MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT: YEAR 2014

Redstone – East & West Sheridan County, Montana



Prepared for:



December 2014

Prepared by:



PO Box 1133 Bozeman, MT 59771-1133

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

WETLAND MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT:

YEAR 2014

Redstone East and West Sheridan County, Montana Constructed: 2010

MDT Project Number STPP 22-1 (5)14 Redstone – East & West Control Number 2024

USACE: NWO-2001-90723-MTH

Prepared for:

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 2701 Prospect Ave Helena, MT 59620-1001

Prepared by:

Confluence Consulting, Inc.

P.O. Box 1133 Bozeman, MT 59771

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Cover: Photo is looking northeast across the inundated Redstone wetland mitigation site.



1. INTRODUCTION

The 2014 Redstone-East and West (E&W) wetland monitoring report documents the second year post-construction monitoring results collected at the Redstone-E&W wetland mitigation site. This site was developed to mitigate for impacts associated with the Redstone-E&W highway reconstruction project located in Sections 2, 4 and 7, Township 35 North, Range 51 East, in Daniels County; and Section 1, Township 35 North, Range 51 East; Section 31, Township 36 North, Range 52 East; and Sections 5 and 9, Township 35 North, Range 52 East, in Sheridan County, Montana. According to the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) permit (NWO-2001-90723-MTH) and the February 4, 2010, approved wetland mitigation and monitoring proposal prepared by Montana Department of Transportation (MDT), this highway project resulted in approximately 0.17 acres of permitted wetland fill with a replacement ratio of 2:1, requiring 0.34 acres of compensatory wetland mitigation under authority of Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.

The Redstone-E&W wetland mitigation project is located 2.2 miles southeast of Redstone, directly along US Highway 5, in the Southwest corner of Section 10 and the Southeast Corner of Section 9, Township 35 North, Range 52 East, Sheridan County, Montana (Figure 1). The site is situated within Watershed 12, the Lower Missouri River Basin. The wetlands for this project were constructed in 2012 concurrent with the road project impacts by excavating a point of an isolated oxbow along Big Muddy Creek.

The MDT staff completed the initial baseline delineation and Montana Wetland Assessment of the site in June 2002. The project site was agricultural land and had been historically farmed for grass and alfalfa production. A perennial stream known as Big Muddy Creek borders the project on the north and is hydraulically connected to the site via groundwater. The mitigation goal was to create and preserve 0.34 acres of new palustrine emergent/depressional wetland habitat in an existing upland area adjacent to Big Muddy Creek. Aside from the creation of 0.34 wetland acres, this onsite, permittee-responsible, wetland mitigation site does not have any defined performance standards or success criteria. The MDT will hold the site in "Fee Title" as part of a long term management plan and will use MDT personnel and/or contractors to inspect and perform maintenance activities to ensure this aquatic resource is properly established and protected.

Figures 2 and 3 in Appendix A show the 2014 Monitoring Activity Locations and Mapped Site Features, respectively. The MDT Mitigation Monitoring Form, USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms for the Great Plains Region (USACE 2010), and the 2008 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Forms (MWAM) (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) are included in Appendix B. Project site photographs are included in Appendix C and the MDT Preliminary Design – Plan is presented in Appendix D.



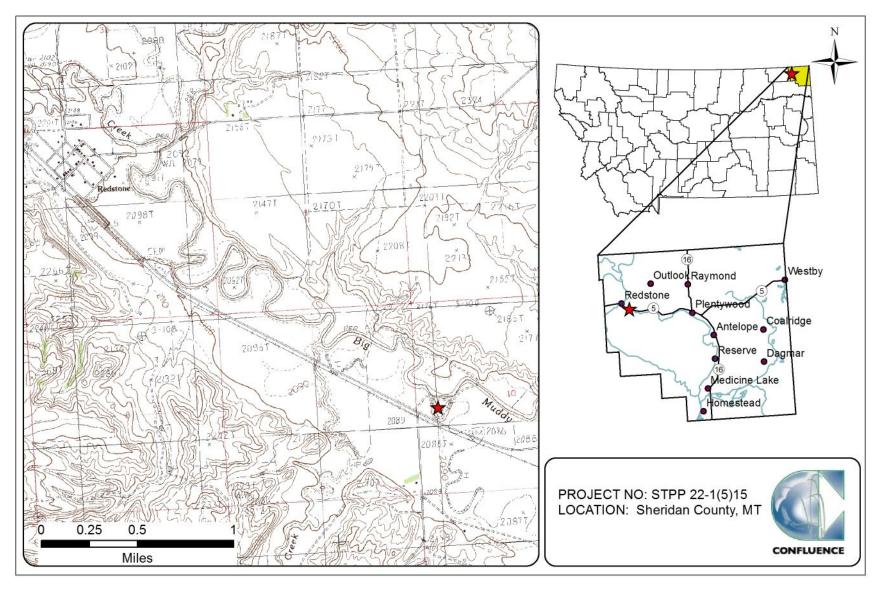


Figure 1. Project location of Redstone – East & West Wetland Mitigation Site.



2. METHODS

A monitoring site visit was performed on June 27, 2014. Information for the Mitigation Monitoring form and Wetland Determination Data Form was entered in the field on an electronic tablet during the field investigation (Appendix B). Monitoring activity sites were located with a global positioning system (GPS) as shown on Figure 2 (Appendix A). Information included completion of a wetland delineation, vegetation community mapping, soil and hydrology data collection, bird and wildlife use, photo documentation, and a non-engineering examination of any infrastructure established within the mitigation project area.

2.1. Hydrology

The presence of hydrological indicators as outlined on the Wetland Determination Data Form was assessed at two data points established within the project area. The hydrologic indicators were evaluated according to features observed during the site visit. The data were recorded on the electronic Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B). Hydrologic assessments allow evaluation of mitigation goals addressing inundation/saturation requirements.

Technical criteria for wetland hydrology guidelines have been established as "permanent or periodic inundation, or soil saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface for a significant period (12.5 percent of the growing season) during the growing season" (USACE 2010). Systems with continuous inundation or saturation for greater than 12.5 percent of the growing season are considered jurisdictional wetlands. The growing season is approximated for purposes of this report as the number of days where there is a 50 percent probability that the minimum daily temperature is greater than or equal to 28.5 degrees Fahrenheit (USACE 2010). The Western Regional Climate Center (WRCC) identifies the average growing season recorded at the Redstone, Montana, weather station (246927) as 137 days. Areas defined as wetlands would require 17 days of inundation or saturation within 12 inches of the ground surface to meet the hydrology criteria.

Soil pits excavated during the wetland delineation were used to evaluate groundwater levels within 18 inches of the ground surface. The data were recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

2.2. Vegetation

The boundaries of the dominant-species based vegetation communities were determined in the field during the active growing season and subsequently delineated on the 2014 aerial photograph. Percent cover of the dominant species within a community type was estimated and recorded using the following values: 0 (less than 1 percent), 1 (1 to 5 percent), 2 (6 to 10 percent), 3 (11 to 20 percent), 4 (21 to 50 percent), and 5 (greater than 50 percent) (Appendix B). Community types were named based on the predominant vegetation species that characterized each mapped polygon (Figure 3, Appendix A).



No vegetation transect has been established at this site due to the perennially inundated conditions of the mitigation area and the deep-water nature of the area directly adjacent to the mitigation footprint.

The Montana State Noxious Weed List (September 2010), prepared by the Montana Department of Agriculture, was used to classify weeds identified within the site. The location of noxious weeds was noted in the field and mapped on the aerial photo (Figure 3, Appendix A). The noxious weed species identified are color-coded. The locations are denoted with the symbol "x", "▲", or "■" representing 0 to 0.1 acre, .1 to 1 acre, or greater than 1 acre in extent, respectively. Cover classes are represented on Figure 3 by T, L, M, or H, symbols for less than 1 percent, 1 to 5 percent, 6 to 25 percent, and 26 to 100 percent, respectively.

2.3. Soil

Soil information was obtained from the *Soil Survey for Sheridan County Area* (USDA 2013) and *in situ* soil descriptions. Soil cores were excavated using a hand auger and evaluated according to procedures outlined in the 1987 Manual and 2010 Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Great Plains Region (USACE 2010). A description of the soil profile, including hydric soil indicators when present, was recorded on the Wetland Determination Data Form for each profile (Appendix B).

2.4. Wetland Delineation

Waters of the US including special aquatic sites and jurisdictional wetlands were delineated throughout the project area in accordance with criteria established in the 1987 Manual and the 2010 Great Plains Regional Supplement. The technical criteria for hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soil, and wetland hydrology must be satisfied to delineate a representative area as jurisdictional. The name and indicator status of plant species were derived from the 2014 National Wetland Plant List (NWPL) (Lichvar et al., 2014). The Routine Level-2 On-site Determination Method (Environmental Laboratory 1987) was used to delineate jurisdictional areas as documented on the Wetland Determination Data Form (Appendix B).

The wetland boundary was determined in the field based on changes in plant communities and/or hydrology, and changes in soil characteristics. Topographic relief boundaries within the project area were also examined and cross-referenced with soil and vegetation communities as supportive information for the delineation. Vegetation composition, soil characteristics, and hydrology were assessed at likely wetland and adjacent upland locations. If all three parameters met the criteria, the area was designated as wetland and mapped by vegetation community type. If any one of the parameters did not exhibit positive wetland indicators, the area was determined to be upland unless the site was classified as an atypical situation, potential problem area for vegetation, soil or hydrology, or special aquatic site, i.e., mudflat. The GPS-surveyed wetland boundary is shown on the 2014 aerial imagery (Figure 3, Appendix A). Wetland acreages were estimated using Geographic Information System (GIS) methods.



2.5. Wildlife

Observations and other positive indicators of use of mammal, reptile, amphibian, and bird species were recorded on the Mitigation Monitoring Form during the site visit. Indirect use indicators, including tracks, scat, burrow, eggshells, skins, and bones, were also recorded. These signs were recorded while traversing the site for other required activities. Direct sampling methods, such as snap traps, live traps, and pitfall traps, were not used. A comprehensive wildlife species list of animals observed in 2013 and 2014 was compiled for this report.

