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# MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2013

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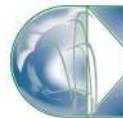
*Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana*



Prepared for:

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December 2013

# **MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**

## **WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT:**

**YEAR 2013**

*Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana*

MDT Project Number NH 27(021)  
Control Number 1027

Corps #: NWO-2004-90280-MTH  
SPA MDT-R1-88-2010

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CCI Project No: MDT.006

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- Appendix C 2013 Project Site Photographs
- Appendix D Project Plan Sheet
- Appendix E Surveyed Stream Cross Sections (XS1-XS11)

Cover: View of inundated excavated cell with emergent vegetation development around margins.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

The Schrieber Meadows Wetland Mitigation 2013 Monitoring Report presents the results of the third year of post-construction monitoring at the Schrieber Meadows mitigation area for three pilot cells constructed in 2007 and of the second year of post-construction monitoring for the remaining cells and new stream channels constructed during fall 2011. Monitoring was not completed in 2011 due to the construction of the expanded mitigation area. The Montana Department of Transportation (MDT) Schrieber Meadows mitigation project is located adjacent to the US Highway 2 corridor in Sections 11, 12, and 13, of Township 27 North, Range 30 West, MPM, Lincoln County (Figure 1). The 57-acre site lies within the boundaries of Watershed #1 – Kootenai River Basin. The majority of the site is situated on an MDT-owned parcel of land that consisted of hay fields, pastures, and clear-cut forest slopes. The remainder of the site is a 16-acre easement area in the Kootenai National Forest adjacent to the MDT parcel. The property is bisected by Coyote Creek, which eventually drains into Schrieber Lake and the Fisher River. Schrieber Meadows is situated within a narrow valley corridor bordered on the west and north sides by the Kootenai National Forest. The US Highway 2 corridor bounds the area to the east. The southern boundary of this site is bordered by a second MDT-owned property (Schrieber Lake parcel) and Plum Creek Timber lands.

Figures 2 and 3 in Appendix A of the Mitigation 2013 Monitoring Report show the Monitoring Activity Locations and Mapped Site Features, respectively. Appendix B contains the MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form, the USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms for the Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (USACE 2010), and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Forms. Appendix C contains photographs of the project area and Appendix D includes the project plan sheet.

Based on the nature of the peat and lacustrine soils identified within the project area, the MDT Geotechnical Section indicated that construction of a new stream channel and wetlands within Schrieber Meadows could potentially affect the stability of US Highway 2. In 2007, a pilot wetland project to excavate several shallow depressional wetland cells was completed in an effort to determine constructability within these soil types. Three shallow wetland cells were created in 2007 and initially monitored in 2010. The pilot project objectives for the cells are listed below (MDT 2009).

- Create 2.38 acres of emergent depression wetlands within portions of existing upland hay fields using a variety of herbaceous wetland species.
- Restore (rehabilitate) 1.12 acres of degraded wetlands dominated by pasture grasses through the permanent restoration of hydrology, excavation of shallow depressions, and revegetation with wetland seed.
- Develop 2.96 acres of upland buffers around the created wetland areas.

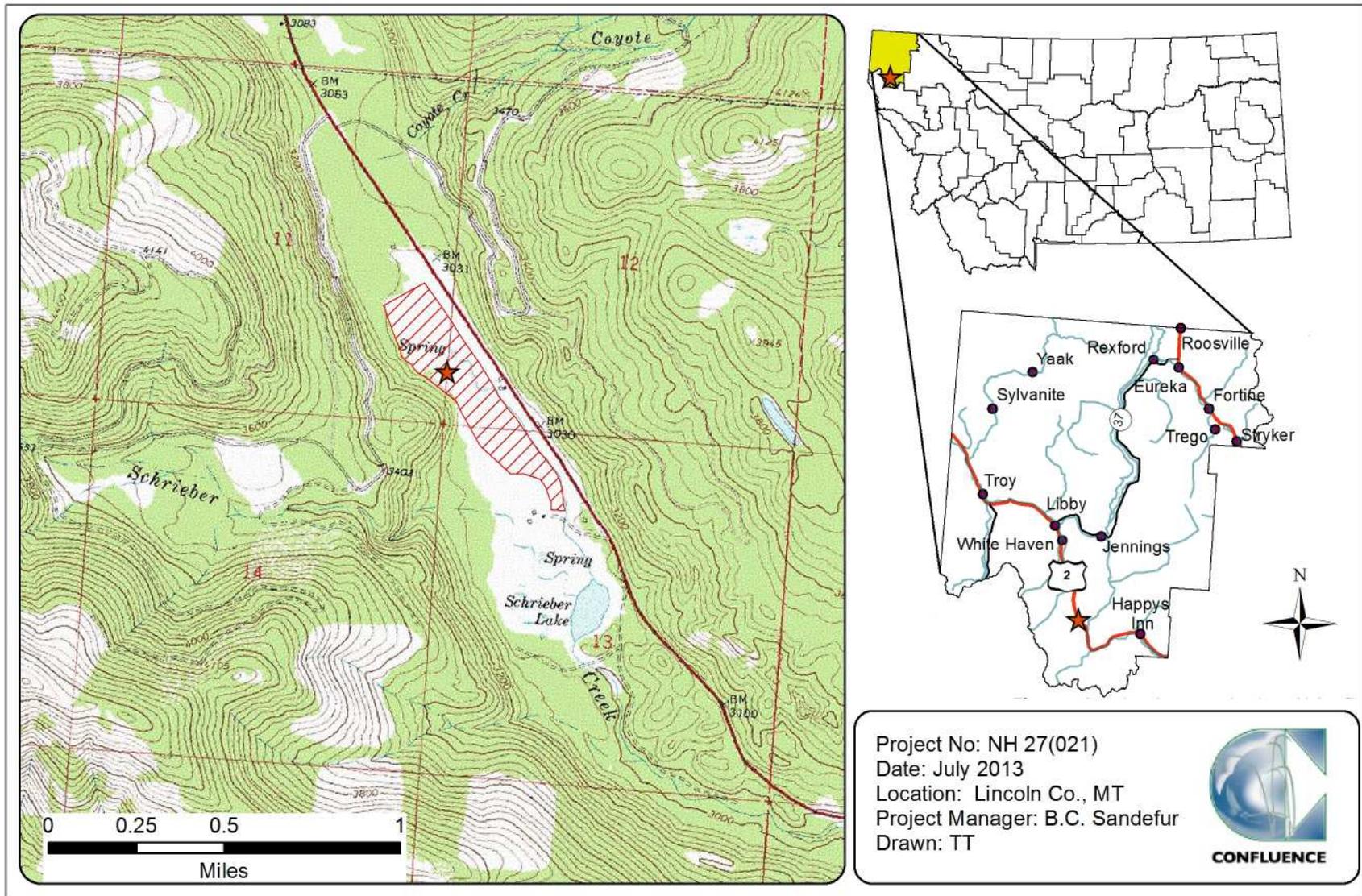


Figure 1. Project location for Schrieber Meadows Mitigation Site.

The project credit ratios for the initial pilot project are shown in Table 1 and the 3.72 acres of wetland mitigation credits generated by this project have been approved by the USACE.

**Table 1. USACE wetland credit ratios.**

Wetland Mitigation	Acreage	Ratio	Credit Acres
Creation - Northwestern Cell	0.08	1:1	0.08
Creation - Central Cell	2.01	1:1	2.01
Creation - Southeast Cell	0.29	1:1	0.29
Restoration/Rehabilitation - Southeast Cell	1.12	1.5:1	0.75
Upland Buffer (50 feet)	2.96	5:1	0.59
Project Impacts	0.00	None	
<b>Total Mitigation Acreage</b>	<b>6.46</b>		<b>3.72</b>

The Schrieber Meadows wetland and stream restoration project was scaled back from the original design based on the results of the pilot project. A 300-foot buffer was established by the MDT Geotechnical Section from the edge of roadway, limiting potential areas of development for the new stream channel and depressional wetland areas within the project area. The existing Coyote and Schrieber Creek channels were relocated toward the west side of the property away from the highway corridor in order to allow for natural channel migration and overbank flooding. The elevation of the restored channels was raised to promote access to the floodplain and increase the localized water table throughout this meadow. A series of wetland cells (depressions) were excavated throughout the floodplain to increase flood storage and provide for a diversity of wetland habitat. The existing Coyote/Schrieber Creek channel located along the eastern boundary was plugged at various locations to prevent the abandoned channel from serving as a drainage ditch and to create small pothole-like wetland areas to increase wetland diversity within the site. The overall objective for mitigation was to create and restore wetlands, and to restore the natural stream sinuosity and associated riparian and floodplain corridor to Coyote and Schrieber Creeks within the US Forest Service (USFS) and MDT properties.

The construction of the Schrieber Meadows mitigation project was authorized under the authority of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act via permit NWO-2004-90280-MTH and under Section 401 certification through Montana's Stream Protection Act (SPA) #MDT-R1-88-2010. A total of 3.72 mitigation credit acres were developed by construction of the pilot project in 2007 and included creation, restoration (rehabilitation), and upland buffer credits. The full Schrieber Meadows mitigation project included creating additional depressional wetland cells and buffer areas within upland and degraded wetlands, enhancing the development of scrub/shrub palustrine wetlands, and reconstructing channels of both Coyote and Schrieber Creeks. MDT anticipates approximately 17.84 wetland credit acres will result from the proposed Schrieber Meadows wetland and stream restoration project, including credits that have been approved from

the previous 2007 pilot project. The objectives of the full Schrieber Meadows stream and wetland restoration project were to:

#### Wetland Mitigation

- Create 8.91 wetland credit acres of seasonally inundated, emergent depressional wetlands within portions of the existing upland hay fields on both the USFS and MDT properties with a variety of herbaceous wetland communities;
- Provide approximately 2.31 wetland credit acres through the restoration (rehabilitate) of 3.46 acres of degraded wetlands (at 1.5:1 ratio) that are dominated by pasture grasses such as meadow foxtail (*Alopecurus* sp.), reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), timothy (*Phleum pratense*) and other hay species through the permanent restoration of hydrology, land surface manipulation (excavating shallow depressions), and re-vegetation with wetland plant seed;
- Provide approximately 4.41 wetland credit acres through the enhancement of 13.22 acres of existing wetlands (at 3:1 ratio) located between the proposed stream mitigation portion of the project area and the US Highway 2 corridor;
- Provide approximately 1.70 wetland credit acres through the development of upland buffers totaling 8.50 acres (at 5:1 ratio) around the created, restored and enhanced wetland areas and stream riparian corridors,
- Affect approximately 0.08 acres of wetlands through the installation of ditch plugs along the Perennial Spring Channel ditch.
- Establish an overall total of 17.24 acres of wetland mitigation credits to mitigate wetland impacts associated with MDT projects within Watershed #1 – Kootenai River Basin; and

#### Stream Mitigation

- Restore approximately 7,756 linear feet of new stream channel of both Coyote and Schrieber Creeks resulting in an overall increase of 3,327 linear feet of stream length to both creek corridors through restoration of sinuosity, floodplains and natural stream migration within the project site;
- Develop approximately 35,551 stream mitigation credits with the restoration of Coyote and Schrieber Creeks for use within Watershed #1 – Kootenai River Basin.

Prior to the construction of the Schrieber Mitigation Project, the area consisted of hay grounds and historic wetlands that had been filled, graded, leveled, and drained. The stream channel had been channelized to promote and maximize hay production and grazing opportunities for livestock, as well as to flood irrigate the adjacent hay pastures. Historically the project site was likely a large floodplain and beaver pond complex of mixed riparian scrub/shrub and emergent wetlands associated with both Coyote and Schrieber Creeks. It is anticipated that through these restoration efforts, the overall project will provide increased functional ratings to the existing wetlands and stream corridor by:

- improving fisheries habitat within both streams,
- relocating the streams away from the US Highway 2 corridor,
- increasing the frequency of inundation for floodplain storage across the site during high water events,
- improving the diversity of riparian, emergent and scrub/shrub vegetation communities through topographic and hydrologic manipulation and planting,
- restoring and raising ground water and surface water hydrology to restore existing degraded wetland communities, and
- improving wildlife habitat across the entire project area.

Coyote and Schrieber Creeks provide the project area a source of seasonal and perennial surface water, and establish a seasonal groundwater table within 0.5 to 3 feet of the pre-construction ground elevation during the spring. The seasonal groundwater is expected to provide the necessary hydrology for the majority of the created depressional wetland systems. It is also anticipated that the raised bed elevation of the newly restored stream reaches will promote higher groundwater elevations for a longer duration during the growing season and allow for an increased frequency of flood events to occupy newly created wetlands and riparian floodplain areas adjacent to these channels.

Stands of meadow foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*) were removed from the site as a consequence of wetland cell excavation. The constructed wetland cells and streambanks were reseeded following disturbance with a wetland mix and replanted with existing shrubs, trees, and plants salvaged from wetlands adjacent to the project site. Additional revegetation measures included supplemental planting of trees and shrubs with anticipation of some level of natural recruitment.

The approved performance standards for the mitigation activities are listed below (MDT 2009).

1. **Wetland Characteristics:** All restored, created, enhanced, and preserved wetlands within the project limits will meet the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils established for determining wetland areas as outlined in the 1987 *Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region (USACE 2010).
  - a) **Wetland Hydrology Success** will be achieved where wetland hydrology is present as per the technical guidelines in the 1987 Wetland Manual. Soil saturation will be present for at least 12.5 percent of the growing season.
  - b) **Hydric Soil Success** will be achieved where hydric soil conditions are present [per the most recent Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS) definitions for hydric soil or appear to be forming], the soil is sufficiently stable to prevent erosion, and the soil is able to support plant cover. Soil sampling will be conducted during the

course of the monitoring period to determine if wetland areas are exhibiting characteristics of hydric soils per the 1987 Wetland Manual. Since typical hydric soil indicators may require long periods to form, a lack of distinctive hydric soil features will not be considered a failure if hydrologic and vegetation success is achieved.

- c) **Hydrophytic Vegetation Success** will be achieved where combined absolute cover of facultative or wetter species is  $\geq 70$  percent and Montana State-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent absolute cover.

The following concept of “dominance”, as defined in the 1987 USACE Wetland Delineation manual, will be applied during future routine wetland determinations in created/restored wetlands: *“Subjectively determine the dominant species by estimating those having the largest relative basal area (woody overstory), greatest height (woody understory), greatest percentage of aerial cover (herbaceous understory), and/or greatest number of stems (woody vines).”*

- 2. **Riparian Buffer Success** will be achieved when woody and riparian vegetation becomes established, and noxious weeds do not exceed 10 percent cover within the riparian buffer areas. Any areas within the creditable buffer area disturbed by the project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-noxious weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
  - i. **Vegetation Success** will be achieved where combined aerial cover of riparian and stream bank vegetation communities is  $\geq 70$  percent and Montana State-listed noxious weeds do not exceed 10 percent cover, subject to the woody standards listed below.
  - ii. **Woody Plants** – Planted trees and shrubs will be considered successful where they exhibit 50 percent survival after 5 years.
- 3. **Channel Restoration Success** will be evaluated in terms of revegetation success.
  - i. Revegetation along the new Coyote and Schrieber Creek channel corridors will be considered successful when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian and wetland herbaceous and woody plant species.
  - ii. The intent of the stream restoration is to allow for the stream to naturally migrate within the floodplain and to give it enough room to move and stabilize itself within the site.
- 4. **Vegetation along the stream banks** will be considered successful when banks are vegetated with a majority of deep-rooting riparian plant species having root stability indexes  $\geq 6$  (subject to 3.i and 3.ii above).
- 5. **Open Water:** It is the intent of the project to provide open water during the spring and early summer within excavated depressions. As the growing

season progresses and the groundwater levels recede, it is anticipated that vegetation will germinate within the majority of the depressions. Open water with submerged and/or floating vegetation will therefore be considered successful and creditable.

6. **Upland Buffer Success** will be achieved when the noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent of cover within the buffer areas on site. Any area within the creditable buffer zone disturbed by project construction must have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species by the end of the monitoring period.
7. **Weed Control** will be based upon annual monitoring of the site to determine weed species and degree of infestation within the site, and control measures based upon the monitoring results will be implemented by MDT to minimize and/or eliminate the intrusion of State Listed Noxious weed species within the site. The MDT managed the property to control known weed problems (knapweed and hounds tongue) prior to the initiation of wetland construction activities within the site.

## 2. METHODS

The annual monitoring event was conducted on August 1 and 2, 2013 and represented the third year of monitoring for the pilot project and second year of monitoring of the full Schrieber Meadows site, completed in 2011 and 2012. Information contained on the Mitigation Monitoring Form and Wetland Determination Data Forms was entered electronically in the field on a palmtop computer during the field investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity locations were mapped using a global positioning system (GPS) (Figure 2, Appendix A). Information collected included a wetland delineation; wetland/open water/aquatic habitat boundary mapping; vegetation community mapping; vegetation transect monitoring; soils, hydrology, bird and wildlife use documentation; photographs; stream cross-sections at 11 established stations; functional assessments; and a non-engineering examination of the infrastructure established within the mitigation project area. Monitoring of this MDT mitigation site has been based upon the MDT standard monitoring protocols for both stream and wetland areas utilized for all MDT mitigations sites for a minimum period of 5 years or longer as determined by the USACE-Montana Regulatory Office's review of annual monitoring reports for the site and whether or not the site has met wetland and stream mitigation success criteria.

### 2.1. Hydrology

Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as "permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (usually 14 days or 12.5 percent or more during the growing season)" (USACE 2010). Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered wetlands. The growing season is defined for purposes of this report as the number of days where there is a 50 percent probability that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28.5 degrees Fahrenheit (Environmental Laboratory 1987). The growing season recorded for the meteorological station at Libby 32 SSE (245020), located approximately eight

miles northwest of the project, extends from June 13 to September 1 for a total of 81 days (NRCS 2010). Areas defined as wetlands would require 10 days of inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria and performance standards.

The presence of hydrologic indicators as outlined on the USACE Routine Wetland Determination Data Forms (USACE 2010) were documented at five data points established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed during the site visit. The data were recorded on electronic field data sheets (Appendix B). Onsite hydrologic assessments allowed evaluation of mitigation criteria addressing inundation/saturation requirements.

No groundwater monitoring wells are present on the site. Soil pits excavated during the wetland delineation were used to evaluate groundwater levels within 16 inches of the ground surface. The data was recorded electronically on the Wetland Determination data form (Appendix B). Areas of surface inundation were delineated on an aerial photograph during the growing season. The extent of soil saturation was determined through core sampling.

## **2.2. Channel Cross-Sections**

In accordance with the approved mitigation plan, a minimum of one stream cross-section per 1,000 feet of assessed stream reach was established to monitor channel form and function, natural channel migration, vertical stability (down-cutting), sediment deposition, and streambank vegetation development. Eleven permanent cross-sections were established across the constructed streams during the 2012 site visit (Figure 2, Appendix A). Rebar was driven into the ground at both ends of each cross-section, marked with pink paint and flagging, and covered with a wildlife-friendly cap. These cross-sections were surveyed annually using survey-grade GPS with a base station established on site to improve accuracy. Photographs were taken of each cross-section and are shown in Appendix C. Additionally, general vegetation development was documented at each cross-section and used to evaluate root stability indexes. The survey cross-section data shown in Appendix E are used to evaluate temporal changes in stream stability.

## **2.3. Vegetation**

The boundaries of dominant species-based vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on aerial photographs. Community types were named based on the predominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure 3, Appendix A). The percent cover of identified species within a community type was estimated and recorded on the monitoring form using the following ranges: 0 (less than 1 percent), 1 (1 to 5 percent), 2 (6 to 10 percent), 3 (11 to 20 percent), 4 (21 to 50 percent), and 5 (greater than 50 percent) (Appendix B).

Temporal changes in vegetation were evaluated through annual assessments of three vegetation belt transects approximately 10 feet wide and 318, 594, and 440 feet long, respectively. The transect endpoints were recorded with a GPS unit. Spatial changes in the vegetation communities were recorded along the stationed transect. The percent aerial cover of each vegetation species within the belt transect was estimated using the same cover ranges listed above (Appendix B). Photographs were taken at the endpoints of each transect during the monitoring event (Appendix C).

The Montana State Noxious Weed List (September 2010), prepared by the Montana Department of Agriculture, was used to categorize weeds identified within the site. The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field and mapped on the aerial photo (Figure 3, Appendix B). The noxious weed species identified are color-coded. The locations are denoted with the symbol “x”, “▲”, or “■” representing 0 to 0.1 acre, 0.1 to 1.0 acre, or greater than 1 acre in extent, respectively. Cover classes are represented by T, L, M, or H, for less than 1 percent, 1 to 5 percent, 6 to 25 percent, and 26 to 100 percent, respectively, as listed on Figure 3 (Appendix C).

#### **2.4. Soil**

Soil information was obtained from the *Lincoln County Soil Survey* and *in situ* soil descriptions accessed from the NRCS official soil description website (USDA 2010). Soil cores were excavated using a hand auger and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 wetland manual and 2010 Regional Supplement. A description of the soil profile, including hydric indicators when present, was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data form for each profile (Appendix B).

#### **2.5. Wetland Delineation**

Waters of the US (WUS) including jurisdictional wetlands and special aquatic sites were delineated throughout the project area in accordance with criteria established in the 1987 Wetland Manual and the 2010 Regional Supplement.

In order to delineate a representative area as wetland, the technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology, as described in the 1987 Wetland Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement, must be satisfied. The 2012 NWPL (Lichvar and Kartesz, 2009) indicator status and scientific plant names were used in this report. A Routine Level-2 On-site Determination Method (USACE 2010) was used to delineate wetland areas within the project boundaries. The information was recorded electronically on the Wetland Determination Data form (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology, and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for this delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were

assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was a special aquatic site, an atypical situation, or a problem area. The wetland boundary was GPS surveyed and identified on 2013 aerial photography. Wetland areas were estimated using geographic information system (GIS) methods.

## **2.6. Wildlife**

Observations of use by mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird species were recorded on the wetland monitoring form during the site visit. Indirect use indicators, including tracks, scat, burrow, eggshells, skins, and bones, were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods, such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive wildlife species list for the entire site is maintained and reported each year.

## **2.7. Functional Assessment**

The 2008 MDT MWAM was used to evaluate functions and values on the site in 2010, 2012, 2013. This method provides an objective means of assigning wetlands an overall rating and provides regulators a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values (Berglund and McEldowney 2008). Field data for this assessment were collected during the site visit. A Functional Assessment Form was completed for each wetland or group of wetlands (Assessment Areas [AAs]) (Appendix B).

