

Resource Agency Meeting

Thursday, September 22, 2011

Montana Department of Transportation
West Auditorium
2701 Prospect Avenue
Helena, MT







Welcome & Introductions







Purpose of Meeting

- Provide Overview of Corridor Planning Study Process
- Present Key Findings from Existing and Projected Conditions Report
 - Transportation System
 - Land Use
 - Environmental Resources
- Solicit Resource Agency Input
 - Existing and Projected Conditions Report
 - Environmental Scan







A Corridor Planning Study Is:

A planning-level assessment of a study area that occurs before any project is forwarded for design or environmental review.

A Corridor Planning Study Is Not:

- A design, right-of-way acquisition, or construction project
- Environmental compliance document







Montana's Corridor Planning Process

- Involves conducting an overview of safety, operational, and geometric conditions and environmental resources within a corridor in order to identify needs and constraints.
- This process allows MDT to save time and money in subsequent projects phases by:
 - Helping identify realistic strategies given funding or other constraints
 - Identifying fatal flaws before initiation of formal environmental process
 - Eliminating alternatives from further evaluation
- Provides a link between early transportation planning and environmental compliance efforts.







Corridor Planning

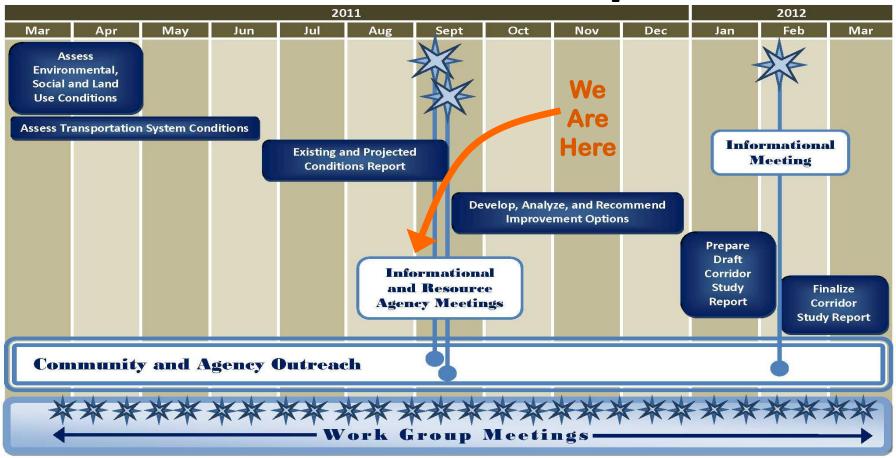








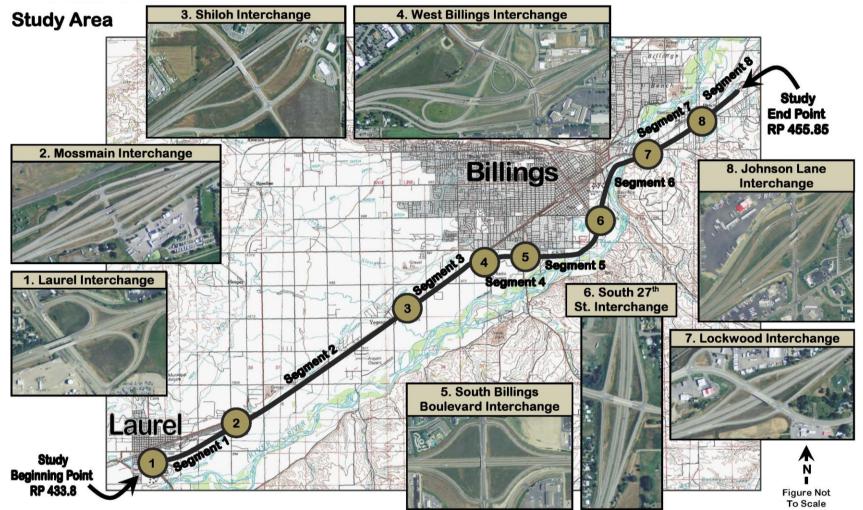
What are the Steps?

















Transportation System







Function

- Interstate system is characterized by controlled access, high traffic volumes and speeds, and long-distance trips.
- I-90 serves as the principal east-west route in the Billings urban area and the surrounding area in Yellowstone County.







