazed, hayed, logged, or oth roads or occupied buildings; <=15%.	lc	ow distur	oance			low disturb	ance	mod	erate o	disturbance			
AA not cultivated, but may be selectively logged; or has be			ring fill		modera	ite				. 1			
placement, or hydrological al noxious weed or ANVS cover	teration; contains	•	-		disturba			_mo	oderate dist	urbance	hi:	gh dis	turbance
AA cultivated or heavily graze substantial fill placement, gra			eration:	h:	ah diata	hanss	T		high distant	onos I	h:	ah dia	turbonco
high road or building density >=30%.				- ni	gh distur	bance			high disturb	parice	— ni	yn ais	turbance
_ = 50 /0.													

#### Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)

Limited agriculture (hay) and a few ranch structures to the east. Undeveloped riparian corridor and herbaceous uplands to north, south, and west. Two species of noxious weeds were present within the AA, but total cover does not exceed 1%. The AA is managed in a natural state, as are most of the lands within 500 feet of the AA.

#### ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:

Cirsium arvense, Cynoglossum officinale

#### iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat

The AA consists of one constructed secondary stream channel which bisects the mitigation area. The channel is active during high flow events, is seasonally inundated by shallow ground water early in the growing season and has developed wetland characteristics.

13. Structural Diversity: (based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 Initial Is current management preventing (passive) Modified Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA Rating existence of additional vegetated classes? R ating >=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes NA NΑ Н 2 (or 1 if forested) classes NA NΑ NA Μ 1 dass, but not a monoculture Μ <NO YES> L 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises>=90% of total cover) NA NΑ NA L Comments: Planted shrubs along channel are surviving but have yet to develop and shrub community, emergent vegetation present. SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT 14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals: i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) D S D S Secondary habitat (list Species) ○ D • S Incidental habitat (list species) Grizzly Bear (LT) S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the condusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) sus/secondary Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None Functional Points and

14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in14A above)

.8H

.7M

.3L

0L

.1L

i	AA is Documented (	וח	or Sus	nactad	(2)	to contain (	chack	One	hased on	definitions	contained in	n instructions'	١-
٠.	AA 13 DOCUMENTED (	υ,	oi ous	pecieu	ν,	to contain (	CHICCK	Oile	Dasca Oii	aciiiiiiiiiiii	contained ii	1 11130 0000113	<i>)</i> ·

USFWS 2013 county species list; MTNHP verified in Park County

1H

.9H

ii. Rating (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

ii. Italiig (use the conci	iusions nonn ra	bove and the m	at ix below to all w	at [Check] the full	cional points and	iauriy)	
Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
S1 Species: Functional Points and Rating	1H	.8H	.7M	6M	.2L	1L	OL
S2 and S3 Species: Functional Points and Rating	9H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.2L	1L	OL

Sources for documented use

Rating

Sources for documented use

MTNHP; observed on site in 2013.

Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA (use matrix to arrive at [check the functional points and rating)																		
Duration of surface water in AA		Pei	manent /	Perennial	ļ.			Seasonal / Intermittent Temporary /					y / Epheme <mark>ral</mark>					
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	Opt	timal	Adeq	uate	Po	oor	Opti	mal	Ade	quate	Po	or	Opti	mal	Adeo	quate	Po	or
Thermal cover optimal/ suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species	1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found	nd in AA	<b>\</b> :								
ii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score canna) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of T fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisanyes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: Modified R	ulvert, d MDL de nce plant	like, or other r velopment wit	man-made s th listed "Pr	obable Imp	oaired Úses"	including	cold or w	arm water	ne If	
b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning an comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?		ther critical ha		add 0.1 to	ctuary pool, i the adjusted I Rating					
iii. Final Score and Rating: O NA Comments: Although activated during high-flow events within the Shields River, no permanent fish habitat within AA.										
<b>14E. Flood Attenuation:</b> (Applies only to wetland channel or overbank flow, click NA here a		ect to flooding eed to 14F.)	via in-chan	nel or over	bank flow. It	f wetlands	s in AA are	e not floode	d from in-	
i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the ma Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen 1994, 1996)		ow to arrive at ly entrenched stream type	- C, D, E	Modera	I points and itely entrench stream type		Entrench	ned-A, F, G	stream	
% of flooded wetland classified as forested and/or scrub/shrub	75%		<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	
AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet	1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	
AA contains unrestricted outlet	.9Н	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L	
Slightly Entrenched Moderately Entrenched Entrenched										
ER = >2.2  C stream type D stream type E stream ty	pe		.41 – 2.2 am type	A	stream type		= 1.0 - 1.4 stream type		stream type	-
2 x Bankfull Depth  Bankfull Depth  Bankfull Width										
Floodprone 133	/ Ban widt	kfull th			28 =	Entreno ratio	hment	4.75		
ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flewithin 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)?	ooding A Y	AND are man- N	made featu	res which	may be signi	ficantly d	amaged b	y floods loc	ated	
Outlet is resticted. AA subje at the south end of AA.	ct to o	verflow from	m Shields	s River a	nd emptie	s into o	old mear	nders of t	he Shield	ls River
<ul><li>14F. Short and Long Term Surface Wate upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If 14G.)</li><li>i. Rating (Working from top to bottom, use</li></ul>	no wet	lands in the	AA are su	bject to fl	ooding or p	onding,	dick	NA here	and proc	eed to
water durations are as follows: P/P = perma further definitions of these terms].)										

Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding		>5 acre feet		1.	1 to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot	
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8Н	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments: (1.56 acre of restoration) x (average 1 ft. ponding/flow at high water) = 1.56 acre feet

: IOW]) Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input evels within AA	-		elow to al	rrive at [ch	eck] the fu	nctional poi	nts and rat	ing [H =	: high, M :	= modera	ate, or
	AA rece to d compou not sub sour		f sediment such that o aired. Min	s, nutrients, other functio or sediment ants, or signs sent.	or ns are ation,	developm nutrients, or with potentia compounds so Major sedime	I to deliver h uch that othe ntation, sour of eutro	able caus AA receiv igh levels r function ces of nu	ses" related yes or surro of sedime s are subs trients or to present.	to sedime bunding lar nts, nutrier tantially im oxicants, o	ent, nd us e nts, or ipaired.
6 cover of wetland vegetation in AA Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA		70% No.		< 70%	1.		70%			< 70%	
A contains no or restricted outlet	Yes 1H	.8H	Yes .7M		M	.5M	.4N	1	.3L		<u> </u>
A contains unrestricted outlet	.9H	.7M	.6M	_	м	.4M	.31		.2L	+-	
Comments: Cover in AA is gre							.01		.ZL	<u> </u>	
4H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilizate rainage, or on the shoreline of a state occeed to 14I.)  Rating (working from top to bottom of the state of the st	inding water b	ody which is	subject to arrive at [c	wave action check] the f	n. If 14H doo	es not apply,	click	NA here			
horeline by species with stability ratings f ≥6 (see <b>Appendix F</b> ).	Perman	ent / Perennial			/ Intermittent		Temporary /	Ephemera	al .		
65%		1H			.9H		.7	м			
i-64%		.7M			.6M		.5	М			
35%		.3L			.2L		.1	L _			
14I. Production Export/Food CI  i. Level of Biological Activity (s  General Fish Habitat  Rating (14D.iii.)	ynthesis of wil	dlife and fish			])						
E/H	1	н		М							
IVI	1	М		М							
L .	1	М		L							
. Rating (Working from top to bott etland component in the AA; Facto ubsurface outlet; the final three row	om, use the m r B = level of b s pertain to du	oiological active ration of surface	vity rating t	[check] the from above	(14l.i.); Fac	tor C = wheth	er or not the	AA con	tains a sur	face or	,,
eee instructions for further definition  Vegetated component  High Moderate			Vegetat	ed component Moderate	1-5 acres	M	Vege High	tated compo	onent <1 acre	Low	
Yes No Yes No		No Yes	No	Yes No		No Yes		Yes		es No	
100 110 100 110	4 .6M .4	4M .9H	.6M	.7H .4M	.5M	.3L .8	6M	.6M	.4M .	3L .2L	
		411 4	.5M	.6M .3L	.4M	.2L .7	5M	.5M	.3L .	3L .2L	
	.5M .	3L .8H	.5101								=
/P 1E .7H .8H .5N		3L .8H	.4M	.5M .2L	.3L	.1L .6l	и .4М	.4M	.2L .	2L .1L	