## **2.8. Photo Documentation**

Monitoring at photo points provided supplemental information documenting wetland conditions, trends, current land uses surrounding the site, upland buffer and monitored area conditions, and vegetation transect composition. Photographs were taken at established photo points throughout the mitigation site, at the transect end points, at each wetland determination data point, and at each surveyed cross-section during the site visit (Appendix C). Photo point locations were recorded with a resource grade GPS unit (Figure 2, Appendix A).

## **2.9. GPS Data**

Site features and survey points were collected with a resource grade Thales Pro Mark III GPS unit and a Trimble GeoHX GPS unit during the 2013 monitoring season. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and presented in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with GPS included photographic points, transect endpoints, wetland boundary, and wetland data points.

## **2.10. Maintenance Needs**

Channels, engineered structures, fencing, and other features were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems. A cursory examination was completed rather than an engineering-level structural inspection.

## **3. RESULTS**

### **3.1. Hydrology**

Climate data from the Libby 32 SSE, Montana (245020) weather station recorded an average total annual precipitation rate of 24.59 inches from 1949 to 2012 (WRCC 2013). Annual precipitation for 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012 was 19.74, 22.01, 22.64, and 27.19 inches, respectively. Average precipitation for the period of record from January to August was 14.94 inches. Precipitation totals recorded from January to August were 11.65 inches (2010), 15.05 inches (2011), 16.2 inches (2012), and 10.01 inches (2013). In general, the area around the project area exhibited above-average precipitation in 2011 and 2012 prior to and during the growing season and below-average precipitation in 2010 and 2013.

During the 2013 investigation, the average depth of surface water across the site was estimated at 1.3 feet with a range of depths from 0.0 to 3.5 feet. Approximately 65 percent of the assessment area was inundated. The surface water depth at the emergent vegetation and open water boundary was estimated at 1.1 feet. The south two-thirds of the site was inundated and/or saturated as a result of the plugged former channel of Coyote Creek and abundant surface and ground water flowing through this valley. The north portion of the site was drier. All of the excavated ponds contained surface water although the water levels were below the design elevation toward the northern boundary. The intermittent Schrieber Creek was dry by the August 2013 field survey. Although direct precipitation contributes to wetland hydrology, the high seasonal groundwater table and surface flow through the intermittent creeks provide the majority of water driving wetland hydrology within this site. In general, any precipitation that contributes to groundwater recharge and surface flow through the creeks supplies sufficient hydrology to maintain wetland conditions within the site, with above-average precipitation rates, such as those observed in 2011 and 2012, likely running off the site as excess surface water. Other site wide indicators of wetland hydrology included saturation and inundation visible on aerial photographs, positive FAC-neutral test, and seasonal high groundwater table.

Data points SCH TP-1 to SCH TP-5, with the exception of SCH TP-4, were located within areas that met the wetland criteria (Figure 2, Appendix A). Data point SCH TP-1 exhibited a high water table at 10 inches below the ground surface (bgs), saturation at 7 inches bgs, and a positive FAC-neutral test. The water table at TP-2 and TP-3 was 4 and 8 inches bgs, respectively. The soil was saturated at the ground surface in both pits. Sample plot TP-2 also exhibited a positive FAC-neutral test. Data point TP-5 was saturated at 12 inches bgs. The

water table was 18 inches bgs. There were no hydrologic indicators at the upland data point TP-4.

### **3.2. Channel Cross-Sections**

The survey results for eleven permanent cross-sections (XS) established along the constructed Coyote and Schrieber Creeks (Figure 2, Appendix A) are shown in Appendix E. The 2013 data was compared to the 2012 baseline survey to assess stream channel stability.

In general, the banks of the newly constructed channels were well-vegetated and exhibited stable conditions. In the upper reaches of the site, including XS-1 through XS-3, streambank vegetation was dominated by a combination of Creeping meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus arundinaceus*), field meadow-foxtail (*Alopecurus pratensis*), American slough grass (*Beckmannia syzigachne*), and various sedges (*Carex* spp.). These species generally have a root stability index of six or greater. Below the site access road across the stream, streambank vegetation is nearly 100% dominated by Reed canary grass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), which has a root stability rating of nine.

With the exception of XS-3 and XS-10, there were minimal changes within the surveyed cross sections geometry between 2012 and 2013. Located directly below the spring in a reach of channel that remained undisturbed during mitigation construction in 2011, XS-3 indicated channel widening between 2012 and 2013. This discrepancy is related to not finding the bank pins in 2013 and does not reflect an actual change to channel morphology at this location. Photographs of XS-3, located on page C-20 of Appendix C, display well-vegetated streambanks and abundant instream vegetation. There was no observable change to the stream channel through this reach between 2012 and 2013. Due to the robust stand of reed canary grass obscuring the ground surface, the permanent bank pins were also not located at XS-10 during the 2013 survey. A cross-section survey was completed at the approximate location; however, post-processing indicated this survey was about 10ft to the west of the established pins. Photographs on page C-23 show reed canary grass very well established at this cross section and no erosion was identified during the field survey.

### **3.3. Vegetation**

A comprehensive list of 113 plant species identified on the site from 2010 to 2013 is presented in Table 2. Eleven new plant species were identified in 2013. Six wetland and two upland community types were identified and mapped at the mitigation site in 2013, including two new wetland communities (Figure 3, Appendix A). Individual plant species observed within each community are listed on the Monitoring Form (Appendix B). Open water below the ordinary high water mark (OHWM) of the constructed stream channel is identified on Figure 3 (Appendix A) by polygon 10. The vegetation community types identified on the site in 2013 are discussed below.

**Table 2. Vegetation species identified in 2010, 2012 and 2013 at the Schrieber Meadows Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Scientific Names	Common Names	WMVC Indicator Status <sup>1</sup>
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Common Yarrow	FACU
<i>Achnatherum nelsonii</i>	Columbia Needlegrass	UPL
<i>Agastache urticifolia</i>	Nettle-Leaf Giant-Hyssop	FACU
<i>Agropyron cristatum</i>	Crested Wheatgrass	UPL
<i>Agrostis gigantea</i>	Black Bent	FAC
<i>Agrostis scabra</i>	Rough Bent	FAC
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>	Spreading Bent	FAC
<i>Algae, brown</i>	Algae, Brown	NL
<i>Algae, green</i>	Algae, Green	NL
<i>Alnus incana</i>	Speckled Alder	FACW
<i>Alopecurus arundinaceus</i>	Creeping Meadow-Foxtail	FAC
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	Field Meadow-Foxtail	FAC
<i>Aquatic macrophytes</i>	Aquatic macrophytes	NL
<b><i>Arctium minus</i></b>	<b>Lesser Burdock</b>	<b>UPL</b>
<b><i>Arnica chamissonis</i></b>	<b>Leafy Leopardbane</b>	<b>FACW</b>
<i>Aster sp.</i>	Aster	NL
<i>Aster sp. (purple)</i>	Aster	NL
<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	American Slough Grass	OBL
<i>Bromus carinatus</i>	California Brome	UPL
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	Smooth Brome	FAC
<i>Cardaria sp.</i>	Whitetop	NL
<i>Carex aquatilis</i>	Leafy Tussock Sedge	OBL
<i>Carex athrostachya</i>	Slender-Beak Sedge	FACW
<i>Carex bebbii</i>	Bebb's Sedge	OBL
<i>Carex microptera</i>	Small-Wing Sedge	FACU
<i>Carex nebrascensis</i>	Nebraska Sedge	OBL
<i>Carex pachystachya</i>	Thick-Head Sedge	FAC
<i>Carex peltita</i>	Woolly Sedge	OBL
<i>Carex stipata</i>	Stalk-Grain Sedge	OBL
<i>Carex utriculata</i>	Northwest Territory Sedge	OBL
<i>Centaurea maculosa</i>	Spotted Knapweed	UPL
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	Field Mouse-Ear Chickweed	FACU
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-Ear Chickweed	FACU
<i>Ceratophyllum demersum</i>	Coon's-Tail	OBL
<i>Cirsium arvense</i>	Canadian Thistle	FAC
<i>Cleome serrulata</i>	Rocky Mountain Beeplant	FACU
<i>Collomia linearis</i>	Narrow-Leaf Mountain-Trumpet	FACU
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>	Gypsy-Flower	FACU

<sup>1</sup>Draft 2012 NWPL (Lichvar and Kartesz 2009).

New species identified in 2013 are shown in bold type.

**Table 2. (continued). Vegetation species identified in 2010, 2012 and 2013 at the Schrieber Meadows Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Scientific Names	Common Names	WMVC Indicator Status <sup>1</sup>
<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass	FACW
<i>Eleocharis flavescens</i>	Yellow Spike-Rush	OBL
<i>Eleocharis palustris</i>	Common Spike-Rush	OBL
<b><i>Eleocharis quinqueflora</i></b>	<b>Few-Flower Spike-Rush</b>	<b>OBL</b>
<i>Elymus repens</i>	Creeping Wild Rye	FAC
<i>Elymus trachycaulus</i>	Slender Wild Rye	FAC
<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i>	Fringed Willowherb	FACW
<i>Epilobium sp.</i>	Willowherb	NL
<b><i>Equisetum arvense</i></b>	<b>Field Horsetail</b>	<b>FAC</b>
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i>	Tall Scouring-Rush	FACW
<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i>	Worm-Seed Wallflower	FACU
<i>Fragaria virginiana</i>	Virginia Strawberry	FACU
<b><i>Galium mexicanum</i></b>	<b>Mexican Bedstraw</b>	<b>FAC</b>
<i>Galium trifidum</i>	Three-Petal Bedstraw	FACW
<i>Geum macrophyllum</i>	Large-Leaf Avens	FAC
<i>Glyceria elata</i>	Tall Manna Grass	FACW
<i>Glyceria grandis</i>	American Manna Grass	OBL
<i>Glyceria striata</i>	Fowl Manna Grass	OBL
<i>Gnaphalium palustre</i>	Western Marsh Cudweed	FACW
<i>Hippuris vulgaris</i>	Common Mare's-Tail	OBL
<b><i>Juncus articulatus</i></b>	<b>Joint-Leaf Rush</b>	<b>OBL</b>
<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	Toad Rush	FACW
<i>Juncus confusus</i>	Colorado Rush	FAC
<i>Juncus ensifolius</i>	Dagger-Leaf Rush	FACW
<i>Juncus nodosus</i>	Knotted Rush	OBL
<b><i>Juncus tenuis</i></b>	<b>Lesser Poverty Rush</b>	<b>FAC</b>
<i>Lemna minor</i>	Common Duckweed	OBL
<i>Marsilea vestita</i>	Hairy Water-Clover	OBL
<i>Matricaria discoidea</i>	Pineapple-Weed	FACU
<i>Medicago lupulina</i>	Black Medick	FACU
<i>Mentha arvensis</i>	American Wild Mint	FACW
<i>Mimulus guttatus</i>	Seep Monkey-Flower	OBL
<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>	Eurasian Water-Milfoil	OBL
<i>Pascopyrum smithii</i>	Western-Wheat Grass	FACU
<i>Persicaria amphibia</i>	Water Smartweed	OBL
<i>Persicaria lapathifolia</i>	Dock-Leaf Smartweed	FACW
<i>Persicaria maculosa</i>	Lady's-Thumb	FACW
<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>	Reed Canary Grass	FACW

<sup>1</sup>Draft 2012 NWPL (Lichvar and Kartesz 2009).

New species identified in 2013 are shown in bold type.

**Table 2. (continued). Vegetation species identified in 2010, 2012 and 2013 at the Schrieber Meadows Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Scientific Names	Common Names	WMVC Indicator Status <sup>1</sup>
<i>Phleum pratense</i>	Common Timothy	FAC
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Lodgepole Pine	FAC
<i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	Ponderosa Pine	FACU
<i>Plantago major</i>	Great Plantain	FAC
<i>Poa palustris</i>	Fowl Blue Grass	FAC
<i>Poa pratensis</i>	Kentucky Blue Grass	FAC
<i>Poa sp.</i>	Blue Grass	NL
<i>Polygonum douglasii</i>	Douglas' Knotweed	FACU
<i>Populus balsamifera</i>	Balsam Poplar	FAC
<i>Potamogeton foliosus</i>	Leafy Pondweed	OBL
<i>Potamogeton natans</i>	Floating Pondweed	OBL
<i>Potentilla gracilis</i>	Graceful Cinquefoil	FAC
<i>Potentilla norvegica</i>	Norwegian Cinquefoil	FAC
<b><i>Prunella vulgaris</i></b>	<b>Common Selfheal</b>	<b>FACU</b>
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i>	Cursed Buttercup	OBL
<i>Rumex acetosella</i>	Common Sheep Sorrel	FACU
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	Curly Dock	FAC
<i>Salix drummondiana</i>	Drummond's Willow	FACW
<b><i>Senecio hydrophiloides</i></b>	<b>Stout Meadow Ragwort</b>	<b>FACW</b>
<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i>	Tall Hedge-Mustard	FACU
<i>Sparganium emersum</i>	European Burr-Reed	OBL
<i>Spiranthes romanzoffiana</i>	Hooded Ladies'-Tresses	FACW
<i>Stuckenia pectinata</i>	Sago False Pondweed	OBL
<i>Suaeda calceoliformis</i>	Paiuteweed	FACW
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>	Common Dandelion	FACU
<i>Thlaspi arvense</i>	Field Penny-Cress	UPL
<b><i>Trifolium arvense</i></b>	<b>Rabbitfoot Clover</b>	<b>UPL</b>
<i>Trifolium hybridum</i>	Alsike Clover	FAC
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	FACU
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	FAC
<i>Triglochin maritima</i>	Seaside Arrow-Grass	OBL
<i>Typha latifolia</i>	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	Great Mullein	FACU
<i>Veronica americana</i>	American-Brooklime	OBL
<b><i>Veronica anagallis-aquatica</i></b>	<b>Blue Water Speedwell</b>	<b>OBL</b>
<i>Veronica peregrina</i>	Neckweed	OBL
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-Leaf Speedwell	FAC

<sup>1</sup>Draft 2012 NWPL (Lichvar and Kartesz 2009).

New species identified in 2013 are shown in bold type.

Wetland community Type 3 – *Phalaris arundinacea* was the dominant vegetation community on the site in 2013, covering 21.92 acres of the project area. Reed canary grass dominates the community. In some places the reed canary grass was over 6 feet tall. Creeping meadow-foxtail, field meadow-foxtail, American slough grass, water smartweed (*Persicaria amphibia*), and thick-head sedge (*Carex pachystachya*) were each present ranging in cover from one to five percent. Twenty-two other species at less than one percent cover each were identified in this community.

Wetland community Type 5 – Aquatic macrophytes/Open Water encompassed 8.88 acres of the excavated cells throughout the site. The three cells constructed in 2007 exhibited a well developed aquatic community with emergent, floating, and submergent plant species. The cells constructed in 2011 did not display the same level of vegetation development. In general, the cells located toward the north boundary (upgradient) were drier and exposed to a greater level of groundwater fluctuation. Inundation levels within the constructed cells increased downgradient. Dominant vegetation at the open water margins included tall manna grass (*Glyceria elata*), common spike-rush (*Eleocharis palustris*), reed canary grass, and stalk-grain sedge (*Carex stipata*). Water smartweed (*Persicaria amphibia*), green and brown algae, broad-leaf cattail (*Typha latifolia*), and American-Brooklime (*Veronica americana*) were common within the deeper water. A total of 16 species were identified within this community in 2013.

Wetland community Type 6 – *Alopecurus* spp. was located across 13.23 acres situated around the constructed cells along the Upper Coyote Creek reach. The area appeared to be exposed to periodic flooding during peak spring runoff with seasonal drawdown and drier conditions present throughout the latter part of the growing season. The community was dominated by field meadow-foxtail and creeping meadow foxtail with lesser amounts of reed canary grass, Kentucky blue grass (*Poa pratensis*), great plantain (*Plantago major*), Drummond's willow (*Salix drummondiana*), rabbitfoot clover (*Trifolium arvense*), and common dandelion (*Taraxacum officinale*). A total of 32 plant species were identified within the community.

Wetland community Type 7 – *Juncus bufonius*/Bare Ground was located on 0.25 acre in 2013, a considerable decrease from 1.70 acres identified in 2012. This community was generally mapped around the perimeter of the constructed cells in 2012 and was replaced in 2013 by community Type 11 – *Beckmannia syzigachne*/Bare Ground. Community Type 7 was mapped in the lower contours of an excavated wetland cell in the northwest corner of the mitigation area. Toad rush (*Juncus bufonius*) was the dominant successional plant species in this community. American slough grass, common spike rush, seep monkey-flower (*Mimulus guttatus*), and pautweed (*Suaeda calceoliformis*) were identified at less than 10 percent cover. Approximately 21 to 50 percent of the community was bare ground as a result of recent construction of the excavated depressions.

Upland community Type 8 – *Elymus repens/Pascopyrum smithii* was mapped across 2.68 acres within the spoil pile from the cells and stream channels. This area was seeded following construction in 2011. Western-wheat grass (*Pascopyrum smithii*), creeping wild rye (*Elymus repens*), and black medic (*Medicago lupulina*) dominated the community. Other species included field meadow-foxtail, smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*), and tall hedge-mustard (*Sisymbrium altissimum*).

Upland community Type 9 – *Alopecurus* spp./*Bromus inermis* was located across 6.32 acres within uplands around the periphery of the site. Type 9 consisted of field meadow-foxtail, creeping meadow-foxtail, and smooth brome, with lesser amounts of common yarrow (*Achillea millefolium*), western-wheatgrass, Kentucky blue grass, stout meadow ragwort (*Senecio hydrophiloides*), leafy leopardbane (*Arnica chamissonis*), great plantain, and common dandelion.

Wetland community Type 11 - The perimeter of the ponds in the north section of the site identified as wetland community 7 in 2012 was replaced by 1.53 acres of wetland community Type 11 – *Beckmannia syzigachne*/Bare Ground in 2013. Twenty-one to fifty percent of the community was recorded as bare ground. American sloughgrass, creeping meadow-foxtail, toad rush, American wild mint (*Mentha arvensis*), and slender-beaked sedge (*Carex athrostachya*) dominated vegetation species.

Wetland community Type 12 – *Agrostis stolonifera/Juncus bufonius* was a new vegetation community identified on 1.8 acres in the northwest corner of the site that replaced an area mapped in the Type 6 – *Alopecurus* community in 2012. Black bent (grass) (*Agrostis stolonifera*), toad rush, and smooth brome dominated the plant cover. Bare ground was exposed on less than one percent of the community. This community type represented seasonal wetlands with dry conditions generally present throughout the second half of the growing season.

Five vegetation communities were identified during the initial monitoring of the Schrieber Meadows pilot project in 2010. Three of these communities did not persist into 2012. Upland community Type 1 – *Agropyron repens/Centaurea maculosa* identified in 2010 was generally replaced by upland community Type 8 – *Elymus repens/Pascopyrum smithii* in 2012. Upland community Type 3 – *Phalaris arundinacea* identified in 2010 likely represented persistent hydrophytic vegetation within historic wetland areas adversely affected by draining. These areas were generally inundated in 2012 due to the substantially increased water table levels. Wetland community Type 4 – *Glyceria elata/Eleocharis* spp. was identified in 2010 around the fringes adjacent to the open water within the constructed cells. This community type was replaced in 2012 by Type 5 – Aquatic Macrophytes/Open Water where increased water levels inundated the community and by wetland Type 3 where reed canary grass became predominant. Changes in vegetation communities in 2013 are primarily the result of continued wetland vegetation development within and around the excavated

cells, vegetation response to the increased groundwater table, and mapping refinement of community boundaries.

Trends in plant species composition were measured on three transects (T-1, T-2, and T-3) in 2013. Photographs of the transect end points are shown on pages C-24 to C-26 of Appendix C. One 318-foot transect, T-1, was established during initial monitoring at the site in 2010. Table 3 and Charts 1 and 2 summarize the data for T-1 (Monitoring Form, Appendix B). Vegetation communities 3 (*Phalaris*) and 5 (Aquatic macrophytes) were identified on the transect. The extent of open water increased from 73 percent to 75.5 percent in 2013. The cover of hydrophytic species on T-1 was 24.5 percent in 2013, slightly lower than 2012. The termination of T-1 was inundated with approximately two inches of water. The increase of open water on T-1 in 2012 and 2013 reflected the level of inundation within the excavated cells, which was the result of plugging the former Coyote Creek channel along the east boundary. No portion of this transect crossed an upland community type in 2012 or 2013.

**Table 3. Data summary for transect T-1 in 2010, 2012 and 2013 at the Schrieber Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Monitoring Year	2010	2012	2013
<b>Transect Length (feet)</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>318</b>
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	7	6	6
Vegetation Communities along Transect	3	2	2
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2	2
Total Vegetative Species	32	15	13
Total Hydrophytic Species	22	12	8
Total Upland Species	10	3	5
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	62	27	24.5
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	13	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Open Water	25	73	75.5
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0	0	0

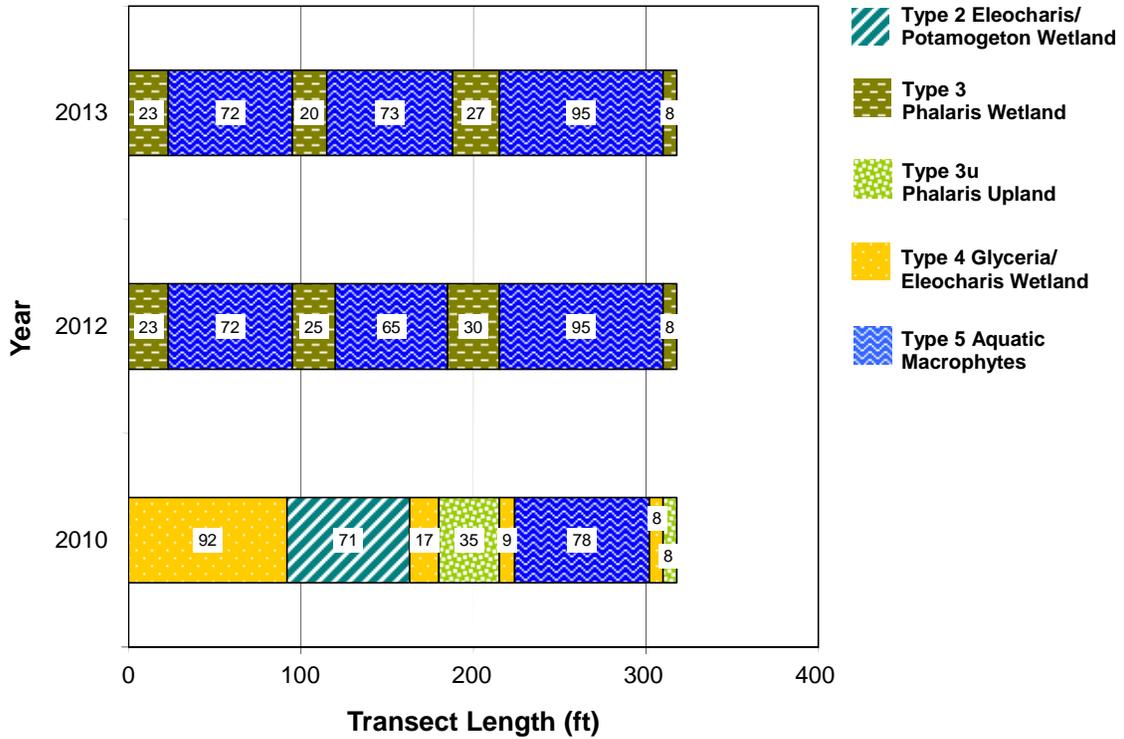


Chart 1. Transect map showing community types on transect T-1 in 2010, 2012 and 2013 from start (0 feet) to end (318 feet).