Traffic Volumes

- Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) ranges from 9,037 vehicles at the Laurel Interchange to 27,453 vehicles between the West Billings and South Billings Boulevard Interchanges (2010 volumes).
- Primary users of I-90 include local residents, commuters, commercial truck drivers, recreational users accessing the Yellowstone River, and tourists traveling to Yellowstone National Park and other regional attractions.
- Vehicle mix includes all types.







Physical Characteristics

Roadway Width

- Four-lane divided highway generally consisting of two separate two-lane roadbeds
- Area between the West Billings Interchange and the South Billings Boulevard Interchange (RP 446.3 to RP 446.8) includes a third auxiliary lane in each direction.

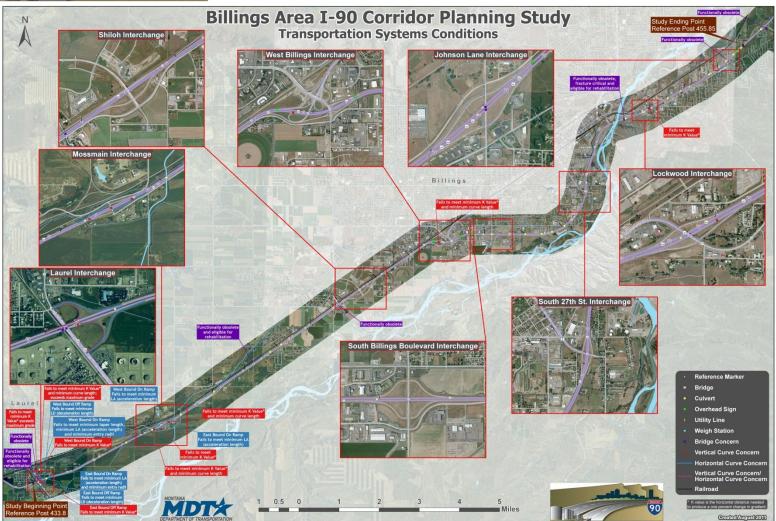
Bridges

- 36 bridges within the study area
- 15 are functionally obsolete (6 of these eligible for rehabilitation)
- I-90 structures over the Yellowstone River are classified by MDT as "fracture critical."