14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge: (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below) i. Discharge Indicators ii. Recharge Indicators The AA is a slope wetland Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer Springs or seeps are known or observed Wetland contains inlet but no outlet Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope Other: Seeps are present at the wetland edge AA permanently flooded during drought periods Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface Other: iii. Rating (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM Criteria P/P S/I т None Groundwater Discharge or Recharge .4M .1L 1H .7M Insufficient Data/Information Comments: Channel is intermittently inundated by shallow groundwater and high flows from the Shields River. 14K. Uniqueness: i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) AA does not contain previously cited rare types and structural AA contains fen, bog, warm springs AA does not contain previously Replacement potential or mature (>80 yr-old) forested diversity (#13) is high or contains cited rare types or associations wetland or plant association listed plant association listed as "S2" by and structural diversity (#13) is as "S1" by the MTNHP the MTNHP low-moderate Estimated relative commo abundant abundant abundant rare rare common rare common abundance (#11) n Low disturbance at AA 1H .9H .8H .8H .6M .5M .5M .4M .3L (#12i) Moderate disturbance at .9H .8H .7M .7M .5M .4M .4M .3L .2L AA (#12i) High disturbance at AA .8H .7H .6M .6M .4M .3L .3L .2L .1L (#12i) Comments: Emergent wetland within seasonal flood channel common wetland type within basin with 10-50% of area wetlands similar to A 14L. Recreation/Education Potential: (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity) i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site: (check) Y  $N\bigcirc$ (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page) Check categories that apply to the AA: V Educational/scientific study; Consumptive rec.; V Non-consumptive rec.; \_\_\_Other iii. Rating (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area Known Potential Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required) 2H 15H Private ownership with general public access (no permission required) .15H .1M Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access .1M .05L Comments: Permission required for access. **General Site Notes** 

## FUNCTION & VALUE SUMMARY & OVERALL RATING FOR WETLAND/SITE #(S): Restoration

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	.1	1	0.156	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	L	.2	1	0.312	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	М	.7	1	1.092	
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	
E. Flood Attenuation	М	.6	1	0.936	
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	М	.6	1	0.936	
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Н	1	1	1.56	<b>✓</b>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Н	.9	1	1.404	<b>✓</b>
Production Export/Food Chain Support	М	.7	1	1.092	<b>&gt;</b>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	М	.7	1	1.092	<b>&gt;</b>
K. Uniqueness	М	.4	1	0.624	
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	L	.05	NA	0.078	
Totals:		5.95	10	9.282	
Percent of Possible Score	Ī		59.5 %		,

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)  Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or  Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or  Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or  Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)  Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or  Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or  Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or  "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or  Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or  Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)  "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

# **OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:** (check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I II III IV
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# Appendix C

Project Area Photographs

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Easton Ranch Park County, Montana



Photo Point 1 – Photo 1 Bearing: 190 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2010



Photo Point 1 – Photo 2 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2010



Photo Point 1 – Photo 1 Bearing: 190 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2012



Photo Point 1 – Photo 2 Bearing: 250 Degrees

**Location:** East boundary **Taken in 2012** 



Photo Point 1 – Photo 1 Bearing: 190 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2013



Photo Point 1 – Photo 2 Bearing: 250 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2013



Photo Point 1 – Photo 3 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2010



Bearing: 200 Degrees

Taken in 2010



Photo Point 1 – Photo 3 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2012



Photo Point 2 - Photo 1 Bearing: 200 Degrees

Location: NE corner of site Taken in 2012



Photo Point 1 – Photo 3 Bearing: 300 Degrees

Location: East boundary Taken in 2013



Photo Point 2 – Photo 1 Bearing: 200 Degrees

Location: NE corner of site Taken in 2013



Photo Point 3 – Photo 1 Bearing: 140 Degrees

**Location:** NW corner of site **Taken in 2010** 



Photo Point 4A – Photo 1 Bearing: 170 Degrees

Location: Shields Bank-DS Taken in 2010



Photo Point 3 – Photo 1 Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: NW corner of site Taken in 2012



Photo Point 4A – Photo 1 Bearing: 170 Degrees

Location: Shields Bank-DS Taken in 2012



Photo Point 3 – Photo 1 Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: NW corner of site Taken in 2013