2.6. Functional Assessment

The 2008 MDT MWAM (Berglund and McEldowney 2008) was used to evaluate functions and values on the site in 2014. This method provides an objective means of assigning wetlands an overall rating and provides regulators a means of assessing mitigation success based on wetland functions. Functions are self-sustaining properties of a wetland ecosystem that exist in the absence of society and relate to ecological significance without regard to subjective human values (Berglund and McEldowney 2008). Field data for this assessment were collected during the site visit. A Wetland Assessment Form was completed for one assessment area (AA) and included both the existing and created wetlands (Appendix B).

2.7. Photo Documentation

Monitoring at photo points provides supplemental information documenting conditions of the site wetlands, uplands, and vegetation transects; site trends; and current land uses surrounding the project. Photographs were taken at four photo points established in 2013 during the initial site visit (Appendix C). Photo point locations were recorded with a resource grade GPS unit (Figure 2, Appendix A).

2.8. GPS Data

Site features and survey points were collected with a resource grade Thales Pro Mark III GPS unit during the 2014 monitoring season. Points were collected using WAAS-enabled differential correction satellites, typically improving resolution to sub-meter accuracy. The collected data were then transferred to a personal computer, imported into GIS, and presented in Montana State Plane Single Zone NAD 83 meters. Site features and survey points that were located with GPS included fence boundaries, photograph points, transect endpoints, wetland/upland boundaries, and wetland data points.

2.9. Maintenance Needs

Channels, engineered structures, fencing, birdboxes and other features, if present, were examined during the site visit for obvious signs of breaching, damage, or other problems. This was a cursory examination and did not constitute an engineering-level structural inspection.



3. RESULTS

3.1. Hydrology

Climate data from the meteorological station at Redstone, Montana (246927), recorded an average annual precipitation rate of 12.61 inches from December 1951 to December 2010. Precipitation data after 2011 was not available from this site. An additional meteorological station, located approximately 15.6 miles east of the site in Plentywood, Montana (246586), recorded an average annual precipitation total of 13.12 inches from January 1947 to September 2014. The total precipitation from January to August 31 was 10.48 inches (long-term average), 10.09 inches (2012), 11.23 inches (2013), and 17.68 inches (2014). These data indicate the region around the Redstone-E&W wetland mitigation site has received near-average precipitation prior to and during the 2012 and 2013 growing seasons, and above average precipitation in 2014.

The wetland mitigation area is contiguous with a greater than two-acre open water isolated oxbow of Big Muddy Creek. Water levels within the oxbow are related to water elevations within the creek and fluctuate with seasonal stream flow. Approximately 75 percent of the site was inundated to an average depth of 2.5 feet during the 2013 and 2014 investigations. The entire constructed wetland was inundated during the field survey in 2014. Surface water depths ranged from 0.0 to 6.0 feet. The depth at the emergent vegetation/open water boundary was approximately one foot. Areas defined as wetlands that were not inundated exhibited saturation within 12 inches (1.0 foot) of the ground surface, water-stained leaves, high water table, water marks, inundation on aerial imagery, algal mats, and FAC-Neutral test.

Two data points, R-1u and R-1w, were sampled to determine the wetland and upland boundaries. Data point R-1w was located at the edge of open water of the oxbow and exhibited a high water table to the ground surface, saturation to the ground surface, water marks, sediment deposits, drift deposits, algal mats, and saturation visible on aerial imagery. No hydrologic indicators were noted at data point R-1u, which was located at a slightly higher elevation than the adjacent wetland data point R-1w.

3.2. Vegetation

Monitoring year 2014 marked the second year of post-construction monitoring at the Redstone-E&W wetland mitigation site. Forty plant species were observed site wide in 2013 and 2014 (Table 1). Vegetation plant communities were mapped and named based on the dominant species within a community and the results of the wetland delineation data. The communities and associated species are listed on the Monitoring Form in Appendix B and are mapped on Figure 3 in Appendix A.

Three vegetation communities were identified in 2014 including one upland type and two wetland types. The plant communities remained the same from 2013 to 2014. The communities were upland Type 1 - Bromus inermis/Symphoricarpus



albus, wetland Type 2 – Schoenoplectus spp., and wetland Type 3 – Aquatic Macrophytes/Open Water. The communities are discussed below.

Upland community Type 1 — Bromus inermis/Symphoricarpus albus was identified on the 0.3-acre upland surrounding the pre-existing and created wetlands. Areas of this community disturbed during construction were reseeded. Twenty-seven species were identified in this community and primarily consisted of common pasture and roadside species. Smooth brome (Bromus inermis), common snowberry (Symphoricarpus albus), crested wheatgrass (Agropyron cristatum), creeping wildrye (Elymus repens), Mexican-fireweed (Bassia scoparia), lamb's-quarters (Chenopodium album), prickly lettuce (Lactuca serriola), curly-cup gumweed (Grindelia squarrosa), fox-tail barley (Hordeum jubatum), alfalfa (Medicago sativa), sweetclover (Melilotus sp.) and field sowthistle (Sonchus arvensis) were common components of this upland community.

Wetland community Type 2 – *Schoenoplectus* spp. characterized 0.14 acres within the shallower water depths surrounding community Type 3. This community was dominated by saltmarsh club-rush (*Schoenoplectus maritimus*) with less cover of hard-stem club-rush (*Schoenoplectus acutus*), three-square club-rush (*Schoenoplectus pungens*), and great pale club-rush (*Schoenoplectus heterochaetus*). Freshwater cord grass (*Spartina pectinata*), fox-tail barley, hooded skullcap (*Scutellaria galericulata*), curly dock (*Rumex crispus*), and broad-leaf cat-tail (*Typha latifolia*) were identified within the margins of inundation. This community will likely expand into the recently constructed wetland area.

Wetland community Type 3 – Aquatic macrophytes/Open Water was identified across 0.82 acres within the 1.26-acre monitoring area. The community was characterized by 100 percent inundation and included green algae, beaked ditchgrass (*Ruppia maritima*), additional unidentified aquatic macrophytes, and saltmarsh club-rush along the transition to community Type 2. Submerged vegetation and algae extend into the open water. This area appeared to be perennially inundated during the 2014 field survey.

No woody vegetation was installed at this site and there were no indications of natural shrub or tree recruitment. Revegetation efforts primarily entailed seeding after construction. Two infestations of Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), a Priority 2B weed, were observed along the south edge of the site adjacent to the disturbed roadside in community Type 1. The infestation covered between 0.1 acre and 1 acre with a moderate cover class of 6 to 25 percent. Less than 0.1 acre of field bindweed (*Convolvulus arvensis*) with 1 to 5 percent cover was noted in 2014. The infestation was located at the southeast boundary of the mitigation site. The MDT has an ongoing weed control program for their mitigation sites that includes an annual assessment of weeds at each site and periodic weed control efforts.



Table 1. Vegetation species observed in 2013 and 2014 at the Redstone – East & West Wetland Mitigation Site.

Scientific Names	Common Names	GP Indicator
Scientific Names	Common Names	Status ¹
Agropyron cristatum	Crested Wheatgrass	NL
Algae, green	Algae, green	NL
Anemone canadensis	Round-Leaf Thimbleweed	FACW
Artemisia cana	Coaltown Sagebrush	FACU
Artemisia frigida	Fringed Sage	NL
Artemisia tridentata	Big Sagebrush	NL
Bassia scoparia	Mexican-Fireweed	FACU
Bromus inermis	Smooth Brome	UPL
Bromus tectorum	Cheatgrass	NL
Chenopodium album	Lamb's-Quarters	FACU
Cicuta douglasii	Western Water-Hemlock	OBL
Cirsium arvense	Canadian Thistle	FACU
Convolvulus arvensis	Field Bindweed	NL
Descurainia sophia	Herb Sophia	NL
Elymus repens	Creeping Wild Rye	FACU
Grindelia squarrosa	Curly-Cup Gumweed	UPL
Helianthus annuus	Common Sunflower	FACU
Hordeum jubatum	Fox-Tail Barley	FACW
Lactuca serriola	Prickly Lettuce	FAC
Maianthemum stellatum	Starry False Solomon's-Seal	FACU
Marrubium vulgare	White Horehound	FACU
Medicago sativa	Alfalfa	UPL
Melilotus sp.	Sweetclover	NL
Mentha arvensis	American Wild Mint	FACW
Ratibida columnifera	Prairie Coneflower	NL
Rosa woodsii	Woods' Rose	FACU
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock	FAC
Ruppia maritima	Beaked Ditch-Grass	OBL
Schoenoplectus acutus	Hard-Stem Club-Rush	OBL
Schoenoplectus heterochaetus	Pale Great Club-Rush	OBL
Schoenoplectus maritimus	Saltmarsh Club-Rush	OBL
Schoenoplectus pungens	Three-Square	OBL
Scutellaria galericulata	Hooded Skullcap	OBL
Setaria viridis	Green Bristle Grass	NL
Sonchus arvensis	Field Sow-Thistle	FAC
Spartina pectinata	Freshwater Cord Grass	FACW
Symphoricarpos albus	Common Snowberry	UPL
Thlaspi arvense	Field Pennycress	FACU
Tragopogon dubius	Meadow Goat's-beard	NL OD!
Typha latifolia	Broad-Leaf Cat-Tail	OBL

¹ 2014 NWPL (Lichvar et al., 2014)

New species identified in 2014 are **bolded**.



3.3. Soil

The entire project site was mapped in the *Sheridan County Soil Survey* (USDA 2013) as Havrelon silt loam. The Havrelon loam series is a moderately well drained loam, taxonomically classified as a frigid Typic Ustifluvents. The Haverlon series is found on floodplains of major streams and tributaries. This soil map unit is included on the Montana Hydric Soils list.