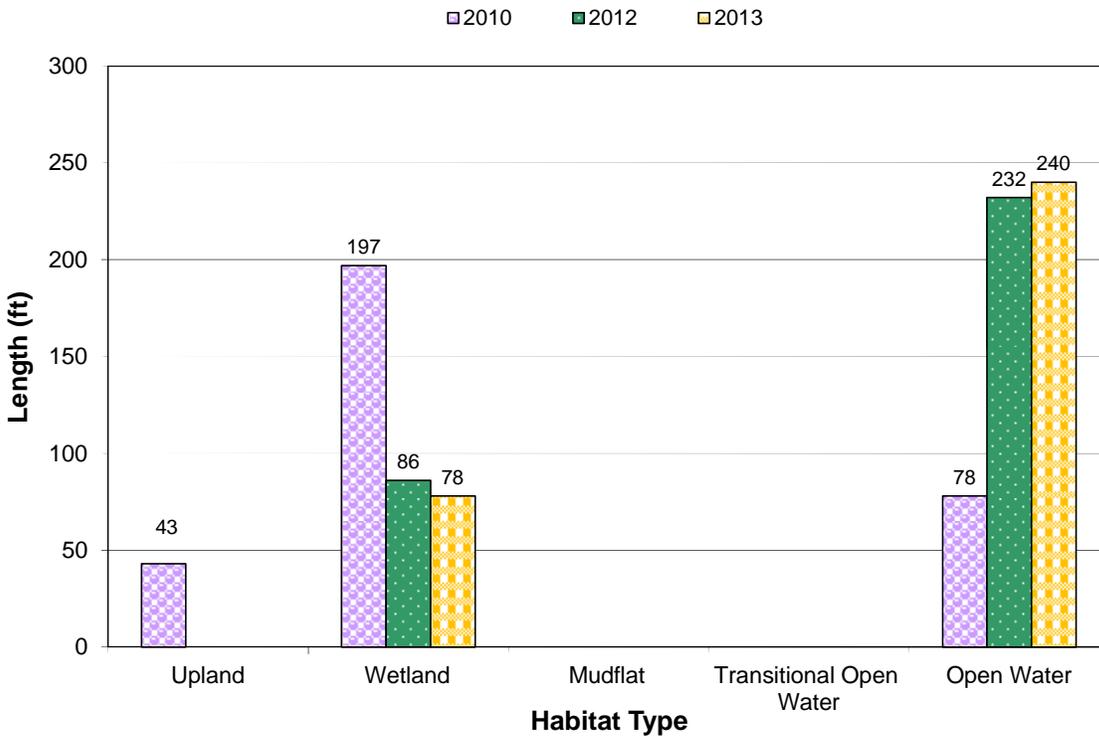


Chart 2. Length of habitat types within transect T-1 in 2010, 2012 and 2013.

Transect T-2 was established in 2011 across three constructed cells within the north section of the project site (Figure 2, Appendix A). Details of the transect data are summarized and graphed on Table 4 and Charts 3 and 4. Photographs of the endpoints of transect T-2 are shown on page C-25 of Appendix C. Transect T-2 crossed wetland community types 5 – Aquatic macrophytes, 6 - *Alopecurus*, 11 - *Beckmannia*, and 12 – *Agrostis stolonifera*. Wetland community 11 replaced wetland community 7 – *Juncus bufonius* on several intervals of this transect in 2013. Hydrophytic species dominated 60.3 percent of the transect and open water was found on the remaining 39.7 percent of the transect. There was a significant increase in the extent of inundation within the cells in 2013. The number of species identified on the transect increased from 26 in 2012 to 38 in 2013.

**Table 4. Data summary for transect T-2 in 2012 and 2013 at the Schrieber Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Monitoring Year	2012	2013
Transect Length (feet)	594	594
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	16	16
Vegetation Communities along Transect	3	4
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	3	3
Total Vegetative Species	26	38
Total Hydrophytic Species	17	28
Total Upland Species	9	10
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	59.1	60.3
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	40.9	39.7
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0	0

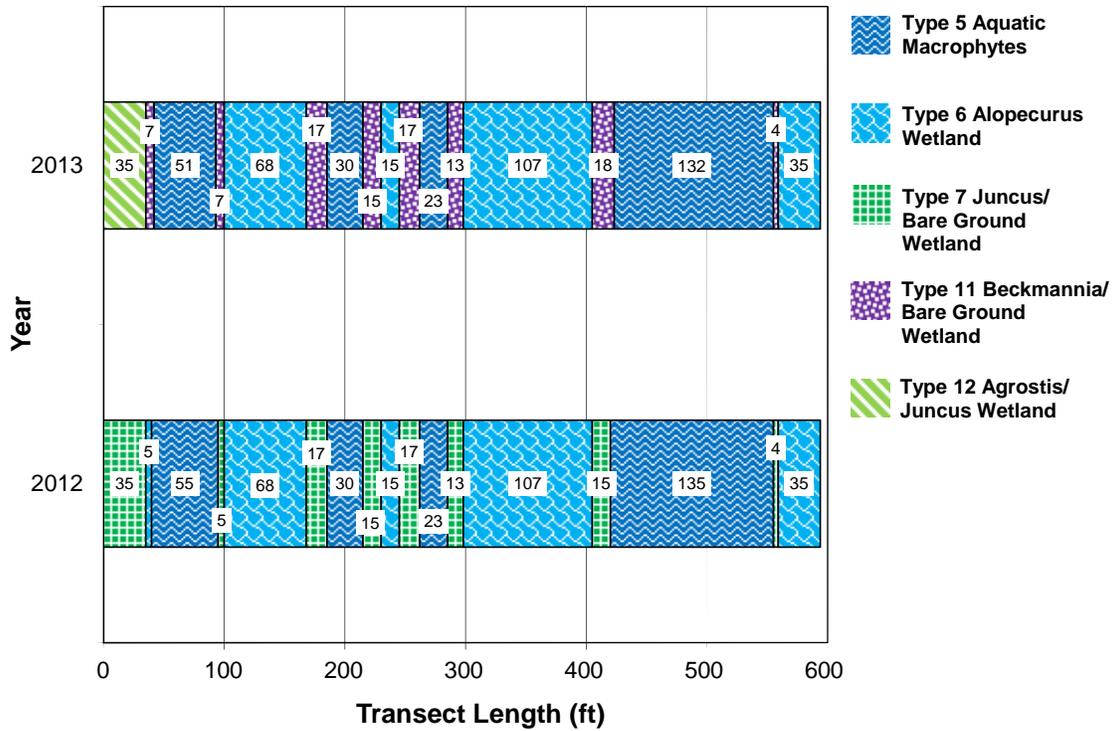


Chart 3. Transect map showing community types on transect T-2 in 2012 and 2013 from start (0 feet) to end (594 feet).

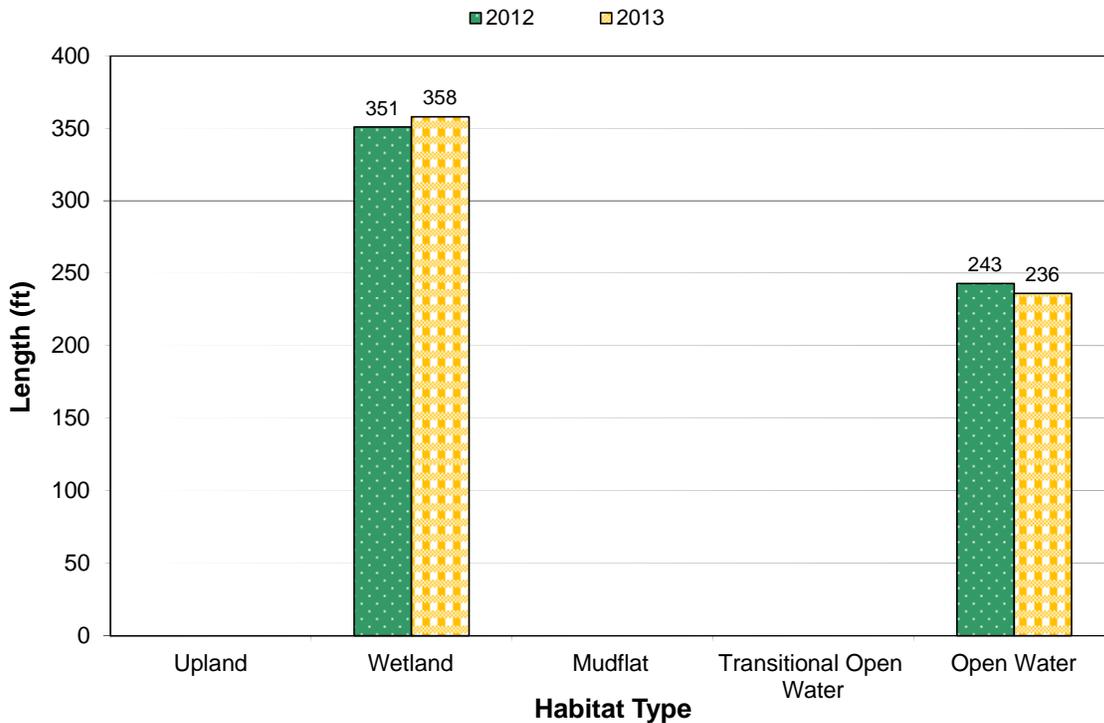


Chart 4. Length of habitat types within transect T-2 in 2012 and 2013.

Transect T-3 began between two constructed cells along the Middle Coyote Creek reach and extended east 440 feet to the edge of the former Coyote Creek channel along the east boundary of the site. Transect details are shown on Table 5 and Charts 5 and 6 (Monitoring Forms, Appendix B). Photographs of the transect T-3 end points are shown on page C-26 of Appendix C. The transect crosses two wetland communities, Type 3 – *Phalaris arundinacea* and Type 5 – Aquatic macrophytes/Open Water. Only four plant species were identified on the transect as a result of the dominance of reed canary grass within this area. Open water covered 47 percent transect T-3.

**Table 5. Data summary for transect T-3 in 2012 and 2013 at the Schrieber Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Monitoring Year	2012	2013
Transect Length (feet)	440	440
Vegetation Community Transitions along Transect	4	4
Vegetation Communities along Transect	2	2
Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities along Transect	1	1
Total Vegetative Species	9	5
Total Hydrophytic Species	7	3
Total Upland Species	2	2
% Transect Length Comprising Hydrophytic Vegetation Communities	53	53
% Transect Length Comprising Upland Vegetation Communities	0	0
% Transect Length Comprising Unvegetated Open Water	47	47
% Transect Length Comprising Bare Substrate	0	0

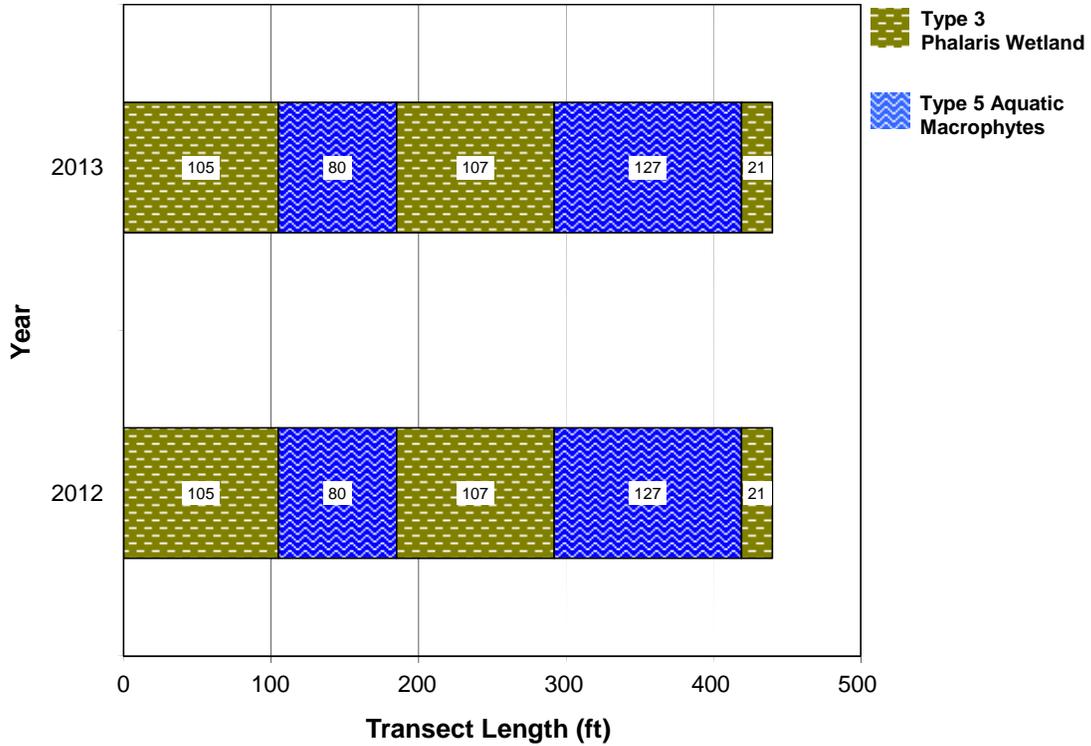


Chart 5. Transect map showing community types on transect T-3 in 2012 and 2013 from start (0 feet) to end (440 feet).

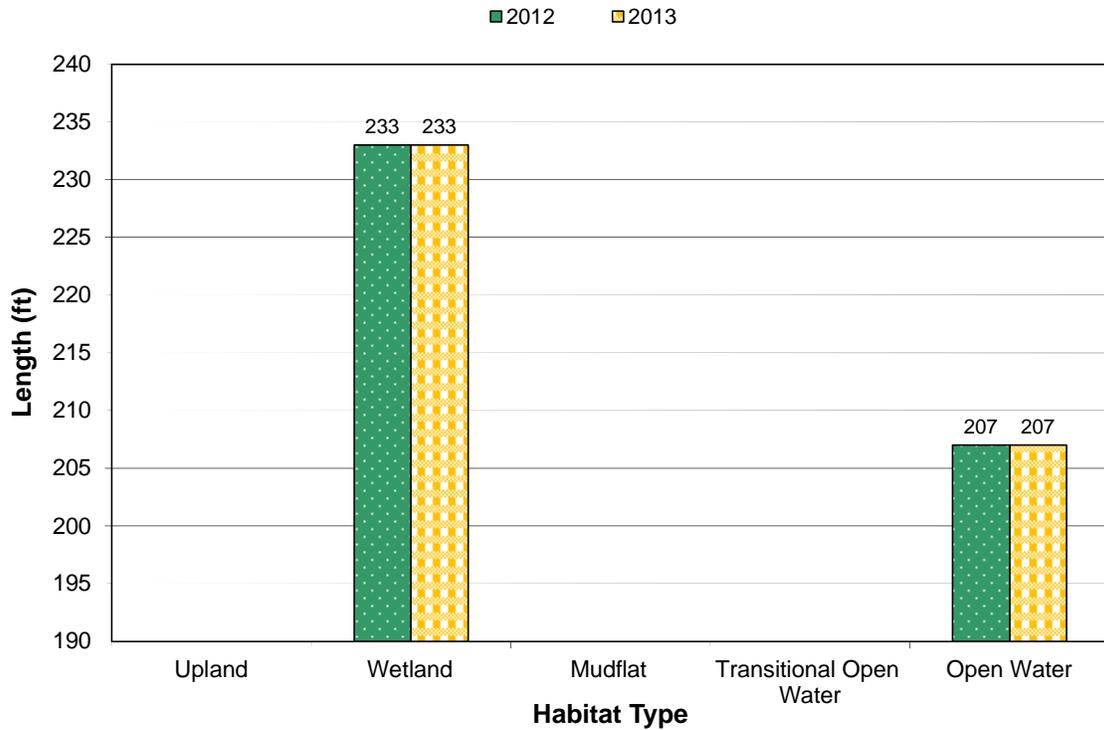


Chart 6. Length of habitat types within transect T-3 in 2012 and 2013.

Four infestations of Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) were identified within wetland and upland community Types 6, 8, and 9. Infestation sizes ranged from less than 0.1 acre to 1 acre. Cover class ranged from low (1 to 5 percent cover) to high (25 to 100 percent cover). The largest infestation was located along the west boundary in upland community Type 9 near the merged Coyote and Schrieber Creek reach in the south half of the site (Figure 3, Appendix A).

Speckled alders (*Alnus incana*) were planted along the newly constructed stream channel and pond in the north third of the site. Sixty-one live plants and one dead stem were observed throughout the mitigation site in 2013. The plants appeared healthy with vigorous, new green growth. Five willows (*Salix* sp.) were seen near the spring north of the access road. The prevalence of reed canary grass will likely inhibit shrub development within this site.

### **3.4. Soil**

The primary map unit on the site (approximately 70 percent) was identified as a poorly drained Aquic Udifluent. The soil is found in intermontane basins and is classified as hydric. The NRCS soil unit Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts was mapped in the lower portions of the site and included silty glaciolacustrine deposits common on lacustrine terraces and glacial outwash terraces.

Four of the five test pits were located in areas that met the wetland criteria. The soil in wetland test pit SCH TP-1 was a very dark gray (10YR 3/1) loam without redoximorphic features. This test pit was located in a recently constructed saturated wetland and was considered hydric based on saturated soils observed during the dry season. Redox features will likely develop over time as wetland hydrology persists. A black (10 YR 2/1) peat layer was observed at 10 inches bgs below a black sandy loam layer and was evidence of an historic wetland at soil pit SCH TP-2. A depleted dark matrix of grayish brown (2.5 Y 5/2) silt with yellowish brown redox concentrations characterized the hydric soil at TP-3. The upland test pit TP-4 exhibited a dark grayish brown (10 YR 4/2) silt with yellowish brown (10 YR 5/8) redox concentrations, an indication of a fluctuating water table and a depleted matrix. Test pit TP-4 did not meet the wetland criteria for hydric soils but revealed redox concentrations within the matrix below 10 inches. Test pit T-5 revealed a depleted matrix of a light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) fine sand with yellowish brown redox concentrations (10 YR 5/8).

### **3.5. Wetland Delineation**

Five data points were sampled on August 2, 2013, to refine the wetland and upland boundaries. The wetland delineation conducted in 2004 and 2005 prior to project initiation identified four different wetland areas totaling approximately 15.56 acres within the mitigation project area. The pilot project constructed in 2007 resulted in the development of an additional 2.38 acres of wetland habitat within the project boundary. The delineation conducted in 2012 following completion of the second construction phase mapped a total of 47.58 acres of wetlands across the 56.95-acre site. The total wetland acreage delineated in 2013 was 47.61 acres. The extensive development of wetlands at this site was

the product of excavating the wetland cells, plugging the former channel, and raising the bed elevation of the restored creek channel. Wide-spread inundation was present throughout the south two thirds of the site as a result of the earthen ditch plugs and the impedance of surface drainage out of the site. Increased water table elevations and saturated soil were observed from the north, upgradient region of the mitigation area to the seasonally intermittent Upper Coyote Creek reach. The creek flow is perennial downgradient of the large spring that originates within the project area near the access drive that separates the upper and lower sections of the site. The site was extensively inundated below the access drive. Approximately 0.34 acres of the site was open water riverine habitat associated with the restored stream channel. A total of 47.95 acres of jurisdictional wetland were delineated at the Schrieber Meadows mitigation site in 2013 (Table 6).

**Table 6. Total wetland acres delineated in 2010, 2012 and 2013.**

Wetland Habitat Type	2010 Acres	2012 Acres	2013 Acres
Pre-existing Wetland Area inside geotechnical limits adjacent to US 2 (MDT & USFS)	1.12	15.56	15.56
Created Wetland Depressions and Additional Wetland Development	3.72	32.02	32.05
Open Water Riverine Habitat	0.00	0.34	0.34
<b>TOTAL WETLAND HABITAT</b>	<b>4.84</b>	<b>47.92</b>	<b>47.95</b>

### 3.6. Wildlife

A list of animal species observed directly or indirectly during the 2010, 2012, and 2013 monitoring events is presented in Table 7. Fifty individuals of eight bird species were identified onsite in 2013. Birds observed include mallards (*Anas platyrhynchos*) on many of the ponds throughout the site and Canada geese (*Branta canadensis*) on two of the ponds in the north end of the site. A great blue heron (*Ardia herodias*) was seen foraging near the culvert at the access road. A rufous hummingbird (*Selasphorus rufus*) flew out of the cottonwood stand at the east edge of the site. Other wildlife observed included five Columbia spotted frogs (*Rana luteiventris*), and a coyote (*Canas latrans*). Moose (*Alces americanus*) and deer (*Odocoileus* sp.) tracks and evidence of muskrat (*Ondatra zibethicus*) foraging were noted. Sounds associated with a bear (*Ursus* sp.) or moose were heard in the forested northwest corner of the site.