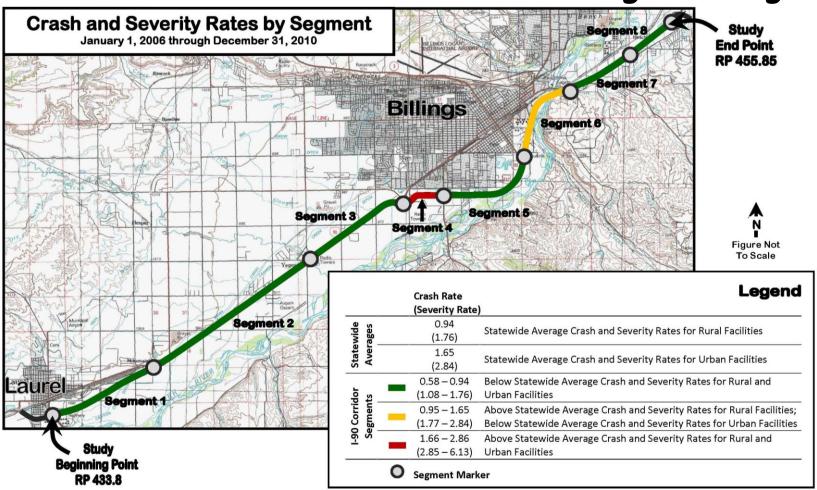








Safety Analysis



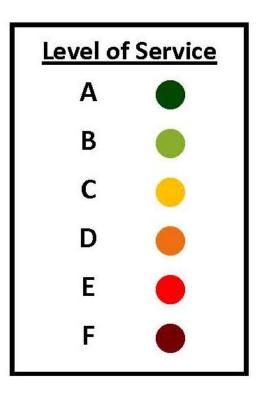






Operational Analysis Methodology

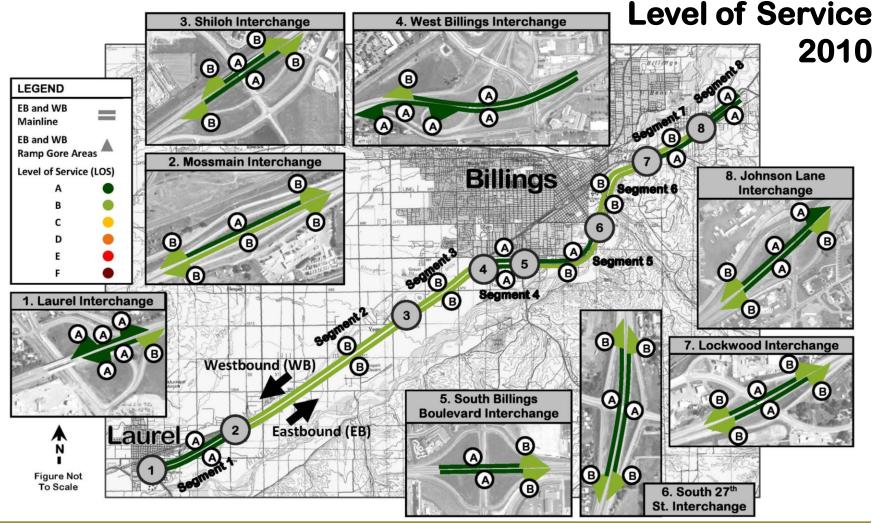
- Level of Service (LOS)
 - Report Card Concept
 - A = Best Conditions
 - F = Worst Conditions
- Existing Conditions (2010)
 and Projected Conditions (2035)