Two soil pits were excavated to characterize the site soil. Data point Re-1w (Community 2) was located at the edge of open water in an area that met the wetland criteria. The soil profile at this data point revealed a dark greenish gray (5BG 4/1) clay loam. The gleyed matrix and a hydrogen sulfide odor were indicators of hydric soil. Soil pit Re-1u was located in upland community type 1 and consisted of a brown (10YR 5/3) matrix with no redoximorphic characteristics within the upper 12 inches of the profile. There were no positive indicators of hydric soil at this data point.

3.4. Wetland Delineation

Two wetland determination data points were evaluated to assess and confirm the 2014 wetland boundary at the Redstone-E&W mitigation site. Approximately 0.69 acres of wetlands existed within this mitigation site prior to construction. The 2014 wetland delineation identified a total of 0.96 acres of wetland and aquatic habitat within the site. A total of 0.27 acres of created wetland were identified in 2013 and 2014 (Table 2). Additional wetland development at this site is unlikely as the current wetland boundary is defined by a distinct topographic break between the excavated basin and adjacent uplands.

Table 2. Total wetland acres delineated in 2013 and 2014 at the Redstone-E&W Wetland Mitigation Site.

Wetland and Aquatic Habitat	2013 (acres)	2014 (acres)
Created Wetland	0.27	0.27
Pre-Existing Wetland	0.69	0.69
Upland	0.30	0.30
Total Area	1.26	1.26

3.5. Wildlife

A comprehensive list of birds and other wildlife species observed directly or indirectly in 2014 is presented in Table 3 (Monitoring Form, Appendix B). Ten bird species were identified around the site including shore birds, swallows and others. Abundant waterfowl was observed on site in 2013 and included several ducklings that appeared to have been reared among the thick club-rush community that borders the open water. One bluebird box has been installed at this site. This nesting structure was in good condition in 2014 but did not show any signs of bird use. Several northern leopard frogs (*Rana pipiens*) were observed throughout the wetland and neighboring uplands. A healthy population of painted turtles (*Chrysemys picta*) was also observed in the mitigation area. Northern pike fry (*Esox lucius*) and common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*) were



identified patrolling the shallows along the fringe of the *Schoenoplectus* community. Two Plains gartersnakes (*Thamnophis radix*) and the tracks of a white-tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) were observed in the hayfield adjacent to the site.

Table 3. Wildlife species observed within the Redstone-E&W Wetland Mitigation Site in 2013 and 2014.

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME			
AMPHIBIANS				
Northern Leopard Frog	Rana pipiens			
	RDS			
Bank Swallow	Riparia riparia			
Barn Swallow	Hirundo rustica			
Blue-winged Teal	Anas discors			
Brown-headed Cowbird	Molothrus ater			
Cliff Swallow	Petrochelidon pyrrhonota			
Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus			
Gadwall	Anas strepera			
Killdeer	Charadrius vociferus			
Mallard	Anas platyrhynchos			
Marbled Godwit	Limosa fedoa			
Mourning Dove	Zenaida macroura			
Northern Shoveler	Anas clypeata			
Pied-billed Grebe	Podilymbus podiceps			
Red-winged Blackbird	Agelaius phoeniceus			
Spotted Sandpiper	Actitis macularius			
Swainson's Hawk	Buteo swainsoni			
Tree Swallow	Tachycineta bicolor			
Turkey Vulture	Cathartes aura			
Vesper Sparrow	Pooecetes gramineus			
Western Meadowlark	Sturnella neglecta			
MAN	MALS			
Muskrat	Ondatra zibethicus			
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus			
RE	PTILE			
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta			
Plains Gartersnake	Thamnophis radix			
	ISH			
Common Carp	Cyprinus carpio			
Northern Pike	Esox lucius			

Species observed in 2014 are bolded

3.6. Functional Assessment

The boundary between the existing and created wetlands was indistinguishable and inundated with contiguous surface water. As such, the total wetland area (0.96 acre) identified within the Redstone-E&W wetland mitigation site was



evaluated as a single assessment area (AA). The 2008 MWAM (Berglund and McEldowney) was used to evaluate the functions and values and to calculate the functional units of the site in 2013 and 2014.

The Redstone E&W wetlands were rated as a Category II wetland with 61.8 percent of the total possible score and 6.53 functional units in 2014. The percent possible score increased from 2013 to 2014 as a result of increases in the general wildlife rating from 0.5 to 0.7 and in the uniqueness rating from 0.2 to 0.3. Additionally, the S1 species *Schoenoplectus heterochaetus* was identified on the site in 2014, boosting the MTNHP rating from low (0.1) to high (1.0) and improving the overall category from III to II. An improvement in the disturbance rating yielded a higher score in the uniqueness function. The site received high ratings for short and long term surface water storage, sediment/shoreline stabilization and groundwater discharge/recharge and moderate ratings for general wildlife habitat, flood attenuation, sediment/nutrient/toxicant removal, and production export/food chain support. The limited size of the AA and the adjacent highway may limit the potential of this wetland to attain a Category II rating.

Table 4. Functions and Values of the Redstone-E&W Wetland Mitigation Site in 2013 and 2014.

Function and Value Parameters from the 2008 Montana Wetland Assessment Method	2013 AA Created & Existing	2014 AA Created & Existing
Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	Low (0.0)	Low (0.0)
MTNHP Species Habitat	Low (0.1)	High (1.0)
General Wildlife Habitat	Mod (0.5)	Mod (0.7)
General Fish/Aquatic Habitat	Low (0.3)	Low (0.3)
Flood Attenuation	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.6)
Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	High (0.8)	High (0.8)
Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	Mod (0.7)	Mod (0.7)
Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Production Export/Food Chain Support	Mod (0.6)	Mod (0.4)
Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	High (1.0)	High (1.0)
Uniqueness	Low (0.2)	Low (0.3)
Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points ³)	NA	NA
Actual Points/Possible Points	5.8 / 11	6.8 / 11
% of Possible Score Achieved	52.7%	61.8%
Overall Category	III	II
Total Acreage of Assessed Wetlands within Site Boundaries	0.96	0.96
Functional Units (acreage x actual points)	5.57	6.53

3.7. Photo Documentation

Photographs taken at photo points 1 through 4 (PP-1 through PP-4) and the wetland determination data points (Figure 2, Appendix A) are shown in Appendix C.



3.8. Maintenance Needs

There are no man-made diversion structures installed at the site. One bluebird box had been recently installed and was not in use during the 2014 site visit. Two infestations of Canadian thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), a Priority 2B weed, were observed along the south edge of the site adjacent to Highway 5. The infestations covered between 0.1 acre and 1 acre with a moderate cover class of 6 to 25 percent. Less than 0.1 acre of field bindweed (*Convolvulus arvensis*) with 1 to 5 percent cover was noted in 2014. The infestation was located at the southeast boundary of the mitigation site. The MDT will use the annual monitoring results to determine appropriate weed control efforts. The fence installed around the perimeter of the site was in good working order when inspected during the 2014 field survey.

3.9. Current Credit Summary

The proposed mitigation acreages and credit ratios were discussed in the February 2010 Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Plan. The USACE permit authorized a 2:1 ratio for mitigating unavoidable impacts associated with the construction of the Redstone-E&W highway reconstruction project. The approved mitigation plan proposed the concurrent creation of 0.34 acres of new, created wetland area.

Table 5 summarizes the calculated credit acreages based on the results of the 2014 mitigation monitoring efforts. The wetland acreage at the Redstone E&W site totaled 0.96 acre including approximately 0.69 acres of pre-existing wetlands and 0.27 acres of new, created wetland area. Using the mitigation ratios provided by the USACE Montana Regulatory Program for creation (2:1), preservation (4:1), and upland buffer (5:1), a total of 0.37 credit acres has been estimated for the Redstone site in 2014. No performance standards or success criteria to evaluate the achievement of wetland mitigation were presented within the approved on-site wetland mitigation plan. Therefore, all areas exhibiting wetland and aquatic conditions have received full credit.

Table 5. Summary of wetland credits in 2013 and 2014 at the Redstone-E&W Wetland Mitigation Site.

Compensatory Mitigation Type	USACE Mitigation Credit Ratio	Proposed Mitigation Acres	2013 Delineated Acres	2013 Credit Acres	2014 Delineated Acres	2014 Credit Acres
Creation (Establishment)	2:1	0.34	0.27	0.14	0.27	0.14
Preservation (Protection)	4:1	*	0.69	0.17	0.69	0.17
Upland Buffer	5:1	*	0.30	0.06	0.30	0.06
Total		0.34	1.26	0.37	1.26	0.37

^{*}Approved mitigation plan does not include acreage for these mitigation types.