**Table 7. Wildlife observed at Schrieber Meadows Mitigation Site in 2010, 2012 and 2013.**

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
<b>AMPHIBIAN</b>	
<b>Columbia Spotted Frog</b>	<i>Rana luteiventris</i>
Frog sp.	
Pacific Treefrog	<i>Pseudacris regilla</i>
Western Toad	<i>Bufo boreas</i>
<b>BIRD</b>	
Bank Swallow	<i>Riparia riparia</i>
Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>
Belted Kingfisher	<i>Megaceryle alcyon</i>
Brewer's Blackbird	<i>Euphagus cyanocephalus</i>
<b>Canada Goose</b>	<b><i>Branta canadensis</i></b>
<b>Cedar Waxwing</b>	<b><i>Bombycilla cedrorum</i></b>
Common Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>
Eared Grebe	<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i>
Eastern Kingbird	<i>Tyrannus tyrannus</i>
<b>Great Blue Heron</b>	<b><i>Ardea herodias</i></b>
Green-winged Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>
Killdeer	<i>Charadrius vociferus</i>
Lesser Yellowlegs	<i>Tringa flavipes</i>
<b>Mallard</b>	<b><i>Anas platyrhynchos</i></b>
Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>
Redhead	<i>Aythya americana</i>
<b>Red-winged Blackbird</b>	<b><i>Agelaius phoeniceus</i></b>
<b>Rufous Hummingbird</b>	<b><i>Selasphorus rufus</i></b>
Spotted Sandpiper	<i>Actitis macularius</i>
<b>Tree Swallow</b>	<b><i>Tachycineta bicolor</i></b>
Turkey Vulture	<i>Cathartes aura</i>
Unknown Sparrow	
Vaux's Swift	<i>Chaetura vauxi</i>
Virginia Rail	<i>Rallus limicola</i>
<b>Wilson's Snipe</b>	<b><i>Gallinago delicata</i></b>
<b>FISH</b>	
Pumpkinseed	<i>Lepomis gibbosus</i>
<b>REPTILE</b>	
Common Gartersnake	<i>Thamnophis sirtalis</i>
Painted Turtle	<i>Chrysemys picta</i>

Species identified in 2013 are bolded.

**Table 7. (continued). Wildlife observed at Schrieber Meadows Mitigation Site in 2010, 2012 and 2013.**

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME
<b>MAMMAL</b>	
<b>Coyote</b>	<b><i>Canis latrans</i></b>
Gray Wolf	<i>Canis lupus</i>
<b>Deer Sp.</b>	
<b>Moose</b>	<b><i>Alces americanus</i></b>
<b>Muskrat</b>	<b><i>Ondatra zibethicus</i></b>
White-tailed Deer	<i>Odocoileus virginianus</i>

Species identified in 2013 are bolded.

### 3.7. Functional Assessment

The 2008 MDT MWAM was used to evaluate the site in 2010, 2012, and 2013. The functional assessment completed in 2010 incorporated the three constructed wetland cells and enhanced wetlands into one AA. The wetlands received a Category II rating with 68 percent of the total possible points in 2010. In 2012, the acreage of the project area increased to include the additional constructed wetlands cells, restored wetlands, and enhanced wetlands. These additions resulted in the assessment of three separate AAs in 2012 and 2013 (Table 8).

The 2012 and 2013 **restoration AA** included 3.46 acres of pre-existing wetlands within the footprint of the excavated cells. The AA includes both aquatic bed and emergent wetland habitats. A moderate disturbance rating associated with the 2011 construction of the cells was a key factor affecting the overall score within this AA. The level of disturbance is expected to improve as vegetation develops. The AA rated as a Category II wetland, scoring high for MTNHP Species Habitat, General Wildlife Habitat, Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage, and Groundwater/Discharge/Recharge. The assessment score was 67 percent, the same as in 2012.

The 13.22-acre **enhancement AA** included existing wetlands located between the stream mitigation portion of the project area and the US Hwy 2 corridor. Plugging the abandoned Coyote Creek resulted in increased levels of inundation throughout this AA and may eventually promote the conversion of a reed canary grass-dominated cover into a more diverse wetland habitat. The AA achieved 80 percent of the possible score, a Category II rating, and 95.18 functional units. General Wildlife Habitat received an excellent rating and high ratings in MTNHP Species Habitat, Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage, Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal, Production Export/Food Chain Support, Groundwater/Discharge/Recharge, and Recreation/Education Potential.

**Table 8. Functions and Values of Schrieber Meadows wetlands.**

Function and Value Parameters from the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method <sup>1</sup>	2010 Creation/ Enhancement AA	RESTORATION AA		ENHANCEMENT AA		CREATION AA	
		2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
MTNHP Species Habitat	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.7)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)	Exc (1.0)	High (0.9)	High (0.9)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Mod (0.6)	High (0.8)
Flood Attenuation	NA	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)
Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	Mod (0.6)	High (0.8)	High (0.8)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Mod (0.6)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	NA	NA	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)
Production Export/ Food Chain Support	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)	High (0.8)	High (0.8)	High (0.8)	High (0.8)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Uniqueness	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)	Mod (0.4)	Mod (0.4)	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
Recreation/Education Potential	Low (0.5)	High (0.2)	High (0.2)	High (0.2)	High (0.2)	High (0.2)	High (0.2)
<b>Actual Points / Possible Points</b>	<b>5.45 / 8</b>	<b>6.7/10</b>	<b>6.7/10</b>	<b>7.1/9</b>	<b>7.2/9</b>	<b>8.3/11</b>	<b>8.4/11</b>
<b>% of Possible Score Achieved</b>	<b>68%</b>	<b>67%</b>	<b>67%</b>	<b>79%</b>	<b>80%</b>	<b>75%</b>	<b>77%</b>
<b>Overall Category</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>
<b>Acreage of Assessed Aquatic Habitats within Easement (ac)</b>	<b>4.84</b>	<b>3.46</b>	<b>3.46</b>	<b>13.22</b>	<b>13.22</b>	<b>22.40</b>	<b>22.43</b>
<b>Functional Units (acreage x actual points) (f<sup>1</sup>-)</b>	<b>26.38</b>	<b>23.18</b>	<b>23.18</b>	<b>93.86</b>	<b>95.18</b>	<b>185.92</b>	<b>190.66</b>

<sup>1</sup>Berglund and McEldowney 2008.

The 2012 and 2013 **creation AA** included all wetland areas within the site that were not identified as wetland habitat during the baseline delineation and were located outside of the riparian buffer area along the constructed creeks. An increase of wetlands above the anticipated target of 6.53 acres has developed onsite due to the substantially increased water table elevation observed site wide. This 22.43-acre AA was rated as a Category II wetland with 76 percent of the possible points and 190.66 functional units in 2013, a 0.1 percent increase over 2012. The increase was the result of accounting for an upwelling feature located adjacent to Coyote Creek in the north one-third of the site, which increased the General Fish Habitat rating. This AA received high ratings in MTNHP Species Habitat, General Wildlife Habitat, Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage, Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal, Production Export/Food Chain Support, Groundwater/Discharge/Recharge, and Recreation/Education Potential.

### **3.8. Photo Documentation**

Ten photo points were initially established within the three cells monitored in 2010. A total of 20 photo points were established in 2012 in response to the increased project area size, including the re-establishment of PP7 from its original 2010 location. In addition to established photo points, photographs were taken at each surveyed stream cross-section, each sampled data point, and at each end of the vegetation transects (T-1, T-2, and T-3) in 2013. The locations of these photographs are illustrated on Figure 2 in Appendix A. The 2013 photos are provided in Appendix C.

### **3.9. Maintenance Needs**

No man-made water control structures were installed on the property. Two nest boxes were in place on the fence posts at the site entrance gate. The boxes were in good repair with signs of recent use. Four infestations of Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) were identified within wetland and upland community Types 6, 8, and 9. The largest infestation was located along the west boundary in upland community Type 9 near the merged Coyote and Schrieber Creek reach in the south half of the site. The MDT has an annual weed management plan to address control of noxious infestations identified on their mitigation sites. Annual spraying has been conducted within this site to eliminate Canadian thistle, spotted knapweed, and orange hawkweed. Weed control activities occurred on this site June 22 and August 5, 2013.

### **3.10. Current Credit Summary**

The pilot project constructed in 2007 generated approximately 3.72 mitigation credit acres and included 2.38 credit acres of wetland creation, 0.75 credit acres of restoration (rehabilitation) of existing wetlands (1.12 acres restored), and 0.59 credit acres of upland (2.96 acres maintained) buffer around the wetlands. The pilot project was engulfed by the larger project constructed by MDT in 2011. Credits generated at the Schrieber Meadows mitigation site have been reported in Table 9 on the approximate 56.95 acre full-scale project with no differentiation between pilot project and full build-out of the Schrieber Meadows project.

It was anticipated that a total of approximately 17.24 wetland credit acres would be generated from the full build-out of the Schrieber Meadows project, including the approved credits from the 2007 pilot project. The proposed wetland credits are shown in Table 9 and are described below. It was predicted that approximately 8.91 acres of wetlands would be created through the excavation of cells 1 to 11 (Project Plan sheet, Appendix D). The 2013 delineated acreage indicated that 22.40 acres of wetland habitat have been created within this mitigation site. It should be noted that plugging the former Coyote Creek channel has resulted in substantially increased water levels across the site. It should also be noted that all wetlands within the 25-foot riparian buffer (8.30 acres) used to calculate stream mitigation credits have been subtracted from this value to avoid double calculation of total mitigation credits at this site. A total 2.31 acres of wetland credit was expected to be generated from the restoration of 3.46 acres of wetlands located within a small portion of the USFS property and a portion of MDT property in wetland cells 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11 (Appendix D). A total of 4.41 acres of wetland credit has been generated through the hydrologic enhancement of 13.22 acres of existing wetlands located between the stream mitigation portion of the project area and the US Hwy 2 corridor. Approximately 2.48 acres of mitigation credit has been calculated by preserving 50-foot upland buffers around the perimeter of the wetland boundary. Upland buffer credit was given to areas located on MDT and USFS property and outside of the 25-foot riparian buffer. The development of this mitigation site resulted in impacts of 0.08 acres through the installation of the ditch plugs. This 0.08 acres has been debited from the estimated credit acreages. Overall, the proposed credit acres of 17.24 have been surpassed by the development of 31.54 acres, creating a surplus of 14.30 credit acres against expectations.

The 2013 estimated credit acres for this site have exceeded the proposed credit acres necessary for compensatory mitigation as a result of the rise in the water table following the abandonment of the former Coyote Creek channel and the subsequent increase in site wide wetland hydrology. A total of 31.54 credit acres have developed at this site following mitigation construction. The wetlands delineated in 2013 met the performance standards approved for this site, which included meeting the three parameter criteria for hydrology, vegetation, and soils. Hydrophytic vegetation success has been achieved based on the absolute cover of facultative or wetter species  $\geq 70$  percent. Open water areas were given full credit based on the stated goal of the project to provide open water within the excavated depressions during the spring and early summer. Weed cover site wide and within the upland buffers did not exceed 5 percent and met the success criteria. Isolated weed infestations were mapped throughout the mitigation site. The spread of the infestations will be controlled by MDT as mandated by the performance standards. The upland buffer success criteria have been achieved as these areas have at least 50 percent aerial cover of non-weed species and noxious weeds do not exceed 5 percent cover.

**Table 9. Summary of Wetland Credits at the Schrieber Meadows Wetland Mitigation Site.**

Mitigation Type	Total Proposed Acreage	Ratio	Proposed Credit Acres	2012 Delineated Acreage	2012 Credit Acres	2013 Delineated Acreage	2013 Credit Acres
Creation - USFS/MDT Property	8.91	1:1	8.91	22.40	22.40	22.43	22.43
Restoration on USFS/MDT Property	3.46	1.5:1	2.31	3.46	2.31	3.46	2.31
Enhancement of wetlands inside geotechnical limits adjacent to US 2 (MDT/USFS)	13.22	3:1	4.41	13.22	4.41	13.22	4.41
Riparian Buffer*	-	-	-	8.30	**	8.30	**
Upland Buffer	8.50	5:1	1.70	8.50	1.70	12.39***	2.48
Project Impacts	-0.08	None	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08	-0.08
<b>Total Mitigation Acreage</b>	<b>34.01</b>		<b>17.24</b>	<b>55.80</b>	<b>30.73</b>	<b>59.72</b>	<b>31.54</b>

\*Riparian buffer areas used to calculate stream and riparian credits.

\*\*Wetland acreages within riparian buffer subtracted from wetland credit total; riparian buffer does not include upland buffer acreage.

\*\*\*Acreage includes 50-foot buffer around wetlands within MDT and USFS property and outside of the riparian buffer.

### **Stream Mitigation Credit**

As discussed in the introduction of this report, the goal of the stream mitigation component of the Schrieber Meadows project was the restoration of approximately **7,756 linear feet** of new stream channel to both Coyote and Schrieber Creeks, resulting in an overall increase of **3,327 linear feet** of stream length with the development of approximately **35,551** stream mitigation credits. The stream mitigation project has been separated into five distinct segments, including:

1. **Upper Coyote Creek** is the segment from the edge of the forested areas on and through the USFS parcel onto the MDT-owned parcel. It is considered a seasonally intermittent stream. This segment of stream does not become perennial again until it reaches the spring area on the MDT property.
2. **Coyote Creek Spring Area** is the area between the USFS restored segment of stream and the access road into the MDT site. There is a large spring emanating from this location and MDT did not manipulate this area except to plant the adjacent riparian zones with woody shrubs and trees.
3. **Middle Coyote Creek** begins at the culverts under the access road and extends to its connection with Schrieber Creek. The stream is perennial due to groundwater flows emanating from the spring area.
4. **Perennial Spring Channel Ditch** was originally a drainage ditch constructed to relocate flows from a natural spring emanating from the hillside in the south central portion of the site. At the suggestion of the MFWP fisheries biologist for this region, the ditch was reconstructed into a natural channel and connected to Coyote Creek to contribute perennial flow to Coyote Creek.
5. **Merged Coyote/Schrieber Creeks** is the segment of stream at the southeast portion of the MDT property where Schrieber Creek merges

with Coyote Creek to form Schrieber Creek and then continues to the property boundary. The stream flow is perennial through this segment.

The completed restoration of sinuosity and stream length to both Coyote Creek and Schrieber Creek was intended to create a new channel length of approximately 7,756 linear feet, an overall increase of 3,327 linear feet from the previously channelized length of 4,429 linear feet. As part of the Montana Stream Mitigation Procedure (2010), the calculation of stream mitigation credits includes the summation of both riparian (Table 10) and stream credits (Table 11).

**Table 10. Determination of Riparian Mitigation Credits for Schrieber Meadows.**

<b>Riparian</b>						
<b>Factors</b>		<b>Upper Coyote Creek (USFS)</b>	<b>Coyote Creek Spring Area</b>	<b>Middle Coyote Creek (MDT)</b>	<b>Perennial Spring Channel</b>	<b>Merged Coyote/Schrieber Creeks</b>
Net Improvement	Stream Side A	0.25	0.40	0.25	0.25	0.25
Net Improvement	Stream Side B	0.25	0.40	0.25	0.25	0.25
Type of Protection		0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Mitigation Timing		0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Comparative Stream Order		0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Location		0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Sum of Factors	M=	1.10	1.40	1.10	1.10	1.10
Linear Feet	L=	1,725	190	3,179	400	2,425
Reach Multiplier	RM=	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25	1.25
<b>Total Riparian Credits</b>	<b>M x L x RM=</b>	<b>2,409</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>4,371</b>	<b>550</b>	<b>3,334</b>
<b>TOTAL RIPARIAN CREDITS = 10,996</b>						

**Table 11. Determination of Stream Mitigation Credits for Schrieber Meadows.**

<b>Stream</b>					
<b>Factors</b>	<b>Upper Coyote Creek (USFS)</b>	<b>Coyote Creek Spring Area</b>	<b>Middle Coyote Creek (MDT)</b>	<b>Perennial Spring Channel</b>	<b>Merged Coyote/Schrieber Creeks</b>
Net Improvement	2.50	0.00	2.50	2.50	2.50
Stream Status	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05
Type of Protection	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Mitigation Timing	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Comparative Stream Order	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20
Location	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10
Sum of Factors (M)	3.15	0.65	3.15	3.15	3.15
Linear Feet (L)	1,752	190	3,179	400	2,425
<b>Total Stream Credits (M x L)</b>	<b>5,519</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>10,014</b>	<b>1,260</b>	<b>7,639</b>
<b>TOTAL STREAM CREDITS = 24,555</b>					
<b>Total Mitigation Credits (Riparian + Stream) = 10,996 + 24,555 = 35,551</b>					

With the exception of the Coyote Creek spring area, which was undisturbed during construction activities, a net improvement factor of 0.25 for each side of the stream for the entire site was utilized for the riparian credit calculation. This value was based on the minimum creditable riparian width of 25 feet on either side of new stream channel (50 feet total) to minimize conflict with proposed wetland credit areas. A protection factor of 0.20 was utilized based on the federal and state agency ownership of the site and executed conservation easement. A mitigation timing factor of 0.10 was used based on the development of the stream credits prior to any impact debits. Both Coyote and Schrieber Creeks are considered 1<sup>st</sup> Order streams by the approved mitigation plan. These streams become a 2<sup>nd</sup> Order when they merge at the lower end of the project area. For determining the comparative stream order factor for each segment, a same order factor of 0.20 was used. As the developed mitigation credits will likely be used to offset impacts within the watershed >0.5 mile away, the off-site factor of 0.10 was utilized.

In determining stream credits for the Coyote and Schrieber Creek corridors, many of the same factors used in the riparian credit calculations were used. The only exception was the net improvement factor for stream credits, where a factor of 2.5 for substantial improvement was assigned. No net improvement factor for the Coyote Creek spring area was included, as this area was not constructively changed.

Stream credits reported here are based upon the designed stream lengths, as presented in the Mitigation Plan (Appendix D). Based on the results of 2012 and 2013 monitoring efforts, the site has achieved the riparian buffer success and channel restoration success criteria to date. Both the stream channel and creditable buffer areas have greater than 70 percent aerial cover by deep-rooting vegetation and less than 10 percent cover by Montana State-listed noxious weeds. The construction technique employed for creating the new channels did not disturb the stream banks, which are predominantly covered by reed canary grass (plant stability rating of 9). The riparian success criteria pertaining to a woody plant survival of greater than 50 percent after five years will require additional years of evaluation. Woody species survival two years after planting was at least 50 percent in 2012 and 2013. The 35,551 stream credits calculated for this site following construction achieves the goals for the stream mitigation component of the Schrieber Meadows project.

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## **Appendix A**

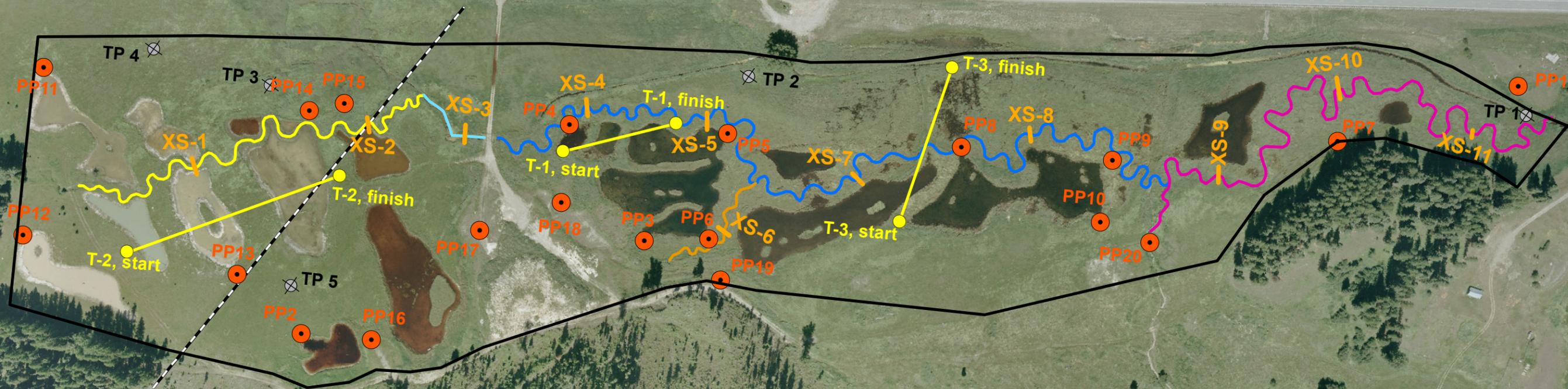
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### Project Area Maps – Figures 2 and 3

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana

# Figure 2: 2013 Monitoring Activity Locations



**Legend**

- Data Points
- Vegetation Transect
- Monitoring Limits
- Stream Cross-Sections
- Photo Points
- Approx MDT/USFS Boundary

*Base Photography Date:  
July 14, 2013*

**Stream Reach**

- Coyote Creek Spring Area
- Merged Coyote/Schrieber Creeks
- Middle Coyote Creek
- Perennial Spring Creek
- Upper Coyote Creek

0 250 500 1,000  
Feet

GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION MAY OR MAY NOT DEPICT THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF ANY PARCEL HEREIN. THIS FIGURE IS A VISUAL AID ONLY; BOUNDARY RESTORATION MUST BE MADE BY A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR. THIS FIGURE IS INTENDED TO DISPLAY INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE REFERENCED REPORT. CONFLUENCE MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND REGARDING THIS DRAWING FOR ANY USE OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL. ANY OTHER USE IS AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK.