Photo Point 4A – Photo 1 Bearing: 170 Degrees

Location: Shields Bank-DS Taken in 2013



Photo Point 4B – Photo 1 Bearing: 20 Degrees

**Location:** Shields Bank-upstream **Taken in 2010** 



Photo Point 5 – Photo 1 Bearing: 105 Degrees

Location: West boundary Taken in 2010



Photo Point 4B – Photo 1 Bearing: 20 Degrees

**Location:** Shields Bank-upstream **Taken in 2012** 



Photo Point 5 – Photo 1 Bearing: 105 Degrees

**Location:** West boundary **Taken in 2012** 



Photo Point 4B – Photo 1 Bearing: 20 Degrees

**Location:** Shields Bank-upstream **Taken in 2013** 



Photo Point 5 – Photo 1
Bearing: 105 Degrees

**Location:** West boundary **Taken in 2013** 



Photo Point 6 – Photo 1 Bearing: 0 Degrees

**Location:** SW corner of site **Taken in 2010** 



Photo Point 7 – Photo 1 Bearing: 340 Degrees

Location: SE corner of site Taken in 2010



Photo Point 6 – Photo 1
Bearing: 0 Degrees

Location: SW corner of site Taken in 2012



Photo Point 7 – Photo 1 Bearing: 340 Degrees

Location: SE corner of site Taken in 2012



Photo Point 6 – Photo 1 Bearing: 0 Degrees

Location: SW corner of site Taken in 2013



Photo Point 7 – Photo 1 Bearing: 340 Degrees

**Location:** SE corner of site **Taken in 2013** 



Veg Tran 1 – Start Bearing: 5 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 8 foreground **Taken in 2010** 



Veg Tran 1 – End Bearing: 180 Degrees

Location: Veg Com 1 foreground Taken in 2010



Veg Tran 1 – Start Bearing: 5 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 8 foreground **Taken in 2012** 



Veg Tran 1 – End Bearing: 180 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2012** 



Veg Tran 1 – Start Bearing: 5 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 8 foreground **Taken in 2013** 



Veg Tran 1 – *End*Bearing: 180 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2013** 



Veg Tran 2 – Start Bearing: 180 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 3 foreground **Taken in 2010** 



**Veg Tran 2** – *End* **Bearing:** 0 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2010** 



Veg Tran 2 – Start Bearing: 180 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 3 foreground **Taken in 2012** 



Veg Tran 2 – End Bearing: 0 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2012** 



Veg Tran 2 – Start Bearing: 180 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 3 foreground **Taken in 2013** 



Veg Tran 2 – End Bearing: 0 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2013** 



Veg Tran 3 – Start Bearing: 95 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2010** 



Veg Tran 3 – End Bearing: 265 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2010** 



Veg Tran 3 – Start Bearing: 95 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2012** 



**Veg Tran 3 –** *End* **Bearing:** 265 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2012** 



**Veg Tran 3** – *Start* **Bearing:** 95 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2013** 



Veg Tran 3 – End Bearing: 265 Degrees

**Location:** Veg Com 1 foreground **Taken in 2013** 



Photo Point 2 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 270-0 Degrees

**Location:** NE corner of site **Taken in 2010** 



Photo Point 2 – *Panorama*Compass Bearing: 270-0 Degrees

Location: NE corner of site Taken in 2012



Photo Point 2 – *Panorama*Compass Bearing: 270-0 Degrees

Location: NE corner of site Taken in 2013



Photo Point 3 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 90-180 Degrees

Location: NW corner of site Taken in 2010



Photo Point 3 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 90-180 Degrees

**Location:** NW corner of site **Taken in 2012** 



Photo Point 3 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 90-180 Degrees

Location: NW corner of site Taken in 2013



Photo Point 5 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 30-180 Degrees

**Location:** Western boundary of site **Taken in 2010** 



Photo Point 5 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 30-180 Degrees

**Location:** Western boundary of site **Taken in 2012** 



Photo Point 5 – Panorama Compass Bearing: 30-180 Degrees

**Location:** Western boundary of site **Taken in 2013** 



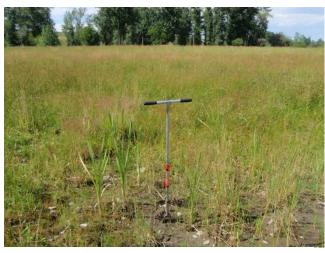
Data Point: E-1 Bearing:

Location: Veg community 8 Taken in 2013



Data Point: E-2 Bearing:

Location: Veg community 8 Taken in 2013



Data Point: E-3 Bearing:

**Location:** Veg community 6 **Taken in 2013** 

Easton Ranch Wetland Mitigation 2013 Monitoring Repor	aston	Ranch	Wetland	Mitigation	2013	Monitorina F	Report
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# Appendix D

Project Plan Sheets

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Easton Ranch Park County, Montana