4. REFERENCES

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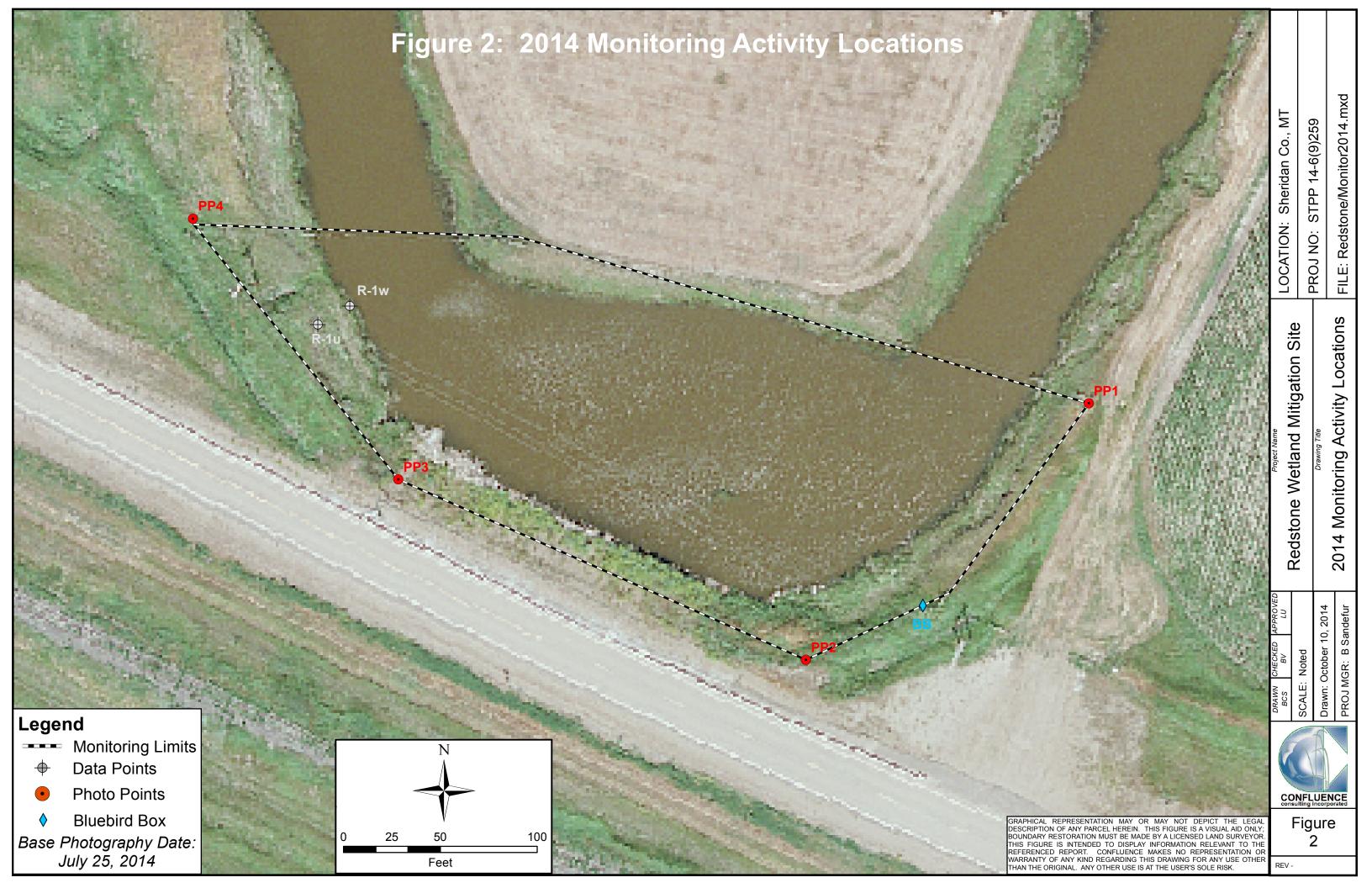
Redstone –			

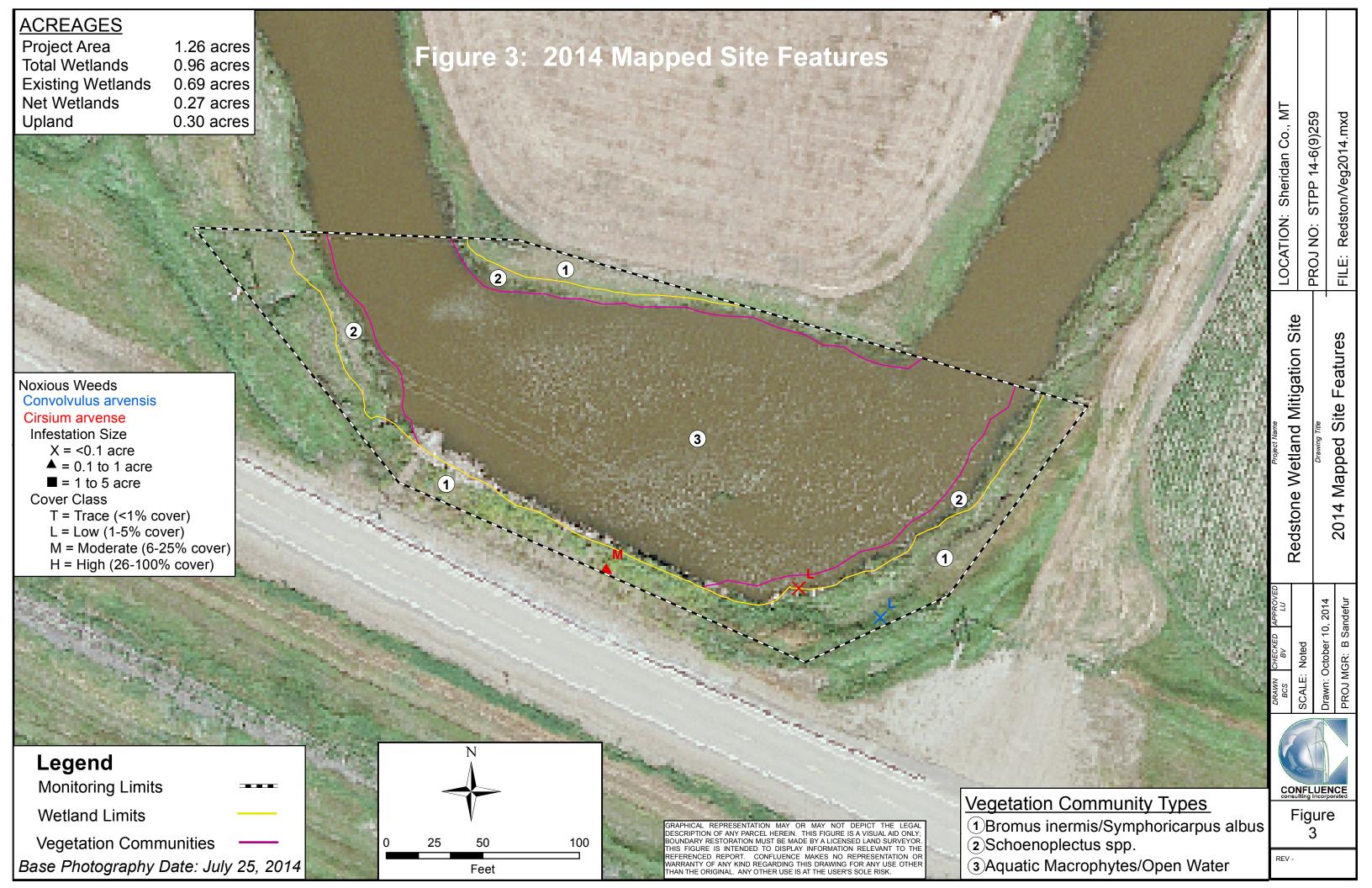
Appendix A

PROJECT AREA MAPS

Figure 2 – Monitoring Activity Locations Figure 3 – Mapped Site Features

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Redstone – East & West Sheridan County, Montana





Appendix B

2014 MDT Wetland Mitigation Site Monitoring Form 2014 USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms 2014 MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Redstone – East & West Sheridan County, Montana

MDT WETLAND MITIGATION SITE MONITORING FORM

	Assessment Date/Time6	/ <u>27/2014 9:</u> 35:38 AM
Person(s) conducting the assessment:		
	Location: ~2.3 miles SE of Redstone	
MDT District: Glendive	Milepost: ~24.6 on Hwy 5	
Legal Description: T <u>35N</u> R <u>52E</u> Sec	` /	
	Monitoring Year: 2_#Visits in Year: 1	
Size of Evaluation Area: 1.26 (acre	<u>s)</u>	
Land use surrounding wetland:		
Agriculture, rural residential		
	HYDROLOGY	
Surface Water Source: Big Muddy Creek	, precipitation	
Inundation: 🔽 Average Deptl	h: <u>2.5 (ft)</u> Range of Depths: <u>0-6</u>	(ft)
Percent of assessment area under inundation	on: <u>75 %</u>	
Depth at emergent vegetation-open water b	oundary:1 (ft)	
If assessment area is not inundated then are	e the soils saturated within 12 inches of surface	e: <u>Yes</u>
Other evidence of hydrology on the site (ex.	. – drift lines, erosion, stained vegetation, etc:	
Inundation observed on site, inundation of table, water marks, algal mat.	on aerial, water-stained leaves, saturation, h	igh water
Groundwater Monitoring Wells		
Record depth of water surface below gr	round surface, in feet.	
Well ID Water Surface Deptl	h (ft)	
No Wells		
Additional Activities Checklist:		
Map emergent vegetation-open water boundary of	on aerial photograph.	
Observe extent of surface water during each site	visit and look for evidence of past surface water	
elevations (drift lines, erosion, vegetation staining, etc.)		
Use GPS to survey groundwater monitoring well	locations, if present.	
lydrology Notes:		
Entire constructed wetland inundated during nundation.	ing field survey. This area appears to maint	ain perennial

VEGETATION COMMUNITIES

Acres

Site Redstone

(Cover Class Codes $\mathbf{0}$ = < 1%, $\mathbf{1}$ = 1-5%, $\mathbf{2}$ = 6-10%, $\mathbf{3}$ = 11-20%, $\mathbf{4}$ = 21-50%, $\mathbf{5}$ = >50%)

Community # 1 Community Type: Bromus inermis / Symphoricarpos albus

		• •		
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Agropyron cristatum	1	Anemone canadensis	0	
Artemisia cana	0	Artemisia frigida	0	
Artemisia tridentata	0	Bassia scoparia	1	
Bromus inermis	5	Bromus tectorum	0	
Chenopodium album	1	Cirsium arvense	0	
Convolvulus arvensis	0	Descurainia sophia	0	
Elymus repens	1	Grindelia squarrosa	1	
Helianthus annuus	0	Hordeum jubatum	1	
Lactuca serriola	1	Maianthemum stellatum	0	
Medicago sativa	1	Melilotus sp.	1	
Ratibida columnifera	0	Rosa woodsii	0	
Rumex crispus	0	Sonchus arvensis	1	
Symphoricarpos albus	3	Thlaspi arvense	0	
Tragopogon dubius	0			
Comments:				
Community # 2 Co	mmunity Type:	Schoenoplectus spp. /	Acres	<u>0.14</u>
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Cicuta douglasii	0	Hordeum jubatum	1	
Marrubium vulgare	0	Mentha arvensis	0	
Open Water	2	Rumex crispus	1	
Schoenoplectus acutus	2	Schoenoplectus heterocha	1	
Schoenoplectus maritimus	4	Schoenoplectus pungens	1	
Scutellaria galericulata	1	Spartina pectinata	1	
Thlaspi arvense	0	Typha latifolia	1	
Comments:				
Community # 3 Co	mmunity Type:	Aquatic macrophytes / Open Water	Acres	0.82
Species	Cover class	Species	Cover class	
Algae, green	2	Aquatic macrophytes	4	
Open Water	5	Ruppia maritima	2	
Schoenoplectus maritimus	1			
Comments:				

Total Vegetation Community Acreage

1.26

(Note: some area within the project bounds may be open water or other non-vegetative ground cover.)