LOCATION: Lincoln Co., MT		PROJECT NO: NH 27(021)		FILE: Schrieber/Monitor2013.mxd	
Schrieber Meadows Mitigation Site			2013 Monitoring Activity Locations		
Project Name	Schrieber Meadows Mitigation Site				
Drawing Title	2013 Monitoring Activity Locations				
DRAWN	CHECKED	APPROVED	SCALE: Noted		
BCS	SW	LU	Drawn: September 18, 2013		
PROJ MGR: B Sandefur			REV -		



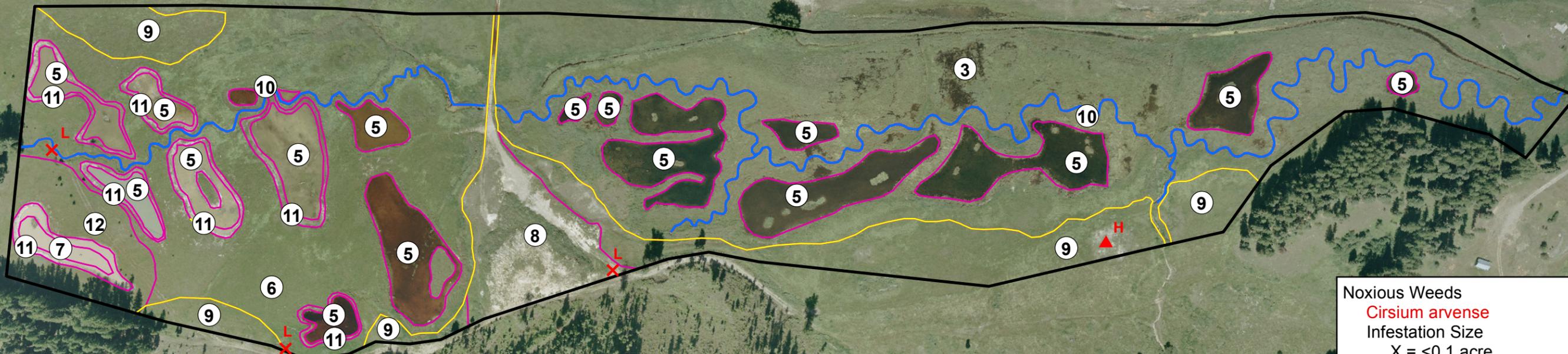
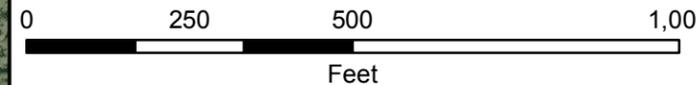
**Figure 2**

**Acreages**

Project Area	56.95 acres
Total Wetlands and WUS	47.95 acres
Wetlands*	47.61 acres
WUS (Stream Channel) ⑩	0.34 acres
Uplands	9.00 acres

\*Wetland acreage includes approximately 8.30 acres of riparian stream buffer.

**Figure 3: 2013 Mapped Site Features**



**Noxious Weeds**  
**Cirsium arvense**  
 Infestation Size  
 X = <0.1 acre  
 ▲ = 0.1 to 1 acre  
 ■ = 1 to 5 acre  
 Cover Class  
 T = Trace (<1% cover)  
 L = Low (1-5% cover)  
 M = Moderate (6-25% cover)  
 H = High (26-100% cover)

**Vegetation Community Types**

- ③ Phalaris arundinacea
- ⑤ Aquatic Macrophytes/Open Water
- ⑥ Alopecurus spp.
- ⑦ Juncus bufonius/Bare Ground
- ⑧ Elymus repens/Pascopyrum smithii
- ⑨ Alopecurus spp./Bromus inermis
- ⑪ Beckmannia syzigachne/Bare Ground
- ⑫ Agrostis stolonifera/Juncus bufonius

**Legend**

- Monitoring Limits ———
- Wetland Limits ———
- Vegetation Communities ———
- Stream Channel ———

Base Photography Date: July 14, 2013

LOCATION: Lincoln Co., MT  
 PROJECT NO: NH 27(021)  
 FILE: Schreiber/Veg2013.mxd

Schrieber Meadows Mitigation Site  
 2013 Mapped Site Features

DRAWN BCS  
 CHECKED SW  
 APPROVED LU  
 SCALE: Noted  
 Drawn: September 24, 2013  
 PROJ MGR: B Sandefur



Figure 3

GRAPHICAL REPRESENTATION MAY OR MAY NOT DEPICT THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF ANY PARCEL HEREIN. THIS FIGURE IS A VISUAL AID ONLY; BOUNDARY RESTORATION MUST BE MADE BY A LICENSED LAND SURVEYOR. THIS FIGURE IS INTENDED TO DISPLAY INFORMATION RELEVANT TO THE REFERENCED REPORT. CONFLUENCE MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND REGARDING THIS DRAWING FOR ANY USE OTHER THAN THE ORIGINAL. ANY OTHER USE IS AT THE USER'S SOLE RISK.

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## **Appendix B**

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2013 MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form  
2013 USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms  
2013 MDT Wetland Assessment Forms

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana

**MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM**

Project Site: Schrieber Meadows Assessment Date/Time 8/1/2013 9:26:10 AM

Person(s) conducting the assessment: S Wall, B. Sandefur

Weather: Cloudy, rain in the morning on se Location: Highway 2, Swamp Creek East

MDT District: Missoula Milepost: ~53.5

Legal Description: T 27N R 30W Section(s) 11, 12, 13

Initial Evaluation Date: 8/29/2010 Monitoring Year: 3 #Visits in Year: 1

Size of Evaluation Area: 56.9 (acres)

Land use surrounding wetland:

US Hwy 2, US Forest Service, forested watershed

**HYDROLOGY**

Surface Water Source: Coyote Creek spring, Schrieber Creek, precipitation, groundwater

Inundation:  Average Depth: 1.3 (ft) Range of Depths: 0-3.5 (ft)

Percent of assessment area under inundation: 65 %

Depth at emergent vegetation-open water boundary: 1.1 (ft)

If assessment area is not inundated then are the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface: Yes

Other evidence of hydrology on the site (ex. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc):

Saturation/inundation on aerials and in field, FAC-neutral test, seasonal high groundwater table

**Groundwater Monitoring Wells**

Record depth of water surface below ground surface, in feet.

**Well ID**                      **Water Surface Depth (ft)**

No wells

Additional Activities Checklist:

- Map emergent vegetation-open water boundary on aerial photograph.
- Observe extent of surface water during each site visit and look for evidence of past surface water elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining, etc.)
- Use GPS to survey groundwater monitoring well locations, if present.

**Hydrology Notes:**

Site was extensively saturated and inundated throughout the southern 2/3 of the site. The site was drier toward the north end. All of the excavated ponds contained surface water but are below full level. Schrieber Creek was dry.

## VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Site Schrieber Meadows

(Cover Class Codes 0 = < 1%, 1 = 1-5%, 2 = 6-10%, 3 = 11-20%, 4 = 21-50% , 5 = >50% )

**Community #** 3 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea / **Acres** 21.92

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis stolonifera	0	Alnus incana	0
Alopecurus arundinaceus	1	Alopecurus pratensis	1
Arctium minus	0	Beckmannia syzigachne	1
Carex aquatilis	0	Carex athrostachya	0
Carex nebrascensis	0	Carex pachystachya	1
Carex utriculata	0	Cirsium arvense	0
Eleocharis palustris	0	Epilobium ciliatum	0
Erysimum cheiranthoides	0	Galium mexicanum	0
Glyceria grandis	0	Juncus bufonius	0
Lemna minor	0	Mimulus guttatus	0
Open Water	1	Persicaria amphibia	1
Phalaris arundinacea	5	Poa palustris	0
Populus balsamifera	0	Potentilla norvegica	0
Rumex crispus	0	Salix drummondiana	0
Taraxacum officinale	0	Verbascum thapsus	0

**Comments:**

**Community #** 5 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water **Acres** 8.88

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Algae, brown	1	Algae, green	1
Aquatic macrophytes	1	Bare Ground	0
Beckmannia syzigachne	0	Carex aquatilis	0
Carex nebrascensis	0	Carex stipata	1
Eleocharis palustris	2	Epilobium sp.	0
Glyceria elata	3	Glyceria grandis	0
Lemna minor	0	Open Water	5
Persicaria amphibia	1	Phalaris arundinacea	1
Typha latifolia	1	Veronica americana	0

**Comments:**

**Community #** 6 **Community Type:** Alopecurus spp. /

**Acres** 13.23

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Achillea millefolium	0	Agrostis gigantea	0
Alnus incana	0	Alopecurus arundinaceus	3
Alopecurus pratensis	4	Aster sp.	0
Beckmannia syzigachne	0	Bromus inermis	0
Carex athrostachya	0	Carex pachystachya	0
Cirsium arvense	0	Epilobium ciliatum	0
Fragaria virginiana	0	Juncus bufonius	0
Juncus ensifolius	0	Juncus tenuis	0
Mimulus guttatus	0	Persicaria amphibia	0
Persicaria amphibia	0	Phalaris arundinacea	2
Pinus contorta	0	Pinus ponderosa	0
Plantago major	1	Poa pratensis	1
Potentilla gracilis	0	Rumex crispus	0
Salix drummondiana	1	Senecio hydrophiloides	0
Spiranthes romanzoffiana	0	Taraxacum officinale	1
Trifolium arvense	1	Verbascum thapsus	0

**Comments:**

**Community #** 7 **Community Type:** Juncus bufonius / Bare Ground

**Acres** 0.25

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Agrostis stolonifera	0	Alnus incana	0
Bare Ground	4	Beckmannia syzigachne	2
Bromus carinatus	0	Carex pachystachya	0
Eleocharis palustris	1	Eleocharis quinqueflora	0
Epilobium ciliatum	0	Juncus bufonius	3
Juncus ensifolius	0	Juncus tenuis	0
Mimulus guttatus	1	Rumex crispus	0
Suaeda calceoliformis	1	Taraxacum officinale	0
Trifolium pratense	0	Verbascum thapsus	0

**Comments:**

**Community #** 8 **Community Type:** Elymus repens / Pascopyrum smithii

**Acres** 2.68

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Alopecurus pratensis	1	Bare Ground	1
Bromus inermis	1	Cirsium arvense	0
Elymus repens	3	Medicago lupulina	3
Pascopyrum smithii	3	Sisymbrium altissimum	1

**Comments:**

**Community #** 9 **Community Type:** Alopecurus spp. / Bromus inermis **Acres** 6.32

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Achillea millefolium	1	Alopecurus arundinaceus	3
Alopecurus pratensis	5	Arnica chamissonis	1
Bromus inermis	3	Carex athrostachya	0
Cirsium arvense	0	Pascopyrum smithii	1
Persicaria lapathifolia	0	Phalaris arundinacea	0
Pinus contorta	0	Plantago major	1
Poa pratensis	1	Rumex acetosella	0
Senecio hydrophiloides	1	Taraxacum officinale	1
Trifolium pratense	0	Verbascum thapsus	0

**Comments:**

**Community #** 11 **Community Type:** Beckmannia syzigachne / Bare Ground **Acres** 1.53

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis gigantea	0	Alopecurus arundinaceus	3
Bare Ground	4	Beckmannia syzigachne	4
Bromus carinatus	0	Carex athrostachya	1
Eleocharis palustris	0	Elymus trachycaulus	0
Epilobium ciliatum	0	Fragaria virginiana	0
Geum macrophyllum	0	Glyceria grandis	0
Juncus articulatus	0	Juncus bufonius	2
Mentha arvensis	1	Open Water	1
Plantago major	0	Suaeda calceoliformis	0
Trifolium pratense	0	Veronica americana	0
Veronica anagallis-aquatic	0		

**Comments:**

This CT replaced CT 7 around some of the ponds in the north section of the site.

**Community #** 12 **Community Type:** Agrostis stolonifera / Juncus bufonius **Acres** 1.8

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Agrostis stolonifera	4	Bare Ground	0
Bromus inermis	1	Equisetum arvense	0
Juncus bufonius	2	Leucanthemum vulgare	0
Phleum pratense	0	Prunella vulgaris	0
Spiranthes romanzoffiana	0		

**Comments:**

This is a new CT in the northwest corner of the site.

**Total Vegetation Community Acreage** **56.61**

*(Note: some area within the project bounds may be open water or other non-vegetative ground cover.)*

## VEGETATION TRANSECTS

Site: Schriber Meadows Date: 8/1/2013 9:26:10 AM

Transect Number: 1 Compass Direction from Start: 112

### Interval Data:

**Ending Station** 23 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Open Water	1	Phalaris arundinacea	5

**Ending Station** 95 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Eleocharis palustris	0	Open Water	4
Persicaria amphibia	0	Phalaris arundinacea	3

**Ending Station** 115 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Carex athrostachya	0	Cirsium arvense	0
Glyceria grandis	1	Phalaris arundinacea	5
Verbascum thapsus	0		

**Ending Station** 188 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Algae, brown	1	Algae, green	2
Aquatic macrophytes	5	Open Water	5
Persicaria amphibia	1		

**Ending Station** 215 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Alnus incana	1	Carex athrostachya	0
Eleocharis palustris	0	Epilobium ciliatum	0
Persicaria amphibia	0	Phalaris arundinacea	5

**Ending Station** 310 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Algae, brown	1	Algae, green	2
Aquatic macrophytes	5	Eleocharis palustris	0
Open Water	5	Persicaria amphibia	0
Phalaris arundinacea	0		

**Ending Station** 318 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

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<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Open Water	0	Phalaris arundinacea	5

Transect Notes:

More open water present than during the last monitoring. Approximately 2 inches of standing water at the end of transect 1.

Transect Number: 2

Compass Direction from Start: 100

**Interval Data:**

**Ending Station** 35 **Community Type:** *Agrostis stolonifera* / *Juncus bufonius*

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i>	4	Bare Ground	0
<i>Bromus inermis</i>	1	<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	0
<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	2	<i>Phleum pratense</i>	0
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	0		

**Ending Station** 42 **Community Type:** *Beckmannia syzigachne* / Bare Ground

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground	3	<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	4
<i>Juncus articulatus</i>	0	<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	1

**Ending Station** 93 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Open Water	5		

**Ending Station** 100 **Community Type:** *Beckmannia syzigachne* / Bare Ground

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
<i>Alopecurus arundinaceus</i>	3	Bare Ground	5
<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	4	<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	0

**Ending Station** 168 **Community Type:** *Alopecurus* spp. /

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
<i>Agrostis gigantea</i>	3	<i>Alnus incana</i>	1
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i>	4	<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	2
<i>Carex athrostachya</i>	1	<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	2
<i>Juncus ensifolius</i>	1	<i>Juncus tenuis</i>	1

**Ending Station** 185 **Community Type:** *Beckmannia syzigachne* / Bare Ground

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground	5	<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i>	1
<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i>	0	<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	3
<i>Plantago major</i>	0	<i>Suaeda calceoliformis</i>	1
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	1		

**Ending Station** 215 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class
Bare Ground	0	Open Water	5

**Ending Station** 230 **Community Type:** Beckmannia syzigachne / Bare Ground

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Bare Ground	4	Beckmannia syzigachne	1
Epilobium ciliatum	0	Juncus bufonius	1
Suaeda calceoliformis	2	Trifolium pratense	2

**Ending Station** 245 **Community Type:** Alopecurus spp. /

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Achillea millefolium	0	Alopecurus arundinaceus	3
Alopecurus pratensis	5	Bromus inermis	1
Fragaria virginiana	0		

**Ending Station** 262 **Community Type:** Beckmannia syzigachne / Bare Ground

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Beckmannia syzigachne	2	Juncus bufonius	1
Suaeda calceoliformis	0	Taraxacum officinale	0
Trifolium pratense	4	Verbascum thapsus	0

**Ending Station** 285 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Bare Ground	5	Beckmannia syzigachne	0
Open Water	1		

**Ending Station** 298 **Community Type:** Beckmannia syzigachne / Bare Ground

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Bare Ground	4	Beckmannia syzigachne	0
Juncus bufonius	2	Suaeda calceoliformis	0
Trifolium pratense	3		

**Ending Station** 405 **Community Type:** Alopecurus spp. /

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Alopecurus arundinaceus	4	Alopecurus pratensis	4
Bromus inermis	1	Potentilla gracilis	0
Taraxacum officinale	0		

**Ending Station** 423 **Community Type:** Beckmannia syzigachne / Bare Ground

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Agrostis gigantea	1	Alopecurus arundinaceus	1
Bare Ground	4	Beckmannia syzigachne	1
Bromus carinatus	1	Carex athrostachya	1
Elymus trachycaulus	1	Fragaria virginiana	0
Geum macrophyllum	0	Mentha arvensis	0
Open Water	0	Suaeda calceoliformis	0
Trifolium pratense	0		

**Ending Station** 555 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Lemna minor	0	Lemna minor	0
Open Water	5	Persicaria amphibia	1
Phalaris arundinacea	0		

**Ending Station** 559 **Community Type:** Beckmannia syzigachne / Bare Ground

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Alopecurus arundinaceus	0	Bare Ground	3
Beckmannia syzigachne	2	Carex athrostachya	1
Eleocharis palustris	1	Epilobium ciliatum	1
Glyceria grandis	1	Juncus bufonius	0
Veronica anagallis-aquatic	0		

**Ending Station** 594 **Community Type:** Alopecurus spp. /

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Alopecurus arundinaceus	5	Alopecurus pratensis	4
Carex athrostachya	1	Epilobium ciliatum	0
Juncus ensifolius	0	Juncus tenuis	0
Poa pratensis	1		

Transect Notes:

Transect Number: 3

Compass Direction from Start: 45

Interval Data:

**Ending Station** 105 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Phalaris arundinacea	5		

**Ending Station** 185 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Algae, green	1	Open Water	5
Persicaria amphibia	1	Phalaris arundinacea	1

**Ending Station** 292 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Persicaria amphibia	0	Phalaris arundinacea	5

**Ending Station** 419 **Community Type:** Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Algae, green	2	Lemna minor	1
Open Water	5	Persicaria amphibia	3
Phalaris arundinacea	1		

**Ending Station** 440 **Community Type:** Phalaris arundinacea /

<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>	<b>Species</b>	<b>Cover class</b>
Lemna minor	2	Open Water	1
Phalaris arundinacea	5		

Transect Notes:

## PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

Schrieber Meadows

<b>Planting Type</b>	<b>#Planted</b>	<b>#Alive</b>	<b>Notes</b>
Alnus incana		61	Observed one dead plant. The majority of plantings observed were along the newly constructed channel and pond in the north 1/3 of the site.
Salix spp.		5	Several willows near the spring north of the access road

### Comments

Schrieber Meadows

**WILDLIFE**

**Birds**

Were man-made nesting structures installed? Yes

If yes, type of structure: Blue bird boxes

How many? 2

Are the nesting structures being used? Yes

Do the nesting structures need repairs? No

**Nesting Structure Comments:**

Two bird boxes are mounted on fence posts at the entrance gate, signs of recent use.

<b>Species</b>	<b>#Observed</b>	<b>Behavior</b>	<b>Habitat</b>
Canada Goose	16	L	OW, WM
Cedar Waxwing	10	F	UP
Great Blue Heron	1	FO	OW, WM
Mallard	2	L	OW
Red-winged Blackbird	4	L	MA, OW, WM
Rufous Hummingbird	1	FO	UP, WM
Tree Swallow	5	F	UP, WM
Wilson's Snipe	1	FO	WM

**Bird Comments**

Goose scat observed near many of the ponds in the north 1/3 of the site.

**BEHAVIOR CODES**

**BP** = One of a breeding pair **BD** = Breeding display **F** = Foraging **FO** = Flyover **L** = Loafing **N** = Nesting

**HABITAT CODES**

**AB** = Aquatic bed **SS** = Scrub/Shrub **FO** = Forested **UP** = Upland buffer **I** = Island

**WM** = Wet meadow **MA** = Marsh **US** = Unconsolidated shore **MF** = Mud Flat **OW** = Open Water

## Mammals and Herptiles

<b>Species</b>	<b># Observed Tracks</b>	<b>Scat</b>	<b>Burrows</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Columbia Spotted Frog	5	No	No	No
Coyote	1	Yes	Yes	No
Deer sp.		Yes	No	No
Moose		Yes	No	No
Muskrat		No	No	No saw evidence of foraging in the ponds

### **Wildlife Comments:**

Heard a bear or moose snorting in the woods near northwest corner of the site.

Schrieber Meadows

**PHOTOGRAPHS**

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

**Photograph Checklist:**

- One photograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland.
- At least one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland exists then take additional photographs.
- At least one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.
- One photograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.

Photo #	Latitude	Longitude	Bearing	Description
018-021	48.114655	-115.41893	230	PP-14
048	48.115204	-115.421013	100	Veg Tran 2, start
049			280	Veg Tran 2, end
050	48.115204	-115.417503	112	Veg Tran 1, start
053	48.112663	-115.41642	242	Veg Tran 1, end
055	48.111187	-115.413849	225	Veg Tran 3, end
057	48.111134	-115.415642	45	Veg Tran 3, start
059-066	48.108841	-115.41201	0	PP-7
067-068	48.109493	-115.413918	100	PP-20
069	48.109737	-115.414024	0	PP-10
070	48.109997	-115.413765	280	PP-9
071	48.11121	-115.414238	190	PP-8
072-073	48.111553	-115.417084	10	PP-19
074-075	48.1129	-115.417618	90	PP-18
078-083	48.111904	-115.417023	0	PP-6
084-088	48.112938	-115.418388	270	PP-17
089-091	48.113403	-115.420128	290	PP-16
092	48.113735	-115.420509	150	PP-2
094-097	48.11422	-115.420403	280	PP-13
098	48.115673	-115.421562	180	PP-12
099	48.116409	-115.420021	190	PP-11
100-105	48.10804	-115.410172	270	PP-1
108	48.112614	-115.415977	300	PP-5
111-117	48.113213	-115.416832	180	PP-4
122-125	48.114323	-115.418449	180	B-14 PP-15

76-77	48.112183	-115.417503	90	PP-3
949, 50	48.115028	-115.41993	280	XS-1, up
954,55	48.114304	-115.418381	320	XS-2, up
956	48.113651	-115.417885	320	XS-3, up
957	48.113205	-115.416702	290	XS-4, dwn
959	48.112434	-115.416061	300	XS-5
960	48.111832	-115.416817	230	XS-6
961	48.111332	-115.415527	220	XS-7
962	48.110458	-115.414063	270	XS-8
963	48.109467	-115.413162	90	XS-9
964	48.108887	-115.411713	270	XS-10
965	48.108139	-115.410866	90	XS-11

**Comments:**

**ADDITIONAL ITEMS CHECKLIST**

**Hydrology**

- Map emergent vegetation/open water boundary on aerial photos.
- Observe extent of surface water. Look for evidence of past surface water elevations (e.g. drift lines, vegetation staining, erosion, etc).

**Photos**

- One photo from the wetland toward each of the four cardinal directions
- One photo showing upland use surrounding the wetland.
- One photo showing the buffer around the wetland
- One photo from each end of each vegetation transect, toward the transect

**Vegetation**

- Map vegetation community boundaries
- Complete Vegetation Transects

**Soils**

- Assess soils

**Wetland Delineations**

- Delineate wetlands according to applicable USACE protocol (1987 form or Supplement)
- Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.

Wetland Delineation Comments

**Functional Assessments**

- Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field forms.

Functional Assessment Comments:

**Maintenance**

Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? Yes

If yes, do they need to be repaired? No

If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems

Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow into or out of the wetland? No

If yes, are the structures in need of repair?