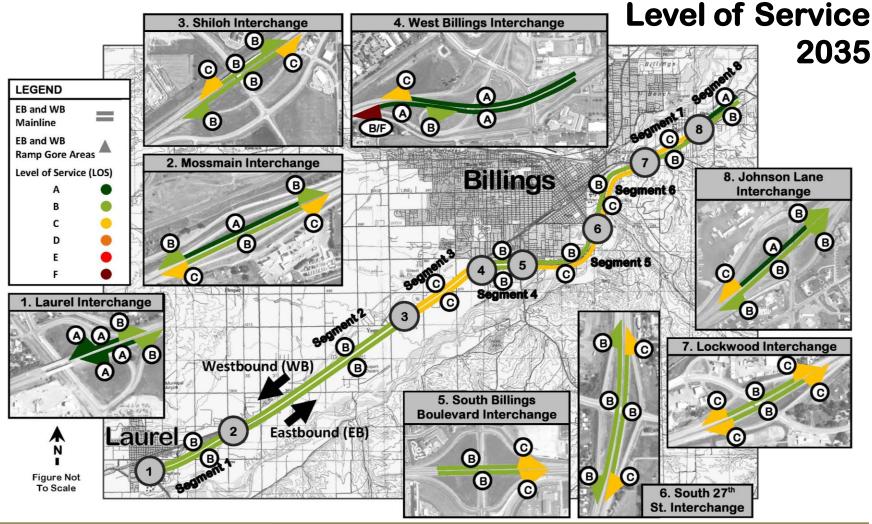










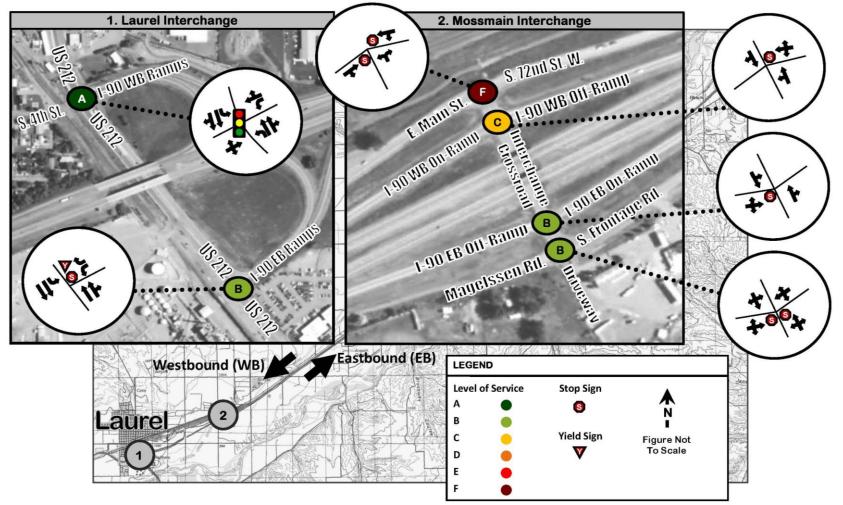








Laurel & Mossmain 2010

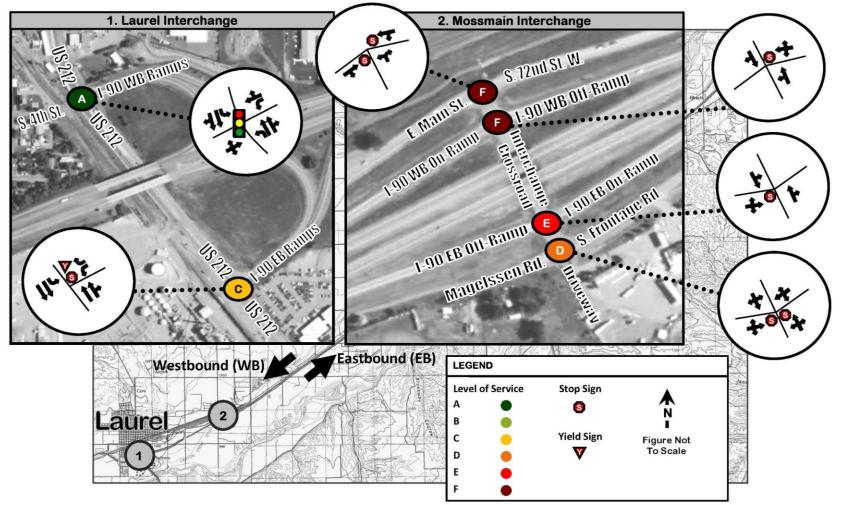








Laurel & Mossmain 2035









Land Use







Land Use Conditions

Existing Land Use in Corridor

- Current Zoning: heavy, light, and entryway industrial; highway and community commercial; single family, multi-family, and manufactured home residential; planned unit development; public use; and agricultural
- Main Land Uses in Corridor: industrial, commercial, and agricultural

Development/Growth Potential in Corridor

- Lockwood Interchange, South Billings Boulevard and Shiloh Interchange are zoned for commercial development and are expected to further develop over the study planning horizon year (2035).
- Future land use projections reported in the Billings Urban Area Long-Range Transportation Plan and the Yellowstone County and City of Billings Growth Policy were incorporated in the corridor study analysis.







Environmental Resources







Environmental Conditions

- Physical **Environment**
- Soil Resources & **Farmland**
- Water Resources
- Floodplains

- Biological Resources
- Fish and Wildlife
- Vegetation

- Substances
- Air Quality

Hazardous

- Social and Cultural Resources
- Demographic Conditions
- Section 4(f) and Section 6(f) Resources
- Cultural and Archaeological Resources
- Noise
- Visual Resources







Environmental Conditions

Water Resources and Floodplains

 Yellowstone River, Canyon Creek, Hogan's Slough, the BBWA Canal, and several minor irrigation ditches

Hazardous Materials

LUST / UST Sites, Remediation Response Sites, petroleum pipelines

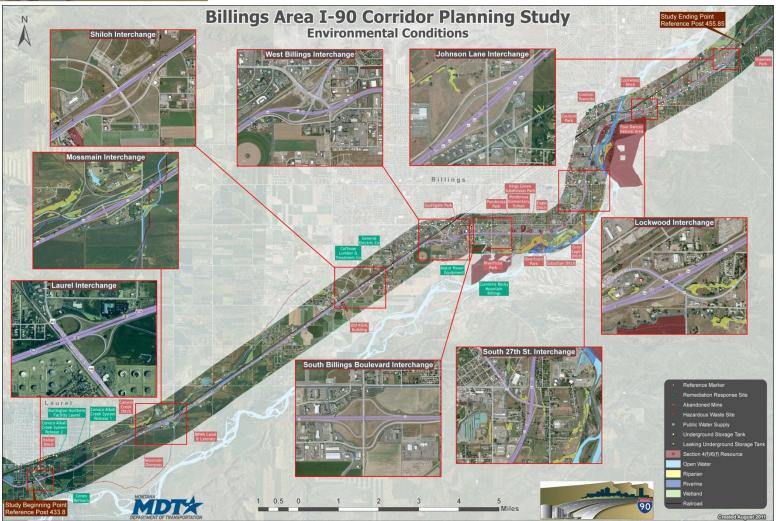
Section 4(f) and 6(f) Resources

Parks, ditches, historic sites















Discussion







Please Submit Comments!

Mail comments to:

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• Questions:

Tom Gocksch at 406.444.9412 or tgocksch@mt.gov

Comments Due October 13, 2011

Visit the website at:

http://www.mdt.mt.gov/pubinvolve/i90corridor