PLANTED WOODY VEGETATION SURVIVAL

Redstone

Planting Type #Planted #Alive Notes

No planted woody veg

Comments

Redstone

WILDLIFE

Birds

Were man-made nesting structures installed? If yes, type of structure: Bluebird Box	<u>Yes</u>	
How many?1		
Are the nesting structures being used?	No	
Do the nesting structures need repairs?	No	
Nesting Structure Comments:		

Species	#Observed	Behavior	Habitat
Bank Swallow	2	FO	UP
Brown-headed Cowbird	2	L	UP
Cliff Swallow	5	FO	UP
Killdeer	3	F, FO	OW, US
Marbled Godwit	1	FO	OW
Mourning Dove	3	FO	UP
Red-winged Blackbird	9	FO, L	UP
Swainson's Hawk	1	FO	
Tree Swallow	2	F, FO	UP
Western Meadowlark	3	FO	UP
Bird Comments			

BEHAVIOR CODES

BP = One of a <u>breeding pair</u> **BD** = <u>Breeding display</u> **F** = <u>Foraging</u> **FO** = <u>Flyover</u> **L** = <u>Loafing</u> **N** = <u>Nesting</u>

HABITAT CODES

AB = Aquatic bed SS = Scrub/Shrub FO = Forested UP = Upland buffer I = Island

WM = Wet meadow MA = Marsh US = Unconsolidated shore MF = Mud Flat OW = Open Water

Mammals and Herptiles

Species	# Observed	Tracks	Scat	Burrows	Comments
Common Carp	2	No	No	No	
Northern Leopard Frog	2	No	No	No	
Northern Pike	12	No	No	No	fry/juveniles
Painted Turtle	13	No	No	No	
Plains Gartersnake	1	No	No	No	
White-tailed Deer		Yes	No	No	

Wildlife Comments:

Redstone

PHOTOGRAPHS

Take photographs of the following permanent reference points listed in the check list below. Record the direction of the photograph using a compass. When at the site for the first time, establish a permanent reference point by setting a ½ inch rebar or fencepost extending 2-3 feet above ground. Survey the location with a resource grade GPS and mark the location on the aerial photograph.

Photograph Checklist:

- ☑ One photograph for each of the four cardinal directions surrounding the wetland.
- At least one photograph showing upland use surrounding the wetland. If more than one upland exists then take additional photographs.
- At least one photograph showing the buffer surrounding the wetland.
- ☑ One photograph from each end of the vegetation transect, showing the transect.

Latitude	Longitude	Bearing	Description	
48.800556	-104.904221	240	PP-1	
48.800175	-104.904907	0	PP-2	
48.800591	-104.905739	75	PP-3	
48.800911	-104.90612	140	PP-4	
48.800746	-104.905755	330	R-1w	
48.800722	-104.905826	0	R-1u	
	48.800556 48.800175 48.800591 48.800911 48.800746	48.800556 -104.904221 48.800175 -104.904907 48.800591 -104.905739 48.800911 -104.90612 48.800746 -104.905755	48.800556 -104.904221 240 48.800175 -104.904907 0 48.800591 -104.905739 75 48.800911 -104.90612 140 48.800746 -104.905755 330	48.800556 -104.904221 240 PP-1 48.800175 -104.904907 0 PP-2 48.800591 -104.905739 75 PP-3 48.800911 -104.90612 140 PP-4 48.800746 -104.905755 330 R-1w

Comments:

Redstone

ADDITIONAL ITEMS CHECKLIST

Hydrology
✓ Map emergent vegetation/open water boundary on aerial photos. ✓ Observe extent of surface water. Look for evidence of past surface water elevations (e.g. drift lines, vegetation staining, erosion, etc).
Photos
 ✓ One photo from the wetland toward each of the four cardinal directions ✓ One photo showing upland use surrounding the wetland. ✓ One photo showing the buffer around the wetland ✓ One photo from each end of each vegetation transect, toward the transect
Vegetation
☑ Map vegetation community boundaries
☑ Complete Vegetation Transects
Soils
✓ Assess soils
Wetland Delineations
Delineate wetlands according to applicable USACE protocol (1987 form or
Supplement) ☑ Delineate wetland – upland boundary onto aerial photograph.
Wetland Delineation Comments
Functional Assessments
✓ Complete and attach full MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Method field forms.
Functional Assessment Comments:

Maintenance

Were man-made nesting structure installed at this site? Yes
If yes, do they need to be repaired? No
If yes, describe the problems below and indicate if any actions were taken to remedy the problems
Were man-made structures built or installed to impound water or control water flow
into or out of the wetland? No
If yes, are the structures in need of repair?
If yes, describe the problems below.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Redstone	City/County: Sher	ridan Co.		Sampling Da	te:6/27/2014
Applicant/Owner: MDT				Sampling Poi	
Investigator(s): B Sandefur	Section, Township	o, Range:	10	35N 5	52E
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Footslope					Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR): LRR F					
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of your Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology significantly Are Vegetation, Soil, or Hydrology naturally property. SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - Attach site map showing	ear? Yes disturbed? oblematic?	No Are "Normal (If needed, e	(If no, explain Circumstand explain any ar	n in Remarks.) es" present? Yes nswers in Remarks	No
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ☐ No ☑ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☐ No ☑ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ☐ No ☑ Remarks:	within a W	0.A50000000 4.00045	5,000	No_ _ ✓	
Remarks: Companion to data point R-1w, located on slight ris VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant	e above wetland	point. Area	a does not s	upport high grou	ngwater.
Absolute Domian	t Indicator	Don	olinamas Taal		
Tree Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius) % Cover: Species			ninance Test ober of Domir		
			are OBL, FA		0 (A)
			I Number of I		2 _(B)
			cent of Domin		(-)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)				ACW, or FAC:	0.0 % (A/B)
Symphoricarpos albus 25	UPL	Pre		x worksheet	
		OBL	Total % Co	<u>ver οτ:</u> 0 Χ 1	Multiply by:
			W species		0
			species	0 X3	0
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius)			U species	10 X 4	40
Bromus inermis 60	UPL		species	85 X 5	425
Solidago canadensis 10	FACU	Colu	ımn Totals	95 (A)	465 (B)
			Prevalence l	Index = B/A =	4.89
			1 - Rapid 2 - Domin 3 - Preval 4 - Morph supporting sheet. 5 - Wetlar	getation Indicators Test for Hydrophyt nance Test is >50% lence Index is <= 3 nological Adaptation g data in remarks of hd Non-Vascular Pl tic Hydrophytic Veg	tic Vegetation .0 .s (Provide or on separate
Woody Vine Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius)		Indica		sil and wetland hy	, , ,
				turbed or problema	
Percent Bare Ground			rophytic Veg sent?	getation Yes	□ NO ☑
Remarks:					

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SOIL Sampling Point: R-1u

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the depth ne	eeded to document the indicat	tor or confirm the absence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features	
(inches)	Color (maist)	<u> % </u>	Calar (maist) % Type	e ¹ <u>Loc² Texture</u> <u>Remarks</u>
0-5	10YR 5/2	100	<u> </u>	Sandy Clay
5-12	10YR 5/3	100		Clay
	4			
	N	<u> </u>		
Y	126			
V	2			
n ======	¥			
		<u></u>		
¹ Type: C=Co	oncentration, D=Dep	eletion, RM=Red	luced Matrix, CS=Covered or Co	pated Sand Grains. ² Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil	Indicators: (Applic	able to all LRR	s, unless otherwise noted.)	Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
Histosol	53 53		Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	
S	pipedon (A2)		Sandy Redox (S5)	Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
_	istic (A3)		Stripped Matrix (S6)	☐ Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	en Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mucky Mineral (F	
=	d Layers (A5) (LRR I		Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F)	
	ick (A9) (LRR F, G , d Below Dark Surfac	The state of the s	☐ Depleted Matrix (F3)☐ Redox Dark Surface (F6	☐ Reduced Vertic (F18) ☐ Red Parent Material (TF2)
	ark Surface (A12)	E (ATT)	Depleted Dark Surface (- 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19
	flucky Mineral (S1)		Redox Depressions (F8)	
	Jucky Peat or Peat (S2) (LRR G, H)		
	icky Peat or Peat (S		(MLRA 72 & 73 of L	.RR H) wetland hydrology must be present,
CX		554.54600 - 55040.5A-44.6-24.60	1000 PM 1844 PM 1000 P	unless disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive I	Layer (if present):			
Type:		3		
Depth (in	ches):	3	-	Hydric Soil Present? Yes No
Remarks: A	ppear to have bee	n mixed/distur	bed. No signs of hydric soil	development.
HYDROLO	GY			
	drology Indicators:			
	cators (minimum of c		ack all that anniv	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
	Water (A1)	me regamea, on	Salt Crust (B11)	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
	iter Table (A2)		Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	
☐ Saturation			Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1	
The second second	arks (B1)		Dry-Season Water Table (C	
	nt Deposits (B2)		Oxidized Rhizospheres on	
	posits (B3)		(where not tilled)	Crayfish Burrows (C8)
	at or Crust (B4)		Presence of Reduced Iron	
1,570	posits (B5)		Thin Muck Surface (C7)	Geomorphic Position (D2)
- 10 M	on Visible on Aerial I	magery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remarks)	
The state of the s	tained Leaves (B9)		<u> </u>	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Obser				
Surface Water	er Present? Y	es 🗆 No	Depth (inches):	
Water Table	Present? Y		☑ Depth (inches):	
Saturation Pr			Depth (inches):	
(includes cap	oillary fringe)	(K - K - K)		
Describe Rec	corded Data (stream	gauge, monitor	ing well, aerial photos, previous	inspections), if available:
Remarks: No	signs of prolonge	ed surface hyd	lro, rain night before.	