If yes, describe the problems below.

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**

Project/Site: Schrieber Meadows City/County: Lincoln Sampling Date: 8/2/2013  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: SCH TP 1  
 Investigator(s): S. Wall, B. Sandefur Section, Township, Range: S 13 T 27N R 30W  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley bottom Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR E Lat: 48.107431 Long: 115.409947 Datum: WGS84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Aquic Udifluvents, Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts NWI classification: N/A

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No  (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No   
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
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Remarks:

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00%</u> (A/B)
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>25</u> x 1 = <u>25</u> FACW species <u>72</u> x 2 = <u>144</u> FAC species <u>3</u> x 3 = <u>9</u> FACU species <u>1</u> x 4 = <u>4</u> UPL species <u>0</u> x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>101</u> (A) <u>182</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.80198</u>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft radius</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	70	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
2. <u>Glyceria grandis</u>	25	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	OBL	
3. <u>Juncus bufonius</u>	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
4. <u>Potentilla norvegica</u>	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
5. <u>Verbascum thapsus</u>	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACU	
6. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
11. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
101 = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0</u>	0			

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: SCH TP 1

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-10	10YR	2/1		100			Loam	
10-16	10YR	3/1		100			Loam	

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 2 cm Muck (A10)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No

Remarks:  
 Recently developed wetlands. Saturated soils persisting well into the dry season.

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): 10  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes  No  Depth (inches): 7

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:  
 Free water in pit at 12 inches.

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**

Project/Site: Schrieber Meadows City/County: Lincoln Sampling Date: 8/2/2013  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: SCH TP 2  
 Investigator(s): S. Wall, B. Sandefur Section, Township, Range: S 12 T 27N R 30W  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley bottom Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR E Lat: 48.112372 Long: 115.415381 Datum: WGS84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Aquic Udifluvents, Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts NWI classification: N/A

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No  (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No   
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
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Remarks:

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00%</u> (A/B)
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>0</u> x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>50</u> x 2 = <u>100</u> FAC species <u>41</u> x 3 = <u>123</u> FACU species <u>0</u> x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL species <u>0</u> x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>91</u> (A) <u>223</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.45055</u>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft radius</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	50	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
2. <u>Alopecurus arundinaceus</u>	40	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
3. <u>Carex sp.</u>	10	<input type="checkbox"/>	NL	
4. <u>Cirsium arvense</u>	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
11. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
101 = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0</u>	0			

Remarks:  
 Plot is at the edge of Alopecurus community type. Transitions to Phalaris CT further in to the wetland.

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: SCH TP 2

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>		
0-10	10YR	2/1	100				Sandy Loam	
10-22	10YR	2/1	100				Peat	Buried peat layer with partially decomp

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 2 cm Muck (A10)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No

Remarks:

Saturated soil well into the growing season. Evidence of historic wetland with buried peat layer.

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): 4  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes  No  Depth (inches): 0

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Saturated to the surface, water seeping in to the pit just below the surface.

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**

Project/Site: Schrieber Meadows City/County: Lincoln Sampling Date: 8/2/2013  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: SCH TP 3  
 Investigator(s): S. Wall, B. Sandefur Section, Township, Range: S 11 T 27N R 30W  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley bottom Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR E Lat: 48.115 Long: 115.418714 Datum: WGS84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Aquic Udifluvents, Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts NWI classification: N/A

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No  (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No   
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
---	---

Remarks:

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00%</u> (A/B)
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>0</u> x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>20</u> x 2 = <u>40</u> FAC species <u>80</u> x 3 = <u>240</u> FACU species <u>0</u> x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL species <u>0</u> x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A) <u>280</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.8</u>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft radius</u> )				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1. <u>Alopecurus pratensis</u>	80	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
2. <u>Senecio hydrophiloides</u>	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
3. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	15	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
11. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
100 = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?</b> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0</u>	0			

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: SCH TP 3

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks	
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>			
0-9	10YR	5/1	100				Sandy Loam		
9-16	2.5Y	5/2	95	10YR	5/8	5	C	M	Silt

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 2 cm Muck (A10)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
 Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): 8  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes  No  Depth (inches): 0

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Saturated to the surface.

Remarks:

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**

Project/Site: Schrieber Meadows City/County: Lincoln Sampling Date: 8/2/2013  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: SCH TP 4  
 Investigator(s): S. Wall, B.Sandefur Section, Township, Range: S 11 T 27N R 30W  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley bottom Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR E Lat: 48.115814 Long: 115.419211 Datum: WGS84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Aquic Udifluvents, Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts NWI classification: N/A

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No  (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No   
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
---	---

Remarks:

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)  Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)  Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00%</u> (A/B)	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
0 = Total Cover					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>0</u> x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>13</u> x 2 = <u>26</u> FAC species <u>81</u> x 3 = <u>243</u> FACU species <u>0</u> x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL species <u>0</u> x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>94</u> (A) <u>269</u> (B)  Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.86170</u>	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
0 = Total Cover					
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft radius</u> )	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
1. <u>Alopecurus pratensis</u>	80	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC		
2. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	2	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW		
3. <u>Bromus inermis</u>	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	FAC		
4. <u>Senecio hydrophiloides</u>	1	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW		
5. <u>Carex athrostachya</u>	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW		
6. <u>Persicaria lapathifolia</u>	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW		
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
11. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
94 = Total Cover					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		<b>Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:</b> <input type="checkbox"/> 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 - Dominance Test is >50% <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> 4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) <input type="checkbox"/> 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants <sup>1</sup> <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)  <sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>			
0 = Total Cover					
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0</u>	0				
0 = Total Cover					

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: SCH TP 4

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks	
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>			
0-3	10YR	2/2	100				Sandy Loam	many roots	
3-10	10YR	5/1	100				Loam		
10-16	10YR	4/2	90	10YR	5/8	10	C	M	Silt

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 2 cm Muck (A10)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

Clear difference in hydrology from TP 3, no hydrology indicators.

**WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region**

Project/Site: Schrieber Meadows City/County: Lincoln Sampling Date: 8/2/2013  
 Applicant/Owner: MDT State: MT Sampling Point: SCH TP 5  
 Investigator(s): S. Wall, B. Sandefur Section, Township, Range: S 11 T 27N R 30W  
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Valley bottom Local relief (concave, convex, none): flat Slope (%): 0  
 Subregion (LRR): LRR E Lat: 48.113975 Long: 115.420231 Datum: WGS84  
 Soil Map Unit Name: Aquic Udifluvents, Andic Dystric Eutrochrepts NWI classification: N/A

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes  No  (If no, explain in Remarks.)  
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes  No   
 Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology  naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

**SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.**

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>			
Wetland Hydrology Present?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>			

Remarks:

**VEGETATION – Use scientific names of plants.**

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	<b>Dominance Test worksheet:</b> Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100.00%</u> (A/B)
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				<b>Prevalence Index worksheet:</b> Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>0</u> x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>50</u> x 2 = <u>100</u> FAC species <u>45</u> x 3 = <u>135</u> FACU species <u>0</u> x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL species <u>0</u> x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>95</u> (A) <u>235</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.47368</u>
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
3. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
4. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>10 ft radius</u> )				
1. <u>Phalaris arundinacea</u>	45	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
2. <u>Alopecurus pratensis</u>	45	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	FAC	
3. <u>Persicaria lapathifolia</u>	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	FACW	
4. <u>Trifolium sp.</u>	5	<input type="checkbox"/>	NL	
5. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
6. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
7. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
8. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
9. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
10. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
11. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
100 = Total Cover				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
2. _____	0	<input type="checkbox"/>		
0 = Total Cover				
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0</u>	0			

**Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:**

1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation  
 2 - Dominance Test is >50%  
 3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0<sup>1</sup>  
 4 - Morphological Adaptations<sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)  
 5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants<sup>1</sup>  
 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation<sup>1</sup> (Explain)

<sup>1</sup>Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?** Yes  No

Remarks:

**SOIL**

Sampling Point: SCH TP 5

**Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)**

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks	
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>			
0-8	10YR	5/1	100				Loamy Sand		
8-16	2.5Y	6/2	95	10YR	5/8	5	C	M	Fine Sand

<sup>1</sup>Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. <sup>2</sup>Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

**Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)**

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)

**Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils<sup>3</sup>:**

- 2 cm Muck (A10)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

<sup>3</sup>Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

**Restrictive Layer (if present):**

Type: \_\_\_\_\_  
Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_

Hydric Soil Present? Yes  No

Remarks:

**HYDROLOGY**

**Wetland Hydrology Indicators:**

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

- Surface Water (A1)
- High Water Table (A2)
- Saturation (A3)
- Water Marks (B1)
- Sediment Deposits (B2)
- Drift Deposits (B3)
- Algal Mat or Crust (B4)
- Iron Deposits (B5)
- Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
- Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)
- Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Salt Crust (B11)
- Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)
- Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)
- Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)
- Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)
- Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6)
- Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

- Water-Stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
- Drainage Patterns (B10)
- Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
- Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
- Geomorphic Position (D2)
- Shallow Aquitard (D3)
- FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
- Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
- Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)

**Field Observations:**

Surface Water Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): \_\_\_\_\_  
 Water Table Present? Yes  No  Depth (inches): 18  
 Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes  No  Depth (inches): 12

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes  No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

# MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name  2. MDT project#  Control#

3. Evaluation Date  4. Evaluators  5. Wetland/Site# (s)

6. Wetland Location(s): T  R  Sec1  T  R  Sec2

Approx Stationing or Mileposts

Watershed  Watershed/County

7. Evaluating Agency

8. Wetland size acres

Purpose of Evaluation

Wetlands potentially affected by MDT project

Mitigation Wetlands: pre-construction

Mitigation Wetlands: post construction

Other

How assessed:

9. Assessment area (AA) size (acres)

How assessed:

**10. Classification of Wetland and Aquatic Habitats in AA**

HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% of AA
Depressional	Emergent Wetland	Excavated	Seasonal/Intermittent	35
Depressional	Aquatic Bed	Excavated	Permanent/Perennial	10
Slope	Emergent Wetland		Seasonal/Intermittent	55

11. Estimated Relative Abundance

**12. General Condition of AA**

i. **Disturbance:** (use matrix below to determine [circle] appropriate response – see instructions for Montana-listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species (ANVS) lists)

Conditions within AA	Predominant conditions adjacent to (within 500 feet of) AA		
	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	low disturbance	low disturbance	moderate disturbance
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	moderate disturbance	moderate disturbance	high disturbance
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.	high disturbance	high disturbance	high disturbance

**Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)**

AA includes excavated depressions and adjacent undisturbed wetland habitat created as a result of higher water table. Highway 2 is adjacent.

**ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:**

**iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat**

AA includes constructed wetland depressions and adjacent wetland habitat that has been created by increase in ground water table due to plugging the abandoned Coyote Creek channel along the northeast boundary. Some surrounding land was recently hayed and is currently managed in a natural state. USFS land surrounds the majority of the site.

13. **Structural Diversity:** (based on number of "Cowardin" **vegetated** classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management preventing (passive) existence of additional vegetated classes?		Modified Rating
>=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes	H	NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes	M	NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	M	<NO	YES>	L
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises >=90% of total cover)	L	NA	NA	NA

Comments: Emergent and aquatic bed classes are present

**SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT**

14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals:

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)  D  S

Secondary habitat (list Species)  D  S

Incidental habitat (list species)  D  S

No usable habitat  S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
Functional Points and Rating	1H	.9H	.8H	.7M	.3L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use

14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in 14A above)

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)  D  S

Secondary habitat (list Species)  D  S

Incidental habitat (list species)  D  S

No usable habitat  S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
<b>S1 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	1H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.2L	.1L	0L
<b>S2 and S3 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	.9H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.2L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use

**14C. General Wildlife Habitat Rating:**

i. Evidence of overall wildlife use in the AA (check substantial, moderate, or low based on supporting evidence):

Substantial

**Substantial** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of abundant wildlife #s or high species diversity (during any period)
- abundant wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- presence of extremely limiting habitat features not available in the surrounding area
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Minimal** (based on any of the following [check]):

- few or no wildlife observations during peak use periods
- little to no wildlife sign
- sparse adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Moderate** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of scattered wildlife groups or individuals or relatively few species during peak periods
- common occurrence of wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- adequate adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

ii. **Wildlife** habitat features (Working from top to bottom, check appropriate AA attributes in matrix to arrive at rating. Structural diversity is from #13. For class cover to be considered evenly distributed, the most and least prevalent **vegetated** classes must be within 20% of each other in terms of their percent composition of the AA (see #10). Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/E = temporary/ephemeral; and A = absent [see instructions for further definitions of these terms])

Structural diversity (see #13)	High								Moderate								Low			
	Even				Uneven				Even				Uneven				Even			
Class cover distribution (all vegetated classes)																				
Duration of surface water in ≥ 10% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A
Low disturbance at AA (see #12)	E	E	E	H	E	E	H	H	E	H	H	M	E	H	M	M	E	H	M	M
Moderate disturbance at AA (see #12)	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	M	H	H	M	M	H	M	M	L	H	M	L	L
High disturbance at AA (see #12)	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	L	M	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

iii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i and ii above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Evidence of wildlife use (i)	Wildlife habitat features rating (ii)											
	Exceptional			High			Moderate			Low		
<b>Substantial</b>		1E			.9H			.8H			.7M	
<b>Moderate</b>		.9H			.7M			.5M			.3L	
<b>Minimal</b>		.6M			.4M			.2L			.1L	

**Comments**

Observed waterfowl (ducks, canada geese) and numerous wildlife tracks and scat (deer and coyote).

**14D. General Fish Habitat Rating:** (Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier, etc.]. If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check

**NA** here and proceed to 14E.) Cold Water

i. **Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA** (use matrix to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Duration of surface water in AA	Permanent / Perennial						Seasonal / Intermittent						Temporary / Ephemeral					
	Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor	
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
Thermal cover optimal / suboptimal	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
<b>FWP Tier I fish species</b>	1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
<b>FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species</b>	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
<b>FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish</b>	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
<b>FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species</b>	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found in AA:

ii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1)

a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see Appendix E) occur in fish habitat? Y  N  If yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: **Modified Rating**

b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area, etc. - specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?  Y  N If yes, add 0.1 to the adjusted score in i or iia above:

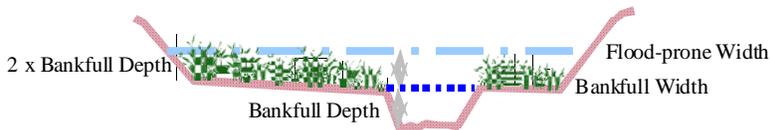
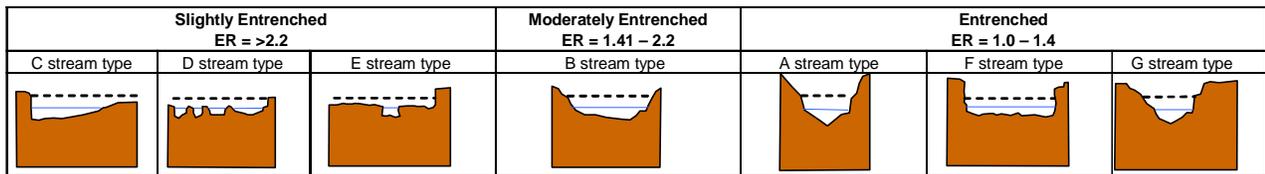
**Modified Rating**

iii. **Final Score and Rating:**  **Comments:** An upwelling area is located adjacent to Coyote Creek in the north 1/3 of the site.

**14E. Flood Attenuation:** (Applies only to wetlands subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, click  NA here and proceed to 14F.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen 1994, 1996)	Slightly entrenched - C, D, E stream types			Moderately entrenched - B stream type			Entrenched-A, F, G stream types		
	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%
AA contains <b>no outlet or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L



Floodprone width  / Bankfull width  = Entrenchment ratio

ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)? Y  N

**Comments:** Highway adjacent to the site.

**14F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage:** (Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, click  NA here and proceed to 14G.)

i. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding	>5 acre feet			1.1 to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot		
	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** Extensive areas of inundation were observed in 2013.

**14G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Retention and Removal:** (Applies to wetlands with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14H.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating [H = high, M = moderate, or L = low])

Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA	AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds at levels such that other functions are not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.				Waterbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development for "probable causes" related to sediment, nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.			
% cover of wetland vegetation in AA	≥ 70%				< 70%			
Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	Yes		No		Yes		No	
AA contains <b>no or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.8H	.7M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.7M	.6M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** Wetlands adjacent to excavated cells are 100% vegetated.

**14H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization:** (Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action. If 14H does not apply, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14I.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

% Cover of <b>wetland</b> streambank or shoreline by species with stability ratings of ≥6 (see Appendix F).	Duration of surface water adjacent to rooted vegetation					
	Permanent / Perennial		Seasonal / Intermittent		Temporary / Ephemeral	
≥ 65%	1H		.9H		.7M	
35-64%	.7M		.6M		.5M	
< 35%	.3L		.2L		.1L	

**Comments:** Perennial hydrologic regime in at least 10% of the AA. Species with high stability ratings are establishing on the perimeters of excavated areas.

**14I. Production Export/Food Chain Support:**

i. **Level of Biological Activity** (synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat ratings [check])

General Fish Habitat Rating (14D.iii.)	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14C.iii.)		
	E/H	M	L
E/H	H	H	M
M	H	M	M
L	M	M	L
N/A	H	M	L

ii. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14I.i.); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E are as previously defined, and A = "absent" [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

A	Vegetated component >5 acres						Vegetated component 1-5 acres						Vegetated component <1 acre					
	High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low	
B	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
C	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
P/P	1E	.7H	.8H	.5M	.6M	.4M	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L
S/I	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.5M	.5M	.3L	.3L	.2L
T/E/A	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.4M	.5M	.2L	.3L	.1L	.6M	.4M	.4M	.2L	.2L	.1L

iii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1.) **Vegetated Upland Buffer (VUB):** Area with ≥ 30% plant cover, ≤ 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, and that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control).

a) Is there an average ≥ 50 foot-wide vegetated upland buffer around ≥ 75% of the AA circumference? Y  N  If yes, add 0.1 to the score in ii above and adjust rating accordingly: **Modified Rating** .8H

**Comments:** High level of biological activity, veg component >5ac, no surface outlet, perennial

**14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge:** (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below)

**i. Discharge Indicators**

- The AA is a slope wetland
- Springs or seeps are known or observed
- Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought
- Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope
- Seeps are present at the wetland edge
- AA permanently flooded during drought periods
- Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet
- Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface
- Other:

**ii. Recharge Indicators**

- Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer
- Wetland contains inlet but no outlet
- Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases
- Other:

**iii. Rating** (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Criteria	Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands <i>FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM</i>			
	P/P	S/I	T	None
Groundwater Discharge or Recharge	1H	.7M	.4M	.1L
Insufficient Data/Information	NA			

Comments:

**14K. Uniqueness:**

**i. Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Replacement potential	AA contains fen, bog, warm springs or mature (>80 yr-old) forested wetland or plant association listed as "S1" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types and structural diversity (#13) is high or contains plant association listed as "S2" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types or associations and structural diversity (#13) is low-moderate		
	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant
Low disturbance at AA (#12i)	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L
Moderate disturbance at AA (#12i)	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L
High disturbance at AA (#12i)	.8H	.7H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments:

**14L. Recreation/Education Potential:** (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity)

**i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site:** (check)  Y  N (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click  NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page)

**ii. Check categories that apply to the AA:**  Educational/scientific study;  Consumptive rec.;  Non-consumptive rec.;  Other

**iii. Rating** (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area	Known	Potential
Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required)	.2H	.15H
Private ownership with general public access (no permission required)	.15H	.1M
Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access	.1M	.05L

Comments:

**General Site Notes**

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	.3	1	6.729	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	H	.9	1	20.187	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. General Wildlife Habitat	H	.9	1	20.187	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. General Fish Habitat	H	.8	1	17.944	<input type="checkbox"/>
E. Flood Attenuation	M	.6	1	13.458	<input type="checkbox"/>
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	H	1	1	22.43	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	H	1	1	22.43	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	M	.7	1	15.701	<input type="checkbox"/>
I. Production Export/Food Chain Support	H	.8	1	17.944	<input type="checkbox"/>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	H	1	1	22.43	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
K. Uniqueness	L	.3	1	6.729	<input type="checkbox"/>
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	H	.2	NA	4.486	<input type="checkbox"/>
Totals:		8.5	11	190.655	
Percent of Possible Score			<b>77.27</b> %		

**Category I Wetland:** (must satisfy **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)

- Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation **and** answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category II Wetland:** (Criteria for Category I not satisfied **and** meets any **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)

- Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; **or**
- "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for **both** General Wildlife Habitat **and** General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category III Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)

- 

**Category IV Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)

- "Low" rating for Uniqueness; **and**
- Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); **and**
- Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

**OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:**  
(check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I   
  II   
  III   
  IV

# MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name  2. MDT project#  Control#

3. Evaluation Date  4. Evaluators  5. Wetland/Site# (s)

6. Wetland Location(s): T  R  Sec1  T  R  Sec2

Approx Stationing or Mileposts

Watershed  Watershed/County

7. Evaluating Agency

8. Wetland size acres

Purpose of Evaluation

Wetlands potentially affected by MDT project

Mitigation Wetlands: pre-construction

Mitigation Wetlands: post construction

Other

How assessed:

9. Assessment area (AA) size (acres)

How assessed:

**10. Classification of Wetland and Aquatic Habitats in AA**

HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% of AA
Slope	Emergent Wetland		Permanent/Perennial	10
Slope	Emergent Wetland		Seasonal/Intermittent	90

11. Estimated Relative Abundance

**12. General Condition of AA**

i. Disturbance: (use matrix below to determine [circle] appropriate response – see instructions for Montana-listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species (ANVS) lists)

Conditions within AA	Predominant conditions adjacent to (within 500 feet of) AA		
	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	low disturbance	low disturbance	moderate disturbance
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	moderate disturbance	moderate disturbance	high disturbance
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.	high disturbance	high disturbance	high disturbance

**Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)**

No disturbance from construction but close to Hwy 2.

**ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:**

**iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat**

AA includes existing wetlands located between stream mitigation area and US Hwy 2. The wetland is dominated by reed canarygrass and meadow foxtail. Abandoned stream plugs have resulted in increased inundation. Adjacent land use is forest and the highway.

13. **Structural Diversity:** (based on number of "Cowardin" **vegetated** classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management preventing (passive) existence of additional vegetated classes?		Modified Rating
>=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes	H	NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes	M	NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	M	<NO	YES>	L
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises >=90% of total cover)	L	NA	NA	NA

Comments: Very close to a monoculture of reed canary grass.

**SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT**

14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals:

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)     D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Secondary habitat (list Species)             D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Incidental habitat (list species)            D    S    Grizzly bear

No usable habitat                                 S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
Functional Points and Rating	1H	.9H	.8H	.7M	.3L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use    USFWS database, MNHP database shows site is within year-round range of grizzly bear

14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in 14A above)

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)     D    S    Western toad (S2)

Secondary habitat (list Species)             D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

Incidental habitat (list species)            D    S    \_\_\_\_\_

No usable habitat                                 S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
<b>S1 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	1H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.2L	.1L	0L
<b>S2 and S3 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	.9H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.2L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use    MNHP and documented breeding on site by MDT and USFS personel

**14C. General Wildlife Habitat Rating:**

i. Evidence of overall wildlife use in the AA (check substantial, moderate, or low based on supporting evidence):

Substantial

**Substantial** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of abundant wildlife #s or high species diversity (during any period)
- abundant wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- presence of extremely limiting habitat features not available in the surrounding area
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Minimal** (based on any of the following [check]):

- few or no wildlife observations during peak use periods
- little to no wildlife sign
- sparse adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Moderate** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of scattered wildlife groups or individuals or relatively few species during peak periods
- common occurrence of wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- adequate adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

ii. **Wildlife** habitat features (Working from top to bottom, check appropriate AA attributes in matrix to arrive at rating. Structural diversity is from #13. For class cover to be considered evenly distributed, the most and least prevalent **vegetated** classes must be within 20% of each other in terms of their percent composition of the AA (see #10). Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/E = temporary/ephemeral; and A = absent [see instructions for further definitions of these terms])

Structural diversity (see #13)	High								Moderate								Low			
	Even				Uneven				Even				Uneven				Even			
Class cover distribution (all vegetated classes)																				
Duration of surface water in ≥ 10% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A
Low disturbance at AA (see #12)	E	E	E	H	E	E	H	H	E	H	H	M	E	H	M	M	E	H	M	M
Moderate disturbance at AA (see #12)	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	M	H	H	M	M	H	M	M	L	H	M	L	L
High disturbance at AA (see #12)	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	L	M	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

iii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i and ii above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Evidence of wildlife use (i)	Wildlife habitat features rating (ii)											
	Exceptional			High			Moderate			Low		
<b>Substantial</b>		1E			.9H			.8H			.7M	
<b>Moderate</b>		.9H			.7M			.5M			.3L	
<b>Minimal</b>		.6M			.4M			.2L			.1L	

**Comments**

Substantial wildlife use within AA.

**14D. General Fish Habitat Rating:** (Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier, etc.]. If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check  **NA** here and proceed to 14E.)

i. **Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA** (use matrix to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Duration of surface water in AA	Permanent / Perennial						Seasonal / Intermittent						Temporary / Ephemeral					
	Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor	
	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover																		
Thermal cover optimal / suboptimal																		
<b>FWP Tier I fish species</b>	1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
<b>FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species</b>	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
<b>FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish</b>	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
<b>FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species</b>	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found in AA:

ii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1)

a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see Appendix E) occur in fish habitat? Y  N  If yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: **Modified Rating**

b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area, etc. - specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?  Y  N If yes, add 0.1 to the adjusted score in i or **ii** above:

**Modified Rating**

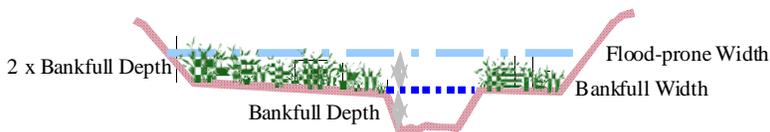
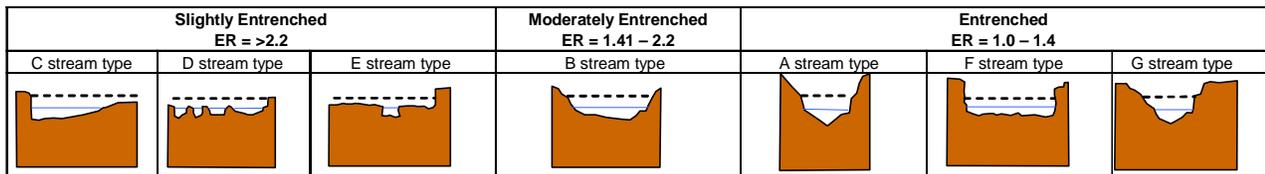
iii. **Final Score and Rating:**

**Comments:** No fish habitat within enhancement AA although occasional fish may migrate through AA due to surface water connection to creek and extensive inundation.

**14E. Flood Attenuation:** (Applies only to wetlands subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, click  NA here and proceed to 14F.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen 1994, 1996)	Slightly entrenched - C, D, E stream types			Moderately entrenched - B stream type			Entrenched-A, F, G stream types		
	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%
AA contains <b>no outlet or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L



Floodprone width  / Bankfull width  = Entrenchment ratio

ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)? Y  N

**Comments:** AA inundated from restricted outlet, no tree or shrub community present.

**14F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage:** (Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, click  NA here and proceed to 14G.)

i. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding	>5 acre feet			1.1 to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot		
	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** Plugging the abandoned Coyote Creek channel has increased flooding and duration of surface water in the AA.

**14G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Retention and Removal:** (Applies to wetlands with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14H.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating [H = high, M = moderate, or L = low])

Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA	AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds at levels such that other functions are not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.				Waterbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development for "probable causes" related to sediment, nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.			
% cover of wetland vegetation in AA	≥ 70%				< 70%			
Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	Yes		No		Yes		No	
AA contains <b>no or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.8H	.7M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.7M	.6M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** AA nearly 100% vegetated with thick stand of reed canarygrass, presence of flooding/ponding, restricted outlet.

**14H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization:** (Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action. If 14H does not apply, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14I.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

% Cover of <b>wetland</b> streambank or shoreline by species with stability ratings of ≥6 (see Appendix F).	Duration of surface water adjacent to rooted vegetation					
	Permanent / Perennial		Seasonal / Intermittent		Temporary / Ephemeral	
≥ 65%	1H		.9H		.7M	
35-64%	.7M		.6M		.5M	
< 35%	.3L		.2L		.1L	

**Comments:** Inundated areas covered with reed canarygrass and prevents AA from being subject to wind-created wave action.

**14I. Production Export/Food Chain Support:**

i. **Level of Biological Activity** (synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat ratings [check])

General Fish Habitat Rating (14D.iii.)	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14C.iii.)		
	E/H	M	L
E/H	H	H	M
M	H	M	M
L	M	M	L
N/A	H	M	L

ii. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14I.i.); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E are as previously defined, and A = "absent" [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

A	Vegetated component >5 acres						Vegetated component 1-5 acres						Vegetated component <1 acre					
	High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low	
B	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
C	1E	.7H	.8H	.5M	.6M	.4M	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L
P/P																		
S/I	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.5M	.5M	.3L	.3L	.2L
T/E/A	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.4M	.5M	.2L	.3L	.1L	.6M	.4M	.4M	.2L	.2L	.1L

iii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1.) **Vegetated Upland Buffer (VUB):** Area with ≥ 30% plant cover, ≤ 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, and that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control).

a) Is there an average ≥ 50 foot-wide vegetated upland buffer around ≥ 75% of the AA circumference? Y  N  If yes, add 0.1 to the score in ii above and adjust rating accordingly: **Modified Rating** .8H

**Comments:** No fish habitat, vegetated component >5ac, high biological activity, perennial hydrology with restricted rating.

**14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge:** (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below)

**i. Discharge Indicators**

- The AA is a slope wetland
- Springs or seeps are known or observed
- Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought
- Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope
- Seeps are present at the wetland edge
- AA permanently flooded during drought periods
- Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet
- Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface
- Other:

**ii. Recharge Indicators**

- Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer
- Wetland contains inlet but no outlet
- Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases
- Other:

**iii. Rating** (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Criteria	Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands <i>FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM</i>			
	P/P	S/I	T	None
Groundwater Discharge or Recharge	1H	.7M	.4M	.1L
Insufficient Data/Information	NA			

**Comments:**

**14K. Uniqueness:**

**i. Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Replacement potential	AA contains fen, bog, warm springs or mature (>80 yr-old) forested wetland or plant association listed as "S1" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types and structural diversity (#13) is high or contains plant association listed as "S2" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types or associations and structural diversity (#13) is low-moderate		
	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant
Low disturbance at AA (#12i)	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L
Moderate disturbance at AA (#12i)	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L
High disturbance at AA (#12i)	.8H	.7H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:**

**14L. Recreation/Education Potential:** (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity)

**i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site:** (check)  Y  N (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click  NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page)

**ii. Check categories that apply to the AA:**  Educational/scientific study;  Consumptive rec.;  Non-consumptive rec.;  Other

**iii. Rating** (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area	Known	Potential
Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required)	.2H	.15H
Private ownership with general public access (no permission required)	.15H	.1M
Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access	.1M	.05L

**Comments:**

**General Site Notes**

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	.3	1	3.966	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	H	.9	1	11.898	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. General Wildlife Habitat	E	1	1	13.22	<input type="checkbox"/>
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
E. Flood Attenuation	M	.6	1	7.932	<input type="checkbox"/>
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	H	1	1	13.22	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	H	1	1	13.22	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	NA	0	0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
I. Production Export/Food Chain Support	H	.8	1	10.576	<input type="checkbox"/>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	H	1	1	13.22	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
K. Uniqueness	M	.4	1	5.288	<input type="checkbox"/>
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	H	.2	NA	2.644	<input type="checkbox"/>
Totals:		7.2	9	95.184	
Percent of Possible Score			<b>80</b> %		

**Category I Wetland:** (must satisfy **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)

- Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation **and** answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category II Wetland:** (Criteria for Category I not satisfied **and** meets any **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)

- Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; **or**
- "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for **both** General Wildlife Habitat **and** General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category III Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)

- 

**Category IV Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)

- "Low" rating for Uniqueness; **and**
- Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); **and**
- Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

**OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:  
(check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)**

I   
  II   
  III   
  IV

# MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name  2. MDT project#  Control#

3. Evaluation Date  4. Evaluators  5. Wetland/Site# (s)

6. Wetland Location(s): T  R  Sec1  T  R  Sec2

Approx Stationing or Mileposts

Watershed  Watershed/County

7. Evaluating Agency

8. Wetland size acres

Purpose of Evaluation

Wetlands potentially affected by MDT project

Mitigation Wetlands: pre-construction

Mitigation Wetlands: post construction

Other

How assessed:

9. Assessment area (AA) size (acres)

How assessed:

**10. Classification of Wetland and Aquatic Habitats in AA**

HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)	Modifier (Cowardin)	Water Regime	% of AA
Depressional	Aquatic Bed	Excavated	Permanent/Perennial	35
Depressional	Emergent Wetland	Excavated	Seasonal/Intermittant	65
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

11. Estimated Relative Abundance

**12. General Condition of AA**

i. Disturbance: (use matrix below to determine [circle] appropriate response – see instructions for Montana-listed noxious weed and aquatic nuisance vegetation species (ANVS) lists)

Conditions within AA	Predominant conditions adjacent to (within 500 feet of) AA		
	Managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	Land not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	Land cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.
AA occurs and is managed in predominantly natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or occupied buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%.	<input type="text" value="low disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="low disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="moderate disturbance"/>
AA not cultivated, but may be moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to relatively minor clearing, fill placement, or hydrological alteration; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%.	<input type="text" value="moderate disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="moderate disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>	<input type="text" value="high disturbance"/>

**Comments: (types of disturbance, intensity, season, etc)**

The adjacent Creation AA encompasses the excavated depressions constructed in 2007 and 2011. Highway 2 is close to the AA.

**ii. Prominent noxious, aquatic nuisance, other exotic species:**

**iii. Provide brief descriptive summary of AA and surrounding land use/habitat**

The AA includes pre-existing wetlands identified within the project area that were modified by excavation to increase the groundwater availability and provide a greater diversity of wetland habitat and hydrophytes.

13. **Structural Diversity:** (based on number of "Cowardin" **vegetated** classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above)

Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA	Initial Rating	Is current management preventing (passive) existence of additional vegetated classes?		Modified Rating
>=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes	H	NA	NA	NA
2 (or 1 if forested) classes	M	NA	NA	NA
1 class, but not a monoculture	M	<NO	YES>	L
1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises >=90% of total cover)	L	NA	NA	NA

Comments: Emergent and aquatic bed

**SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT**

14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals:

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)  D  S

Secondary habitat (list Species)  D  S

Incidental habitat (list species)  D  S Grizzly bear

No usable habitat  S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
Functional Points and Rating	1H	.9H	.8H	.7M	.3L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use: USFWS database, MNHP database shows site is within year-round range of grizzly bear

14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in 14A above)

i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions):

Primary or critical habitat (list species)  D  S Western toad (S2)

Secondary habitat (list Species)  D  S

Incidental habitat (list species)  D  S

No usable habitat  S

ii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Highest Habitat Level	doc/primary	sus/primary	doc/secondary	sus/secondary	doc/incidental	sus/incidental	None
<b>S1 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	1H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.2L	.1L	0L
<b>S2 and S3 Species:</b> Functional Points and Rating	.9H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.2L	.1L	0L

Sources for documented use: MNHP and documented breeding on site by MDT and USFS personnel

**14C. General Wildlife Habitat Rating:**

i. Evidence of overall wildlife use in the AA (check substantial, moderate, or low based on supporting evidence):

Substantial

**Substantial** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of abundant wildlife #s or high species diversity (during any period)
- abundant wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- presence of extremely limiting habitat features not available in the surrounding area
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Minimal** (based on any of the following [check]):

- few or no wildlife observations during peak use periods
- little to no wildlife sign
- sparse adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

**Moderate** (based on any of the following [check]):

- observations of scattered wildlife groups or individuals or relatively few species during peak periods
- common occurrence of wildlife sign such as scat, tracks, nest structures, game trails, etc.
- adequate adjacent upland food sources
- interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA

ii. **Wildlife** habitat features (Working from top to bottom, check appropriate AA attributes in matrix to arrive at rating. Structural diversity is from #13. For class cover to be considered evenly distributed, the most and least prevalent **vegetated** classes must be within 20% of each other in terms of their percent composition of the AA (see #10). Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; T/E = temporary/ephemeral; and A = absent [see instructions for further definitions of these terms])

Structural diversity (see #13)	High								Moderate								Low			
	Even				Uneven				Even				Uneven				Even			
Class cover distribution (all vegetated classes)																				
Duration of surface water in ≥ 10% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A	P/P	S/I	T/E	A
Low disturbance at AA (see #12)	E	E	E	H	E	E	H	H	E	H	H	M	E	H	M	M	E	H	M	M
Moderate disturbance at AA (see #12)	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	M	H	H	M	M	H	M	M	L	H	M	L	L
High disturbance at AA (see #12)	M	M	M	L	M	M	L	L	M	M	L	L	M	L	L	L	L	L	L	L

iii. **Rating** (use the conclusions from i and ii above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Evidence of wildlife use (i)	Wildlife habitat features rating (ii)											
	Exceptional			High			Moderate			Low		
<b>Substantial</b>	1E			.9H			.8H			.7M		
<b>Moderate</b>	.9H			.7M			.5M			.3L		
<b>Minimal</b>	.6M			.4M			.2L			.1L		

**Comments** Good habitat diversity with substantial wildlife evidence.

**14D. General Fish Habitat Rating:** (Assess this function if the AA is used by fish or the existing situation is "correctable" such that the AA could be used by fish [i.e., fish use is precluded by perched culvert or other barrier, etc.]. If the AA is not used by fish, fish use is not restorable due to habitat constraints, or is not desired from a management perspective [such as fish entrapped in a canal], then check  **NA** here and proceed to 14E.)  

i. **Habitat Quality and Known / Suspected Fish Species in AA** (use matrix to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Duration of surface water in AA	Permanent / Perennial						Seasonal / Intermittent						Temporary / Ephemeral					
	Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor		Optimal		Adequate		Poor	
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
Thermal cover optimal / suboptimal	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S	O	S
<b>FWP Tier I fish species</b>	.1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
<b>FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species</b>	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
<b>FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish</b>	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
<b>FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species</b>	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found in AA:

ii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1)

a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity or is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see **Appendix E**) occur in fish habitat? Y  N  If yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: **Modified Rating**

b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area, etc. - specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish?  Y  N If yes, add 0.1 to the adjusted score in i or **ii** above:

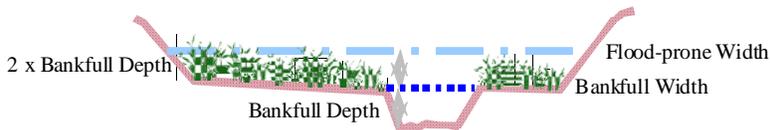
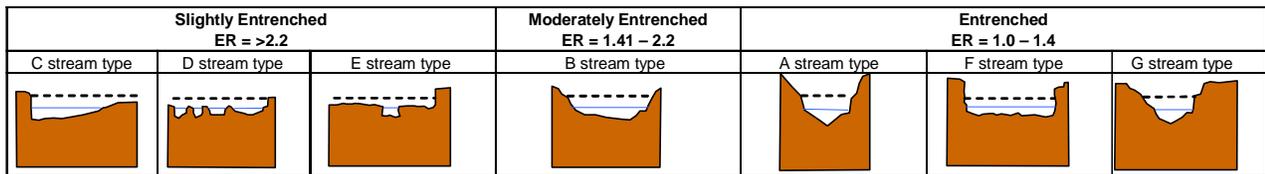
**Modified Rating**

iii. **Final Score and Rating:**  **Comments:**

**14E. Flood Attenuation:** (Applies only to wetlands subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from in-channel or overbank flow, click  NA here and proceed to 14F.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen 1994, 1996)	Slightly entrenched - C, D, E stream types			Moderately entrenched - B stream type			Entrenched-A, F, G stream types		
	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%	75%	25-75%	<25%
AA contains <b>no outlet or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.9H	.6M	.8H	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.8H	.5M	.7M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L



Floodprone width  / Bankfull width  = Entrenchment ratio

ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)? Y  N

**Comments:**

**14F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage:** (Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, upland surface flow, or groundwater flow. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to flooding or ponding, click  NA here and proceed to 14G.)

i. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding	>5 acre feet			1.1 to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot		
	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:**

**14G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Retention and Removal:** (Applies to wetlands with potential to receive sediments, nutrients, or toxicants through influx of surface or ground water or direct input. If no wetlands in the AA are subject to such input, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14H.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating [H = high, M = moderate, or L = low])

Sediment, nutrient, and toxicant input levels within AA	AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds at levels such that other functions are not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.				Waterbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development for "probable causes" related to sediment, nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.			
% cover of wetland vegetation in AA	≥ 70%				< 70%			
Evidence of flooding / ponding in AA	Yes		No		Yes		No	
AA contains <b>no or restricted outlet</b>	1H	.8H	.7M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
AA contains <b>unrestricted outlet</b>	.9H	.7M	.6M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

**Comments:** AA receives periodic overflow from Coyote Creek.

**14H Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization:** (Applies only if AA occurs on or within the banks of a river, stream, or other natural or man-made drainage, or on the shoreline of a standing water body which is subject to wave action. If 14H does not apply, click  **NA** here and proceed to 14I.)

i. **Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

% Cover of <b>wetland</b> streambank or shoreline by species with stability ratings of ≥ 6 (see Appendix F).	Duration of surface water adjacent to rooted vegetation					
	Permanent / Perennial		Seasonal / Intermittent		Temporary / Ephemeral	
≥ 65%	1H		.9H		.7M	
35-64%	.7M		.6M		.5M	
< 35%		.3L		.2L		.1L

Vegetation has not yet filled in around excavated areas.

**Comments:**

**14I. Production Export/Food Chain Support:**

i. **Level of Biological Activity** (synthesis of wildlife and fish habitat ratings [check])

General Fish Habitat Rating (14D.iii.)	General Wildlife Habitat Rating (14C.iii.)		
	E/H	M	L
E/H	H	H	M
M	H	M	M
L	M	M	L
N/A	H	M	L

ii. **Rating** (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Factor A = acreage of vegetated wetland component in the AA; Factor B = level of biological activity rating from above (14I.i.); Factor C = whether or not the AA contains a surface or subsurface outlet; the final three rows pertain to duration of surface water in the AA, where P/P, S/I, and T/E are as previously defined, and A = "absent" [see instructions for further definitions of these terms].)

A	Vegetated component >5 acres						Vegetated component 1-5 acres						Vegetated component <1 acre					
	High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low		High		Moderate		Low	
B	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
C	1E	.7H	.8H	.5M	.6M	.4M	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L
P/P																		
S/I	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.5M	.5M	.3L	.3L	.2L
T/E/A	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.4M	.5M	.2L	.3L	.1L	.6M	.4M	.4M	.2L	.2L	.1L

iii. **Modified Rating** (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1.) **Vegetated Upland Buffer (VUB):** Area with ≥ 30% plant cover, ≤ 15% noxious weed or ANVS cover, and that is not subjected to periodic mechanical mowing or clearing (unless for weed control).

a) Is there an average ≥ 50 foot-wide vegetated upland buffer around ≥ 75% of the AA circumference? Y  N  If yes, add 0.1 to the score in ii above and adjust rating accordingly: **Modified Rating** .7M

**Comments:** No fish habitat with high biological activity, well-vegetated buffer.

**14J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge:** (check the appropriate indicators in i & ii below)

**i. Discharge Indicators**

- The AA is a slope wetland
- Springs or seeps are known or observed
- Vegetation growing during dormant season/drought
- Wetland occurs at the toe of a natural slope
- Seeps are present at the wetland edge
- AA permanently flooded during drought periods
- Wetland contains an outlet, but no inlet
- Shallow water table and the site is saturated to the surface
- Other:

**ii. Recharge Indicators**

- Permeable substrate present without underlying impeding layer
- Wetland contains inlet but no outlet
- Stream is a known 'losing' stream; discharge volume decreases
- Other:

**iii. Rating** (use the information from i and ii above and the table below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Criteria	Duration of saturation at AA Wetlands <i>FROM GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE OR WITH WATER THAT IS RECHARGING THE GROUNDWATER SYSTEM</i>			
	P/P	S/I	T	None
Groundwater Discharge or Recharge	1H	.7M	.4M	.1L
Insufficient Data/Information	NA			

Comments:

**14K. Uniqueness:**

**i. Rating** (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Replacement potential	AA contains fen, bog, warm springs or mature (>80 yr-old) forested wetland or plant association listed as "S1" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types and structural diversity (#13) is high or contains plant association listed as "S2" by the MTNHP			AA does not contain previously cited rare types or associations and structural diversity (#13) is low-moderate		
	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant	rare	common	abundant
Low disturbance at AA (#12i)	1H	.9H	.8H	.8H	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L
Moderate disturbance at AA (#12i)	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L
High disturbance at AA (#12i)	.8H	.7H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments:

**14L. Recreation/Education Potential:** (affords "bonus" points if AA provides recreation or education opportunity)

**i. Is the AA a known or potential rec./ed. site:** (check)  Y  N (if 'Yes' continue with the evaluation; if 'No' then click  NA here and proceed to the overall summary and rating page)

**ii. Check categories that apply to the AA:**  Educational/scientific study;  Consumptive rec.;  Non-consumptive rec.;  Other

**iii. Rating** (use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating)

Known or Potential Recreation or Education Area	Known	Potential
Public ownership or public easement with general public access (no permission required)	.2H	.15H
Private ownership with general public access (no permission required)	.15H	.1M
Private or public ownership without general public access, or requiring permission for public access	.1M	.05L

Comments:

**General Site Notes**

**FUNCTION & VALUE SUMMARY & OVERALL RATING FOR WETLAND/SITE #(S):** Restoration

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	.3	1	1.038	<input type="checkbox"/>
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	H	.9	1	3.114	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
C. General Wildlife Habitat	H	.9	1	3.114	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
D. General Fish Habitat	NA	0	0	0	<input type="checkbox"/>
E. Flood Attenuation	M	.6	1	2.076	<input type="checkbox"/>
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	H	.8	1	2.768	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	M	.7	1	2.422	<input type="checkbox"/>
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	L	.3	1	1.038	<input type="checkbox"/>
I. Production Export/Food Chain Support	M	.7	1	2.422	<input type="checkbox"/>
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	H	1	1	3.46	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
K. Uniqueness	L	.3	1	1.038	<input type="checkbox"/>
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	H	.2	NA	0.692	<input type="checkbox"/>
Totals:		6.7	10	23.182	
Percent of Possible Score			<b>67</b> %		

**Category I Wetland:** (must satisfy **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II)

- Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation **and** answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category II Wetland:** (Criteria for Category I not satisfied **and** meets any **one** of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV)

- Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; **or**
- "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for **both** General Wildlife Habitat **and** General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; **or**
- Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; **or**
- Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).

**Category III Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)

- 

**Category IV Wetland:** (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III)

- "Low" rating for Uniqueness; **and**
- Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); **and**
- Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

**OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING:**  
(check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I   
  II   
  III   
  IV

## **Appendix C**

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### Project Area Photographs

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana



**Photo Point 1 – Panorama**  
**Bearing:** 270 degrees

**Location:** SW corner of site  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 1 – Panorama**  
**Bearing:** 270 degrees

**Location:** SW corner of site  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 2 – Photo 1**      **Location:** Cell 7 (Created 2007)  
**Bearing:** 190 degrees      **Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 2 – Photo 1**      **Location:** Cell 7 (Enhanced in 2011)  
**Bearing:** 150 degrees      **Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 2 – Photo 1**      **Location:** Cell 7 (Enhanced in 2011)  
**Bearing:** 150 degrees      **Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 3 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 3 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 3 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 4 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 4 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 4 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 5 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 270 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 5 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 300 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 5 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 300 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 6 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 40 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 6 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 0 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 6 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 0 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**

# 2010 Photo Point 7 moved in 2012

**Photo Point 7 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 110 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 7 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 0 degrees

**Location:** Lower reach of merged Coyote/Schrieber Creek in sea of Phalaris  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 7 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 0 degrees

**Location:** Lower reach of merged Coyote/Schrieber Creek in sea of Phalaris  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 8 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 200 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 8 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 190 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 8 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 190 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 9 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 330 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 9 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 9 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 10 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 30 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2010**



**Photo Point 10 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 0 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 10 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 0 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 11 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 190 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2B (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 11 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 190 degrees

**Location:** Cell 2B (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 12 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 1 (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 12 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 1 (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 13 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3A (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 13 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3A (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 14 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 230 degrees

**Location:** Cell 4C (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 14 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 230 degrees

**Location:** Cell 4C (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 15 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 5A (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 15 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 180 degrees

**Location:** Cell 5A (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 16 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 70 degrees

**Location:** Cell 6 (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 16 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 70 degrees

**Location:** Cell 6 (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 16 – Photo 2**  
**Bearing:** 290 degrees

**Location:** Cell 5A  
(Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 16 – Photo 2**  
**Bearing:** 290 degrees

**Location:** Cell 5A  
(Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 17 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 270 degrees

**Location:** Cell 6 (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 17 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 270 degrees

**Location:** Cell 6 (Constructed in 2011)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 18 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 18 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Cell 3 (Constructed in 2007)  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 19 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 10 degrees  
**Location:** West boundary  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 19 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 10 degrees  
**Location:** West boundary  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 19 – Photo 2**  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees  
**Location:** West boundary  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 19 – Photo 2**  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees  
**Location:** West boundary  
**Taken in 2013**



**Photo Point 20 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees  
**Location:** Schrieber Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**Photo Point 20 – Photo 1**  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees  
**Location:** Schrieber Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 1**  
**Bearing:** 130 degrees

**Location:** Upper Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 1**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** Upper Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 2**  
**Bearing:** 110 degrees

**Location:** Upper Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 2**  
**Bearing:** 320 degrees

**Location:** Upper Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 3**  
**Bearing:** 130 degrees

**Location:** Coyote Creek Spring Area  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 3**  
**Bearing:** 320 degrees

**Location:** Coyote Creek Spring Area  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 4**  
**Bearing:** 125 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 4**  
**Bearing:** 290 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 5**  
**Bearing:** 150 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 5**  
**Bearing:** 300 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 6**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Perennial Spring Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 6**  
**Bearing:** 230 degrees

**Location:** Perennial Spring Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 7**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 7**  
**Bearing:** 220 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 8**  
**Bearing:** : 170 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 8**  
**Bearing:** : 270 degrees

**Location:** Middle Coyote Creek  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS - 9**  
**Bearing:** 130 degrees

**Location:** Merged Coyote/Schrieber Creeks  
**Taken in 2012**



**XS - 9**  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees

**Location:** Merged Coyote/Schrieber Creeks  
**Taken in 2013**



**XS – 10**      **Location:** Merged Coyote/Schriber Creeks  
**Bearing:** 140 degrees      **Taken in 2012**



**XS – 10**      **Location:** Merged Coyote/Schriber Creeks  
**Bearing:** 270 degrees      **Taken in 2013**



**XS – 11**      **Location:** Merged Coyote/Schriber Creeks  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees      **Taken in 2012**



**XS – 11**      **Location:** Merged Coyote/Schriber Creeks  
**Bearing:** 90 degrees      **Taken in 2013**



**Veg Tran 1**  
**Bearing:** 115 degrees

**Location:** T-1 start  
**Taken in 2010**



**Veg Tran 1**  
**Bearing:** 245 degrees

**Location:** T-1 end  
**Taken in 2010**



**Veg Tran 1**  
**Bearing:** 115 degrees

**Location:** T-1 start  
**Taken in 2012**



**Veg Tran 1**  
**Bearing:** 245 degrees

**Location:** T-1 end  
**Taken in 2012**



**Veg Tran 1**  
**Bearing:** 115 degrees

**Location:** T-1 start  
**Taken in 2013**



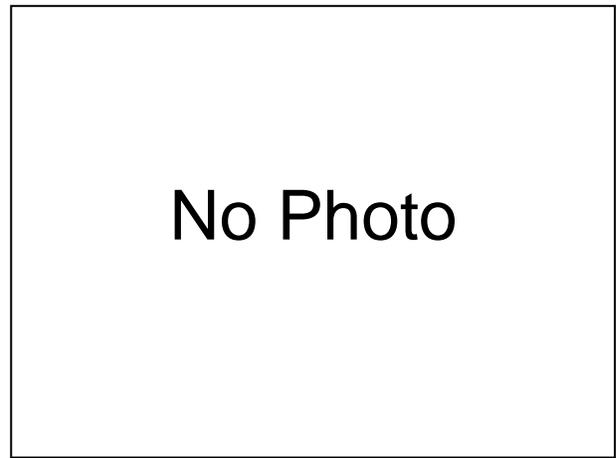
**Veg Tran 1**  
**Bearing:** 245 degrees

**Location:** T-1 end  
**Taken in 2013**



**Veg Tran 2**  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees

**Location:** T-2 start  
**Taken in 2012**



**Veg Tran 2**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** T-2 end  
**Taken in 2012**



**Veg Tran 2**  
**Bearing:** 100 degrees

**Location:** T-2 start  
**Taken in 2013**



**Veg Tran 2**  
**Bearing:** 280 degrees

**Location:** T-2 end  
**Taken in 2013**



**Veg Tran 3**  
**Bearing:** 50 degrees

**Location:** T-3 start  
**Taken in 2012**



**Veg Tran 3**  
**Bearing:** 200 degrees

**Location:** T-3 end  
**Taken in 2012**



**Veg Tran 3**  
**Bearing:** 45 degrees

**Location:** T-3 start  
**Taken in 2013**



**Veg Tran 3**  
**Bearing:** 225 degrees

**Location:** T-3 end  
**Taken in 2013**



**Data Point:** TP 1  
**Bearing:** NA

**Location:** Veg Com 3  
**Taken in 2013**



**Data Point:** TP 2  
**Bearing:** NA

**Location:** Veg Com 3  
**Taken in 2013**



**Data Point:** TP 3  
**Bearing:** NA

**Location:** Veg Com 6  
**Taken in 2013**



**Data Point:** TP 4  
**Bearing:** NA

**Location:** Veg Com 9  
**Taken in 2013**



**Data Point:** TP 5  
**Bearing:** NA

**Location:** Veg Com 6  
**Taken in 2013**

## **Appendix D**

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### Project Plan Sheet

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana

FOREST

MDTA MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

MONTANA CADD

DAVID EVANS AND ASSOCIATES INC.  
 908 N. HOPE ST. SUITE 100  
 SPOKANE, WASHINGTON 99201  
 Phone: 509.327.8637

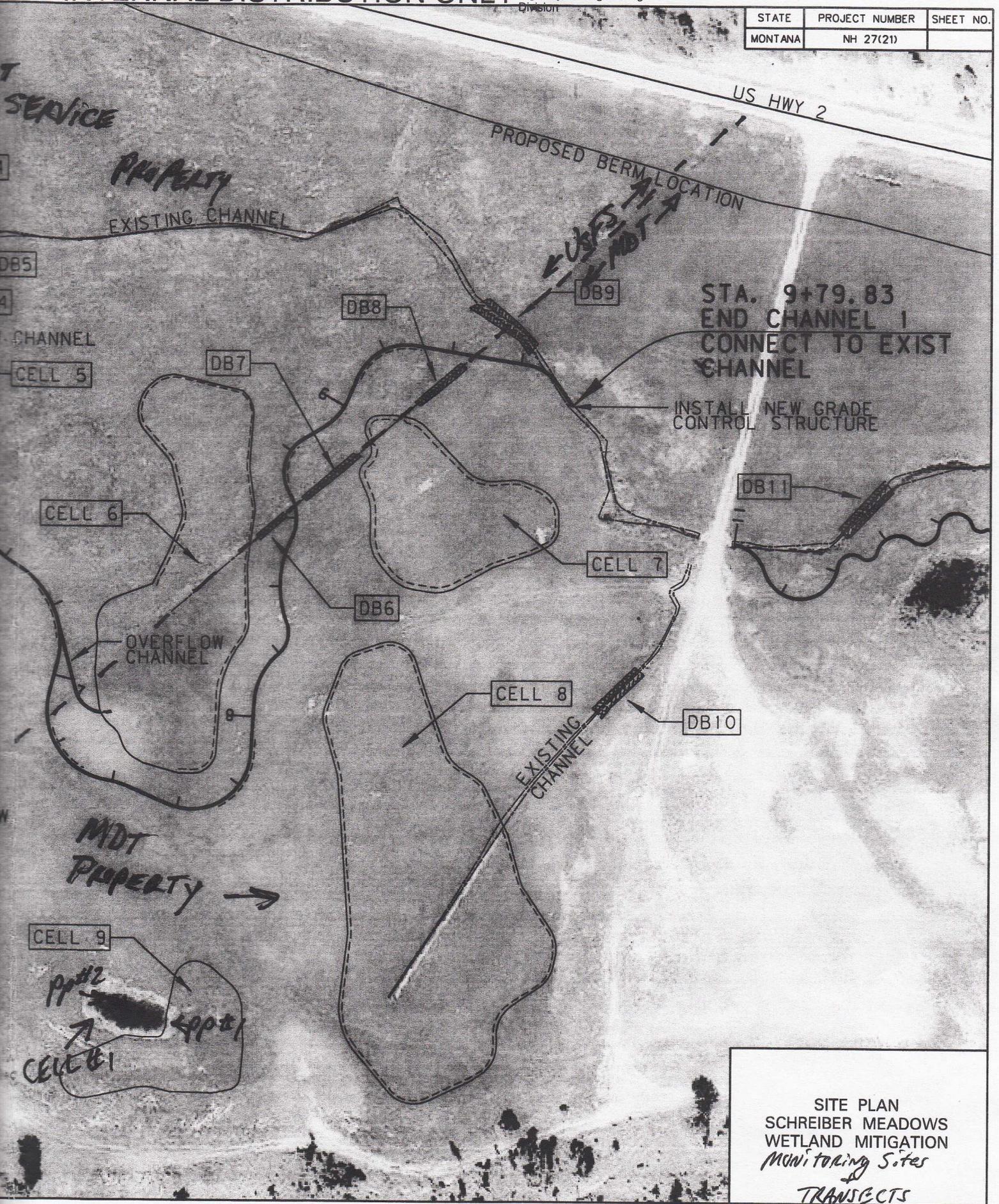


6/27/07	DESIGNED BY
6/20/10	REVIEWED BY
6/28/07 AM	CHECKED BY
NWPPS - U7713	



USES  
 MDT

STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.
MONTANA	NH 27(21)	



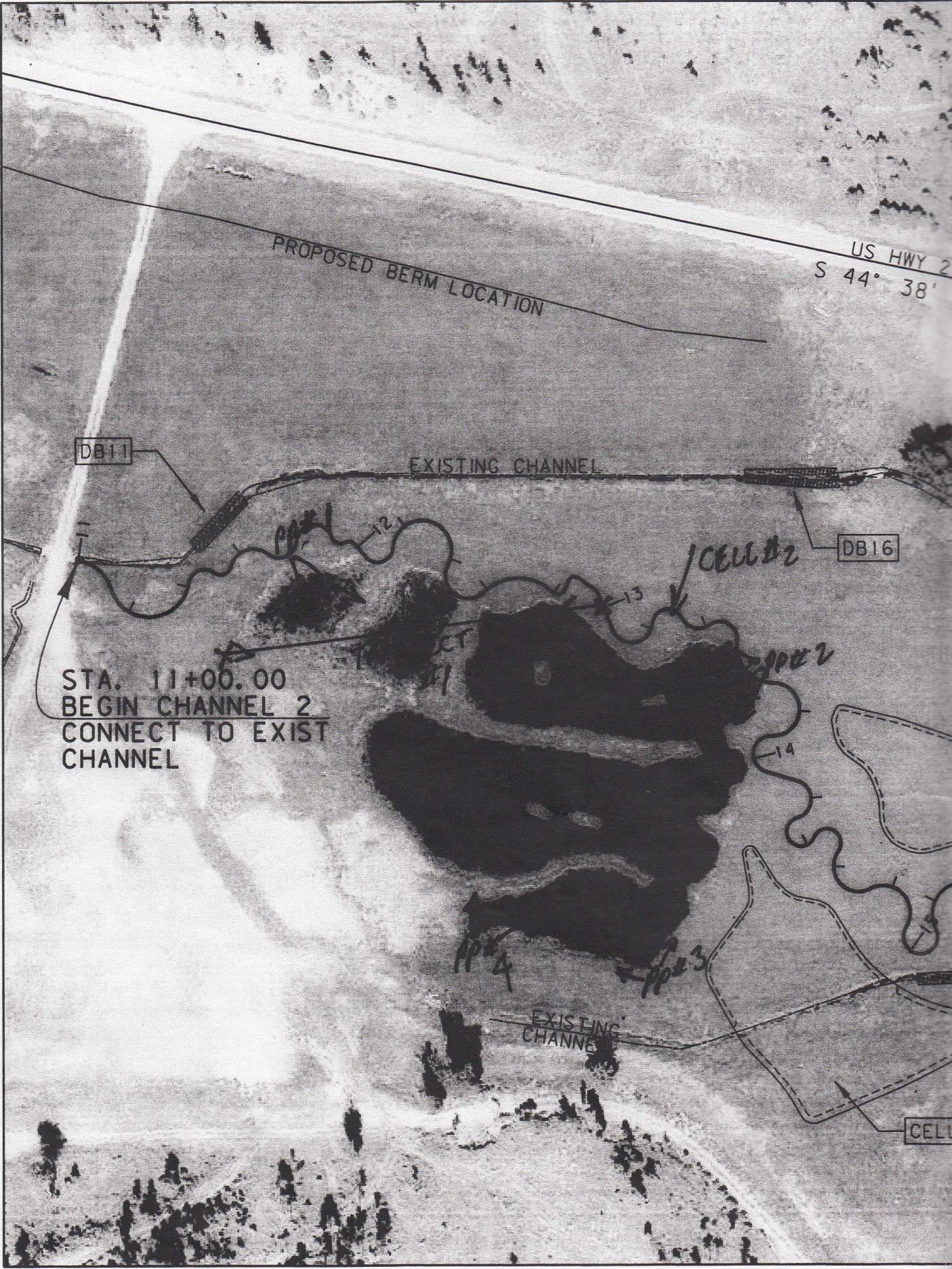
MDTA MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



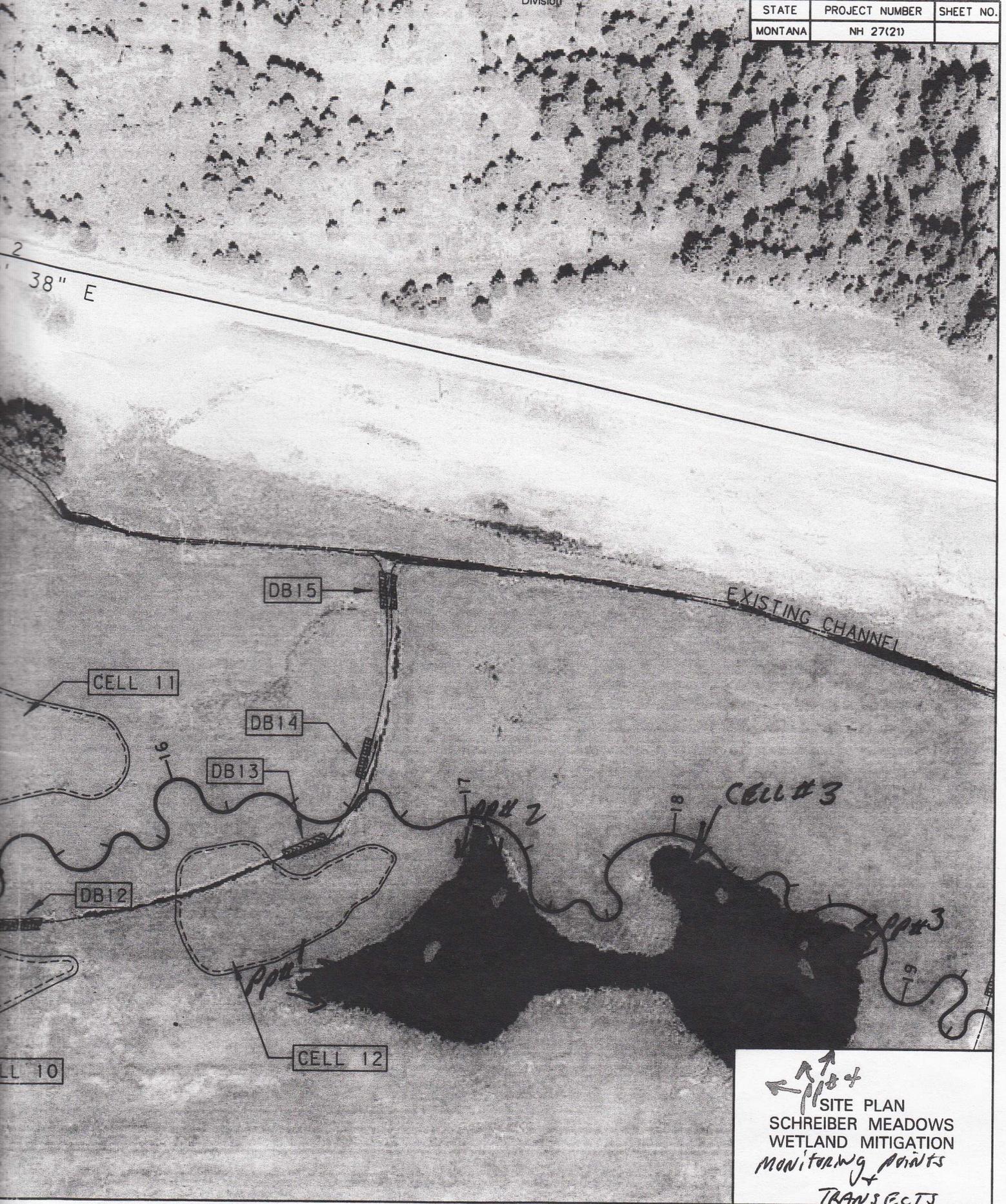
DAVID EVANS AND ASSOCIATES inc. 508 N. Howard St., Suite 300 Spokane, Washington 99201 Phone: 509.327.6691



DESIGNED BY	
REVIEWED BY	
CHECKED BY	
DATE	6/23/2010
TIME	6:58:10 AM
PROJECT	PPS - 07713



STATE	PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NO.
MONTANA	NH 27(21)	



## **Appendix E**

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### Surveyed Stream Cross Sections

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MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring  
Schrieber Meadows  
Lincoln County, Montana