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Great Plains Region

Project/Site: Redstone	City/County: Sheridar	n Co. Sampling Date: 6/27/2014
Applicant/Owner: MDT	Constant Security Security Cons	State: MT Sampling Point: R-1w
Investigator(s): B Sandefur	Section, Township, Ra	
Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Shoreline		
		22 Long:104.905755Datum: WGS84
Soil Map Unit Name: Haverlon silt loam		NWI classification: NA
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time		
Are Vegetation Soil, or Hydrology significant significant for this time.		
Are Vegetation Soil, or Hydrology significant s		
		eeded, explain any answers in Remarks.)
SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map sho	wing sampling point I	ocations, transects, important features, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes Veg No	is the Sampled	d Area
Hydric Soil Present? Yes ✓ No ☐	within a Motlar	nd? Yes ☑ No □
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes V No		51000 - second - second -
Remarks: DP along vegetated margin of open water at to	e of slope.	
VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plant		
Absolute Do	omiant Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet
Tree Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius) % Cover: Sp	pecies? Status	Number of Dominant Species
		that are OBL, FACW or FAC:
		Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)
Sapling/Shrub Stratum Plot size (15 Foot Radius)		Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100.0 % (A/B)
Sapinigranius Stratum 1 100 5120 (13 1 000 1 tadida)		Prevalence Index worksheet
		Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
		OBL species 100 X 1 100
		FACW species 0 X 2 0 FAC species 0 X 3 0
District (5 Food Position)		FACU species 0 X4 0
Herbaceous Stratum Plot size (5 Foot Radius)	□ OBL	UPL species 0 X 5 0
	OBL OBL	Column Totals 100 (A) 100 (B)
Schoenoplectus acutus 10	OBL	Prevalence Index = B/A = 1.00
Schoenoplectus pungens 45	☑ OBL	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators
-	✓ OBL	1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
		✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
	1	✓ 3 - Prevalence Index is <= 3.0
	1	
	I	4 - Morphological Adaptations (Provide supporting data in remarks or on separate sheet.
	ı	5 - Wetland Non-Vascular Plants
		Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation (Explain)
Woody Vine Stratum Plot size (30 Foot Radius)		Indicators of hydric sil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic for #3, 4, 5.
		Hydrophytic Vegetation
Percent Bare Ground		Present?
Remarks:		

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SOIL Sampling Point: R-1w

Profile Desc	ription: (Describe	to the depth ne	eded to document the indic	cator or confirm	the absence of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redox Features		
(inches)	Color (maist)	%C	color (moist) %T	ype ¹ Loc ²	Texture Remarks
0-8	5BG 4/1	100	<u> </u>	C	Clay Loam
0.40	10Y 5/1	400			Clay
8-16	10Y 5/1	100			Clay
22	4				
3	9		<u> </u>		2
×	12				
-	-				
D ====	9				-
	-				
			uced Matrix, CS=Covered or		
Hydric Soil	Indicators: (Applic	able to all LRR	s, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :
☐ Histosol	(A1)		☐ Sandy Gleyed Matrix	(\$4)	1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR I, J)
Histic Ep	pipedon (A2)		Sandy Redox (S5)		Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (LRR F, G, H)
	stic (A3)		Stripped Matrix (S6)		Dark Surface (S7) (LRR G)
	n Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Mucky Minera		High Plains Depressions (F16)
_	Layers (A5) (LRR		✓ Loamy Gleyed Matrix	(F2)	(LRR H outside of MLRA 72 & 73)
	ick (A9) (LRR F, G,		Depleted Matrix (F3)		Reduced Vertic (F18)
	d Below Dark Surfac	e (A11)	Redox Dark Surface (N. Alexandre	Red Parent Material (TF2)
	ark Surface (A12)		Depleted Dark Surfac		☐ Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
	lucky Mineral (S1)	(CA) (LDD A LI)	Redax Depressions (I		☐ Other (Explain in Remarks) Sindicators of hydrophytic vegetation and
	Mucky Peat or Peat				[18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18] [18]
TT 5 CHI MIC	icky Peat or Peat (S	3) (LKK F)	(MLRA 72 & 73 o	ILKK II)	wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive I	_ayer (if present):				unless distanced of problematic.
	zayer (ii presenty.				
Type:	1000				Hydric Soil Present? Yes ☑ No □
3 5	ches):	5	3		Hydric Soil Present? Yes V No V
Remarks:					
	OV				
HYDROLO	GY				
Wetland Hy	drology Indicators:				
Primary Indic	ators (minimum of c	one required; che	eck all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
☐ Surface	Water (A1)		Salt Crust (B11)		Surface Soil Cracks (B6)
✓ High Wa	iter Table (A2)		Aquatic Invertebrates (B	13)	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)
✓ Saturation	on (A3)		Hydrogen Sulfide Odor ((C1)	☐ Drainage Patterns (B10)
✓ Water M			☐ Dry-Season Water Table		Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3)
	it Deposits (B2)		Oxidized Rhizospheres		
☑ Drift Dep			(where not tilled)		Crayfish Burrows (C8)
_	it or Crust (B4)		Presence of Reduced In	on (C4)	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
350	osits (B5)		Thin Muck Surface (C7)	in in	Geomorphic Position (D2)
	on Visible on Aerial	Imagery (B7)	Other (Explain in Remar	ks)	FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
The state of the s	tained Leaves (B9)	5 , (,		,	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7) (LRR F)
Field Obser				ľ	
Surface Water		es 🗆 No	Depth (inches):		
		es <u> </u>			
Water Table					and Hydrology Present? Yes V No No
Saturation Projection (includes cap		es ✓ No _	Depth (inches):	weti	and Hydrology Present? Yes No
		gauge, monitor	ing well, aerial photos, previo	us inspections),	if available:
		500	= -	,	
Remarks	ultiple ciana -f - :	onniel budeel	.,		
IVIL	ultiple signs of per	enniai nyaroig	у.		

MDT Montana Wetland Assessment Form (revised March 2008)

1. Project name Reds	tone		2. MDT project# STPP 22-1(5)14		Cont	Control# 2024					
3. Evaluation Date 6/27/2	2014 4. Evaluators	B San	defur	5.	5. Wetland/Site# (s) Created an		and Existi	ng			
6. Wetland Location(s): T	35N R	52E	Sec1	10	Т	R		Sec2			
Approx Stationing or Milep	osts ~24.6 on Hwy	5									
Watershed 10060006	•	Vatersh	ed/Count	y Big M	uddy (Creek, Lower M	lissouri, Sl	heridan C	0.		
7. Evaluating Agency	Confluence for MDT					8. Wetland s	size acres	;		0.96	
Purpose of Evaluation						How assesse	ed:	Measure	ed e.g. by Gl	PS	
☐ Wetlands potentially at	fected by MDT projec	t				9. Assesssn (AA) size (ac				0.96	
☐ Mitigation Wetlands: p	re-construction					How assess	•	Measure	d e.g. by GF	PS .	
✓ Mitigation Wetlands: p	ost construction										
Other											
10. Classification of Wetla	nd and Aquatic Habit	nts in AA	4								
HGM Class (Brinson)	Class (Cowardin)		Modifie	r (Coward	in)	Water Re	gime		% of AA		
Riverine	Aquatic Bed		Excavat	ed		Permanent/F	Perennial		80		
Depressional	Emergent Wetland		Excavat	ed		Permanent/F	Perennial			20	
]										
]										
] [
] [
General Condition of A i. Disturbance: (use matrix aquatic nuisance vegetation	below to determine [circle	Mana	ged in predor	Predominantly	ominant Land	conditions adjacent	to (within 500	feet of) AA	ivated or heavily		
natural state; is not grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise converted; does not contain roads or buildings; and noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=15%. moderately grazed or hayed or selectively logged; or has been subject to minor clearing; contains few roads or buildings; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30%. or logged; subject to substantial placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.				ring, or gh road or us weed							
AA occurs and is managed in predomi grazed, hayed, logged, or otherwise c roads or occupied buildings; and noxio <=15%.	converted; does not contain	lo	ow disturt	pance		low disturba	nce	mode	erate distur	bance	
AA not cultivated, but may be moderal selectively logged; or has been subject placement, or hydrological alteration; noxious weed or ANVS cover is <=30°	ct to relatively minor clearing, fi contains few roads or buildings			hic	high disturbance						
AA cultivated or heavily grazed or logged; subject to relatively substantial fill placement, grading, clearing, or hydrological alteration; high road or building density; or noxious weed or ANVS cover is >=30%.		; hig	gh disturt	pance	high disturbance		high disturbance				
Comments: (types of distur AA recovering from constructi		on, etc)									
ii. Prominent noxious, aqua	tic nuisance, other ex	otic spe	cies:								
Canadian thistle, field bindwe											
iii. Provide brief descriptive AA contiguous with isolated o Highway 5.						cultivated agric	culture, Biç	g Muddy (Creek corride	or, MT	

13. Structural Diversity: (based on number of "Cowardin" vegetated classes present [do not include unvegetated classes], see #10 above) Modified Initial Is current management preventing (passive) existence of additional vegetated classes? Existing # of "Cowardin" Vegetated Classes in AA Rating Rating >=3 (or 2 if 1 is forested) classes NA NΑ NA Н 2 (or 1 if forested) classes NA NΑ NA Μ 1 dass, but not a monoculture Μ L YFS> <NO 1 class, monoculture (1 species comprises>=90% of total cover) NA NΑ NA L Comments: AA includes aquatic bed and emergent wetlands. SECTION PERTAINING to FUNCTIONS VALUES ASSESSMENT 14A. Habitat for Federally Listed or Proposed Threatened or Endangered Plants or Animals: i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S Secondary habitat (list Species) Incidental habitat (list species) \bigcirc D \bigcirc S ✓ S No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the condusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Highest Habitat Level doc/primary sus/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None Functional Points and .9H .8H 1H .7M .3L .1L 0L Rating USFWS T&E list for Sheridan Co., MT Sources for documented use 14B. Habitat for plant or animals rated S1, S2, or S3 by the Montana Natural Heritage Program: (not including species listed in14A above) i. AA is Documented (D) or Suspected (S) to contain (check one based on definitions contained in instructions): Primary or critical habitat (list species) OD OS Secondary habitat (list Species) O D
S Ferruginous Hawk (S3B) Incidental habitat (list species) No usable habitat ii. Rating (use the conclusions from i above and the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) sus/primary Highest Habitat Level doc/primary doc/secondary sus/secondary doc/incidental sus/incidental None S1 Species: Functional Points and .7M 0L 1H .8H 6M .2L .1L Rating S2 and S3 Species: Functional Points and .9H .7M .6M 0L .5M .2L .1L Rating

Sources for	MTNHP, Schoenoplectus heterochaetus identified on site.
documented use	

																			Mod	derat	е		
ubstantial (based	d on any	of the	followin	g [che	ck]):						Minii	nal (b	ased o	n any of	the follo	owing	[check])):					
observations	of abund	ant wil	dlife #s	or higl	n specie	s dive	rsity (dui	ring ar	ny period														
abundant wild	life sign	such a	s scat,	tracks	nest st	ructure	s, game	trails	, etc.		lit	tle to	no wildl	fe sign									
presence of e	xtremely	limitin	g habita	at featu	res not	availal	ble in the	e surro	ounding	unding area sparse adjacent upland food sources													
interviews with	n local b	iologist	ts with k	nowle	dge of t	ne AA			interviews with local biologists with knowledge of the AA														
oderate (based of observations of common occuladequate adjainterviews with	of scatte irrence of acent up in local b	red wildli of wildli land foo iologist	dlife gro fe sign : od sour ts with k	oups or such a ces nowle	individ s scat, t	racks, ne AA	nest str	ucture	s, game	trails, e	etc.					..	Char		مرينام ال				
ii. Wildlife hab from #13. For o other in terms o permanent/pere erms])	class co	over to perce	be con	nside positi	red ev	enly d ne AA	listribut (see #	ted, th 10).	ne mos Abbrev	t and lo	east p s for si	revale urface	ent ve ç e water	getate durati	d class ons are	es mi e as f	ust be ollows:	within P/P =	20% (of eac	h		
Structural diversity (see #13)												Mod	erate					Lo	ow				
Class cover distribution (all vegetated classes)		Eve	Even Uneven Even Uneven Ev						en														
Duration of surface water in ≥ 10% of AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	Α	P/P	S/I	T/E	А			
Low disturbance at AA (see #12i)	Е	Е	E	Н	Е	Е	Н	Н	Е	Н	Н	М	Е	Н	М	М	Е	Н	М	М			
Moderate disturbance at AA (see #12i)	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	Н	М	Н	Н	М	М	Н	М	М	L	Н	M	L	L			
High disturbance at AA (see #12i)	М	М	М	L	М	М	L	L	М	М	L	L	М	L	L	٦	٦	٦	L	L			
iii. Rating (u Evidence of v							above :	and t	the ma	И	/ildlife				rating	g (ii)		points	s and	ratino			
Substantial			-		xcept	ional I				High	_		╫		Mod	derat	e I		╬		Lov	V 1	
Substantial					1E					.91	1					8H					.71	Λ _	
Moderate					.9⊦					.71	М					5M					.31]	
Minimal					.6N					.41	Л					.2L					.11		
omments	Num	erous	wate	rfowl	obser	ved v	within (ox bo	w dur	ing 20	13 รเ	irvey	-										
AD. General I build be used I storable due NA here	by fish to hab and pro	[i.e., itat co oceeo	fish u onstra d to 14	se is ints, IE.)	preclu or is r War	ided iot de m W	by per sired to ater	rched	l culve a mar	ert or conagem	ther bent p	oarrie ersp	er, etc. ective]. IftI [such	ne AA as fis	is no h ent	t used rappe	d by f ed in a	ish, fi	sh us	e is no	ot	V A
Habitat Qu		a Kno	own / S	uspe	cted F	sn S	pecies	ın AA	(usen	natrix to	arnv	e at [c	neck t	ne tuno	uonal	points	and ra	ung)					
in AA Permanent / Perennial						Seasonal / Intermittent					Temporary / Ephemeral												
	- 45 1				, illianci																		
Aquatic hiding / re escape cover			Optim			dequate		Po	or	Ор	timal		Adeq	uate		Poor		Optir	mal	Ac	dequate		Poo
Aquatic hiding / re			Optim			dequate		Po O	or S	Op O	otimal S		Adeq	uate S	0	_	3	Optir	nal S	Ac	dequate	(Po O

Duration of surface water in AA		Pei	manent /	Perennial				Se	easonal / I	Intermitten	t			Tem	porary/	Epheme	eral	
Aquatic hiding / resting / escape cover	Opt	imal	Adeq	uate	Po	oor	Opti	mal	Ade	quate	Po	or	Opti	mal	Adeo	quate	Po	oor
Thermal cover optimal/ suboptimal	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	S	0	s	0	S	0	S	0	s	0	S
FWP Tier I fish species	1E	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.3L
FWP Tier II or Native Game fish species	.9H	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L
FWP Tier III or Introduced Game fish	.8H	.7M	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.7M	.6M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.2L	.1L
FWP Non-Game Tier IV or No fish species	.5M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.4M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.2L	.1L	.1L	.1L

Sources used for identifying fish sp. potentially found in AA: ii. Modified Rating (NOTE: Modified score cannot exceed 1 or be less than 0.1) a) Is fish use of the AA significantly reduced by a culvert, dike, or other man-made structure or activity **or** is the waterbody included on the current final MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development with listed "Probable Impaired Uses" including cold or warm water fishery or aquatic life support, or do aquatic nuisance plant or animal species (see Appendix E) occur in fish habitat? Y 📵 yes, reduce score in i above by 0.1: Modified Rating .3L b) Does the AA contain a documented spawning area or other critical habitat feature (i.e., sanctuary pool, upwelling area, etc.- specify in comments) for native fish or introduced game fish? \bigcirc Y \bigcirc N If yes, add 0.1 to the adjusted score in i or iia above: **Modifed Rating** Comments: Common carp and Northern pike frye observed. Fish use reduced by iii. Final Score and Rating: constructed dike with culverts seperating ox-bow from main channel of Big Muddy Creek 14E. Flood Attenuation: (Applies only to wetlands subject to flooding via in-channel or overbank flow. If wetlands in AA are not flooded from inchannel or overbank flow, click NA here and proceed to 14F.) i. Rating (working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating) Estimated or Calculated Entrenchment (Rosgen Slightly entrenched - C, D, E Moderately entrenched - B Entrenched-A, F, G stream 1994, 1996) stream types stream type types % of flooded wetland classified as forested 75% 25-75% <25% 75% 25-75% <25% 75% 25-75% <25% and/or scrub/shrub AA contains no outlet or restricted outlet 1H .9H .8H .7M .5M .4M .3L .2L .6M AA contains unrestricted outlet .9H .8H .5M .7M .6M .4M .3L .2L .1L Slightly Entrenched **Moderately Entrenched** Entrenched ER = >2.2 ER = 1.41 - 2.2 ER = 1.0 - 1.4C stream type E stream type A stream type G stream type D stream type B stream type F stream type Flood-prone Width 2 x Bankfull Depth Bankfull Width Bankfull Depth Floodprone 150 Bankfull Entrenchment 65 2.30769230769231 width width ratio ii. Are ≥10 acres of wetland in the AA subject to flooding AND are man-made features which may be significantly damaged by floods located within 0.5 mile downstream of the AA (check)? N (Comments: AA subject to flooding from Big Muddy Creek outside of assessment area. 14F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage: (Applies to wetlands that flood or pond from overbank or in-channel flow, precipitation, 14G.) i. Rating (Working from top to bottom, use the matrix below to arrive at [check] the functional points and rating. Abbreviations for surface water durations are as follows: P/P = permanent/perennial; S/I = seasonal/intermittent; and T/E = temporary/ephemeral [see instructions for further definitions of these terms 1 \

Estimated maximum acre feet of water contained in wetlands within the AA that are subject to periodic flooding or ponding		>5 acre feet		1.1	to 5 acre feet			≤1 acre foot	
Duration of surface water at wetlands within the AA	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E	P/P	S/I	T/E
Wetlands in AA flood or pond ≥ 5 out of 10 years	1H	.9Н	.8Н	.8H	.6M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L
Wetlands in AA flood or pond < 5 out of 10 years	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.3L	.2L	.1L

Comments:

Average water depth within AA (0.96-ac) approx 4 ft.

	gh influ																	ortoxican and procee	
	• •	vorking	from to	p to bot	ttom, us	e the r	natrix b	elow to	arrive a	at [chec	k] the f	unctiona	al points	s and ra	ting [H	l = high,	M = m	oderate, or	L
		ient, and A	toxican	tinput	AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds at levels such that other functions are not substantially impaired. Minor sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.								Waterbody on MDEQ list of waterbodies in need of TMDL development for "probable causes" related to sediment, nutrients, or toxicants or AA receives or surrounding land use with potential to deliver high levels of sediments, nutrients, or compounds such that other functions are substantially impaired. Major sedimentation, sources of nutrients or toxicants, or signs of eutrophication present.						
		tland veg oding / p			V	≥ 70%			< 70			V	≥ 70	%			< 70		7
AA co	ntains n o	o or rest	ricted o	utlet	Yes 1		8H	.7I	-	.5M		.5N		.4l		Yes .3L	T	.2L	1
AA co	ntains u ı	nrestrict	ed outle	et	.91		7M	.61	$\overline{}$.4M		.41		.31		.2L		.1L	┪
Com	ments	• Surfa	ce wat	er into a						. TIVI			"	.01		.2		. 1 _	_
Com	illelits	• Ound	oc wa	or into c	and out	017011	Cotrioto	a by oc	arverto.										
draina procee	ge, or or ed to 14I	n the sho	oreline o	of a stand	ding wate	er body '	which is	subject	or within to wave	action. I	f 14H d	oes not a	ipply, cli	ck	tural or NA he	man-madere and	de		
shorelii	ne by spe	and stream			Derr	nanent / I	Perennial	Duration	of surface	e water ad			-	amporary (/ Enham	eral			
of ≥6 (s	see Appe	ndix F).			Pell	1H			36	.9H		ı	10	emporary /	M	erai			
35-64%	6					I ·· .7M	_			.61	1			. !	5M				
< 35%						.3L				.21					1L				
	Produ	ction Ex	port/Fo	ood Chai	in Supp	ort:	and fish	habitat	ratings [check])	l. 								
	neral Fis Rating (sh Habit 14D.iii.)	at	E/H		Vildlife	Habitat M	Rating	(14C.iii.) L									
	E/	Н		Н			Н			М									
	N	1		н			М			м									
	L			M			М			L									
	N/.	A		Н		_	М			L									
wetlan subsu [see ir	nd compo rface ou	onent in tlet; the t ns for fur	the AA; inal thre ther def	Factor E ee rows p finitions o	3 = level pertain to of these	of biologo duration	gical acti on of sur	vity ration	ng from a ter in the	above (14 AA, whe	II.i.); Fa re P/P,	ctor C =	whether	or not the	ne AA d ously de	reage of contains a efined, ar	surface	e or	
A B C	H Yes	igh No		derate No		ow No	Yes	igh No	Mod Yes	ponent 1-5 lerate No		ow No	Hi Yes	Vege igh No		derate No		ow No	
P/P	1E	.7H	.8Н	.5M	.6M	.4M	.9Н	.6M	.7Н	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.2L	
S/I	.9H	.6M	.7H	.4M	.5M	.3L	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.5M	.5M	.3L	.3L	.2L	
T/E/A	.8H	.5M	.6M	.3L	.4M	.2L	.7H	.4M	.5M	.2L	.3L	.1L	.6M	.4M	.4M	.2L	.2L	.1L	
plant co control).	over, ≤ 18 ere an av core in 1	5% noxid verage ≥ ii above	ous wee 50 foot- and adj	d or AN\ -wide veg ust rating	/S cover getated i g accord	, and the upland be ingly:	at is not ouffer ard	subjecte ound ≥ 7 d Ratir	ss than 0 ed to per 75% of the 14 of 14 of 15 of	iodic me ne <i>AA ciro</i> IM	chanica cumfere	I mowing	or clea	ring (unle	ess for v	weed es, add 0	1		
- 3.4111		~~ p0	iucieu	Dy i iwy	J 10 50	uui dil	u iaiiii d	100000	ioau ea	isi, u c ci	casing	averag	vegel	aieu WI	ati 10 4	+0 1CCl.			

i. Discharge Ind The AA is a slope we Springs or seeps are Vegetation growing d Wetland occurs at the Seeps are present at AA permanently flood Wetland contains an Shallow water table a Other:	tland known or obs luring dormant e toe of a natu the wetland e ded during dro outlet, but no and the site is s	t season/dro ral slope dge ught periods inlet s aturated to	the surface	Wetla Stream Othe	neable substr: and contains am is a knowr r:	inlet but no ou o 'los ing' strea	ithout underly ut let m; discharge	ying impeding	•	
in. Ruting (doe the inform	iddon nom re		Duration of satu	uration at AA	Wetlands FRO		VATER DISCH	ARGE OR WIT	TH WATER	
Criteria			P/P		S/I		Т	No	ne	
Groundwater Discharge or R	echarge		1H		.7M		.4M		IL	
nsufficient Data/Information						NA				
K. Uniqueness: Rating (working from to	AA contains or mature wetland or	s fen, bog, v e (>80 yr-old plant assoc	varm springs I) forested iation listed	AA does cited rar diversity (not contain pre types and #13) is high occiation listed	previously structural or contains I as "S2" by	AA does	s not contain previously the types or associations actural diversity (#13) is		
Estimated relative abundance (#11)	as "S rare	commo n	TNHP abundant	rare	the MTNHP common	abundant	rare	common common	abundant	
.ow disturbance at AA #12i)	1H	.9H	.8Н	.8H	.6M	.5M	.5M	.4M	.3L	
loderate disturbance at A (#12i)	.9H	.8H	.7M	.7M	.5M	.4M	.4M	.3L	.2L	
ligh disturbance at AA #12i)	.8H	.7Н	.6M	.6M	.4M	.3L	.3L	.2L	.1L	
4L. Recreation/Education Is the AA a known or potential the and proceed to	otential rec./e	ed. site: (ch	eck) Y 🔘	NO	recreation or (if 'Yes' conf	education op	pportunity) evaluation;	if 'No' then cl	ick 🔽 NA	
ii. Check categori						Consumptive r	rec.; No	n-consumptiv	e rec.;	
ii. Rating (use the matrix		-	the functiona	l points and	rating)		U	T		
Known or Potential Recreation Public ownership or public e			c access (no pe	rmission req	uired)		K		ential .15H	
Private ownership with gene	ral public acces	ss (no permi	ssion required)					.15H	.1M	
Private or public ownership v	without genera	l public acce	ss, or requiring	permission f	or public acce	ess			.05L	
omments:										
Site very small. General Site Notes										

FUNCTION & VALUE SUMMARY & OVERALL RATING FOR WETLAND/SITE #(S): Created and Existing

Function & Value Variables	Rating	Actual Functional Points	Possible Functional Points	Functional Units: (Actual Points x Estimated AA Acreage)	Indicate the four most prominent functions with an asterisk (*)
A. Listed/Proposed T&E Species Habitat	L	0	1	0	
B. MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat	Н	1	1	0.96	
C. General Wildlife Habitat	М	.7	1	0.672	
D. General Fish Habitat	L	.3	1	0.288	
E. Flood Attenuation	М	.6	1	0.576	V
F. Short and Long Term Surface Water Storage	Н	.8	1	0.768	V
G. Sediment/Nutrient/Toxicant Removal	М	.7	1	0.672	lacksquare
H. Sediment/Shoreline Stabilization	Н	1	1	0.96	
Production Export/Food Chain Support	М	.4	1	0.384	V
J. Groundwater Discharge/Recharge	Н	1	1	0.96	
K. Uniqueness	L	.3	1	0.288	
L. Recreation/Education Potential (bonus points)	NA	0	NA	0	
Totals:		6.8	11	6.528	
Percent of Possible Score			61.82 %		

Category I Wetland: (must satisfy one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category II) Score of 1 functional point for Listed/Proposed Threatened or Endangered Species; or Score of 1 functional point for Uniqueness; or Score of 1 functional point for Flood Attenuation and answer to Question 14E.ii is "yes"; or Percent of possible score > 80% (round to nearest whole #).
Category II Wetland: (Criteria for Category I not satisfied and meets any one of the following criteria; otherwise go to Category IV) Score of 1 functional point for MT Natural Heritage Program Species Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Wildlife Habitat; or Score of .9 or 1 functional point for General Fish Habitat; or "High" to "Exceptional" ratings for both General Wildlife Habitat and General Fish/Aquatic Habitat; or Score of .9 functional point for Uniqueness; or Percent of possible score > 65% (round to nearest whole #).
Category III Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I, II, or IV not satisfied)
Category IV Wetland: (Criteria for Categories I or II are not satisfied and all of the following criteria are met; otherwise go to Category III) "Low" rating for Uniqueness; and Vegetated wetland component < 1 acre (do not include upland vegetated buffer); and Percent of possible score < 35% (round to nearest whole #).

OVERALL ANALYSIS AREA RATING: (check appropriate category based on the criteria outlined above)

I II	III	IV
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Redstone – East & West 2014 Wetland	d Mitiantian	Manitarina Danart
Reusione – Easi & Wesi 2014 Wellan	u iviillualion	Monitorina Report

Appendix C

Project Area Photographs

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Redstone – East & West Sheridan County, Montana



Photo Point 1 – Panorama Bearing: 240 Degrees

Location: East fence corner Taken in 2013



Photo Point 1 – Panorama Bearing: 240 Degrees

Location: East fence corner Taken in 2014



Photo Point 2 – Panorama Bearing: 0 Degrees

Location: Southeast fence post **Taken in 2013**



Photo Point 2 – Panorama Bearing: 0 Degrees

Location: Southeast fence post **Taken in 2014**



Photo Point 3 – Panorama Bearing: 75 Degrees

Location: Southwest fence post **Taken in 2013**



Photo Point 3 – Panorama Bearing: 75 Degrees

Location: Southwest fence post **Taken in 2014**



Photo Point 4 – Panorama Bearing: 140 Degrees

Location: West fence corner Taken in 2013



Photo Point 4 – Panorama Location: West fence corner Bearing: 140 Degrees Taken in 2014



Data Point – Re-1w Bearing: 330 Degrees

Location: Veg community 2 **Taken in 2014**



Data Point – Re-1u **Bearing:** 0 Degrees

Location: Veg community 1 Taken in 2014

Redstone - E	East & West	2014 Wetland	Mitigation Mo	nitoring Rep	ort
			<u>_</u>		

Appendix D

Project Plan Sheet

MDT Wetland Mitigation Monitoring Redstone – East & West Sheridan County, Montana

